

PROPOSED COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENT ADDENDUM

ITEM: SSPA 2018-1-1MS Original Staff Report Published August 22, 2019 Date of Addendum: September 10, 2019

GENERAL LOCATION: South of Lee Highway, north and south of Arlington Boulevard, and east of Gallows Road.

SUPERVISOR DISTRICT: Providence

PLANNING AREA: Area I

PLANNING DISTRICT: Fairfax and Jefferson Planning Districts, Merrifield Suburban Center

SPECIAL PLANNING AREA: Sub-Unit I1 (part), Land Unit J (part) and Land Unit K of Merrifield Suburban Center

PARCEL LOCATION: 49-4 ((1)) 57, 71, 73, 73A1, 73A2, 74A and 74B

For additional information about this amendment call (703) 324-1380.

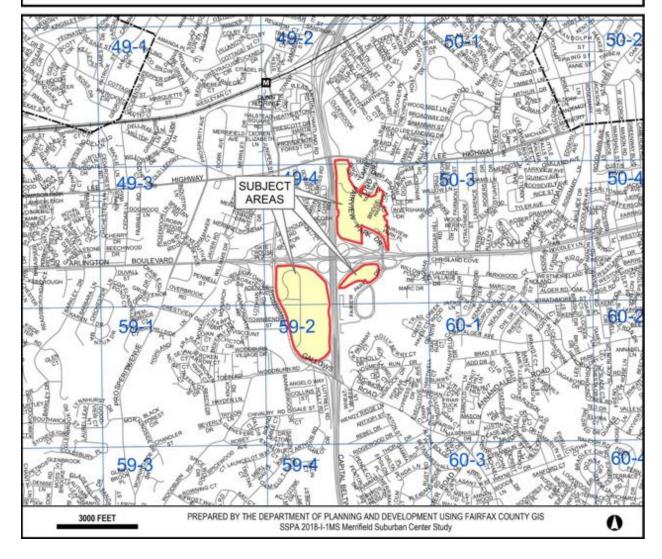
PLANNING COMMISSION PUBLIC HEARING: Wednesday, September 11, 2019 @ 7:30 PM

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS PUBLIC HEARING: Tuesday, September 24, 2019 @ 5:00 PM

PLANNING STAFF DOES RECOMMEND THIS ITEM FOR PLAN AMENDMENT



Reasonable accommodation is available upon 48 hours notice. For additional information about accommodation call the Planning Commission office at (703) 324-2865, or the Board of Supervisors office at (703) 324-3151.



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SITE-SPECIFIC PLAN AMENDMENT 2018-I-1MS STAFF REPORT ADDENDUM

September 10, 2019

DISCUSSION

This addendum supplements the staff report for Site-Specific Plan Amendment 2018-I-1MS (Merrifield Suburban Center) published on August 22, 2019. As described in the staff report, the Merrifield Suburban Center Task Force was still reviewing the proposed amendment as of the publication date. On September 3, 2019, the Task Force voted to support the proposed amendment with several changes, which are summarized below. Staff concurs with the majority of the changes, with one outstanding issue related to the development potential of the Sub-Unit I1/Fairview Park North proposal and associated amenities, noted in **bold**. The Task Force Statement of Conclusions is attached in Attachment I, and the Task Force and Staff Markup of the Proposed Comprehensive Plan recommendations is attached as Attachment II.

The task force also requested that staff consider a recommendation for a potential new roadway connection to parallel Fairview Park Drive, between Lee Highway and Arlington Boulevard, in the Fairview Park North subject area. Staff evaluated this request following the task force meeting and found significant feasibility issues with mapped Resource Protection Areas (RPA) and Dominion Virginia utility easements. The roadway would be inconsistent with the proposed plan's recommendations for tree preservation and protection of environmental resources and natural amenities. This roadway is not included within the staff and task force revisions.

SUMMARY OF TASK FORCE AND STAFF CHANGES TO PROPOSED PLAN TEXT

Line numbers referenced in the summary are associated with Attachment II. Minor editorial modifications are not referenced.

Outstanding Item between Task Force and Staff

Sub-Unit I1 (Fairview Park North)

 Lines 110, 118, 173, 198-205 – The task force recommended a reduced development intensity under the mixed-use option on the Fairview Park nomination site from the staffrecommended 2.1 million square feet (comprising up to 1,060 residential units, retail uses, and the potential for new office use, in addition to the existing uses) to 1.42 million square feet (comprising up to 840 residential units and retail uses, in addition to the existing uses). The task force alternative would convert planned office use to residential use, with no increase in overall planned intensity, as described in Attachment I. Staff proposes an alternative reduction from 2.1 million square feet to 1.75 million square feet. This reduction would support the development of residential use up to 1,060 units and retail use, in addition to the existing uses, as expressed in Attachment II, Lines 123-132, 177-178, 212-220, 241-243, and 254-255. Additional Text Modifications Supported by Task Force and Staff

Sub-Unit I1 (Fairview Park North)

- 1. <u>Line 174</u> Added reference to bird-friendly building design elements
- 2. <u>Line 279</u> Added recommendation that Fairview Park participate in a future Transportation Management Association.
- 3. <u>Line 294, 298</u> Adjusted recommendations regarding the potential improvements to the intersection of Yancey and New Providence Drives
- 4. <u>Line 327</u> Added new stormwater goal tying on-site retention to the peak 1-hour, 1-year storm in order to keep pace with increased rainfall volumes, while keeping a minimum retention standard of the first inch of rainfall as recommended for redevelopment in the county's Urban Center.
- 5. Additional modifications clarified guidance about the maximum buildings heights (<u>line 84</u>), pedestrian modal emphasis at intersections (<u>line 201</u>), and architectural screening for parking structures (<u>line 263</u>).

Land Unit J (Fairview Park South)

1. <u>Line 485-492</u> - Added recommendation for development on the nominated Land Unit J parcel to provide a fair share commitment towards the construction of the planned bicycle/pedestrian bridge over the Beltway, as well as language about designing the bridge to accommodate a variety of users and abilities.

Land Unit K (Inova Center for Personalized Health)

- 1. <u>Line 786</u> Added reference to bird-friendly building design elements
- 2. <u>Line 851</u>- Added recommendation for development to provide a fair share commitment towards the construction of the planned bicycle/pedestrian bridge over the Beltway.
- 6. <u>Line 938</u> Added new stormwater goal tying on-site retention to the peak 1-hour, 1-year storm in order to keep pace with increased rainfall volumes, while keeping a minimum standard of the first inch of rainfall as recommended for redevelopment in the county's Urban Center.
- 3. <u>Line 1045</u> Added recommendations for additional multi-modal improvements to consider with the future campus expansion.
- 4. Additional modifications clarified the watershed location (<u>line 578</u>), the commitments to and timing of improvements to the open space, recreational spaces and parks (<u>lines 732</u>, <u>744</u>, and <u>753</u>), and examples of innovative transit solutions (<u>line 892</u>).

Merrifield Area-Wide Guidance

1. Modified Open Space Map to show major bicycle and pedestrian crossings and bridges, including over the Beltway to the north and south of Arlington Boulevard, and at prominent intersections, such as Gallows Road/Arlington Boulevard and Gallows Road/Lee Highway.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends the Comprehensive Plan be modified as shown in the following mark-up except as noted in the text boxes. This document supersedes the staff recommendation in the staff report, dated August 22, 2019. Text proposed to be added is shown as <u>underlined</u> and text proposed to be deleted is shown with a strikethrough. Additional modifications since the August 22,2019 staff report publication are shown in red font and bold font.

Merrifield Suburban Center Study Task Force

Statement of Conclusions

Sept. 10, 2019

Background

On Aug. 22, county staff transmitted a report to the Planning Commission with recommended Site Specific Plan Amendment language. At meetings on Aug. 27 and Sept. 3, the Merrifield Suburban Center Study Task Force reviewed the staff's submission and requested mark-ups on a broad range of topics. As noted in its supplemental report to the Planning Commission, staff accepted most of the Task Force changes. On Sept. 3, the Task Force voted unanimously with one abstention (15-0-1) to approve amended task force language following edits by County staff. By the conclusion of the Sept. 3 meeting, it was the shared opinion of staff and Task Force members that one area of clear difference remained.

The purpose of this Statement of Conclusions is to explain the Task Force's point of dissent, to shed light on several additional areas of continuing concern, even where we reached agreement with the staff and nominators on recommended plan language.

Dissent

The Task Force urges the Commission <u>not</u> to adopt the staff recommendation for 1,060 units on Fairview Park Drive and instead approve the less dense alternative of 840 units. This will keep the development at its baseline 1.4 million square feet—rather than increasing it by at least 300,000 square feet, as is being proposed. A strong Task Force majority reached this position on Aug. 27: 11 members voted for 840 units, two voted for 1,060, and two voted for no change to the current plan.

The nominator argues that higher density is needed to support top-flight amenities to make Fairview Park an 18-hour neighborhood. But this additional density raises two concerns:

- 1) The un-signalized intersections at Fairview Park Drive and Yancey/New Providence Drives currently operate below the county standard of "D" at peak travel times. Aggravating this local problem is the high percentage of through traffic at peak travel hour—58 percent in the AM peak and 42 percent in the PM peak—a problem created in part by VDOT signage that routes motorists through Fairview Park. The Task Force shares the neighborhood's concerns that adding an estimated 2,800 or more residents and employees will make it unacceptably difficult and unsafe for Lakeford residents to leave their communities. The New Providence/Fairview Park Drive intersection is the only access and egress point for the Lakeford community.
- 2) The Task Force also shares the concerns of neighbors that an 18-hour retail and residential center, as envisioned by the nominator, is inconsistent with the rhythms of Fairview Park North under the existing Comprehensive Plan. If office buildings had been constructed as intended, residential neighbors could reasonably have expected quiet evenings when the workday ended. Therefore, the

nominator's desired level of amenities and 18-hour vision might materially change Fairview Park's character. For this reason, many Task Force members found the nominator's full array of planned amenities to be a mixed blessing.

The Task Force accepted the nominator's argument that the current plan is outdated and unsustainable. Further, the Task Force took seriously the nominator's need to find an economically viable path forward, and agreed to some residential buildings in place of previously approved office towers.

The Task Force alternative maintains but does not expand current levels of planned density in Fairview Park. It is the Task Force's belief that its mark-up offers a reasoned balance that moderates traffic overloads, while materially improving the status quo. Compared with the staff proposal, 840 units would reduce the number of residents and car trips. At the same time, the Task Force readily adopted edits suggested by the nominator that would lower development costs by making several amenities optional, and not mandatory, under the 840-unit scenario.

Finally, although 1,060 units is the nominator's preferred alternative, the nominator affirmed during the Sept. 3 meeting that the 840-unit option is economically viable and will create an attractive community.

For these reasons, the Task Force finds that the lower-density alternative represents a better balance between needs identified by the nominator and local residents. The Task Force respectfully requests that the Planning Commission choose 840 units instead of the higher-density, 1,060-unit alternative.

Other Task Force Concerns and Recommendations

- 1) The Task Force is deeply concerned about the lack of traffic capacity, including multi-modal transportation options, in and around the two sites. To address these concerns, the Task Force recommends the following:
 - a) That as development progresses within the Merrifield Suburban Center and surrounding areas, the county continually reevaluate traffic changes, using the resulting new understanding to ensure that police and emergency vehicles can effectively get to their destinations. These ongoing analyses should pay special attention to Inova Hospital and its need for efficient, unobstructed ambulance service.
 - b) That the county work with applicants to form a Transportation Management Association with broad community and stakeholder participation. This could include Fairview Park-area homeowner association representatives, apartment communities such as the Amberleigh residents near Inova, the Providence District Council, the Greater Merrifield Business Association, and others, to develop with Fairfax County a reliable shuttle or other workable transit system. This suggestion is consistent with plan amendment language, but the Task Force wishes to stress the urgency of making this element of the planning vision a reality as expeditiously as possible.
 - c) The Task Force believes that several transportation projects and strategies are critical to mobility and connectivity in the Merrifield Suburban Center. While these projects cannot be funded solely by Fairfax, the Task Force urges the County not to wait for years of

construction to unfold. Rather, we urge the County to begin efforts now to identify and secure funding for design and construction of the following transportation improvements:

- .i. Removal of the I-495 Outer loop weave/merge between Route 50 and Gallows Road and completion of the auxiliary lane between Gallows Road and Little River Turnpike on the I-495 Outer Loop. These projects are in the plan, as a condition of expanding ICPH from 0.7 to 1.0 FAR, but they address dysfunctions that already are critical. The Task Force recommends that the county treat these projects as already urgent and begin efforts to identify funding even as the initial phase of ICPH proceeds.
- .ii. Similarly, the Task Force believes construction of a bicycle/pedestrian bridge over the Beltway, connecting ICPH and Fairview Park South, is urgently needed. This would connect a currently severed trail system and increase public access to ICPH (including its wooded acreage). The Task Force urges all parties, including the nominators, Fairfax County, FHWA, and VDOT, to explore ways of expediting funding for, and construction of, this project. The Task Force felt this project must not remain on a planning map for decades, and should be built roughly at the time that the braided ramp is constructed.
- 2) The Task Force supports additional language so that stormwater standards will keep pace with weather events associated with climate change. Although the Tysons stormwater standard has been hailed as the "gold standard," it is backward-looking and fixed to a set level of 1 inch of water retention, which could become outdated as climate change continues. Staff adopted a forward-looking approach suggested by the Task Force and accepted the Task Force's recommendation that the goal should be to retain the 1-hour, 1-year storm. The mark-up would escalate stormwater standards as new options emerge, and/or as storm incidents worsen. The Task Force applauds the staff's openness to this approach and urges the Planning Commission to adopt it.
- 3) The Task Force unanimously believes that <u>permanent</u> preservation of more than 50 acres of publicly accessible, mostly wooded open space is an essential feature of the ICPH site. The Task Force also strongly believes that 1.0 is the maximum appropriate FAR for ICPH. Both elements are essential not just for the Inova site, but for the Merrifield Suburban Center plan and for Fairfax as a whole.

Because staff, the nominator, and the Task Force ultimately agreed to the plan amendment language on these issues, it would not be obvious how much discussion and attention these issues engendered. The final language articulates an appropriate long-term vision for ICPH. The Task Force on multiple occasions made clear that it opposed the idea of the wooded acreage being viewed as a temporary way station, and rejected any notion that the woods should be developed in the future.

For this reason, the Task Force urges the Planning Commission to preserve all language related to the 1.0 maximum FAR and preservation of the wooded acres at ICPH. We further urge the Commission, during the zoning phase, to closely adhere to language calling for renewal and restoration spaces in the wooded acreage that directly support Inova's wellness mission. Further, every effort should be made to invite the general public into this space, through signage, trail entries and other tools.

4) Similarly, the Task Force strongly supports language eliminating development on the Peninsula in Fairview Park. This decision, based on concerns about environment, flood safety, aesthetics, and building on fill, was nearly unanimous, and followed intense discussion and close study. Only one Task Force member supported the nominator's proposal for residential units on the Peninsula. The nominator eventually accepted the language in the Aug. 22 staff report, and we strongly urge the Commission to protect the Peninsula from future construction.

Conclusion

The Task Force met for a year, and its efforts were supported by the tireless work of County Staff, and the support of Supervisor Smyth and Commissioner Niedzielski-Eichner. Further, even when differences arose, the nominators and staff remained open to Task Force suggestions, and worked diligently to make adjustments. The fact that very few points of contention remain is a credit to all involved.

On the key issues, the Task Force ultimately supported some version of each nomination, but these were not easy votes for most members. The large majority of the Task Force remains deeply concerned with congestion and lack of transportation alternatives in the Merrifield Suburban Center. We take note that significant development proposals are under way in other areas along Route 50 that will add to what the Traffic staff labels as "background" traffic. Although the Traffic staff performed heroic measures to enable Gallows Road to absorb new ICPH vehicle trips, most Task Force members believe the road network in and around Merrifield is close to maxed out, and we are worried that the remedies simply won't keep pace with future growth.

Throughout our study, similar concerns about the most basic services—schools, parks, and transportation—shadowed our reflection and debates. In the end, a research and innovation center at ICPH was overwhelmingly seen as a positive vision for Fairfax. And all but two Task Force members agreed that change was necessary for Fairview Park.

A large number of Task Force members believe the Merrifield Suburban Center is in danger of choking on its own success, and negatively affecting existing, established neighborhoods that are in the crosshairs of increased density. Further, many believe that the County should view new land use proposals in central Fairfax more cautiously, not in isolation but against a background of collective overdevelopment. At some point, possibly very soon, good projects may need to be rejected or scaled back simply because the infrastructure no longer can be bent to accommodate "just one more" increase in density.

On behalf of the Task Force, I present this Statement of Conclusions to the Planning Commission, along with our marked-up plan amendment language. We are happy to assist the Commission in its review any way we can.

Charles Hall

Chair, Merrifield Suburban Center Task Force

MERRIFIELD SUBURBAN CENTER – LAND UNITS I, J, AND K TASK FORCE AND STAFF PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS

September 10, 2019

This document represents the task force recommendation for SSPA 2018-I-1MS. Strike-through text represents deletions and underlined text represents insertions into the adopted Comprehensive Plan for Merrifield Suburban Center, Land Unit I, J, and K guidance as shown in the staff recommendation shown in the SSPA 2018-I-1MS staff report dated August 22, 2019. Additional modifications in red font represent additional changes approved by the task force on September 3, 2019. Staff concurs with these recommendations unless an alternative is provided in a text box.

MODIFY: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield Suburban Center, as amended through July 31, 2018, Recommendations, Land Use, pages 91-98:

"LAND UNIT I

8 Land Unit I, consisting of three sub-units, is comprised of approximately 186 acres and is located 9 east of I-495, bounded by Lee Highway and Arlington Boulevard (see Figure 28). Existing 10 development consists of residential use in the northern and eastern portion, office and industrial 11 uses in the southern portion and undeveloped land and office in the western portion, abutting I-12 495. This land unit includes the Holmes Run Environmental Quality Corridor (EQC) which is 13 preserved as permanent private open space.

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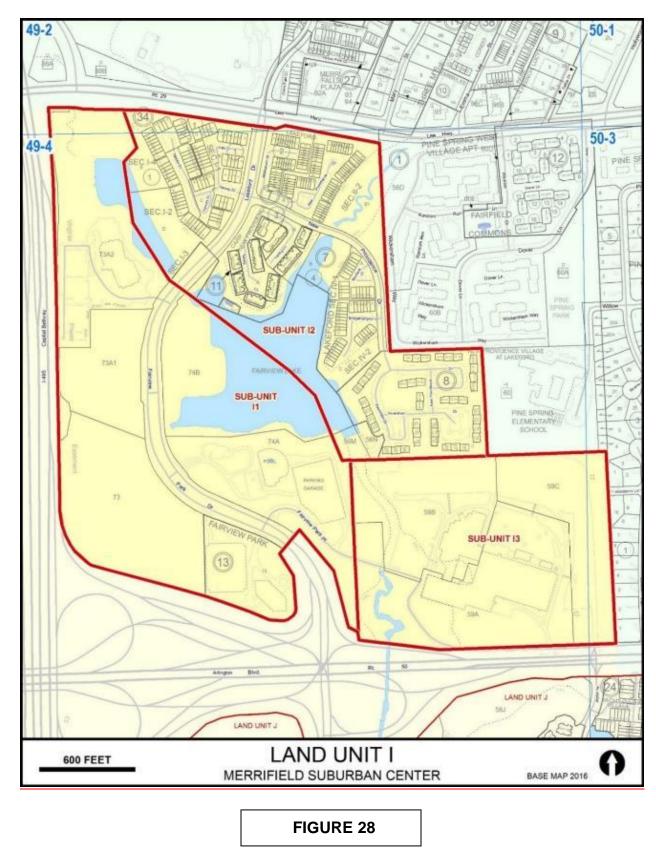
This land unit's developed portions are envisioned to remain <u>in their current uses</u>, with the undeveloped portion to infill primarily with office <u>or mixed-use development designed to</u> strengthen the sense of community within the land unit<u>buildings</u>. Major road improvements such as the construction of Fairview Park Drive, <u>interchanges with Arlington Boulevard and I-495</u>, and intersection improvements at Lee Highway and Arlington Boulevard were completed with the first phase of development within this l<u>L</u>and uUnit.

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Guidance for evaluating development proposals is provided in the Area-Wide Recommendations
 under the Land Use, Urban Design, Transportation, and Public Facilities/Infrastructure sections,
 as well as in the following specific sub-unit recommendations.

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44 Sub-Unit I1

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Sub-Unit I1, which is bounded by Fairview Lake on the east and I-495 on the west, is characterized by substantial mature tree stands within and outside of the EQC area. The sub-unit is planned and approved for as an office park with use and support retail uses at the baseline level. The office component is limited to 1.7 million square feet. The retail and accessory uses are limited to 50,000 square feet. Any modification, expansion, and/or reuse of the existing buildings should be consistent with guidelines for Existing Uses and Buildings under the Area-Wide Land Use section and any new construction should address the following guidance:

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54 The retail and accessory uses, such as day care, restaurant, and service uses, may be integrated 55 within the office buildings, or a portion of the retail and accessory uses could be developed as 56 a small retail center. The retail center should be located adjacent to the western side of Fairview Lake between the lake and Fairview Park Drive and should have a minimum of 57 58 25,000 square feet. If a retail center is developed, institutional uses are encouraged to be 59 located in this center. Drive-through uses that are low traffic generators, such as financial 60 institutions and drug stores, may be considered provided that the drive-through facility is integrated within a multi-tenant building and is designed in a manner that does not impact 61 62 pedestrian access. Other drive-through uses are inappropriate.

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- If institutional/governmental uses are incorporated into the development, additional intensity may be appropriate if the institutional/governmental use generates no more peak-hour traffic than the planned office development and if development is consistent with the Area-Wide guidance.
- Office buildings should provide structured parking in order to preserve the maximum amount of undisturbed open space. Any surface parking should be buffered through berms and/or landscaping.
- A trail circulation system should be constructed through the office park.
- The area immediately adjacent to Sub-unit I2 is part of the Holmes Run EQC and Fairview
 Lake, which should remain as permanent private open space.
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78 Building heights are envisioned to decrease toward the northern and eastern edges of the sub-• unit to provide a transition to the nearby developed residential neighborhoods. Heights should 79 be no more than 7 to 8 stories or 130 feet for the area adjacent to the western side of Fairview 80 Lake and the Holmes Run EQC. In the remainder of the sub-unit, the maximum building height 81 is 15 stories or 180 feet. If a retail center is located adjacent to the west side of Fairview Lake, 82 83 office buildings located in the southwestern portion of this sub-unit, between I-495, Fairview 84 Park Drive and Arlington Boulevard, may be considered for a height increase of up to 18 85 stories or approximately 230 feet provided that the parking is an integral part of the office development and additional open space above the current approved development plan is 86 87 provided. See the Building Heights Map, Figure 8, and the Building Height Guidelines under 88 the Area-Wide Urban Design section.

90	Mixed-Use Option: As an alternative to the baseline plan, Tax Map Parcels 49-4 ((1)) 73, 73A1,
91	73A2, 74A, and 74B are envisioned to develop as an economically and environmentally
92	sustainable mixed-use neighborhood that complements the adjacent office buildings and
93	townhouse and multifamily communities, honors the natural setting, promotes healthy lifestyles
94	and positive social interactions, and respects the surrounding residential communities through
95	appropriate transitions in use, scale and buffering. This option infills the existing development
96	pattern with new, architecturally distinctive buildings in a park-like setting that integrate with, and
97	respond to, natural features in form, orientation, and materials. The site design should is expected
98	to provide an interconnected network of paths and bridges into a new neighborhood main street
99	and central plaza. Walking and biking to daily activities and optimizing relationships to the area's
100	natural assets (Fairview Lake, Holmes Run Stream Valley, and the additional wooded areas) are
101	central to this vision. Development under the Mixed-Use Option is recommended only if neither
102	the previously approved office building nor the retail center recommended under the baseline plan
103	on Tax Map Parcel 49-4((1))74B areis constructed.
104	Development on devition development of the transforment of the transforment of
105	Development under this option should conform to the applicable Area-Wide and baseline plan guidenes (including recommendations for Alternative Lloss) and achieve the following:
106 107	guidance (including recommendations for Alternative Uses) and achieve the following:
107	Land Use:
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110	• Development under the Mixed-Use Option should not exceed a total of approximately 2.11.42
111	million square feet to include a mixture of multifamily residential, office, support retail and
112	service uses, and cultural and recreational amenities.
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114	• Existing office development located on Parcel 73A2 and 74A should remain as a non-
115	residential use.
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117	• The new residential component should consist of multifamily residential uses and should not
118	exceed 1,060840 units, inclusive of affordable housing and bonus density per the county's
119	affordable dwelling unit program and workforce housing policy.
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121	As an alternative to the previous three bullets, staff recommends the following language:
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123	• Development under the Mixed-Use Option should not exceed a total of approximately
124	2.11.75 million square feet to include a mixture of multifamily residential, office, support retail
125	and service uses, and cultural and recreational amenities.
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127	• Existing office development located on Parcel 73A2 and 74A should remain as a non-
128	residential use.
129	The new residential commences should consist of surviving statistics and in the line of
130	• The new residential component should consist of multifamily residential uses and should not
131 132	exceed 1,060 units, inclusive of affordable housing and bonus density per the county's
132 133	affordable dwelling unit program and workforce housing policy.
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 Non-residential uses should comprise no less than 40% of the total square feet of development within the sub-unit.

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- 137 Community-serving retail and service uses are expected to should comprise approximately 138 5% (up to approximately 90,000 SF) of the total development's square footage. These uses are 139 envisioned as an essential place-making element of the development, particularly in the creation of a pedestrian-oriented "main street" central plaza, which would serve as a lively 140 141 community gathering place located in the southwest portion of the sub-unit between I-495, 142 Arlington Boulevard, and Fairview Park Drive, as shown in the illustrative rendering (Figure 143 **298**). Retail uses are envisioned to be located in the ground floor of buildings that frame a central plaza, activating the plaza with storefronts and amenities such as outdoor café areas. 144 145 As an essential amenity for the development, the central plaza is expected to be constructed in 146 the initial phase of the new development, prior to the construction of development elsewhere 147 within the sub-unit. Retail and service uses may include such uses as health clubs, day care 148 and food services, as recommended in the Merrifield Suburban Center Alternative Use Guidelines. Drive-through uses, as well as standalone retail uses not otherwise connected with 149 other uses or site amenities, are not appropriate. 150
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152 Figure 298. Sub-Unit 11 Mixed Use Option - Illustrative Rendering

153 (Depiction intended to help visualize development, but does not represent the sole means of 154 achieving the plan option.)

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Tax Map Parcel 49-4((1))74B comprises a man-made peninsula of land east of Fairview Park
 Drive and west of Fairview Lake that was created with the construction of Fairview Lake.

Page 5 of 41

160 Under the Mixed-Use Option, neither the approved office building in this area nor the planned 161 retail center is appropriate as they are not consistent with Objective 9 of the Environment section of the Policy Plan. Under this option, the area is planned for permanent, passive open 162 163 space and may be counted towards meeting meet the Open Space and Pedestrian System 164 Guidelines and the countywide Urban Parks Framework, depending on the design and 165 programming. Tree Preservation as described in the subsequent guidance for the sub-unit is expected. Trails are expected to be generally located outside of the Resource Protection Area 166 167 (RPA). 168 Design and Connectivity: 169 170 Development proposals should demonstrate high quality in terms of site and building design, 171 architecture, materials, and urban park spaces, referencing the iconic office buildings and 172 natural features of Fairview Park, and emphasizing the pedestrian experience. Building design 173 should utilize architectural variation and, sculptural elements, and public art that contribute 174 to the pedestrian experience and should provide bird-friendly elements consistent with the 175 countywide Urban Design Guidelines Volume 1 (countywide UDG). 176 Staff recommends retaining the reference to "public art" in the preceding paragraph as it is 177 178 an amenity that is associated with the staff-recommended maximum of 1,060 residential units. 179 180 The siting and design of buildings should engage the natural setting through such features as • 181 natural materials, building orientation, and breaks within the building massing. Building 182 heights are envisioned to decrease toward the northern and eastern edges of the sub-unit. 183 Heights of five stories and greater have the design flexibility necessary for integrating with the 184 natural environment and providing a scale of development compatible with the existing office 185 park setting. The maximum building height for new buildings is 15 stories or 180 feet, with 186 the tallest buildings located near Arlington Boulevard and I-495. However, buildings located 187 in the southwestern portion of this sub-unit, between I-495, Fairview Park Drive, and Arlington 188 Boulevard, may be considered for a maximum height of 18 stories or 230 feet provided that 189 the taller height does not negatively affect the form of the development. See the Building 190 Heights Map, Figure 8, and the Building Height Guidelines under the Area-Wide Urban Design 191 section. 192 193 A network of well-connected, usable, publicly accessible urban parks should complement the 194 natural places to create a variety of areas for active and passive recreation at each phase of 195 development. A central plaza on the southern portion of the sub-unit, constructed as part of the 196 initial phase, is expected to be built as an essential element of the development program. This 197 central plaza should be designed as a lively community gathering place with multiple outdoor 198 activities and **which may include** an indoor, publicly accessible community space that will 199 complement the retail and service uses that surround it. The plaza mayshould extend east of 200 Fairview Park Drive on Parcel 49-4((1)) 74A and should be designed to promote pedestrian 201 activity and improved public access and visibility to the lakefront. The intersection of the 202 plaza and Fairview Park Drive should place modal emphasis on pedestrians by providing 203 design elements, such as signal priority, special paying, and curb extensions, to enhance 204 this connection. Retail, service, and/or cultural uses of two stories or less mayshould be 205 located on this parcel and should be if well-integrated into the design.

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207		Staff recommends retaining the original language in the preceding paragraph (lines 196-205)
208		related to the community space and plaza amenities. These amenities would be associated with
209		the staff-recommended maximum of 1,060 residential units. Staff concurs with task force
210		recommendation about the pedestrian modal emphasis, as follows:
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212		"This central plaza should be designed as a lively community gathering place with multiple
213		outdoor activities and an indoor, publicly accessible community space that will complement
213		the retail and service uses that surround it. The plaza should extend east of Fairview Park Drive
215		on Parcel 49-4((1)) 74A and should be designed to promote pedestrian activity and improved
216		public access and visibility to the lakefront. The intersection of the plaza and Fairview Park
217		Drive should place modal emphasis on pedestrians by providing design elements, such as
218		signal priority, special paving, and curb extensions, to enhance this connection. Retail, service,
219		and/or cultural uses of two stories or less should be located on this parcel and should be well-
220		integrated into the design."
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222		Lighting impacts should be minimized, and shared and/or valet parking in nearby parking
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		structures may be utilized to serve this retail area. Publicly accessible urban parks, recreational
225		facilities, and natural spaces that are well-connected through trails and sidewalks, such as
226		athletic fields, sports courts, outdoor fitness, and/or children's play equipment, should be
227		provided to create a network of places for recreation, respite, and social interaction. These
228		spaces should meet the Open Space and Pedestrian System Guidelines and the countywide
229		Urban Parks Framework and be designed in a manner to accommodate informal and
230		programmed activities.
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232	•	An expansive network of pedestrian trails and sidewalks should connect workers, residents,
232	•	
		and visitors to the amenities within the sub-unit, including the central plaza, Fairview Lake,
234		the Holmes Run Stream Valley, urban parks, and the development. Proposals are expected to
235		provide connections to the planned pedestrian/bike bridge across I-495 to the west and enhance
236		connections to Land Unit J south of Route 50. Consideration should be given to designing the
237		connections with enhanced security features. Features such as naturalized landscaping, shade
238		trees, seating areas, public art, and other urban park amenities can offer attractive resting
239		places and other recreational opportunities along the trails.
240		process with successful opportunities wrong the ramon
241	Г	Staff recommends retaining the references to "An expansive network" and "public art" in
241		the preceding paragraph as they are amenities associated with the staff-recommended
243		maximum of 1,060 residential units.
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245	٠	Development under the Mixed-Use Option is expected to provide a streetscape along Fairview
246		Park Drive that retains the qualities of the park-like setting and creates seamless transitions
247		between existing and new development and the natural areas. The streetscape should is
248		expected to incorporate wide landscape panels with a variety of trees and plantings between
249		the street and sidewalk and trails. The streetscape should incorporate a variety of elements,
250		such as meandering trails, shade trees, pocket parks, public art, street furniture, and natural
250		such as meandering trans, shade trees, pocket pairs, public art, succi furniture, allu llatural

251 252 253	vistas, to provide an interesting and pleasant pedestrian experience. Tree preservation is expected to be optimized and used to create groupings of mature trees within the streetscape.
254 255	Staff recommends retaining the reference to "public art" in the preceding paragraph as it is an amenity that is associated with the staff-recommended maximum of 1,060 residential units.
256 - 257 • 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 - 268	Underground parking structures are encouraged to the extent feasible as they allow for compact design that enhances opportunities for open space and for active uses on the ground and upper levels of buildings while minimizing noise and visual impacts, including those from lighting, on surrounding uses. Where underground structures are determined not to be feasible, parking structures should be integrated with an associated building through compatible façade treatment and designed to minimize noise and visual impacts. Architectural and landscape screens are encouraged on the façade of parking structures when visible from the public realm, including during interim conditions. Stand-alone, free-standing parking structures are discouraged. Surface parking should be limited to appropriate on-street parking locations. Existing parking lots with minor expansions may remain as development builds out and should include appropriate pedestrian connections.
270 271 <u>A</u> 272 <u>cin</u> 273 <u>pr</u> 274 <u>de</u> 275 <u>Bo</u> 276 <u>Ho</u>	ransportation: range of high-quality transportation facilities including roads, mass transit (such as a dedicated reulator, and bus or shuttle services), sidewalks, bike facilities, and trails, are expected to be ovided to improve internal and external connectivity throughout the development and to estinations within Merrifield, including the portion of Fairview Park south of Arlington pulevard, the Dunn Loring-Merrifield Metrorail station, the Town Center, the Fairfax Inova ospital, and the Inova Center for Personalized Health (ICPH), and to provide health and pulevard benefits.
279 • 280 281 282 283	Improvements to the transit system, expanded pedestrian and bicycle networks, participation in a future Transportation Management Association, and other transportation demand management strategies are expected to be employed to reduce reliance on single occupancy vehicles while increasing mobility.
285 284 285 286 287 288	Development proposals should provide enhancements to make trails and sidewalk facilities that are publicly accessible and encouraging for people to safely walk or bike for some or all of their daily needs. Lighting and other amenities should be provided where deemed appropriate by the county.
288 289 290 291 292	New development is expected to should accommodate the construction of the planned I-495 pedestrian and bicycle crossing, which should be publicly accessible and located south of Lee Highway and north of Arlington Boulevard, as depicted in the county Bike Master Plan Map.
293 • 294 295 296	Strategies are expected to be identified and implemented with the initial phase of development to improve the operation of the intersection of Yancey and New Providence Drives to a level of service "D" or better. This may include new signage and striping at the approaches to the intersection, as well as the provision of a roundabout, stop light, or another suitable device at

297 the entranceway of Parcel 74B that would improve turning movements onto and off of 298 Fairview Park Drive, or potentially a secondary access from the Lakeford community.

- 299
- 300 <u>Environment:</u>
- 301
- 302 Tree Preservation: The sub-unit is characterized by intact stands of mature tree cover on the 303 western portion of the sub-unit, including resource protection areas (RPA) around tributaries 304 of Holmes Run and Fairview Lake. The wooded areas of the site located within the RPA are 305 expected to be preserved as an environmental resource and natural amenity consistent with 306 Objective 9 of the Environmental section of the Policy Plan. Additional areas of the site to be 307 preserved are expected to be identified with the initial phase of site development and carried 308 forward throughout the development of the neighborhood. Within areas of tree preservation, 309 removal of invasive species and regeneration of the vegetated understory should be 310 implemented as deemed appropriate in coordination with the county in connection with new 311 development. Restoration plantings should consist of non-invasive, native plantings capable of 312 enhancing the ecological functions of the forest and deterring pest species.
- 313

314 Stormwater Management: Holmes Run downstream of this land unit has been designated by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality as being impaired for aquatic life, largely 315 resulting from the volume and velocity of stormwater runoff from impervious areas within the 316 317 watershed. Fairview Lake, designed as a regional stormwater pond to detain and treat runoff 318 from the approved office park at a rate equivalent to good forest conditions and not impact 319 downstream water quality, will continue to function for stormwater management and volume 320 reduction. The existing wooded areas within this land unit provide stormwater benefits in 321 support of the Area-Wide guidance and recommendations by capturing rainwater and 322 minimizing runoff through infiltration and evapotranspiration. As these areas are converted to 323 impervious cover (e.g., rooftops, road surfaces) through development, stormwater best 324 management practices that meet on-site requirements and help improve downstream drainage 325 and water quality conditions are expected to be implemented. 326

327 As a goal, development on the site should retain rainfall from the peak 1-hour, 1-year 328 storm through infiltration, evapotranspiration and reuse in order to adapt to the 329 increased intensity, duration, and frequency of storm events and resulting rainfall 330 volumes. At a minimum, Nnew development is expected to should retain the first inch of 331 rainfall-through infiltration, evapotranspiration, and/or reuse. Also, detention measures 332 that reduce the volume, peak flow, and velocity of runoff into Holmes Run to a rate equivalent 333 to good forested conditions are expected to be pursued to the maximum extent practicable as 334 determined by Land Development Services. Flexibility should be afforded in the application 335 of specific stormwater management approaches that achieve these recommendations, minimize 336 impervious cover, retain the benefits of the existing forested conditions, and protect and restore 337 downstream water resources in furtherance of watershed management plan goals. If retaining the first inch of rainfall is demonstrated not to be fully achievable in coordination with Land 338 339 Development Services, alternative stormwater management measures that retain as much of 340 the first inch as possible and result in at least equivalent benefits to the one-inch recommendation may be pursued. Design considerations may be given to other stormwater 341 342 runoff-related factors such as downstream flooding, drainage complaints, character and

343	condition of downstream channels, and identified stream impairments.
344 345 346 347	The retention and detention targets for the land unit are considered among the highest standards by the cC ounty. However, it is understood that with changes in conditions, best practices, and technology, higher standards may be developed in the future. As stormwater
348	management policies evolve countywide, the land unit is expected to adhere to the targets listed
349 350	above or any superior standards that may be developed in the future at the time of development review.
351 352	The use of appropriate native plant materials in stormwater facility design is encouraged to
353 354	enhance biodiversity and habitat value and improve environmental quality. The use of pesticides, herbicides and fertilizers for maintenance should be minimized to the maximum
355 356	extent practical. The use of non-native plant materials should be generally avoided unless it is demonstrated that these plantings would better achieve these goals.
357 358	Noise:
359 360 361	The sub-unit is located adjacent to I-495, Arlington Boulevard and Lee Highway, all of which are major elements of the cCounty circulation system and generate transportation-related noise.
362 363	Adequate measures should be provided to prevent negative impacts on noise sensitive uses, consistent with Objective 4 of the Environment element of the Policy Plan.
364 365	Phasing and Public Facilities:
366 367	Development is expected to be phased to ensure the adequate and timely provision of supporting
368 369	infrastructure and public facilities capacity. Parks and open space, stormwater management, schools or additional school capacity, and other public facilities will need to be available to meet
370 371	the demands generated by new development. If Fairfax County Public Schools (FCPS) determines that a school site is required to serve the increased population in this area, a fair share commitment
372 373	toward site acquisition or building repurposing should be identified in collaboration with FCPS preferably in advance of approval of any application for residential development that generates
374 375	additional student demand. Innovative approaches, such as locating school facilities with parks to allow for the sharing of recreation facilities, or within buildings serving the other uses, may also
376 377	be considered.
378 379	<u>Height Limit:</u> The area immediately adjacent to I2 is part of the Holmes Run Environmental Quality Corridor and Fairview Lake, which should remain as permanent private open space. For
380 381	the area immediately to the west of the permanent open space, heights should be no more than 7 to 8 stories or 130 feet. In the remainder of the sub-unit, the maximum building height is 15 stories
382	or approximately 180 feet, with tallest buildings oriented to Arlington Boulevard and I-495. The
383 384	height concept for this area is to have height decrease toward the northern and eastern edges of the sub-unit.
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387	

388 Sub-Unit I2389

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392LAND UNIT J

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Land Unit J is approximately 178 acres and is located at the southeastern quadrant of Arlington Boulevard and I-495 (see Figure <u>3029</u>). Existing development consists of a mix of office, hotel and support retail uses on the western portion of the land unit and residential and institutional uses located on the eastern portion of the land unit. In addition, the Holmes Run Environmental Quality Corridor, which runs through the middle of this land unit, is preserved as private and public open space.

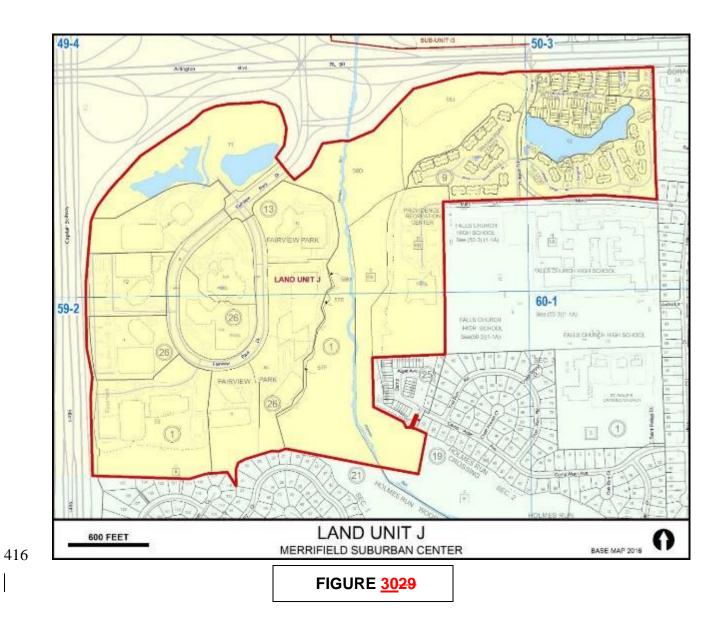
400

401 This land unit is envisioned to remain as developed, with the remaining undeveloped parcels to 402 develop with office uses. Retail uses may be included in the ground floor in the planned office use 403 on Tax Map Parcel 49-4((1)) 71 provided that the design and environmental recommendations in 404 Sub-unit I2 can be achieved in this development. The southern and eastern portions of this land unit provide a transition between the more intense uses and adjacent low intensity single-family 405 development. This transition is provided along the southern perimeter of the site through the 406 407 retention of a substantial open space buffer of no less than 250 feet which consists of existing tree 408 cover and additional landscaping, a portion of which may be needed for stormwater management. 409 Parkland associated with the Holmes Run stream valley and the Providence District Recreation 410 Center provides the transition area along the eastern perimeter of the land unit. 411

412 Major transportation improvements, such as the construction of Fairview Park Drive and

413 intersection improvements at Arlington Boulevard, have been completed with the development of

- 414 this land unit.
- 415



Guidance for evaluating development proposals is provided in the Area-Wide Recommendations
under the Land Use, Urban Design, Transportation, and Public Facilities/Infrastructure sections,

- 419 as well as in the following specific <u>Ll</u>and <u>Uu</u>nit recommendations.
- 420
- 421 <u>Land Use</u> 422
- The 178-acre southeastern quadrant of the I-495/Route 50 interchange should be consolidated
 for the purpose of development of an employment center and related uses, and for residential
 development.
- 426
- Nonresidential uses should be limited to that portion of the site west of Holmes Run stream valley. The site design of the nonresidential portion of the quadrant should have substantial landscaped open space provided throughout the site and particularly to the south to eliminate any impact upon nearby stable residential communities. At least 35 percent of the area west of the Holmes Run stream valley should be preserved as landscaped open space.
- 432
- 433 Underground or multilevel structured parking is encouraged to preserve the maximum amount 434 of undisturbed open space.
 435
- The Holmes Run stream valley should be preserved as a stream valley park in accordance with
 the county's adopted stream valley policy.
- 438

439 In order to limit its impact on the surrounding residential communities acknowledging the • capacity of the Arlington Boulevard /I-495 road network with improvements as noted in the 440 441 transportation section which follows, any proposal for an employment center on the 442 southeastern quadrant of the I-495/Arlington Boulevard interchange should have no more than 443 2.25 million square feet of nonresidential development on the area west of Holmes Run stream 444 valley. The nonresidential development should consist of 1.9 million square feet of office 445 space, 50,000 square feet of retail commercial space and a hotel. As an option, residential 446 space for up to 250 dwelling units may be substituted for approved nonresidential gross floor 447 area. 448

- That portion of the quadrant east of Holmes Run, north and northwest of Falls Church High
 School is planned for residential development not to exceed 400 dwelling units. Residential
 uses in this area should be limited to three stories in height.
- 452
- Approximately 3 to 5 acres of parkland should be provided (preferably contiguous to the
 Providence District Recreation Center) to serve the future residents of this site.
- Hotel/motel uses should be internal to the site and be integrated with the design and layout of
 the site.
- 458
- Retail commercial uses should be provided to service primarily the demand for other nonresidential uses on the site and integrated with the overall design and layout of the site.
 461

A substantial open space buffer of no less than 250 feet, with 300 feet desirable, consisting of the existing tree cover and supplemented with additional landscaping should be provided along the southern perimeter of the site to eliminate an adverse visual impact upon the detached single-family residences to the south of the site. This buffer should be dedicated to the county, if appropriate, and maintained in its natural state. It is understood that a portion of this area may be needed for stormwater management.

- The height of all structures in the southern portion of the site should be limited to six stories
 so as to be visually unobtrusive to the stable low density residential communities to the south
 and east of the site.
- 472

468

- The provision of lighting on the site and its structures should be visually unobtrusive to and compatible with all nearby residences and adjacent communities. As a general rule, parking lot lighting should not exceed 13 feet in height.
- 476

481

- The small tract immediately south of the Route 50 corridor located off of Black Hickory Drive
 is recommended for residential development to occur at the lower end of the proposed density
 range (8 dwelling units per acre) and development should be buffered from Arlington
 Boulevard. No direct access should be provided to Arlington Boulevard.
- 482 <u>Transportation</u>
- 484 Development on Tax Map Parcel 49-4((1)) 71 is expected to follow the transportation • recommendations for Sub-Uunit I1, and should accommodate and provide a fair share 485 486 **commitment towards** the construction of a publicly accessible I-495 pedestrian and bicycle 487 crossing that is to be located south of Arlington Boulevard and as close to Arlington 488 Boulevard as possible in coordination with the development of Land Unit K, located immediately across I-495 from the land unit, and as depicted in the county Bike Master Plan 489 490 Map. The design and location of the bridge should consider the needs of pedestrians and 491 cyclists of a variety of abilities, and should be located near but separated from Arlington 492 Boulevard in order to provide a safe, comfortable, and direct path of travel. Other 493 locations for the planned crossing in Land Unit J may be considered if deemed an appropriate 494 location for the bridge by the county.
- 495
- 496 Vehicular access for planned nonresidential uses should be separate from access provided for • 497 residential uses to the east of the Holmes Run stream valley. Specifically, nonresidential uses 498 should access the site from Route 50 only, and such access should be located west of Holmes 499 Run stream valley. Vehicular access to residential uses in the northern portion of the site (north and northwest of the Falls Church High School) should be via Jaguar Trail, while vehicular 500 501 access to residential uses in the southeastern portion of the site should all be via Camp Alger Avenue. Jaguar Trail, Marc Drive and Camp Alger Avenue should be improved as necessary 502 to accommodate the additional residential traffic from this site. Camp Alger Avenue should 503 504 not connect with Marc Drive to the north; nor cross the Holmes Run stream valley. 505
- No on-site vehicular circulation across the Holmes Run stream valley should be permitted.
- 507

Any developer under this option should abide by existing covenants running with the land to
 neighboring civic associations, which covenants prohibit vehicular access to residential
 communities south and east of the site.

511

512 In addition to the conditions stated above, all proposals for vehicular access to this site should • 513 meet with the approval of Fairfax County and the Virginia Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate. It is imperative that any vehicular access 514 design for this land unit should be compatible with a solution for vehicular access to both the 515 516 northeastern and the southeastern quadrants. The primary basis of review should be the impact of the proposal on (a) the safe and efficient operation of Arlington Boulevard and I-495, and 517 (b) the level of service on Arlington Boulevard, I-495, and the ramps of the Arlington 518 Boulevard/I-495 interchange. In particular, the level of land use activity planned under this 519 520 option is conditional upon the provision by the developer(s) of all transportation improvements 521 and transportation strategies (e.g., carpools, van pools, mass transit use) deemed necessary by 522 Fairfax County, and the Virginia Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway 523 Administration, as appropriate, to accommodate the level of traffic generated by each phase of the development of this site. A traffic-monitoring program should be undertaken and 524 525 maintained by the developer to ensure the effectiveness of the transportation strategies. 526

- The implementation of these transportation improvements and strategies is to be phased such
 that the site is adequately served during all stages of development without adversely affecting
 the safe and efficient operation of Arlington Boulevard and I-495.
- 530
- Arlington Boulevard should not be designed to exceed six through lanes east of Jaguar Trail.
- 532
- 533 <u>Environment</u> 534
- The Holmes Run stream valley should all be preserved as a stream valley park under the provisions of the county's adopted stream valley policy and protected from adverse impact both during and after the development of the site.
- 538 539

540

- Non-vehicular access to and through the Holmes Run stream valley should be provided via this site.
- A substantial portion of the existing tree cover should be preserved as a natural open space screen and buffer, particularly along the periphery with I-495 and Arlington Boulevard.
- 544
- In order to control stormwater runoff from this site, any development proposal must include a stormwater management plan, which meets the requirements and objectives of Fairfax County for stormwater management in the Upper Holmes Run watershed. The prospective developer(s) should provide for the control of any post-development peak discharge in excess of the pre-development peak discharge. In addition, the utilization of Best Management 550 Practices (BMP) is strongly encouraged.
- 551
- All federal, state and local air and noise standards should be strictly complied with as a result of development on this site.

555 Height Limit: For the northern and western portions this land unit, the maximum building height 556 should be 15 stories or approximately 180 feet. For the area to the east and south of Fairview Park 557 Drive, heights should be no more than 7 to 8 stories or 130 feet. To the south of the 130-foot area, building heights should vary with buildings no more than 75 feet or 6 stories. Along the 558 559 southernmost perimeter of this land unit, a substantial open space buffer should be provided of no 560 less than 250 feet, with 300 feet desirable. In addition to permanently preserving this open space 561 buffer area, the Holmes Run Stream Valley, which runs between the office development on the 562 west and the residential development on the east, should be preserved as permanent open space. 563 The eastern portion of this land unit, which has developed with residential use, the maximum building height is 40 feet (or 3 stories). See the Building Heights Map, Figure 8, and the Building 564 Height Guidelines under the Area-Wide Urban Design section." 565

MERRIFIELD SUBURBAN CENTER – LAND UNIT K PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS

566

MODIFY: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield Suburban
 Center, as amended through July 31, 2018, Recommendations, Land Unit
 Recommendations, pages 98-100:

571 "LAND UNIT K

572

570

573 Land Unit K, approximately 117 acres in size, located at the southwestern quadrant of Arlington 574 Boulevard and I-495, and is planned f or office use up to 1.75 million square feet (see Figure 30). 575 is the location of the Inova Center for Personalized Health (ICPH) on what was formerly the site 576 of a headquarters of the ExxonMobil Corporation. This land unit is envisioned to remain as developed, with some additional office potential yet to be built. This land unit includes tributaries 577 578 to Holmes Run and Accotink Creek as part of the Holmes Run watershed, and large treed 579 wooded areas adjacent to I-495, both of which are preserved as private open space. A small 580 portion of the land unit is located within the Accotink watershed. 581 582 Guidance for evaluating development proposals is provided in the Area-Wide Recommendations under Land Use, Urban Design, Transportation, and Public Facilities/Infrastructure sections, as 583

584 well as in the following specific land unit recommendations.





590 Land Unit K is planned and developed for office use at an intensity of up to .35 FAR at the baseline 591 level. The former ExxonMobil headquarters buildings are located along Innovation Park Drive 592 (see Figure 310). Development is limited to planned and approved for 1.75 million square feet of 593 approved office, research, clinical, and education uses and may include supporting uses such as 594 hotel, day care, restaurants and services to primarily serve the buildings' users. Any modification, 595 expansion, and/or reuse of the existing buildings should be consistent with guidelines for Existing 596 Uses and Buildings and Heritage Resource guidance under the Area-Wide Land Use section, with 597 any new office structures retaining the substantial vegetative buffer and screening areas. The 598 mature wooded areas are expected to be preserved on the site, to include the environmentally 599 sensitive areas associated with the tributaries of Holmes Run., and t The mature stands of trees along Gallows Road and Arlington Boulevard which screen and buffer the development from the 600 601 Amberleigh community, are also expected to be preserved. The maximum building height is planned for 180 feet. See the Building Heights Map, Figure 8, and the Building Height Guidelines 602 603 under the Area-Wide Urban Design section. 604

- 605 Height Limit: The maximum building height is 180 feet. Open space should be preserved on this
- 606 site to include the environmentally sensitive areas associated with branches of Holmes Run, as
- well as mature stands of trees along Gallows Road and Arlington Boulevard which screen and
 buffer the office development from Bedford Village. See the Building Heights Map, Figure 8, and
- 609 the Building Height Guidelines under the Area-Wide Urban Design section.
- 610
- 611 <u>Option:</u>
- 612
- 613 As an Option, the site is envisioned to expand into a world-class, mixed-use, academic, research, office, and clinical campus that strategically balances new development in a concentrated urban 614 615 form of taller buildings on compact footprints and the preservation of the mature woods in the 616 eastern and southern portions (as shown on Figure 329) of the land unit as an environmental resource. With the development of the campus, the wooded areas are envisioned to contribute to 617 618 the health and wellness of the Merrifield community by providing much-needed green and 619 recreation spaces for public use that also solidify the significant, natural buffer to the areas outside 620 of the Merrifield Suburban Center. As the core vision for the campus, development in this manner 621 will promote ground-breaking innovation, environmental stewardship, and whole health (physical, social, and mental well-being) for those people who live in, work on, and visit the campus. 622 623 Development should capitalize on the proximity to the neighboring Inova healthcare facilities, the 624 core areas within Merrifield, and access to major regional roadways. The design and programming 625 of the campus are expected to should strengthen multi-modal connections to the Dunn Loring-Merrifield Metrorail station and other destinations within Merrifield, including the land units east 626 of I-495, and contribute to the well-being of the residents in the surrounding Merrifield 627 628 communities through new amenities, infrastructure improvements, and health and wellness 629 facilities and programs. 630 631 The campus is planned up to an overall intensity of 0.70 FAR (up to 3.570,000 square feet of development, inclusive of new cellar spaces), with the potential for a future campus expansion to 632 633 1.0 FAR, as described in the recommendations below. It is expected that the development will 634 occur incrementally over time, along with the supporting infrastructure and public facilities that
- 635 <u>are to be completed commensurate with development.</u>
- 636
- 637 The site design, including trails and open spaces on the campus, should be planned to facilitate
 638 synergies and connections among the mix of uses on site, the nearby Inova Health facilities, and

Attachment II

639 the neighboring land units and communities. The research, academic, office, and clinical functions 640 are envisioned to be core components of the campus. These functions may be complemented by new housing and supported by retail, hospitality, and other commercial uses which may include 641 642 medical care and/or continuing care facilities. This design is envisioned to foster an innovative, collaborative, and thriving economic environment where ideas and best practices can be exchanged 643 644 quickly; entrepreneurship can be cultivated; and, institutional assets and natural areas on the site 645 can be leveraged to the benefit of the multiple users of the overall development and the larger 646 Merrifield community. 647 648 The mature wooded areas shown on Figure 329, including the areas around the central and southern 649 tributaries of Holmes Run and the stormwater management pond, areis expected to be preserved 650 as an integral environmental and recreational resource on the campus, to contribute to the supply 651 of publicly accessible, natural spaces in the Merrifield community, and to buffer the development 652 from noise and emissions from I-495. Tree preservation is a priority. Improvements should offer opportunities for respite, renewal, and inspiration to allow people of a variety of ages and abilities 653 654 to safely engage in activities while surrounded by nature, whether they are residents, employees, 655 students, patients, or members of the general public visiting the site. Together, the built form integrated with the natural, wooded area should promote mobility, health, and well-being. 656 657 658 Proposals should conform to the applicable countywide and Area-Wide Recommendations and 659 achieve the following: 660 661 <u>Land U</u>se 662 The majority of the land uses on the campus should consist of a mix of scientific and medical research, higher education, clinical, and commercial uses anchored by established institutions 663 664 (e.g., Inova Health System, one or more universities, and other private or governmental 665 research institutions). Medical office space used for the regular provision of office-based, outpatient care by physicians should be limited to a portion of the former ExxonMobil 666 667 headquarters buildings. 668 669 Under this Option, approximately 1.45 million square feet of the new development is 670 envisioned to be generally balanced between (i) the Inova research, office, and healthcare 671 facilities, and (ii) academic and research partners. These partnerships are integral to the 672 collaborative nature of the development. 673 674 Retail and service uses up to approximately 90,000 square feet should be provided. The retail ٠ and service uses should meet the needs of building tenants, visitors, and the surrounding 675 676 communities. These uses should be designed as an integral part of the overall new development 677 and should be phased with the development of other uses within the respective buildings in order to provide amenities for employees, residents, and visitors. Drive-through or standalone 678 679 retail uses are not appropriate. 680 Hotel use of approximately 120,000 square feet may be provided. 681 682 683 Multifamily residential uses and other housing accommodations (independent living facilities, 684 assisted living facilities, and continuing care facilities) may be appropriate. Residents within 685 these accommodations should have convenient access to a variety of on-site open and 686 recreational spaces, community-serving retail uses, and other services, as guided by the Page 20 of 41

687 Merrifield Suburban Center's Area-Wide Pedestrian and Open Space System Guidelines 688 commensurate with development. In total, these uses should not exceed 705,000 square feet. 689 It is anticipated that, within that amount, there will be a maximum of 640 to 705 residential 690 units (depending on unit size), inclusive of affordable housing and bonus density, but exclusive of housing accommodations regulated as medical care facilities (such as assisted living 691 692 facilities) and continuing care facilities. The number of units may be adjusted if transportation and public facilities impacts are shown to be sufficiently addressed. These uses should be 693 694

694	allocated as follows:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
695			
	Accommodation Type	Square Feet (SF)	
	Housing to serve the university	<u>150,000 - 268,000 SF</u>	
	student population*		
	Age- or Ability-restricted uses**	<u>100,000 - 385,000 SF</u>	
	Additional multifamily residential	Up to 455,000 SF	
	units		
696	* This housing type should conform	with all applicable local, state and federal laws, including	
697	Fair Housing regulations.		
698	** Age- or Ability-restricted uses	include multifamily residential units restricted by age;	
699	independent living facilities; housing	ng accommodations regulated as medical care facilities	
700	(such as assisted living facilities); cc	ontinuing care facilities, and other similar uses.	
701			
702	At a minimum, the greater of 20% of	f the non-university serving residential units or 12% of the	
703	total number of residential units she	ould be provided as affordable housing per the county's	
704	affordable dwelling unit program	affordable dwelling unit program and workforce housing policy. Assisted Living and	
705	Independent Living Facilities should provide affordable accommodations consistent with the		
706	requirements of the Zoning Ordinance for such uses. Continuing Care Facilities should meet		
707	the policies established in Appendix	14 of the Land Use Element of the Policy Plan.	
708			
709	Parks and Open Space		
710			
711	• •	Option, the heavily wooded area generally to the south and	
712		e former ExxonMobil headquarters buildings is expected	
713		, private open space with tree preservation as an essential	
714		Figure 329 below, approximately 55 acres in the southern	
715		spected to remain as open space (including approximately	
716), while recognizing the need to accommodate amenities,	
717		s, utilities, and potential future right-of-way dedication for	
718	road improvements.		
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Drawing #: 109389

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Legend:

Tree Preservation and Open Space Exhibit

INOVA - CENTER FOR PE

Fairfax County, VA

Open Space (+55.20 AC)

 \oplus

INOVA

Figure 329. ICPH Eastern Open Space and Tree Preservation Area

730 731

christopher consultants

- 732 The initial phase of development should incorporate improvements to this area to 733 promote whole health (physical, mental, and social well-being). Active and passive 734 recreational spaces should be provided to promote whole health (physical, mental, and 735 **social well-being**), such as wellness parks, meditation gardens, fitness stations, or other spaces that are centered around environmental management and health benefits from natural settings. 736 Pedestrian and bicycle circulation trails in the area should connect to the development in the 737 land unit, including via the planned bicycle/pedestrian bridge across I-495 to Land Unit J 738 739 (Fairview Park South), and the bicycle and pedestrian trails on Gallows Road. Consideration 740 should be given to designing the on-site stormwater pond within this area as a site amenity. 741 Commitments should be made to the maintenance of the stormwater pond facility and 742 landscaping and to other measures, such as lighting in appropriate locations and clear lines of 743 sight, to promote safety in the area. Open space and recreational amenities should be accessible 744 to users of a variety of ages and abilities and should be provided commensurate with new 745 development above the existing 1.2 million square feet (as of September 2019). 746
- 747 A network of publicly accessible, privately maintained urban parks should be provided 748 commensurate with the needs of the users, connecting the benefits of the wooded area to the 749 development and creating opportunities for social interaction. A local park of 3-4 acres in size 750 that contains several recreational facilities, such as sport courts, adult outdoor fitness, children's play equipment, picnic areas and/or a pavilion, trail heads, wayfinding signage, 751 752 and/or other complementary uses should be a component of this network and function as a gateway to the wooded area, and is expected to should be provided with the first residential 753 buildinginitial phase of development. The urban parks should be well-connected through 754

methods such as design and signage) and accessible from Gallows Road and internal streets. 756 757 The trail system should include urban plazas and pedestrian facilities at certain site 758 intersections with Gallows Road. Features such as naturalized landscaping, shade trees, 759 seating areas, hardscape plazas, public art, play and fitness elements, and other urban park 760 amenities and facilities can offer attractive community gathering and event spaces, such as 761 farmer's markets, outdoor concerts or classes, and recreational opportunities. These spaces 762 should meet the Merrifield Suburban Center's Area-Wide Pedestrian and Open Space System 763 Guidelines and, as needed to advance the campus' health and wellness vision, be provided 764 consistent with the countywide Urban Parks Framework. 765 766 Design and Connectivity 767 768 Proposals should effectively integrate existing and new development through site layout and design, landscaping, materials, and access. A new system of well-connected internal streets 769 770 should create a series of compact blocks that support the development and encourage walking, biking, and transit ridership. The street network should generally expand westward from 771 772 Innovation Park Drive, which serves as a spine road through the land unit. 773 774 •—Development proposals should demonstrate high quality in terms of site and building design, landscaping, materials, and urban park spaces, to define a sense of place and enhance the health 775 776 and wellness of the residents, employees, patients, and visitors. The design of the physical 777 environment has significant impacts on day-to-day quality of life and can enhance or detract from the overall wellness of the users of a building or a site. Buildings and site amenities should 778 779 be designed to be comfortable and accessible for a variety of ages and abilities and incorporate 780 amenities to promote healthy indoor air-quality, abundant natural light, connections to natural 781 areas, as well as other features that may be refined over time to support health. 782 783 Buildings should be aligned with and oriented to internal streets, and attention should be given 784 to the treatment and expression of buildings toward Gallows Road. The streetscape area should 785 include amenities such as sidewalks, plazas, street furniture, shade trees, and landscaping. 786 Further guidance for building and streetscape design, including bird-friendly design, is 787 provided in the Urban Design Guidelines for Fairfax County Commercial Revitalization 788 **Districts and Areas**, Volume I. 789 790 Underground parking structures are encouraged to the extent feasible as they allow for compact design that enhances opportunities for open space and for active uses on the ground and upper 791 792 levels of buildings while minimizing noise and visual impacts, including those from lighting, 793 on surrounding uses. Where underground structures are determined not to be feasible, parking 794 structures should be integrated with an associated building through compatible façade 795 treatment and designed to minimize noise and visual impacts. Architectural and landscape 796 screens are encouraged on the facades facade of parking structures, including during interim 797 conditions. Stand-alone, free-standing parking structures are discouraged. Surface parking 798 should be limited to appropriate on-street parking locations. Existing parking lots with minor 799 expansions may remain as development builds out and should include appropriate pedestrian connections. 800

sidewalks and trails. The park spaces and trail system should be visually evident (through

801

802	• Building heights should vary across the site to create visual interest. Buildings that are five
803	stories and greater have the design flexibility necessary for successfully integrating the
804	proposed buildings with the existing nonresidential buildings on and surrounding the site and
805	would provide a comparable and compatible scale of development. Building heights in general
806	are limited to 180 feet; however, the incorporation of one taller building on the northern end
807	of the land unit and internal to the site that contributes to the Merrifield skyline may warrant a
808	building height increase to a maximum of 230 feet provided that the taller building does not
809	negatively affect the urban form. Compatibility with the adjacent Amberleigh community
810	should be addressed through the building placement and design, and by tapering building
811	heights along Gallows Road. See the Building Heights Map, Figure 8, and the Building Height
812	Guidelines under the Area-Wide Urban Design section.
813	
814	• The streetscape design should generally adhere to the Urban Design Guidelines for County
815	Revitalization Districts and Areas. Consistent with the Urban Design Guidelines, innovative
816	design approaches that respond to the site-specific context are encouraged.
817	
818	• A variety of urban design strategies are expected to be pursued to ensure that the campus is
819	functionally and visually compatible with the surrounding residential, commercial, and
820	institutional uses across Gallows Road. Tree preservation areas should be utilized to buffer
821	new buildings and structures, particularly in areas directly across from the Amberleigh
822	community (approximately south of Willow Oaks Corporate Drive and north of Townsend
823	Drive). Where tree preservation areas are not practical, building heights along Gallows Road
824	should gradually taper down toward the adjacent residential uses across the roadway. Other
825	design strategies, such as natural and architectural screens, building orientation, and
826	supplementary landscaping, should be considered as well. Buildings should stimulate interest
827	through varied architectural form and relief, and provide ground floor elements, such as
828	entryways, that create an attractive and interesting pedestrian experience. The primary site
829	entrances opposite Willow Oaks Corporate Drive and at Peterson Discovery Drive should be
830	designed to invite pedestrians, cyclists, and motorists into the campus. Buildings located near
831	the primary site entrances should be brought close to the Gallows Road frontage and interior
832	roads and sidewalks to activate the street and create varied activity areas. Buildings located
833	directly across Gallows Road from the Inova Fairfax Hospital should be designed to contribute
834	to the planned southern gateway into the Merrifield Suburban Center.
835	
836	<i>Transportation</i>
837	
838	High-quality pedestrian and bicycle facilities and transit services are expected to be implemented
839	with and supportive of each phase of development to provide multiple transportation options for
840	people who live in, work on, and/or visit the campus, and to advance health and wellness goals
841	of the campus.
842	
843	To support development under this Option, bicycle and pedestrian improvements, as described
844	below, are expected to be implemented to ensure appropriate, comfortable, safe, and convenient
845	methods for bicyclists and pedestrians to travel:
846	• Construction of a minimum 10-foot-wide, bi-directional cycle track on the east side
847	of Gallows Road, as part of the Gallows Road improvements.
848	• Construction of a minimum 8-foot wide sidewalk on the east side of Gallows Road,
849	as part of the Gallows Road improvements.
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850	• Provision at the northern end of the site for the planned pedestrian and bicycle bridge	
851	across I-495 that connects the site with Land Unit J (Fairview Park South), along	
852	with a fair share commitment towards bridge construction.	
853	• Development of a publicly accessible internal pedestrian and bicycle network,	
854	phased with the new development, that connects to the planned I-495	
855	pedestrian/bicycle bridge, to Gallows Road, and to future development within the site.	
856	 Development of a coordinated pedestrian and bicycle circulation system plan that 	
857	demonstrates how the site will connect to nearby destinations, including the Dunn	
858	Loring-Merrifield Metrorail Station, the Town Center, Inova Fairfax Hospital, and	
859	Annandale, as well as the land units east of I-495. Opportunities to improve the	
860	connectivity of the pedestrian and bicycle network in the area serving the site,	
861	including across Arlington Boulevard towards Dunn Loring-Merrifield Metrorail	
862	Station and the Town Center to the north, and across I-495 towards Annandale and	
863	the land units to the east, are expected to be identified. The plan should analyze	
864	interim conditions and the improvements necessary to provide enhanced multimodal	
865	connectivity at all phases of development.	
866	• Provision of refuge areas and clear markings, where appropriate, at pedestrian	
867	crossings.	
868	 Provision of bicycle parking in accordance with the County's Bicycle Parking 	
869	Guidelines.	
870	Provision of public bike share stations.	
871	<u></u>	
872	Transit service is vital to the success of this land unit, whether it is integrated into existing or	
873	future public service or is provided as a separate supplemental service. To support development	
874	under this Option, development proposals are expected to coordinate and ensure the provision of	
875	transit service that supports activity to and from the land unit. The transit service should circulate	
876	in the Merrifield area and connect the site to other major destinations, such as the Inova Fairfax	
877	Hospital, the Town Center the Dunn Loring-Merrifield Metrorail Station, and the land units to	
878	the east. The service could be provided privately or through support of expanded public services.	
879	Partnerships are expected to should be pursued with other stakeholders in the Merrifield Area to	
880	coordinate transportation and trip reduction services, including through the formation of a	
881	Transportation Management Association.	
882	 Transportation demand management (TDM) measures that allow the site to exceed 	
883	the single occupancy vehicle minimum trip reduction targets established in the	
884	Merrifield Areawide Guidance should be implemented. Such measures could include,	
885	but are not limited to, hiring a TDM coordinator, providing transit passes for	
886	employees and residents, and providing shuttle services.	
887		
888	Use of emerging technology is recommended to improve the efficiency of all modes of	
889	transportation to and from the site. This could include the following:	
890		
891	• <u>Autonomous vehicles</u> ,	
892	• <u>Innovative transit solutions</u> , such as retrofitting turning lanes for bus rapid	
893	transit, grid-based and express transit systems, and public-private partnerships	
894	<u>Real-time travel and parking information,</u>	
895	• <u>Dynamic messaging, or,</u>	
896	• Other improvements that can be shown to improve the efficiency of the site and	
897	improve travel along Gallows Road.	
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000	Attachment II
898	
899	An improved multimodal transportation network should be implemented, commensurate with
900	development phases and predicated on the following roadway improvements, or suitable
901	alternatives (that achieve similar mitigation levels), as deemed acceptable by the county:
902	• Ramp and bridge improvements to increase capacity and improve traffic operations at
903	the Gallows Road and I-495 interchange.
904	Intersection improvements on Gallows Road between Route 50 and Woodburn Road
905	to improve northbound, eastbound, and westbound movements.
906	• Ramp improvements from/to eastbound Route 50 at the Gallows Road interchange.
907	• Creation of a fourth southbound lane on Gallows Road with the conversion of the
908	existing right-turn lane to a shared through/right lane. This improvement can be done
909	as either an interim or permanent solution to support this development level, with the
910	lane potentially being repurposed for transit, streetscape, or other uses in the future.
911	
912	Environment
913	
914	• Tree Preservation: Commitments to the preservation and restoration of the mature wooded area
915	as shown on Figure 329 are a priority, and are expected to be provided at the initial phase of
916	the development above the existing 1.2 million square feet (as of September 2019) and
917	carried forward throughout the development of the campus while recognizing the need to
918	accommodate amenities, the approved stormwater pond, trails, utilities, and potential future
919	right-of-way dedication for road improvements. Removal of invasive species, regeneration of
920	the vegetated understory, and restoration of the stream tributaries should be implemented as
921	deemed appropriate in coordination with the county in connection with new development.
922	Restoration plantings should consist of non-invasive, native plantings capable of enhancing
923	the ecological functions of the forest and deterring pest species. In the western portion of the
924	land unit, efforts should be made to preserve portions of the mature stands of trees along
925	Gallows Road as may be appropriate and practical, consistent with the health and wellness
926	goals vision for the campus.
920 927	Sours vision for the cumpus.
928	• Stormwater Management: Both Holmes Run and Accotink Creek downstream of this land unit
929	have been designated by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality as being impaired
930	for aquatic life, largely resulting from the volume and velocity of stormwater runoff from
931	impervious areas within these watersheds. The existing wooded areas within this land unit
932	provide stormwater benefits in support of the Area-Wide guidance and recommendations by
933	capturing rainwater and minimizing runoff through infiltration and evapotranspiration. As
934	these areas are converted to impervious cover (e.g., rooftops, road surfaces) through
934 935	development, stormwater best management practices that meet on-site requirements and help
936	improve downstream drainage and water quality conditions are expected to be implemented.
930 937	improve downstream dramage and water quanty conditions are expected to be implemented.
937 938	As a goal, development on the site should retain rainfall from the neals 1 hours 1 years
	As a goal, development on the site should retain rainfall from the peak 1-hour, 1-year
939 940	storm through infiltration, evapotranspiration and reuse in order to adapt to the
	increased intensity, duration, and frequency of storm events and resulting rainfall
941 042	volumes. At a minimum, Nnew development above the existing 1.2 million square feet (as
942 042	of September 2019) is expected toshould -retain the first inch of rainfall through infiltration,
943 044	evapotranspiration, and/or reuse. Additionally, major renovations of existing buildings
944 945	should consider methods for implementing the one-inch retention standard. For all
74J	development on the site with inadequate outfalls, detention measures are expected to be

946 <u>implemented that reduce the volume, peak flow, and velocity of runoff into Holmes Run and</u>
 947 <u>Accotink Creek to a rate equivalent to good forested conditions to the maximum extent</u>
 948 practicable as determined by Land Development Services.

950 Flexibility should be afforded in the application of specific stormwater management 951 approaches that achieve these recommendations, minimize impervious cover, retain the 952 benefits of the existing forested conditions, and protect and restore downstream water 953 resources in furtherance of watershed management plan goals. If retaining the first inch of 954 rainfall is demonstrated not to be fully achievable in coordination with Land Development 955 Services, alternative stormwater management measures that retain as much of the first inch as 956 possible and result in at least equivalent benefits to the one-inch recommendation may be 957 pursued. Design considerations may be given to other stormwater runoff-related factors such 958 as downstream flooding, drainage complaints, character and condition of downstream 959 channels, and identified stream impairments. 960

- 961The retention and detention targets for the land unit are considered among the highest standards962by the cCounty. However, it is understood that with changes in conditions, best practices, and963technology, even higher standards may be developed in the future. As storm water management964policies evolve, the land unit is expected to adhere to the targets listed previously or any965superior standards that may be developed in the future at the time of development review.
- 966
 967 The use of appropriate native plant materials in stormwater facility design is encouraged to
 968 enhance biodiversity and habitat value and improve environmental quality. The use of
 969 pesticides, herbicides and fertilizers should be minimized to the maximum extent practical for
 970 maintenance. The use of non-native plant materials should be generally avoided unless it is
 971 demonstrated that these plantings would be consistent with these goals.
 972
- Stream Evaluation: An evaluation of the central and southern streams that flow within the southern portion of this land unit should be conducted prior to development in coordination with the Department of Public Works and Environmental Services, the Department of Planning and Development, and Land Development Services. Appropriate measures that are needed in order to mitigate on-site impacts and thereby support the goals of the Holmes Run Watershed Management Plan, should be identified in the evaluation and implemented in connection with development of new stormwater management improvements in the southern watershed.

980 981

949

1 <u>Phasing and Public Facilities:</u>

982

983 Development is expected to be phased to ensure the adequate and timely provision of 984 supporting infrastructure and public facilities capacity. Parks and open space, stormwater 985 management, schools or additional school capacity, and other public facilities should be 986 sufficient to address the demands generated by new development. If Fairfax County Public Schools (FCPS) determines that a school site is required to serve the increased population from 987 988 the development, a fair share commitment toward site acquisition or building repurposing 989 should be identified. This commitment should be based on a contribution formula determined 990 by FCPS and Fairfax County, and should be identified in advance of approval of an application 991 for residential development. Innovative approaches, such as locating school facilities with 992 parks to allow for the sharing of recreation facilities, or within buildings serving the other uses, 993 may also be considered. 994

- Proposals that develop portions of the land unit in phases should demonstrate how future
 development can occur in conformance with the land unit recommendations.
- 997
- 998 <u>Heritage Resources</u>999

1000 The former ExxonMobil headquarters buildings on the site have been repurposed and are planned 1001 to remain with the development of the campus. Should the buildings be proposed for 1002 redevelopment, the buildings should be evaluated for potential historic and architectural 1003 significance consistent with Merrifield Area-Wide Guidance and the cCountywide pPolicies for 1004 Heritage Resources. Further, the land unit contains substantial undeveloped areas that may contain 1005 archeological resources. Archeological survey work should be conducted consistent with the 1006 Merrifield Area-Wide Guidance.

1007

1008 <u>Future Campus Expansion</u>

- 1009
 1010 The campus may be expanded up to a maximum ultimate intensity of 1.0 FAR (up to 5,000,000
 1011 square feet of development) on the land unit, predicated on the achievement of and continued
 1012 commitment to all of the previous conditions set forth above for the 0.7 FAR development level,
 1013 including the preservation and enhancement of the wooded area as shown on Figure 32on the
- 1014 **eastern portion of the site**. This ultimate intensity would be consistent with the Merrifield Area-1015 wide Guidance and the planned intensity of the development Option on the adjacent Inova Fairfax
- 1016 Hospital within Sub-Unit M1, and the continued preservation of the wooded areas on the eastern
- 1017 portion of the site will provide well-defined transition areas and buffering to the communities
- 1018 <u>outside of the Merrifield Suburban Center. Development above 1.0 FAR is not appropriate under</u>
 1019 <u>this option.</u>
- 1020

1021 The majority of the development should remain dedicated to scientific and medical research, 1022 higher education, clinical and office uses and should be supported by a lesser amount of housing, 1023 hospitality, and other commercial uses. The office, clinical, research, and education components 1024 may be increased up to a total of 2.43 million square feet, above the baseline. Hotel use may be 1025 increased up to a total of 340,000 square feet. In total, multifamily residential uses, independent living, assisted living, and continuing care facilities should not exceed a total of 940,000 square 1026 1027 feet. It is anticipated that, within that amount, there will be a maximum of 850 to 1,000 residential 1028 units (depending on unit size), inclusive of affordable housing and bonus density, but exclusive of 1029 housing accommodations regulated as medical care facilities (such as assisted living facilities) and 1030 continuing care facilities. The number of units may be adjusted if transportation and public 1031 facilities impacts are shown to be sufficiently addressed. These uses should be allocated as follows:

1032

Accommodation Type	Square Feet (SF)	
Housing to serve the university student population*	<u>310,000 - 380,000 SF</u>	
Age- or Ability-restricted uses**	<u>100,000 - 460,000 SF</u>	
Additional multifamily residential units	<u>Up to 530,000 SF</u>	
* This housing type should conform with all applicable local, state and federal laws, including		
Fair Housing regulations.		
** Age- or Ability-restricted uses include multifamily residential units restricted by age		
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1036 1037	Attachment II independent living facilities; housing accommodations regulated as medical care facilities, (such as assisted living facilities); continuing care facilities, and other similar uses.
1038 1039	Site design features and amenities should be expanded, if not already implemented, to address the
1040	needs of the additional residents, employees, and visitors. One additional building up to 230 feet
1041	may be appropriate, provided that the taller building is located at the northern end of the land unit
1042	and internal to the site and does not negatively affect the urban form by taking away from the
1043	pedestrian experience. A continued emphasis should be placed on implementing high-quality
1044	pedestrian, bicycle, and transit facilities supporting each phase of development to provide multiple
1045	transportation options for people who live in, work on, and/or visit the campus, such as the
1046	following:
1047	Increased shuttle services.
1048	• Additional fair share commitments towards construction of the bicycle and
1049	<u>pedestrian bridge across I-495.</u>
1050	 Additional TDM commitments to reduce single-occupant vehicle trips.
1051	• Expansion of the trail system.
1052	 Commitments towards construction of a bicycle and pedestrian bridge over
1053	Gallows Road to connect the site with the Inova Fairfax Hospital.
1054	 Showers, lockers, and other facilities to support non-automotive modes of travel.
1055	 Study alternatives to improve bicycle and pedestrian connectivity and safety at
1056	the Route 50 and Gallows Road intersection, including through a potential
1057	parallel and/or grade-separated crossing.
1058	
1059	A study of transportation conditions at the maximum ultimate development level of 1.0 FAR is
1060 1061	expected to be conducted in coordination with the County's Department of Transportation to determine the development's transportation impacts, and the improvements necessary to mitigate
1061	the impacts above a 0.7 FAR to an acceptable level. The study is expected to analyze the
1062	development's transportation impacts both with and without planned regional transportation
1065	improvements, such as the planned widening of Lee Highway and Arlington Boulevard.
1065	Mitigation measures should be implemented commensurate with development phases and with
1066	sensitivity to environmental needs. This includes having each of the improvements listed above
1067	under a 0.70 FAR plus each of the necessary following improvements (or suitable alternatives that
1068	achieve similar mitigations levels) in place:
1069	
1070	• Removal of the I-495 Outer loop weave/merge between Route 50 and Gallows Road.
1071	<u>Completion of the auxiliary lane between Gallows Road and Little River Turnpike on</u>
1072	the I-495 Outer loop.
1073	
1074	Other transportation improvements in the area may be considered as suitable alternatives, or if
1075	necessary, supplements, to those listed above for implementation above 0.7 FAR. Such
1076	improvements may include:
1077	• <u>Improvements on Wellness Boulevard, from Woodburn Road to Willow Oaks</u>
1078 1079	<u>Corporate Drive, to create a continuous north-south road parallel to Gallows Road</u> (provision of additional access to this road for developments that also have access to
1079	(provision of additional access to this road for developments that also have access to Gallows Road could be considered).
1080	 Extension of Wellness Boulevard over Route 50 from Willow Oaks Corporate Drive
1081	to Gatehouse Road.
1002	

	Attachment II
1083	<u>Realignment of Gatehouse Road between Wellness Boulevard extension and Williams</u>
1084	Drive.
1085	• Extension of Williams Drive from Javier Road to Prosperity Avenue.
1086	• Access modification on Route 50 between Gallows Road and Prosperity Avenue.
1087	Intersection improvements at Prosperity Avenue and Route 50.
1000	

1089	Attachment II MERRIFIELD SUBURBAN CENTER – AREA-WIDE
1090	PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS
1091	
1092 1093 1094 1095	MODIFY : Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield Suburban Center, as amended through July 31, 2018, Concept for Future Development: A Vision for the Merrifield Suburban Center, pages 4-5:
1096 1097 1098	"Planning Objectives
1098 1099 1100 1101	The following objectives for the Merrifield Suburban Center provide a general framework to achieve this future vision.
1101 1102 1103 1104 1105	• Encourage revitalization and redevelopment of portions of the Merrifield Suburban Center to create more attractive and functionally efficient commercial and residential areas with pedestrian and bicycle-friendly transit-oriented environments.
1105 1106 1107 1108	• Ensure a pattern of land uses that promotes stability in the adjacent residential areas by establishing transitional areas to prevent commercial encroachment on these adjacent areas.
1109 1110 1111 1111	• Create focal point(s) within the Town Center and the Transit Station Area where development should be more intense and have a more urban form through the use of appropriate building heights, setbacks, building bulk, and site design.
1112 1113 1114 1115 1116 1117	• Strengthen the employment base by transforming key office campuses into vibrant, mixed-use places that complement the focal points, leverage innovative technology and strategic partnerships, and promote public access to privately-owned natural areas, while ensuring appropriate transitions to established residential communities.
1118 1119 1120 1121	• Encourage mixed-use development that includes pedestrian, bicycle, transit and auto circulation systems that integrate the development both internally and externally, resulting in transit-oriented and pedestrian-friendly environments.
1121 1122 1123 1124 1125	• Encourage the development of additional housing (including affordable dwelling units) in the Merrifield Suburban Center so that employees may live near their workplace and transit services, in order to reduce the number and length of commuter auto trips.
1126 1127 1128 1129 1130 1131	 Capitalize on the concentration and mixture of land uses and the proximity to Dunn Loring- Merrifield Metrorail station to enrich the identity of the place and promote collaboration in the implementation of the vision, through such strategies as an area-wide Transportation Management Association Authority, transit service, and cross-marketing among employers, housing providers, and services.
1132 1133 1134	• Develop a cohesive roadway system that provides a more extensive grid of streets to serve the Town Center, Transit Station Area, and the area between.
1134 1135 1136	• Establish a streetscape hierarchy along the roadways that will visually unify the Merrifield Suburban Center and increase connectivity for all modes.
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- 1138 • Develop a cohesive pedestrian and bicycle circulation system linked to open spaces such as 1139 plazas, courtyards, greenways, and parkland in order to facilitate walking and reduce reliance on private automobiles. 1140
- 1141

- 1142 Develop mass transit options, transportation strategies and planned highway improvements to mitigate traffic impacts in the Merrifield Suburban Center and in adjacent residential 1143 1144 neighborhoods and to promote connectivity among all land units, including those east of I-495. 1145
- 1146 Ensure that many of the community-serving commercial uses are retained and that new uses 1147 are encouraged to develop, such as a grocery store, pharmacy, book store, and a variety of 1148 small retail shops, as well as automotive and home service repair shops.
- 1149
- 1150 • Encourage the provision of additional community-serving institutional uses, as well as public 1151 uses that will serve the Merrifield Suburban Center and the surrounding neighborhoods. These uses may include a library, museum(s), theater, childcare, housing for the elderly, as well as 1152 religious, healthcare, and educational institutions. 1153 1154
- 1155 Encourage high-quality development in terms of site design, building design and materials, provision of recreation and park facilities, and open space, and amenities throughout the 1156 1157 Merrifield Suburban Center. A more urban and pedestrian-oriented environment should be provided in the Transit Station Area and the Town Center; and, a suburban character should 1158 1159 be provided throughout the remainder of the Merrifield Suburban Center.
- 1161 • The environmentally sensitive areas of the Holmes Run and Long Branch stream valleys and their tributaries should be retained as permanent open space. In addition, measures should be 1162 1163 taken to ensure that runoff from new development will not deteriorate the environmental 1164 quality of these streams.
- 1165

1160

1166 The attainment of the above objectives for the Merrifield Suburban Center, as well as the area-1167 wide and specific land unit recommendations presented in this Plan will encourage a more urban character in a portion of the Merrifield Suburban Center. As mentioned previously, the areas 1168 1169 encouraged to be more urban in character are the two core areas and the area connecting the core 1170 areas. Encouraging some areas to become more urban should result in a reduced dependence on 1171 the private automobile for local travel by linking future more urban development to significantly improved pedestrian, bicycle and transit facilities. The area primarily outside of the core areas, 1172 1173 which includes most of the Merrifield Suburban Center, will remain suburban in character, with 1174 its edges providing compatible transitions in intensity and scale to the nearby residential 1175 neighborhoods. However, even in the suburban areas, additional pedestrian, bicycle and transit 1176 facilities and links are planned to help improve circulation and access throughout the entire 1177 Merrifield Suburban Center, including the assurance that those land units east of I-495 are 1178 integrated into and contributory to the Merrifield Suburban Center."

- 1179
- 1180 MODIFY: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield Suburban 1181 Center, Area-wide Guidance, as amended through July 31, 2018, Land Use
- 1182 Guidelines, pages 9-10:
- 1183

1184 "Affordable Housing – Generally, affordable housing can include Affordable Dwelling Units 1185 (ADUs), Workforce Dwelling Units (WDUs), and other local, state, or federal programs. County 1186 policies include promoting the development of multi-family housing in mixed-use centers in an 1187 effort to diversify the county's housing stock and to encourage lower cost housing options near 1188 employment opportunities. In order to implement these policies within the Merrifield Suburban 1189 Center, development proposals having a residential component should provide for ADUs and/or 1190 WDUs. While less preferable, affordable housing can also occur through the provision of units 1191 elsewhere within the Merrifield Suburban Center. Only if the provision of affordable housing is 1192 not feasible, a contribution to the Fairfax County Housing Trust Fund could be made, as indicated 1193 below.

- 1194
- For those areas planned for residential development, the provision of ADUs/WDUs should be a condition for attaining the high end of the development range. Developments below the high end of the range should also provide ADUs/WDUs or contribute to the Trust Fund, as indicated below.
- 1199

1200 Affordable housing should be provided for those areas planned for mixed-use with 1201 residential units, such as the Town Center and the Transit Station Area. The provision of 1202 affordable housing should be a condition for attaining the high end of the area's mixed-use 1203 potential. If the affordable housing to be provided will be in accordance with the ADU 1204 program set forth in the Zoning Ordinance, the applicable density range should be 1205 determined as follows: for an area planned for office use at .8 FAR under Option 1 and up 1206 to 1.2 FAR under Option 2, the intensity range would be considered .8 FAR to 1.2 FAR, 1207 which is equivalent to 35 to 50 dwelling units per acre (assuming approximately 1000 1208 square feet per unit). In this example, the high end would be considered the top 60% of 1209 the range, or intensities above .96 FAR. 1210

1211 The calculation of ADUs/WDUs and bonus units to be provided should be based on the formula 1212 in the ADU/WDU programs. In general, the maximum FAR listed within the Land Unit 1213 Recommendations does not include the FAR bonus that is granted for ADUs/WDUs, except for 1214 Sub-Unit I1 and Land Unit K. See land unit guidance for specific recommendations. In cases where 1215 ADUs/WDUs are not provided, development proposals within the Plan's density/intensity range 1216 are to contribute to the Housing Trust Fund at an amount of 1% of the development's residential 1217 value. If the proposed development is below the low end of the Plan's development potential, then 1218 $\frac{1}{2}$ % of the development's residential value should be contributed, which is consistent with county 1219 policy."

- MODIFY: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield Suburban
 Center, Area-wide Guidance, as amended through July 31, 2018, Buildings Heights,
 page 20:
- 1225 "Building Heights
- 1226

1227 Throughout the Merrifield Suburban Center, a variety of building heights and building

1228 articulation, as well as varied roof forms are encouraged to create an interesting skyline. Building

1229 heights adjacent to single-family residential neighborhoods, in general, are planned not to exceed

- 1230 40 feet to provide an appropriate scale of development. Figure 8 shows the maximum building
- 1231 heights planned for the Merrifield Suburban Center. It should be noted, however, to achieve

many of the maximum building heights, various conditions should be met as indicated within thesub-unit recommendations.

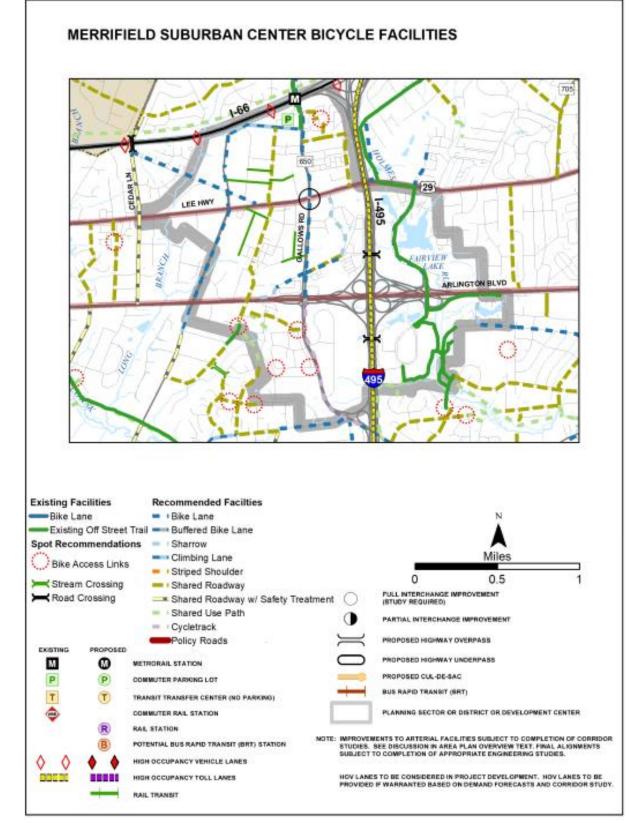
1233	
1234	

1235 Building Height Guidelines

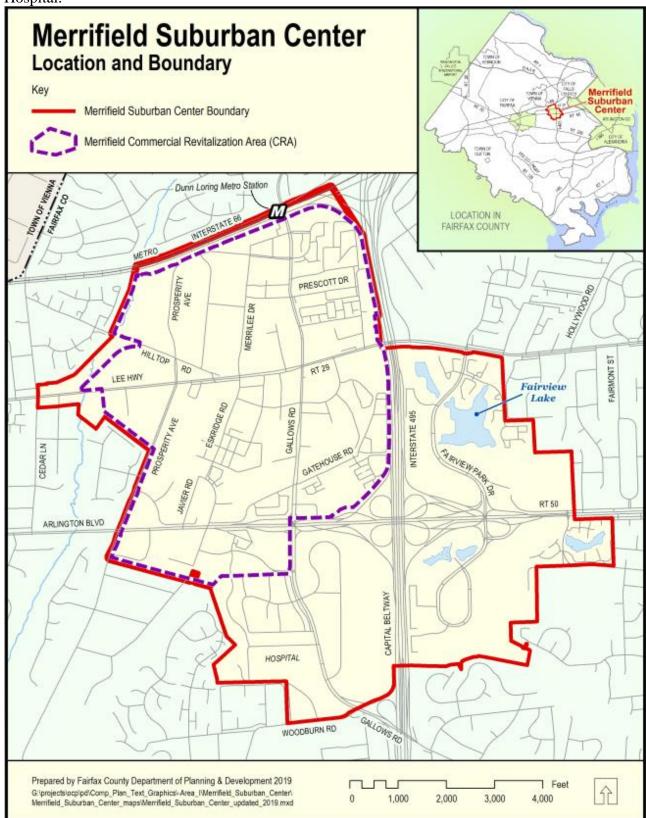
- One fundamental element of achieving maximum building heights should be the provision of usable open space that is in addition to providing the streetscape. This additional open space should include plazas, courtyards or other open space amenities as indicated under the following Pedestrian and Open Space System section.
- Throughout the Merrifield Suburban Center, a variety of building heights, façade articulation, and rooflines are encouraged to enhance the Merrifield skyline. The Transit Station Area, and Fairview Park, and the Inova Center for Personalized Health are intended to be visually and architecturally prominent, with building heights outside these areas stepping down to the periphery of the Merrifield Suburban Center.
- 1247
 1248 COMPREHENSIVE LAND USE PLAN MAP: The Comprehensive Land Use Plan Map will
 1249 not change.

TRANSPORTATION PLAN MAP: The Countywide Transportation Plan Map will not1252change.

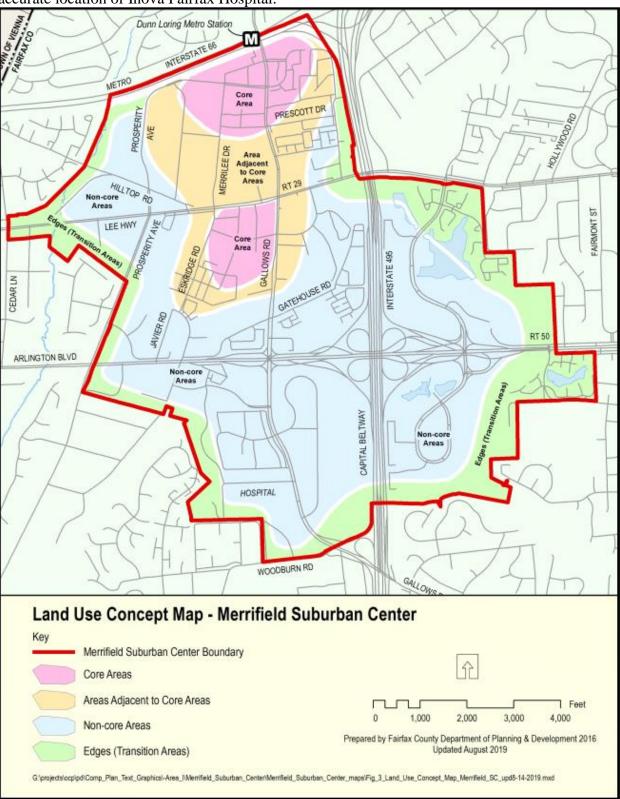
- 1281 **BICYCLE MASTER PLAN MAP:** Update the <u>elements of the</u> Northeast Quadrant Map for the
- 1282 Merrifield Suburban Center, Merrifield inset, to reflect a cycle-track on the east side of Gallows
- 1283 Road between the Gallows Road I-495 interchange and the intersection of Gallows Road and
- 1284 Route 50.



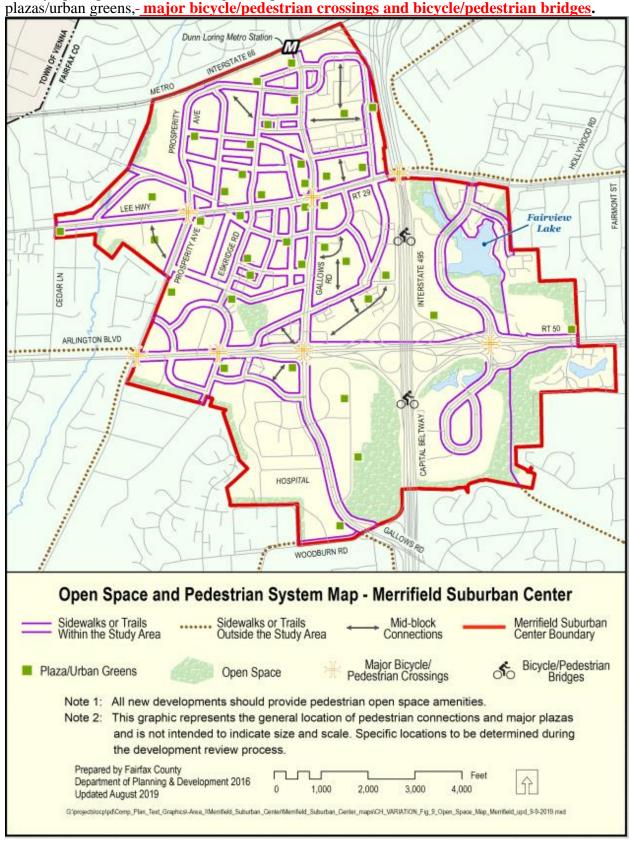
- MODIFY FIGURE: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield 1286
- 1287 Suburban Center, Area-wide Guidance, as amended through July 31, 2018, Figure 1, page 2 to
- move the word "HOSPITAL" further south to reflect the accurate location of Inova Fairfax 1288 Hospital.
- 1289



- 1291 MODIFY FIGURE: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield
- 1292 Suburban Center, Area-wide Guidance, as amended through July 31, 2018, Figure 1, page 2;
- 1293 Figure 3, page 9; Figure 10, page 28 to move the word "HOSPITAL" further south to reflect the
- 1294 accurate location of Inova Fairfax Hospital.



REPLACE FIGURE: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield
 Suburban Center, Area-wide Guidance, as amended through July 31, 2018, Figure 9, page 24 to
 modify open space areas and add green squares in Land Unit K and Subunit I1 to reflect new
 plazas/urban greens,- major bicycle/pedestrian crossings and bicycle/pedestrian bridges.



1302 **REPLACE FIGURE:** Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield

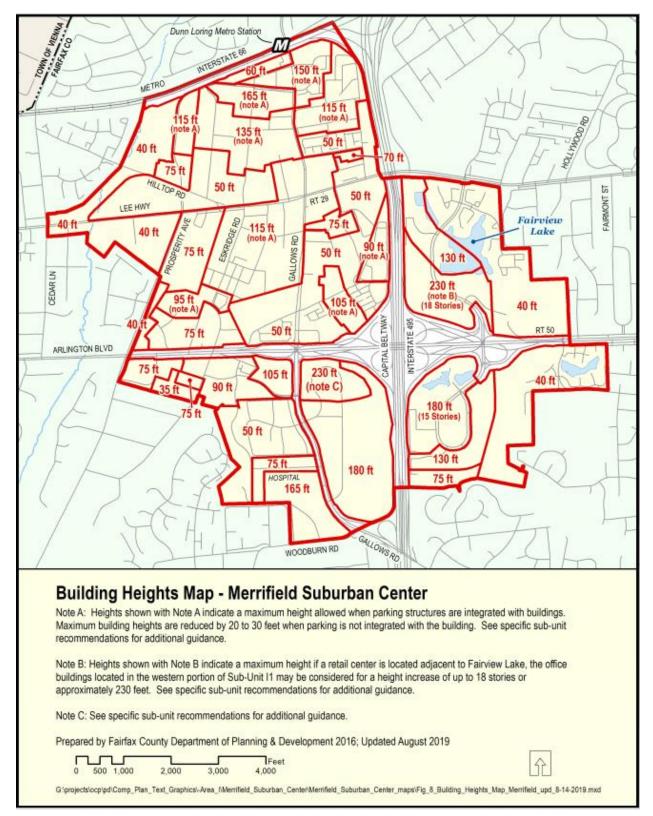
1303 Suburban Center, Area-wide Guidance, as amended through July 31, 2018, Figure 8, Building

Heights Map to increase maximum building height shown on Land Unit K (in certain areas) from

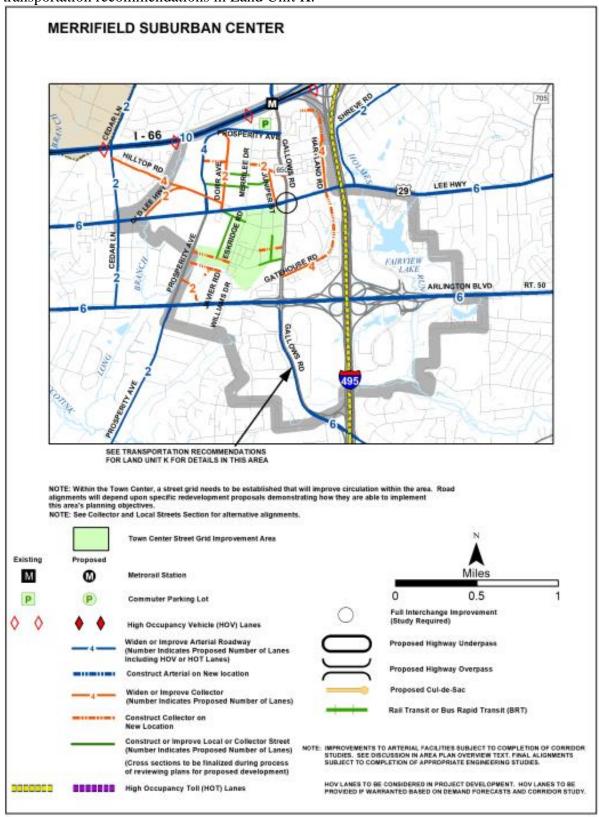
1305 180 feet to 230 feet, areas and to move the word "HOSPITAL" further south to reflect the

accurate location of Inova Fairfax Hospital.

1307



- 1309 MODIFY FIGURE: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield
- 1310 Suburban Center, Area-Wide Guidance, as amended through July 31, 2018, Figure 16,
- 1311 Transportation Recommendations, page 43, to add a note that references additional
- 1312 transportation recommendations in Land Unit K.



- 1314 MODIFY FIGURE: Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan, 2017 Edition, Area I, Merrifield
- 1315 Suburban Center, Area-wide Guidance, as amended through July 31, 2018, Figure 10, page 28 to
- 1316 move the word "HOSPITAL" further south to reflect the accurate location of Inova Fairfax
- 1317 Hospital.

