## SEWER SYSTEM CERTIFICATION REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 June 2023

## FAIRFAX COUNTY WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT



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## Executive Summary

In accordance with Fairfax County's Sewer Bond Resolution, Hazen and Sawyer (Hazen) has reviewed the status of the Wastewater Management Program and Integrated Sewer System and prepared the Sewer System Certification Report for the Fiscal Year (FY) ended June 30, 2022. The FY 2022 Sewer System Certification Report satisfies the requirements outlined in Section 713(b) of the Sewer Bond Resolution. This report confirms the system is operated and maintained in a satisfactory manner; and the budget is adequate to meet the operational, maintenance, debt service, and capital funding needs of the Integrated Sewer System for the next fiscal year.

Hazen evaluated the management, funding, operation, and maintenance of the Wastewater Management Program's three divisions: Wastewater Collection Division, Wastewater Treatment Division, and Wastewater Planning and Monitoring Division. This was accomplished primarily by interviewing staff; visiting the Robert P. McMath Building, three collection system pumping stations, and three metering stations; and collecting information about project work at the Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant (NCPCP). The team also evaluated:

- Operating data from FY 2022
- Capital improvement plans, revenue, and bond information
- The 2023 Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis Report on the five-year financial forecast
- The Annual Disclosure Report on sewer service charges
- The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

The Wastewater Collection Division (WCD) continues to take a proactive approach towards maintenance and strives for continuous improvement in daily operation. The Pumping Stations Branch, Gravity Sewers Branch, and Projects and Assets Branch work collaboratively within WCD and across the Wastewater Management Program to provide exceptional planning, operation, and maintenance of the collection and conveyance system. Rehabilitation, maintenance, and expansion of the sewer collection system continues to be a focus for WCD.

The Wastewater Treatment Division (WTD) has an exemplary record of producing a high-quality effluent that surpasses regulatory requirements at a low unit cost relative to other advanced wastewater treatment plants in the region. The Engineering Support Branch, Operations Branch, Maintenance Branch, and Information Technology Services Branch work collaboratively within WTD and across the Wastewater Management Program to provide exceptional planning, operation, and maintenance of the NCPCP. WTD is recognized and awarded annually by numerous national, state, and local associations for their quality work. Rehabilitation and replacement of facilities that have reached the end of their useful service life at the plant continues to be a focus for WTD.

The Wastewater Planning and Monitoring Division (WPMD) continues to establish and manage the future requirements for the Wastewater Management Program regarding facility expansion needs. WPMD also analyzes funding levels for necessary equipment and facility replacement programs. The Engineering

Analysis and Planning Branch, Environmental Monitoring Branch, and Fiscal Control and Financial Planning Branch (Financial Monitoring Branch) work collaboratively within WPMD and across the Wastewater Management Program to provide exceptional planning, operation, and maintenance of the Integrated Sewer System. The Wastewater Management Program uses calculated financial indicators to ensure adequacy of its rates from a cash flow, business, and compliance standpoint. WPMD and the County Department of Finance work together annually to create an award-winning ACFR for the Integrated Sewer System. The County has received the Government Finances Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) certificate for FY 2021. The FY 2022 ACFR was completed during FY 2023 and is currently under review.

The Wastewater Management Program continues to meet its strategic planning goals as they relate to the financial reporting process. The Integrated Sewer System did not issue any new bonds in FY 2022. The AAA Bond Ratings from Fitch, Standard \& Poor's (S\&P), and Moody's issued in FY 2017 were maintained by the Wastewater Management Program. These high credit ratings have enabled the County to sell bonds, as required, on behalf of the Wastewater Management Program at competitive interest rates. The Financial Monitoring Branch is responsible for issuing and managing debt to fund major capital projects including projects to improve the County's collection system, expansion and upgrade projects at NCPCP, and its portion of enhancement projects at Treatment by Contract facilities.

The Wastewater Management Program actively manages its outstanding debt by refinancing to take advantage of lower interest rates or retiring debt to manage its debt service coverage. The system complies with the Debt Service Coverage Ratio requirement of its bond resolution, and all forecasted coverage ratios for FY 2023 to FY 2028 exceed required levels. The five-year sewer rate plan approved by the County as part of the FY 2023 Adopted Budget Plan proposed to increase the sewer charges by $5.95 \%$ in FY 2023. The County's availability fees are consistent with the fundamental principle of "system buy-in" or "growth pays for growth" cost method. Under this method, the availability fee is designed to recover the incremental costs of infrastructure required for new customers to connect to the system.

Through conducting staff interviews, it was evident that the Wastewater Management Program has wellorganized leadership that emphasizes long-term cost-effectiveness, productivity, participation by staff, and collaborative teamwork. Site visits confirmed that facilities were well-maintained and operated properly during FY 2022. Ongoing projects and initiatives highlight the continued focus and commitment of the Wastewater Management Program to operate and maintain the system moving forward.

## 1. Introduction

Section 713(b) of the Fairfax County Sewer Bond Resolution requires the County to retain an engineer annually to review the status of the Wastewater Management Program and the Integrated Sewer System and prepare a report to include:

- A description of the system and recommendations concerning the proper maintenance, repair, and operation of the system during the following bond year.
- Any necessary changes in services to be provided throughout the system during the following bond year.
- Any additions, improvements, renewals, or replacements that should be made during the following bond year.
- The estimated gross revenues necessary for such purposes.

Figure 1-1 shows the wastewater treatment plant service areas and pump stations in the Integrated Sewer System.

## Treatment Plant Service Areas Fairfax County, Virginia



Figure 1-1: Integrated Sewer System, Fairfax County, VA (Annual Disclosure Report)

Hazen and Sawyer (Hazen) was retained to prepare the Sewer System Certification Report and document the status of the Integrated Sewer System during FY 2022, which ended on June 30, 2022. This report satisfies the requirements outlined in Section 713(b) of the Sewer Bond Resolution and ensures the system is operated and maintained in a satisfactory manner and the budget is adequate to meet the operational, maintenance and capital needs of the system for the next fiscal year. To prepare this report, the following tasks were performed:

- Interviewed key Wastewater Management Program personnel including Division Directors, Branch Chiefs, and selected personnel regarding FY 2022 activities and proposed FY 2023 efforts.
- Reviewed operation and maintenance related documents.
- Reviewed the ACFR for FY 2022.
- Reviewed budgetary information, including the FY 2023 adopted Budget, Capital Improvement Plan (FY 2023 - FY 2027), financial statements, and a sewer service charge/availability fee study.
- Reviewed the Annual Disclosure Report for FY 2022.
- Reviewed Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis Forecast Period Fiscal Year 2023 Through Fiscal Year 2028.
- Visited existing Integrated Sewer System facilities including the Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant (NCPCP), the Robert P. McMath Facility, and select pumping stations and flow metering stations to assess general conditions and overall performance.

Each section of this report evaluates a different aspect or division within the Wastewater Management Program and Integrated Sewer System as follows:

- Section 2 evaluates the operation, maintenance, management activities and practices associated with the Wastewater Management Program and Integrated Sewer System.
- Section 3 provides a summary of program-wide performance indicators and awards.
- Section 4 examines the funding structure of the system and the FY 2022 budgets of the Wastewater Management Program.
- Section 5 summarizes the FY 2022 Capital Improvement Plan.
- Section 6 summarizes the current and future rates and revenues of the Wastewater Management Program and Integrated Sewer System.


## 2. Wastewater Management Program Operation, Maintenance and Management

The Wastewater Management Program encompasses wastewater collection, wastewater treatment, environmental monitoring, wastewater capacity planning, and management of financial operations and inter-jurisdictional agreements. The Wastewater Management Program operates under the Department of Public Works and Environmental Services (DPWES). The Wastewater Management Program provides integrated sewer collection and wastewater treatment services for Fairfax County residents and businesses, as well as for other neighboring jurisdictions through sales of service agreements.

### 2.1 Wastewater Management Organization

Wastewater Management Program functions are carried out by three divisions under the supervision of the Deputy Director of DPWES, as described in this section.

The County follows the High-Performance Organization model using a core team to provide leadership and management for the entire program. The Wastewater Management Leadership Team focuses on longrange planning, strategy, continuous improvement, wastewater capacity issues and financial management.

Three Divisions within DPWES are responsible for the operation, maintenance, and management of the Integrated Sewer System. Figure 2-1 shows the organization of the Wastewater Management Program. Each division is described below.

- Wastewater Collection Division (WCD) is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the sewers, force mains, pumping stations and metering stations; maintaining the asset management program; and overseeing the planning, design, and construction of Capital Improvement Program (CIP) projects for the collection system.
- Wastewater Treatment Division (WTD) is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the NCPCP facilities, maintaining the asset management program, and overseeing the planning, design, and construction of CIP projects for the treatment plant.
- Wastewater Planning and Monitoring Division (WPMD) is responsible for engineering planning and analysis, managing service agreements with nearby jurisdictions, financial management and planning, operation of the laboratory facility, public education, and outreach, as well as administering the Industrial Pretreatment Program for the County.

The work within these Divisions is distributed amongst ten branches, which are responsible for their assigned tasks and report to the Division Managers. As part of the overall integrated program approach, the Financial Monitoring Branch, the Information Technology Services Branch, the Human Resources/Organizational Development/Safety Section, and the Community Outreach and Education Program serve the needs of the overall Wastewater Management Program. Their functions are discussed in the following sections.


Figure 2-1:Organization of the Integrated Sewer System Wastewater Management Program

### 2.2 Wastewater Collection Division

### 2.2.1 Overview of Division

The Wastewater Collection Division (WCD) is responsible for the County's wastewater collection and conveyance system, which consists of the following components:

Wastewater Facilities:

- Approximately 3,300 miles of gravity sewers and force mains.
- 70 wastewater pumping stations.
- Three pump and haul facilities.
- 57 permanent flow metering stations.
- 150 grinder pumps and associated pressure sewer systems.
- Robert P. McMath Facility (Wastewater Maintenance Headquarters).

Other County Facilities:

- Two stormwater pumping facilities.
- One stormwater flood control facility.
- One water reuse pumping station and distribution system.
- Five rain gauge stations.

WCD had 139 permanent staff positions for FY 2022 with no new positions planned for FY 2023. All WCD employees work out of the Robert P. McMath Facility in Burke, Virginia. The organizational structure of WCD includes the Director's Office, Human Resources Section, and three branches: Gravity Sewers, Pumping Stations, and Projects and Assets.

In February of 2023, Hazen met with the Director of WCD along with the Branch Chiefs of the Pumping Stations Branch (PSB), the Gravity Sewers Branch (GSB), and the Projects and Assets Branch (PAB) to discuss the operation of the Division. The discussions focused on WCD's activities in FY 2022 and planned activities for FY 2023 and beyond, as well as the responsibilities and goals of each branch, and the organizational structure, operational and maintenance procedures, and available resources in place to meet those goals. Section 2.2.2 details initiatives and projects representative of their activities for FY 2022 onward.

WCD recognizes the importance of alignment with industry best practices and has invested significant resources into alignment with International Asset Management (IAM) and National Association of Sewer System Companies (NASSCO) trainings, certification and program adherence as part of organization's best management practices. WCD's asset management and planning engineers are required or encouraged to become certified by IAM and NASSCO based on their roles. The training and certifications have afforded WCD's asset management program the ability to modernize at a rapid pace and align with industry best practices.

### 2.2.2 Wastewater Collection Division Ongoing Initiatives

WCD is responsible for initiatives related to rehabilitation and repair of the existing system, investment in staff and equipment, maintenance tracking, standardization, and monitoring. Descriptions of these efforts are included below.

- Inflow/Infiltration (I/I) and Flow Monitoring: The WCD in-house I/I and flow monitoring work enables the Wastewater Management Program to be proactive in diagnosing problem areas. The I/I program has continued to focus on locating problem pipes in the system's older sewer service areas, which are then addressed by the comprehensive sewer rehabilitation program. The completion of the echo-level sensor pilot has led to continued use of echo-level sensors at $I / I$ hotspot locations, the development of a
flow monitoring plan, and two additional pilot studies that began in FY 2020. Meters are used for billing, reactive and supporting data collation for various CIP projects.
- Asset Management: A robust wastewater asset management program improves the quality of wastewater service delivery to Fairfax County businesses and residents. The Projects and Assets Branch (PAB) is developing an asset management framework to align with the Institute of Asset Management recommended practices. The PAB continued improving a comprehensive risk model for the linear collection system to better understand risk throughout the system, identify high risk assets, and to identify and prioritize potential CIP projects based on conditions and capacity. In FY 2022, the framework was expanded to include vertical assets prioritization.
- Pump Station Condition Assessment Initiative: In FY20, the pump station condition assessment and asset inventory program was expanded to include inventory of all the assets in the pump stations. The additional scope also included the creation of digital dashboards to report the condition data and other metrics for WCD staff use. In FY 2022, PAB contracted inspection and condition assessment of 14 pump stations and developed inspection plans for this initiative.
- Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS): DPWES began the implementation of a new CMMS to replace the current InforEAM system used by WCD and the Stormwater Management Division. WCD selected a new system in FY 2021. Implementation of the new CMMS is ongoing and will be completed in FY24.
- Small Diameter Communities: WCD, in coordination with the Director's office, has started an outreach program with two communities with small diameter private laterals. The intent is to inform those communities about the contractual obligations with the County and develop guidance plans for them to maintain their assets. In FY 2022, they prepared HOA presentations, used survey and GIS tools to determine boundaries, and prepared outreach information packets.
- Stream Crossing Initiative: Upon a successful completion of a FY20 pilot initiative, PAB initiated a program to field inspect expanded creek crossings starting with the most critical assets. In FY 2022, PAB engaged a contractor to perform field inspections.
- Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) Initiatives: The WCD SCADA system is vital to providing remote monitoring and has limited remote control capability of pump operation at all 70 wastewater pumping stations. Several initiatives have been implemented to ensure dependability and uninterrupted operation for many years to come. Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC) and upgraded Human Machine Interface (HMI) screens have been installed as part of pumping station rehabilitations to provide user friendly graphics, monitoring and operation at the facilities, and remote pump operation, ultimately providing a more reliable and efficient operating system. This initiative is
ongoing, as additional existing pumping stations undergo rehabilitation. New M340 PLC units and touchscreens are installed in every fully rehabilitated station. County personnel have completed the update to existing controls with new processors and touchscreens at approximately 59 pumping stations. The outstanding pumping stations will require assistance from an outside contractor.
- Sewer Academy: This is an initiative developed by WTD and WCD to build a standardized training programs for a wide array of disciplines (industrial electricians, mechanical crews, operators, etc.). The goal is to improve recruitment, development and retention of talent that understands and becomes invested in the County's system. WCD collaborated with department of human resources (DHR) to agree on creating three new apprenticeship classifications with three trades: Electrical, Mechanical and Instrumentation. These positions are scheduled to be created and utilized starting in FY 2023.
- Asset Locating and GIS Updates: In FY 2022, PAB developed a program to pilot locating sewer mains in Lincoln-Lewis-Vannoy neighborhood served by a low pressure system. The objective of this initiative was to pilot various locating technologies and update asset inventory in the area.


### 2.2.3 Pumping Stations Branch

The Pumping Stations Branch (PSB) is composed of three groups: Mechanical, Electrical, and Instrumentation. The preventive and corrective maintenance performed by the PSB is critical to the reliable operation of the facilities. The following sub-sections detail the responsibilities and initiatives of the PSB.

## Pumping Stations Operations

The PSB is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the County's pumping stations, low-pressure systems, flow meters, and the Robert P. McMath Facility. Each day, the staff, which includes the Branch Chief, two business operation managers, three supervisors, industrial electricians, instrumentation technicians, mechanical technicians, and engineering technicians work to monitor, repair, and identify future needs associated with keeping these facilities in good working order. The pumping stations' SCADA system provides remote monitoring, alarm management, and limited control capabilities for the pumping stations on a Local Area Network. System design is compatible with the SCADA system at the NCPCP.

The PSB is also responsible for identifying potential pumping station upgrades and rehabilitation. The Branch identifies potential costs for rehabilitation projects and submits them for inclusion in the annual CIP and budget review. The PSB maintains backup power generators, located at pumping stations throughout the County service area, to ensure continuation of wastewater pumping and flow during power outages. The PSB maintains odor control at pumping stations and works with communities to find odor mitigation strategies if residential concerns arise. An example project is the completed odor control study
for the Difficult Run Pumping Station, for which odor control is scheduled to begin construction in FY 2023 and be substantially completed in early FY 2024.

## Flow Metering

The Instrumentation Group within the PSB, with support from external contractors, maintains the flow metering program. Flow metering responsibilities include monitoring and recording wastewater flows entering and leaving the Fairfax County sewer system for inter-jurisdictional billings, flow confirmation, and detecting I/I in the sewer lines.

The Instrumentation Group operates 57 permanent flow metering stations ranging in size from approximately 0.01 to 30 million gallons per day (MGD). Many of the flow meters belong to other jurisdictions but are maintained and calibrated by the Instrumentation Group and external contractors. All flow metering stations owned by Fairfax County in the Wastewater Management Program are equipped with flow metering systems. The Instrumentation Group is also responsible for five rain gauges throughout the County and uses data from 15 additional rain gauges managed by the Maintenance and Stormwater Management Division. This extensive flow metering and rain gauge network allows the Wastewater Management Program to monitor wastewater flows every 15 minutes via SCADA and evaluate the sewer system's response to wet weather events.

In addition to the permanent flow metering stations and rain gauges, WCD has approximately 25 batteryoperated temporary flow meters, 10 of which are a part of the Route 1 Embark Study. These "portable" meters can be installed in the collection system where needed to enhance I/I identification and reduction efforts. Temporary meters were used in the Tysons Corner and Reston areas in FY 2022. The Instrumentation Group and external contractor maintain and calibrate the meters regularly to ensure they provide accurate and consistent flow data. Areas with major I/I issues are isolated and permanent flow meters are installed to monitor I/I.

## Pumping Station Branch Initiatives

The PSB uses weekly safety tailgate meetings covering a variety of topics including finalizing lockout/tag out procedures, issuing personal locks and safety locks, ensuring everyone is equipped with personal protection equipment (PPE) and gas monitors, and training on variable frequency drives (VFDs). The PSB is in the process of providing high visibility arc flash rated work uniforms and arc flash training for staff.

The PSB provided training opportunities for County staff in FY 2022 on the following topics:

- Arc Flash Training (NFPA 70E)
- Backflow preventer certification.
- Valve maintenance and repair training.
- E-One grinder system training.
- CPR, first aid, and Automated External Defibrillator (AED) annual training.
- Fire extinguisher annual training.
- Stormwater Pollution Prevention (SWPP) annual training.
- PLC programming and troubleshooting training.
- Cross training within WCD to provide professional and personal growth opportunities.

An internal work order management system using InforEAM was implemented in FY 2021 to improve the quality of the data that is collected in the field and submitted as a work order. The improved quality of the information and ease of work order tracking will aid in the setup of Cityworks.

The PSB has continued to develop standard operating procedures for pumping station operations including mechanical, instrumentation and electrical maintenance needs.

The PSB continued maintenance of two stormwater pumping facilities and one stormwater flood control facility in FY 2023: the new Alexandria Tide Gate, the new Alexandria Stormwater Pumping Station, and the Huntington Levee. The PSB also provided support County-wide for pumping and sewage grinding needs at locations including, but not limited to, the Historic Colvin Run Mill in Great Falls, VA and the I95 Landfill Complex in Lorton, VA.

The PSB, as part of a division wide effort, is working towards reducing its carbon footprint through reduced energy consumption and increased pollution prevention. As part of this effort, the PSB is replacing light bulbs with LED bulbs, reducing the idling time for County vehicles, and performing internal audits to ensure compliance with peak shaving/energy audit initiative goals. In FY 2021, PSB worked with Capital Facilities staff to develop a facilities manual that standardizes the design of pump stations. In FY 2022, these updates to the facilities manual are ongoing. The PSB has been continuing energy audits on each future pump station rehabilitation in FY 2022, and carbon footprint reduction strategies continue to be applied.

### 2.2.4 Gravity Sewers Branch

The Gravity Sewers Branch (GSB) provides routine sewer cleaning, visual inspections, and maintenance of the 3,250 -mile sanitary sewer system. For areas of Fairfax County that are not served by the sanitary sewer system, i.e., the 21,610 individual onsite sewage disposal systems outside of the approved sewer service areas, the Wastewater Management Program provides a septage disposal facility at the NCPCP. This facility receives approximately one million gallons per month of hauled waste, largely from individual septic tank systems, portable toilets, and from the County's approximately 3,808 food service establishments whose grease traps require routine pump-outs. The GSB is also responsible for managing the County's septage pump and haul operations and hauled wastewater operations for two residential neighborhoods as well as the Town of Clifton.

The GSB's cleaning and maintenance program includes tracking, scheduling, and conducting routine inspection and/or cleaning of line segments. Staff adjust the cleaning frequency according to needs and inspect problematic sewer lines at higher frequencies.

A total of 570 miles of sewer lines were cleaned in FY 2022. Greater efforts in sewer inspection and cleaning activities resulted in a decrease in the number of overflows and backups in the system. WCD determines the number of occurrences per 100 miles and tracks this as one of the measured performance indicators. Table 2-1 shows the total number of occurrences (divided into backups and overflows) for the GSB in the last seven years. Fairfax County gravity sewers consistently have fewer occurrences of
backups and overflows than the median level, established in a study conducted by the American Water Works Association (AWWA) and Water Environment Foundation (WEF), and was below the $25^{\text {th }}$ percentile for each of the last nine fiscal years. Occurrences are infrequent due to the County's aggressive cleaning, maintenance, and lining programs.

Table 2-1 : Maintenance-Related Backups and Overflows in the Collection System

| Fiscal Year | Backups | Overflows | Total <br> Occurrences | Occurrences Per <br> 100 Miles | WEF Median <br> Per 100 Miles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY 2014 | 15 | 21 | 36 | 1.09 | 4.3 |
| FY 2015 | 16 | 12 | 28 | 0.85 | 4.3 |
| FY 2016 | 12 | 23 | 37 | 1.12 | 4.3 |
| FY 2017 | 19 | 17 | 36 | 1.09 | 4.3 |
| FY 2018 | 17 | 20 | 37 | 1.12 | 4.3 |
| FY 2019 | 9 | 18 | 27 | 0.82 | 4.3 |
| FY 2020 | 10 | 10 | 20 | 0.61 | 4.3 |
| FY 2021 | 8 | 19 | 27 | 0.82 | 4.3 |
| FY 2022 | 10 | 23 | 33 | 1.00 | 4.3 |

### 2.2.5 Projects and Assets Branch

The Projects and Assets Branch is composed of five groups: Asset Management Program, Capital Improvement Program, Rehabilitation and Inspections Group, Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Group, and Miss Utility Group.

## Asset Management Program

The mission of the Asset Management Program (AMP) is to analyze asset information from maintenance, inspection, and field condition assessment to perform system risk modeling, perform decision support analysis, and to determine assets for improvement and maintenance recommendations. The data-driven work performed by this group is designed to ultimately guide WCD in maintenance and improvement decisions.

The AMP is also responsible for regulatory compliance tracking and reporting.

## Capital Improvement Program

The mission of the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is to plan, develop, and maintain an optimized 10 -year capital improvement plan for WCD. The engineers in CIP use information and guidance provided by the AMP to study and analyze areas of substantial risk and in need of improvement. The studies are used to scope planned capital improvement projects to be included in the 10 -year capital improvement plan. CIP engineers assign and coordinate capital improvement projects with Capital Facilities for design and construction. The CIP engineers participate in and provide general oversight of projects to ensure the
engineering and operational goals of WCD are met throughout each stage of the project. CIP coordinates with all WCD branches and other agencies involved with projects to ensure all parties are satisfied with the outcome.

## Rehabilitation and Inspections Group

The Rehabilitation and Inspections Group is responsible for managing the rehabilitation of Fairfax County's sanitary sewer lines and manholes in an effective and efficient manner. The Group strives to rehabilitate gravity and force main sanitary sewer lines and manholes to maintain their structural integrity, eliminate I/I, prevent sanitary sewer backups and overflows, and prolong the life of the County's sanitary sewer system. The Group also provides customer service to homeowners, plumbers, contractors, and other County agencies.

In FY 2022, 75,945 linear feet (LF) of 8-inch through 15 -inch diameter gravity sewers were rehabilitated using cured-in-place pipe (CIPP) repair. Figure 2-2 shows the LF of pipe by diameter that was repaired using trenchless technologies in FY 2022. In addition to the trenchless repairs, several point repairs including removal of cross bores were completed using open cut methods.


Figure 2-2 :Trenchless Sewer Rehabilitation Completed in FY 2022
A private contractor is used to clear sewer easements of small trees and branches to allow crews access for inspection and maintenance activities.

Figure 2-3 illustrates the total annual length of easement cleared in the past 11 fiscal years. Additionally, the group inspects new assets installed by third parties to ensure adherence to the Public Facilities Manual (PFM) and for acceptance into the County's sewer system.


Figure 2-3: Length of Sewer Easement Cleared

## Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Group

The CCTV Group's primary functions are to detect defects in the sanitary sewer system using specialized CCTV equipment and to make repair recommendations. The Group inspects older sewer lines for possible infiltration, deterioration, loss of structural integrity, and blockages that may lead to sewer overflows or backups. In the event of an overflow or sewer backup, a team with inspection equipment is dispatched to determine the cause of the event, and recommended solutions are provided by the staff to prevent recurrence. The CCTV Group is also responsible for inspecting all new sanitary sewer lines. Using the guidelines set out in the Fairfax County PFM, inspectors ensure that only properly constructed sewer lines and manholes are accepted into the County's sewer system. A total of 137 miles of pipe were inspected through CCTV in FY 2022. In FY 2021, the CCTV Group contracted out services and worked to ensure consistency among contractors and WCD staff in coding criteria used for risk model. The contractor inspected an additional 106 miles of pipe in FY 2022.

## Miss Utility Group

The Miss Utility Group locates and marks Fairfax County's sanitary sewers and water reuse lines in accordance with the Virginia Underground Utility Damage Prevention Act and the rules and guidelines set forth by the State Corporation Commission. The service is provided to ensure that no damage occurs to Fairfax County's sanitary sewer and water reuse lines during any excavation in which there is a valid

Miss Utility request. In FY 2022, the Group processed 182,298 Miss Utility requests. Of the total number of Miss Utility requests processed in FY 2022, 40,940 or $22.5 \%$ of all requests required field locates. To accomplish their tasks, the Miss Utility Group uses specialized ticket screening software called TELDIG Utility. The Miss Utility Group will be transitioning to a locating company starting in FY 2023.

## Wastewater Collection Division Capital Projects

The following sections provide a summary of capital improvement projects that are either in study/design or under construction during FY 2022 or planned for FY 2023. Funding level details for each type of project including pumping stations, sewer metering, collection system replacement and rehabilitation, and the sewer sag program are provided in Section 5.5.3. The timing and funding of projects presented in the CIP appear to be adequate to maintain anticipated service levels.

## Gravity Sewer Projects

- In Study/Design
- Condition Assessment, Cleaning, and Improvements of Large Diameter Sewers - Ongoing program to inspect large diameter sewers. Structural deterioration in these sewers will be addressed by creating rehabilitation projects to increase the life of the asset.
- Carderock Gravity Sewer Rehabilitation - The pipe being rehabilitated carries flows from Scotts Run Interceptor sewer to Potomac Interceptor owned by DC Water. Design includes rehabilitation of approximately 1,300 LF of 30 -inch pipe. Design began in FY 2019 and continued through FY 2022. Construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Celadon Sewer Replacement - The project involves the replacement of approximately 1,700 LF of 6-inch sewer pipe. Design began in FY 2019 and continued through FY 2021. Construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Indian Run Sewer Reinforcement - The project addresses exposed pipe within a stream valley. The goal is to relocate the pipe segments to a new location where they are not prone to stream erosion. Design began in FY 2019 and continued through FY 2022. Construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Little Pimmit Run Sewer Relocation - The project will accomplish sewer realignment and elimination of approximately $5,000 \mathrm{LF}$ of 8 -inch to 21 -inch high-risk sanitary sewer crossings. Project is being completed in coordination with the Stormwater Planning Division. The study began in FY 2021, and design is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Sewer Sag Package \#2- This project will replace 6 sewers with severe sags across the County. The design began in FY 2021, and construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Little Pimmit Run Sewer Relocation - The project will accomplish sewer realignment and elimination of approximately 5,000 LF of 8 -inch to 21 -inch high-risk sanitary sewer crossings. Project is being completed in coordination with the Stormwater Planning Division. The study began in FY 2021, and design is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Accotink Gravity Sewer Capacity Improvements- This project will provide needed capacity relief on the Accotink interceptor to convey 2045 flows. The study began in FY 2021, and design is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Chain Bridge Vault Site Safety Upgrades- The project addresses safety upgrades to the sewer siphon vault located near Chain Bridge Road in Arlington, Virginia. The design began in FY 2022 and construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2024.
- Springfield Estates Pump Station Abandonment- This project is abandoning the Springfield Estates Pump Station and replacing it with 2,000 LF of gravity sewer. The study began in FY 2021, with design beginning in FY 2022. The design is set to be completed in FY 2023.
- Merrifield Capacity Upgrades- This project aims to upsize approximately 600 LF of 12inch diameter gravity sewer serving the Merrifield area. Project study was initiated in FY 2021 with design beginning in FY 2021. The design is set to be completed in FY 2023.
- West Springfield Stream Crossing- This project replaces 150 LF of 8-inch gravity sewer. The design began in FY 2022. Construction is set to be completed in FY 2024.
- Augusta Lane Sewer Line Improvement- This project replaced a 189 LF section of 10inch gravity Sewer. Design began in FY 2022. Construction is set to be completed in FY 2023.
- Pohick Phase 1 Sewer Rehabilitation- Project to rehabilitate 6,457 LF of sanitary sewer with CIPP lining. Study began in FY 2020. Design is set to begin in FY 2023.


## - Under Construction

- CIPP Rehabilitation - Ongoing CIPP rehabilitation of gravity sewers (8-inch to 15 -inch in diameter) and manholes.
- Old Mill Sewer Replacement - The project is addressing a capacity issue with the existing pipe. The design entails replacement of approximately $1,100 \mathrm{LF}$ of 10 -inch slip lined pipe with a new 16-inch pipe. Design began in FY 2019 and continued through FY 2021. Construction is anticipated to be completed in FY 2023.
- Sewer Sag Replacement - Package \#1 - This project will replace 1,200 LF of 8-inch defective sewer pipes (containing sags) located in and along roadways at five locations in the County. Design began in FY 2019, construction began in FY 2021 and completion is planned for early FY 2022.
- Little Hunting Creek Sewer Sag - Rehabilitation of 12-inch sanitary sewer line due to severe sag. This is the first project from the Sewer Sag Evaluation Preliminary Engineering Report (PER). Project design was completed in FY 2019. Construction began in FY 2020 and is planned to be completed in FY 2023.
- Crooks Branch- This project replaced two 8-inch sewer line crossing Crook Branch (approximately 436 LF) and rehabilitate 4 manholes. Project study began in FY 2021 with design completed in FY 2022. Construction was completed in FY 2022.


## Pumping Station and Forcemain Projects

## - In Study/Design

- Accotink Pumping Station - Rehabilitation of the Accotink Pumping Station. Preliminary design efforts began in FY 2019 and continued through FY 2020. Design began in FY 2021. Construction completion is anticipated in FY 2026.
- Holmes Run Pumping Station - Rehabilitation of the Holmes Run Pumping Station. Preliminary design efforts began in FY 2018 and continued through FY 2022. Construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Savile Lane Pump Station Rehabilitation - Rehabilitation of Savile Lane Pump Station (formerly called Central Intelligence Agency Pump Station). Design began in FY 2019 and continued through FY 2021. Construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Mt. Vernon Terrace Force Main - Rehabilitation of 6-inch cast iron force main and improvements to the influent gravity sewer. Design was completed in FY 2020. Construction completion is anticipated in FY 2025.
- Wellington I Force Main Replacement - Rehabilitation of 6-inch ductile iron force main. Design began in FY 2019. Construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2022 and to be completed in FY 2023.
- Riverwood Force Main Rehabilitation - Replacement of 6-inch cast iron force main and installation of an emergency bypass structure. Design began in FY 2019. Construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Tysons West Pump Station and Force Main - Study of the new 25 MGD Tysons West Pump Station to address new capacity needs in Tysons Corner began in FY 2020. Design began in FY 2021 and construction is set to begin in FY 2023.
- Tysons East Pump Station and Force Main - Study of the new 10 MGD Tysons East Pump Station to address new capacity needs in Tysons Corner began in FY 2020. Study was completed in FY 2022 and land acquisition is currently underway.
- Jones Point Pump Station and Force Main - Rehabilitation of aging pump station and associated facilities. Study began in FY 2021. Design is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- Difficult Run Pump Station Grit and Odor Control Improvements - Design of a new diversion structure to eliminate grit buildup in the wet well, Addition of two dry-pit submersible pumps, as well as modifications of the odor control system. Design began in FY 2021. Construction is anticipated to start in FY 2023.
- Wellington I Pump Station Rehabilitation- A project that is intended to rehabilitate the aging infrastructure at the pump station. Study began in FY 2021, design is set to begin and be completed in FY 2023
- Wellington I Force Main Replacement - Rehabilitation of 6-inch ductile iron force main. Design began in FY 2019. Construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2022 and to be completed in FY 2023.
- Freund House Pump Station Screen Replacement- A project to replace the screening facilities at Freund House Pump Station. Design began in FY 2022 and will be completed in FY 2023. Construction is estimated to begin in FY 2024.
- Little Hunting Creek Force Main- Project to replace the 30-inch diameter, 4,556 LF Little Hunting Creek Force Main. Study began in FY 2020, design began in FY 2021 and is set to be completed in FY 2023.
- Oak Marr Pump Station Rehabilitation- A project that is intended to rehabilitate the aging infrastructure at the pump station. Study began in FY 2021, design completed in FY 2022. Construction is estimated to begin in FY 2023.
- Lakevale Estates Collection Improvements- A project that is intended to alleviate the capacity concerns downstream of the Lakevale Pump Station by extending the forcemain. Study began in FY 2022, design is anticipated to begin in FY 2023.
- LLV System Improvements Phase 1- A project to address increased sewer breaks over the year and rehabilitate aging infrastructure. Study began in FY 2022, with design beginning in FY 2023.
- Penderbrook and Wesley House Pump Station- A project to rehabilitate two pump stations consisting of replacement of major equipment and necessary upgrades to accommodate flow increase. Study began in FY 2022, with design to begin in FY 2023.


## - Under Construction

- Ravenwood Pump Station and Force Main Replacement - Replacement of the Ravenwood Pump Station and Force Main Design began in FY 2019, and construction started in FY 2020. This project was completed in FY 2022
- Wellington II pumping station, force main, and adjacent gravity line- Construction began in FY 2021, continued through FY 2022 and is anticipated to be completed in FY 2023.
- Langley School PS- Rehabilitation of the Langley School PS and replacement of the Langley School Pump Station Force Main. The Study began in FY 2022 with the design completed in FY 2022. Construction began in FY 2022 and is anticipated to be completed in FY 2023.


## Miscellaneous Projects

## - In Study/Design

- Flow Meter Vaults Rehabilitation - Rehabilitation of meter vaults for structural, electrical, and mechanical deficiencies. Construction of several sites was completed in FY 2021. Design for additional sites is anticipated to begin in FY 2022, construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2024.
- Lake Barcroft/Holmes Run Odor Study - An evaluation began in FY 2018 to address odors in the Holmes Run basin around Lake Barcroft. Future odor control projects will be implemented based on field investigation and sampling as well as recommendations made as the study is finalized. Study was completed in FY 2022 and design is anticipated to be completed in FY 2024.
- Long Branch Pumping Station and Alexandria Pumping Station Diesel Tank Upgrade Underground fuel storage tanks will be moved above ground. Construction was completed in FY 2022.
- Surveying Missing Manhole Inverts- Project to survey 807 pipes with missing inverts to update GIS and support hydraulic modeling. Study began in FY 2022 and is set to be completed in FY 2023.
- Wastewater Utility Management Plan- Project to complete Wastewater Utility Management Plan that includes strategic planning, master planning, hydraulic modeling, condition assessment, and capital improvement program creation. The project began in FY 2021 and is set to be completed in FY 2024.


### 2.2.6 Wastewater Collection Division Facilities Inspection

## Pumping Stations

On May 8, 2023, Hazen conducted site inspections to assess the general condition and operability of three pumping stations. The PSB provided a summary of all the pumping stations with the location, capacity, date of original construction and date of major rehabilitation or modification. Hazen used this information, as well as discussions with PSB personnel, to select three pumping stations with the objective of inspecting pumping stations that represent the wide range of assets maintained by WCD. A summary of ongoing, proposed or recently completed projects and observations from the inspections is provided below:

## Rivertowers Pumping Station

- Built in 1963, 2.0 MGD capacity
- Emergency generator located inside the pump station structure.
- Pump station can be bypassed and is not high on the rehabilitation list


## Accotink Pump Station

- Built in 1980, 37.0 MGD capacity with odor control system
- Station is currently under slated to be upgraded, with designs being developed and construction to be completed by FY 2026. The major components will be rehabilitated.
- Installing dry-pit submersible pumps with reduced voltage soft starters.
- New electrical room to be built with the pump station rehabilitation.


## 50/66 Main Pumping Station

- Built in 1980, 2.95 MGD capacity with manual charcoal odor control system
- In FY 2014 the pump station underwent a major rehabilitation.
- The pump station is in good condition.

Figure 2-4 through Figure 2-9 are photographs taken during the site visits to the three pumping stations.


Figure 2-4: Rivertowers Pumping Station External Appearance


Figure 2-5: Rivertowers Pumping Station General Condition


Figure 2-6: Accotink Pumping Station Wet Well General Condition


Figure 2-7: Accotink Pumping Station General Condition


Figure 2-8: 50/66 Main Pump Station General Condition


Figure 2-9: 50/66 Main Pump Station External Appearance

## Robert P. McMath Facility

WCD administrative offices and maintenance shops are in the Robert P. McMath Facility at 6000 Fred's Oak Road in Burke, Virginia. The facility serves as a staging area for WCD operations and is also used for equipment storage (with the old Upper Cub Run wastewater plant site providing additional storage area). This well-maintained facility is approximately 30 years old. Hazen conducted a site inspection of the facility on May 8, 2023. WCD completed design of a new building to replace the Robert P. McMath Facility, which will house multiple County departmental offices, a welding shop, an electrical shop, and the sign department. Completion of the new building is anticipated in CY 2025. Figure 2-10 shows the construction phasing planned for the new facility.


Figure 2-10: Stormwater and Wastewater Facility Construction Phasing

## Flow Monitoring Stations

On May 2, 2022, Hazen conducted site inspections for three flow monitoring stations to assess their general condition and operability. The PSB provided a summary of Fairfax County flow monitoring stations with the location, capacity, and type of flow monitoring device installed. Hazen used this information, as well as discussions with PSB personnel, to select three flow monitoring stations with the objective of inspecting flow monitoring stations that represent the wide range of assets maintained by WCD. A summary of observations from each metering station is provided below:

## Pickett Road

- Type: 12-inch Parshall Flume.
- Network: 3G Communication Technology.
- Electric power is provided at the site, with a power panel providing power to the meter.
- There is an adjacent valve vault with two gate valves and a bypass for the station.


## Ranger Road

- Type: 3-inch Parshall Flume.
- Network: 3G Communication Technology.
- Rehabilitation is planned for FY 2023 or FY 2024 due to aging infrastructure. Improvements include replacement of the control cabinet, potential solar panel placement, and concrete work in the vault structure to fix the meter insert in the throat section of the parshall flume. Additionally, there are fallen and dead trees in the vicinity of the station that may fall and impact the security fence installed.

Rust Road

- Type: 8-inch Palmer Bowlus
- Network: 3G Communication Technology.
- Meter vault is recently rehabilitated and is maintained in proper condition. The sealed battery for the meter is located in the cabinet at the site.

Figure 2-11 through Figure 2-16 are photographs taken during the site visits to the three flow metering stations.


Figure 2-11: Pickett Road Flow Metering Station


Figure 2-12: 12-inch Parshall Flume


Figure 2-13: Ranger Road Flow Metering Station


Figure 2-14: Ranger Road 3-inch Parshall Flume


Figure 2-15: Rust Road Flow Metering Station


Figure 2-16: Rust Road 8-inch Palmer Bowlus

### 2.3 Wastewater Treatment Division

### 2.3.1 Overview of Division

The Wastewater Treatment Division (WTD) operates and maintains the NCPCP located in Lorton, Virginia, as shown in Appendix A - NCPCP Site Plan. The staff at the plant is organized into four branches: Engineering Support, Operations, Maintenance, and Information Technology Services. WTD had 135 positions in FY 2022.

All four branches of WTD work continually and effectively to treat wastewater and produce a highquality treated effluent meeting all Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) permit requirements continually and effectively. WTD also oversees the Water Reclamation Facilities, which produce Level I reclaimed water for irrigation and industrial uses in the County.

Major upgrades, initiatives, and compliance items performed this fiscal year include the following:

## NCPCP Upgrades

- Biosolids Program (Solids Processing Contracts I, II, III, and IV): The Biosolids Program continued in FY 2022 as follows:
- Phase I included replacement of the venturi scrubbers on the incinerators to achieve compliance with the new Sewage Sludge Incineration Maximum Available Control Technology (SSI MACT) requirements that went into effect March 2016. Phase I construction began in FY 2014 and was completed in FY 2018.
- Phase II, the Interim Biosolids project, consists of rehabilitation and improvements to infrastructure in need of immediate work due to condition and safety considerations. The work includes rehabilitation of the thickened sludge storage and mixing equipment, odor control facilities, and lime conditioning facilities. Phase II construction started in FY 2017 and was completed in FY 2021. This Phase II project won the 2020 APWA Mid-Atlantic chapter's Project of the Year Award for the category of Environment.
- Phase III focuses on the rehabilitation of the existing incineration system and supporting biosolids processing infrastructure. Phase III construction started in FY 2020 and is anticipated to be completed in FY 2026.
- Phase IV includes several additional upgrades and infrastructure renewals including replacing the biosolids dewatering system. Design is on hold and will be resumed in FY 2023 with construction starting in FY 2027.
- Primary and Secondary Infrastructure Reinvestment and Optimization Program: A comprehensive evaluation of primary and secondary processes began in FY 2016 to assess the needs for rehabilitation of existing infrastructure in conjunction with capacity expansion. This evaluation included the flash mix tanks, primary settling tanks, activated sludge processes, secondary clarifiers, aeration facilities, and associated chemical addition facilities for a 30-year planning horizon with design average flows up to 80 MGD . Due to the complexity of the program, the program is divided into three phases:
- Phase I began in FY 2018 and included multiple pilot studies to investigate options to improve the treatment process within a limited footprint. In FY 2019, a demonstration scale aerobic granular sludge pilot was constructed for operation over a 10 -month period. Findings from the demonstration scale pilot provided information for Phase II and capacity expansion.
- Phase II design began in FY 2018 and includes rehabilitation and/or modification of existing facilities to extend service life and reduce risk. Construction of Phase II was awarded in August 2022 with construction activity currently in progress. Substantial completion of this phase is scheduled for March 2027.
- The schedule for Phase III design for capacity expansion depends on the outcomes of Phases I and II.
- Motor Control Center and Distribution Center Replacement: This project includes the replacement and upgrade of 15480 V distribution centers, 20 motor control centers, multiple programmable logic controllers, and associated electrical appurtenances throughout the NCPCP. The project will reduce arc flash exposure risk, improve safety, and reinvest in the existing electrical equipment. The design phase was completed in FY 2016, and construction is scheduled for completion in FY 2023. This project received the LEED Silver Certification for the new Building V. The project received the 2023 APWA Mid-Atlantic Chapter's Project of the Year Award for the category of Environment More than $\$ 75$ Million.
- Raw Wastewater Pumping Station Rehabilitation: This project involves the evaluation and infrastructure renewal of raw wastewater pumping at the NCPCP, including two existing pumping stations, the B3 flow equalization facility, underground infrastructure, and associated processes and systems. This project is being implemented through the construction manager at risk (CMAR) method and completed in two separate packages, Package 1 (B3) and Package 2 (B4). Preliminary engineering and design of this project commenced in FY 2020.
- Package 1 (B3) involves demolition of existing 6 " header and wall cleaning system on EQ Tanks No. 1-4, demolition of WWR Pumps and above grade WWR piping in Tanks No. $1-5$, replacement of sump pumps and 36 " valves in the existing 5 valve vaults, replacement of 1-ton jib crane, installation of Odor Control System for Tank No. 1, installation of aluminum cover for Tank No. 1, replacement of B3 MCC, RIO panel with PLC and HVAC improvements in B3 Building. Construction started in November 2021 and final completion is anticipated by August 2023.
- Package 2 (B4) consists of a new pump station with a firm capacity of 210 MGD and the associated 60 -inch force mains along with an odor control system, relocating the main electric feed lines into the plant site and providing new control switches, decommissioning and demolition of the existing raw wastewater pumping facilities, improvements to the B2 equalization pump station, increasing the number of parking lots and providing EV charging stations, improvement to the QQ1 pump station, and improvement to the facility entrance and traffic flows. Package 2 is currently in design, and construction is anticipated to begin in FY 2024.
- Disinfection Rehabilitation: This project involved the replacement of the existing sodium hypochlorite disinfection system with UV disinfection. The project included the design and construction of several new systems and facilities at the NCPCP, including an UV disinfection system, an additional outfall pipe, filter backwash pumping station and storage tanks, an advanced plant water (APW) pumping station, a water reuse pumping station, chlorine contact tanks for APW and reuse disinfection, a post-aeration facility, and an auxiliary chemical building. Design commenced in FY 2016. Project construction under a CMAR contract began in FY 2017 and was completed in FY 2022. This project received an Envision Gold award from the Institute for Sustainable Infrastructure. This project also received the 2022 APWA Mid-Atlantic Chapter's Project of the Year Award for the category of Environment \$25 Million - \$75 Million.
- APW/ County Water System Optimization: The project will develop hydraulic model for Advanced Plant Water (APW) system and county water (CW) system at the Noman Cole Pollution Control Plant site, including field verification and field testing to calibrate the model. After the model is calibrated, it can then be used to optimize the water systems based on pressure and demands. The current scope is for pre-design/study phase only with anticipated completion date of June 2024.
- Accotink Odor Control: Design of the Accotink Odor Control Facility located at the Noman M. Cole, Jr., Pollution Control Plant is underway. The County has characterized nuisance odors and recommended a biotower/ carbon unit for the mitigation of off-site plant odors at the Septage Receiving Facility, improving the quality of life in the community with respect to odors. Other improvements include replacement of equipment that has reached its useful life, safety improvements, stormwater diversion, and electrical and communications upgrades. Construction is anticipated to start in FY 2023 and be completed in FY 2025.
- Major Sustaining Program: This is a project to identify and address rehabilitation needs for the tertiary processes. Condition assessment of the affected facilities began in FY 2020. Based on initial assessment results and urgency of needs, the major sustaining program is anticipated to be completed in several design and construction packages, including immediate needs, current needs and future needs. Detailed scope and timing will be determined and finalized based on equipment condition, asset management program results and influent flow and nutrient increases. The initial design packages, focused on the FF Filtration Facility, is anticipated to start design in FY 2023.
- Activated Sludge Effluent (ASE) Pump Station: This project involves rehabilitation of the ASE Pump Station, removal and replacement of six (6) vertical turbine pumps, removal and replacement of seven (7) cast-iron sluice gates and seven (7) actuators, removal and replacement of fourteen (14) valves and six (6) actuators. which conveys secondary effluent to the Moving Bed Biological Reactor Facility. Design has been completed, and construction started on August 2022, and is anticipated to complete in 2026.
- Odor Control Master Plan Update: Results and recommendations from the updated odor control master plan process are being implemented as part of the Accotink Odor Control and Raw Wastewater Pumping Station B3 CIP projects.
- Modernization of Support and Administrative Facilities: This project includes design of upgrades to non-process facilities including maintenance shops, amenities areas, Lab area and IT spaces. In addition, the scope also includes adding 5 trailers at the back of the plant to accommodate the maintenance group during the construction and prepare the site plan for parking lot. Project design is currently on going and the construction is anticipated to start in FY 2023 with a completion date in FY 2026.


## Administrative Initiatives

- Performance Measure Tracking: WTD continues to track operating costs (dollars per million gallons), odor complaints, and compliance with permitted effluent discharge limitations. WTD benchmarks against its own performance record and other comparable advanced wastewater treatment plants in Northern Virginia. The unit cost of wastewater treatment at the NCPCP was $\$ 1,900$ per million gallons in FY 2022. This is the lowest unit cost of any advanced wastewater treatment plant in Northern Virginia.
- Operations/Maintenance Workforce Planning: Senior staff succession planning and institutional knowledge transfer continues to be a focus for WTD. There were 11 new hires in FY 2022 in Operations and Maintenance roles. WTD also continues to improve employee competencies to prepare employees for new higher-level technical positions. In FY 2022, 7 employees within the Operations and Maintenance Branches earned promotions.
- Professional Licensure and Certifications: WTD staff have a wide range of skill sets and expertise, and many positions require a professional license or certification. In FY 2022, over 100 professional licenses and certifications were held by WTD staff including Professional Engineers, Wastewater Operators, HVAC Mechanic, Licensed Electricians, Plumbers, Incinerator Operators, ISA certifications, Soil and Erosion Control certifications, and Envision certifications, among others. Developing, strengthening, and expanding staff skill sets and knowledge are priorities of WTD's strategic workforce planning initiatives.
- Energy Savings: In FY 2022, the plant reduced its electricity usage by 2.4 percent. Also in FY 2022, WTD enrolled in the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) Sustainable Wastewater Infrastructure of the Future (SWIFT) initiative. As a result, WTD began development of an energy management system in alignment with the DOE's 50001 Ready program. WTD received a 50001 Ready certificate of recognition in FY 2023. In FY 2022, WTD purchased renewable energy credits to offset $10 \%$ of its greenhouse gas emissions from electricity. In FY 2023, this was increased to $25 \%$. As a result of these and other
actions, WTD was able to reduce its greenhouse gas emissions by $2.7 \%$ in CY 2021 over the previous year.
- Electrical Curtailment: WTD continued to participate in an electrical load shedding/curtailment program. In FY 2022, payments were approximately $\$ 54,000$ per quarter for committing to curtail about 5 MW . The program also provided payments of $\$ 600$ per quarter for energy efficiency improvements. These energy efficiency payments will end in FY 2023.
- Asset Management: Asset management continues to be a focus area for WTD and the Wastewater Management Program in general. WTD manages rehabilitation and replacement of most of its assets in-house with internal resources. An Asset Management Team (AMT) was formed in 2004. The AMT is composed of representatives of all branches within WTD. WTD currently uses an Enterprise Asset Management (InforEAM) as its Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) to track physical assets, their maintenance schedules, and the maintenance records at the plant. Since the 1990s, the CMMS database has been continually updated to reflect the physical changes that were made when assets were added, replaced, or rehabilitated as part of CIP projects, or when assets were repaired as part of an in-house maintenance activity. Most of the equipment Operations and Maintenance (O\&M) manuals have been scanned and uploaded to the CMMS database for immediate access by all staff at the plant, which is especially useful to maintenance staff and the AMT. WTD is tracking monthly maintenance costs of equipment using the CMMS database to optimize available resources. A Criticality Matrix composed of Consequence of Failure (COF) and Likelihood of Failure (LOF) is used to update project prioritization for the CIP projects, which helps guide infrastructure renewal strategies and decisions. In FY 2022 the AMT revised the COF and LOF criteria to include items such as physical condition, performance and reliability, regulatory compliance, financial impact, and public confidence.
- Predictive Maintenance: in FY 2022 the AMT began using oil and vibration analyses to prioritize equipment maintenance.
- Maintenance Training: In FY 2022. The Maintenance Branch divided its staff into six mechanics shops. Each group participated in periodical rotational training to improve process knowledge related to level of service.


## Regulatory/Compliance Items

- Environmental Management System (EMS): Since 2010, WTD, as part of the Wastewater Management Program, participated in DEQ's Virginia Environmental Excellence Program (VEEP) at the highest Extraordinary Environmental Enterprise (E4) status. E4 status is awarded to enterprises with an active, fully implemented EMS and requires yearly internal audits as well as third party audits every three years. Continuing participation in the VEEP program requires reapplication every three years, at which time
the status is reevaluated and awarded. The current E4 status was received in late CY 2019, and the next renewal application process will occur in FY 2023.
- Training: Increasing operator competency and certification levels continue to be goals of WTD. As of May 2022, there were 49 licensed plant operators at the NCPCP. Continuing education and training for plant operations staff has been emphasized in the past year using both onsite and remote training programs. The computer-based training center in the Administration Building allows all computer-based training to be conducted in-house. Specialty training offered onsite and offsite, to maintain competency in specific skill areas was also provided. The NCPCP training manual is continually updated. The average number of training hours per employee for FY 2022 was 25 hours.
- Waste Load Allocation: In CY 2021, WTD met its waste load allocations for Total Nitrogen (TN) and Total Phosphorus (TP). The facility observed an annual TN discharge load of $291,513 \mathrm{lb}$ vs. the allocated load of $612,158 \mathrm{lb}$. The facility discharged an annual TP load of $9,113 \mathrm{lb}$, against the allocated load of $36,729 \mathrm{lb}$.
- Nutrient Credit Sales: In CY 2021, the plant sold 320,620 lb of Total Nitrogen (123,528 lb of Class A, $197,092 \mathrm{lb}$ of Class B, and 25 lb private exchange) that resulted in $\$ 8,646 \mathrm{in}$ credits on the Virginia Nutrient Exchange. In CY 2021, the plant sold 27,616 lb of Total Phosphorus ( $7,411 \mathrm{lb}$ of Class A and 20,205 lb of Class B) that resulted in $\$ 9,128$ in credits on the Virginia Nutrient Exchange.


### 2.3.2 Engineering Support Branch

The Engineering Support Branch (ESB) provides support in the following areas: capital improvement, regulatory compliance, energy management, environmental management, sustainability, process engineering and other cross-branch services, such as emergency response, safety, and security. ESB is made up of three groups: Capital Improvement Program (CIP), Regulatory Compliance and Sustainability, and Operations Support. Highlights of ESB activities completed in FY 2022 and those planned for FY 2023 are described in the following sections.

## Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

- Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) Annual Budgeting: The WTD CIP annual budgeting process is based upon a system defined in the 2009 NCPCP Master Plan. The process provides a comprehensive, repeatable, responsive, and objective means of planning the NCPCP CIP program. The program is projected a minimum of 10 years from the planning fiscal year and identifies anticipated expenditures beyond the 10 -year planning period. The planning team, led by the CIP Program Manager (ESB Branch Chief), includes representatives from all aspects of the CIP program including WTD operations, maintenance, and IT branches; capital facilities CIP program support staff, and the WPMD financial management group. Major steps include:
- Capture updates to reflect changes in the industry, regulatory environment, financial aspects of the Wastewater Management Program, and other factors that may influence the capital program.
- Adjust to and validate benefit criteria and scoring. For FY 2022, planning criteria included life, health, and safety; regulatory compliance; risk reduction; and financial, environmental, and local community criteria. After a project is updated, it is scored based on the benefit criteria.
- Revise existing projects and create new projects as needed. The projects are captured at a high level on project sheets that include project goals, description, drivers, high level schedules and estimates, and status in the CIP budget.
- Update the 10-year planning forecast to reflect changes in project cost, schedule, and addition or elimination of projects. The project schedule is based on multiple aspects, including asset condition, regulatory requirements, and CIP program implementation considerations.
- Capital Improvement Project Management: ESB provides program and project management of the CIP program. In FY 2022 extensive work was accomplished in the following areas.
- CIP Program: In FY 2022, new program level health measures were established. They provide a more holistic view of the program's success. The selected measures are based on maintaining the facility's levels of service during and after construction, as well as monitoring progress and compliance with contractual requirements and County wide initiatives. This effort received executive endorsement and its implementation has improved monitoring of the CIP program.
- Capital Infrastructure Training: In FY 2022, the process for providing staff training on new capital infrastructure was optimized to better meet the needs of staff. These improvements streamlined the process to better match the training content to targeted learning groups as well as improve the timing impacts of the training.


## Regulatory Compliance and Sustainability

The Engineering Support Branch provides services in regulatory compliance and sustainability to NCPCP as follows:

- Regulatory Compliance: Reports and plans that were prepared and submitted to Virginia DEQ and EPA or maintained onsite during FY 2022 are shown below:
- The Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) Permit (VA0025364) expires October 31, 2024.
- The Industrial Stormwater Permit (VAR051411) expired on June 30, 2024. ESB staff submitted a request to DEQ to add outfall \#6 with a revised SWPPP in November 2022. DEQ approved a request of adding outfall \#6 and the updated SWPPP in December 2022. The semi-annual fuel quality certification reports were submitted to DEQ in January 2022 and July 2022, for a reporting period of July 1, 2021 and December 31, 2021 and January 1, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively.
- The Sewage Sludge Incinerator deviation report was submitted to DEQ in January 2022 for a reporting period of July 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021 and was submitted in July 2022 for the reporting period of January 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022.
- The annual water reclamation and reuse report for CY 2021 was submitted to DEQ in February 2022.
- Stack testing was not performed on Incinerators P1 and P2, as they have been under rehabilitation throughout CY 2022. Both incinerators are anticipated to be available for testing in CY 2023. Additionally, stack testing was omitted, per a DEQ guideline, on Incinerator P3 during CY 2022. However, WTD conducted stack testing as required by SSI MACT for Incinerator P4 and fugitive emission tests on Ash Handling Units at K2 in September 2022. All tests were found to be in compliance with SSI MACT.
- The Biosolids 503 reporting for CY 2021 was submitted to EPA in February 2022.
- The Title V Annual Compliance Certification for CY 2021 was submitted to DEQ in February 2022.
- The Tier II Emergency and Hazardous Chemical Inventory Report at NCPCP was submitted electronically to the Local Emergency Planning Commission in February 2022. Additionally, the hard copy was submitted to Virginia Emergency Response Council in late February 2022.
- The Annual Air Certification Statement was submitted to DEQ in April 2022.
- The ESB staff updated the Hazardous Materials Management Plan (HMMP), Oil Discharge Contingency Plan (ODCP), and Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan at NCPCP in January 2022. The ESB staff submitted the Oil Discharge Contingency Plan (ODCP) to DEQ in May 2022 to renew the plan to be expired in August 2022.
- Sustainability: During FY 2022 ESB staff:
- Evaluated and analyzed energy (electricity, natural gas, and diesel) consumption at the NCPCP as part of the 50001 ready program..
- Completed the Greenhouse Gas Inventory at NCPCP for CY 2021 in April 2021.
- Represented NCPCP in the Environmental Management System Team of the Wastewater Management Program.
- Managed the nutrient trading program, including nitrogen and phosphorus, for NCPCP.
- Managed the Spill Response Plan at NCPCP and provided the spill response training to both staff and contractors at the NCPCP.


## Operations Support

The Engineering Support Brach provided support services to the Operations Branch at the NCPCP in FY 2022. ESB staff:

- Participated in the Monthly Operations Leadership meeting to provide updates and coordination pertaining to regulatory compliance and environmental management.
- Participated in daily process meetings to provide support pertaining to treatment processes.
- Provided daily support in process monitoring, troubleshooting, and optimization to ensure efficient, effective, and compliant operations.
- Continued to develop, review, and maintain the treatment process setting sheets and operator $\log$ sheets.
- Prepared and maintained a monthly report for emergency generator usage as required by the minor New Source Review (mNSR) permit.
- Prepared and maintained a monthly report as required by the State Operating Permit.
- Coordinated the update of Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) on an as-needed basis.
- Provided administrative support pertaining to operator training and license examination.
- Coordinated voluntary power curtailment events and provided monthly report to CPower.
- Developed specifications and purchased equipment using the County procurement system as requested by the Operations Branch.


### 2.3.3 Operations Branch

The Operations Branch is responsible for the daily operation, monitoring, and control of the liquid process, solids processes, residuals disposal, and reclaimed water production at the NCPCP on a continuous (24/7) basis. Included in these responsibilities are sampling; process monitoring and control; record keeping and reporting; in-house operator training; reviews of engineering, planning, and design projects; treatment system project planning; and coordination with engineers on design, construction activities and start-ups.

In FY 2022, the NCPCP consistently produced a high-quality effluent that met the effluent discharge permit requirements as shown in the following paragraphs. There were no effluent discharge violations during this period. The NCPCP has received the Peak Performance award for the past 24 consecutive years. WTD continues to be a leader in protecting the Chesapeake Bay and considers maintaining this status an important initiative for FY 2023.

The list below provides a comparison of the permit limits and the actual monthly average discharge concentrations for key effluent discharge parameters in FY 2022. The text below presents monthly average discharge concentrations for key regulated parameters. The NCPCP operates an enhanced nutrient removal process that not only achieves the required nutrient removal load requirements, but also acts as a revenue source as excess nutrient credits are sold on the Virginia Nutrient Exchange.

1. Flow
a. Discharge Limits $=67 \mathrm{mgd}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=37.93 \mathrm{mgd}$
2. 5-day Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD5)
a. Discharge Limits $=5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=<2.0 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
3. Total Suspended Solids (TSS)
a. Discharge Limits $=6 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=0.83 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
4. Total Phosphorus (TP)
a. Discharge Limits $=0.18 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=0.08 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
5. Total Nitrogen (TN)
a. Discharge Limits $=3 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=2.42 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
6. Summer (April - October) Ammonia-Nitrogen (NH3-N)
a. Discharge Limits $=1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=0.16 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
7. Winter (November - March) Ammonia-Nitrogen (NH3-N)
a. Discharge Limits $=2.2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=0.19 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
8. Dissolved Oxygen (DO)
a. Discharge Limits $=>6 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=8.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
9. pH
a. $\quad$ Discharge Limits $=6.0-9.0$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=7.4$
10. Escherichia Coliform - Monthly geometric mean
a. Discharge Limits $=126 / 100 \mathrm{~mL}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=1 / 100 \mathrm{~mL}$

The NCPCP is authorized to produce and distribute up to 6.6 MGD of Level 1 Reclaimed Water, as regulated under 9VAC25-740, for industrial and irrigation purposes in Fairfax County. The operations
staff is responsible for monitoring all components of the treatment and distribution system and ensuring that reclaimed water achieves the minimum treatment standards listed below.

1. Flow
a. Treatment Standard $=6.6 \mathrm{mgd}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=1.62 \mathrm{mgd}$
2. 5-day Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand $\left(\mathrm{CBOD}_{5}\right)$
a. Discharge Limits $=8 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=<2.0 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
3. pH
a. $\quad$ Discharge Limits $=6.0-9.0$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=7.4$
4. Turbidity
a. Treatment Standard $=5$ NTU
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=0.66$ NTU
5. Total Nitrogen (TN)
a. Treatment Standard $=8 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=2.42 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
6. Total Phosphorus (TP)
a. Treatment Standard $=1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2022 Annual Average $=0.08 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
7. Total Residual Chlorine (After minimum contact time of 30 minutes at average flow or 20 minutes at peak flow)
a. Treatment Standard $=1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
b. FY 2021 Annual Average $=1.2 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$
8. Escherichia Coliform - Monthly geometric mean
a. $\quad$ Treatment Standard $=24 / 100 \mathrm{~mL}$
b. FY 2021 Annual Average $=1 / 100 \mathrm{~mL}$

In FY 2022, Fairfax County produced 594 million gallons of reclaimed water for use at the Covanta Energy Facility, Lower Potomac Public Park, and the Laurel Hill Golf Club. The sale of reclaimed water is a source of revenue for the County. In FY 2022 the County collected $\$ 248,154.76$ for reuse water.

Total Suspended Solids


Figure 2-17: NCPCP FY 2022 TSS Effluent Quality


Figure 2-18: NCPCP FY 2022 E.coli Effluent Quality

## Ammonia



Figure 2-19: NCPCP FY 2022 Ammonia Effluent Quality

Total Phosphorus


Figure 2-20: NCPCP FY 2022 Total Phosphorus Effluent Quality

CBOD5


Figure 2-21: NCPCP FY 2022 CBOD5 Effluent Quality

## Dissolved Oxygen



Figure 2-22: NCPCP FY 2022 Dissolved Oxygen Effluent Quality


Figure 2-23: NCPCP FY 2022 pH Effluent Quality
Total Nitrogen


Figure 2-24: NCPCP FY 2022 Total Nitrogen Effluent Quality

### 2.3.4 Maintenance Branch

The Maintenance Branch at the NCPCP includes the Asset Management, Instrumentation, Electrical, HVAC, Mechanical, and Buildings and Grounds Sections. This Branch provides critical support through their preventive maintenance and corrective equipment repair/replacement, administrate, and construct inhouse projects and asset management efforts to ensure NCPCP achieves a high level of reliability.

Highlights for projects completed in FY 2022 or planned for FY 2023 include the following:

- HH1 Facility: In FY 2023, maintenance staff will prepare the HH1 facility to be repurposed to the electric shop warehouse.
- G Building- new upgraded oil system: FY 2023, the maintenance branch will begin oil color coding for the WTD equipment and repurposing G building to host new oil Storage room. The branch has also started new Color Coding to improve the oil management and better serve the Plant equipment.
- Laboratory Floor and Bathroom Upgrades: Alongside the maintenance shop upgrades, the laboratory floor and bathrooms will be upgraded as well. This project is anticipated to go to bid near the end of 2022.
- Secondary Rectangular Clarifier: Replacement of the rotating mechanisms in Clarifiers 12-17 will be replaced in FY 2023. All expansion joints were replaced in FY 2021
- ASE Pumping Station: ASE Pump Nos. 4 and 5 will be repaired in FY 2023.
- Roof Upgrades: Roofs of RR, DD and B3 will be replaced in FY 2023
- Odor Control Media Replacement: The temporary odor control system located at R2 had its media replaced in FY 2023. Due to the small and temporary nature of the carbon odor control system at R2, the carbon media is replaced semi-annually.
- Solids Handling Upgrades: in FY 2021, maintenance staff replaced two cake pumps and the other two will be replaced in FY 2024. Rehabilitating the centrifuges on an annual basis, which will postpone $\$ 24$ million in spending for seven years.
- DD Blowers: The plant is in the process of replacing the DD blowers. Expected delivery of the equipment is in FY 2024
- Expansion Joints: The Plant started a new program to upgrade and replace all expansion joints, starting with Secondary Clarifiers. Currently, replacing all expansion joints of ASTs and TC clarifiers in FY2023.
- Tertiary Clarifiers: Replaced TC2B and TC 3A mechanism in FY 2023 and expect to replace TC2A in FY 2024.
- MBBR Invent Mixers: Replaced 8 mixers with two new energy saving mixers in MBBR \#2. This also includes new VFDs and new wiring for the new mixers.


### 2.3.5 Wastewater Treatment Division Facilities Inspection

Facilities at the plant include mechanical bar screens, sewage pumping, primary clarification, off-line flow equalization, activated sludge enhanced nutrient removal (ENR) treatment and settling, along with in-line flow equalization, secondary effluent pumping, post-anoxic denitrification through MBBR with methanol addition, chemical clarification, gravity filtration, filter effluent pumping, and UV disinfection. Primary and Waste Activated Sludge is thickened, dewatered, and incinerated onsite to produce dry ash;
and then hauled to and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Screenings and grit are hauled to the Covanta Waste-to-Energy Facility. Pictures of the NCPCP work that was recently completed or will be in progress soon are provided in Figure 2-25 through Figure 2-30


Figure 2-25: HH2 Building UV Disinfection System


Figure 2-26: HH2 Building Electrical Room


Figure 2-27: Aerial Photo of UV Disinfection Project Completed Facilities


Figure 2-28: Temporary RSW line utilized to support Solids III Work


Figure 2-29: Centrifuges in K3 for replacement


Figure 2-30: Blowers in E2

### 2.4 Wastewater Planning and Monitoring Division

### 2.4.1 Overview of Division

The Wastewater Planning and Monitoring Division (WPMD) performs several technical and administrative functions for the Wastewater Management Program. These functions include:

- Review of system development and additional treatment capacity needs for both short- and longterm projections.
- Administration and management of the system's financial operations.
- Administration of contract capacity for the County's wastewater flows to inter-jurisdictional plants and other jurisdictions' flows to the County's plant.
- Evaluation of compliance for developer, Fairfax Water, VDOT, FCDOT, Stormwater, and extension and improvement plans.
- Provision of environmental laboratory support for the Wastewater Management Program and other County agencies.
- Management of the federal and state pretreatment requirements under the Clean Water Act and Virginia Water Control Act, and the County's Sanitary Sewers and Sewage Disposal Code (Chapter 67.1).
- Conduct of targeted outreach and education programs to engage and raise customer awareness and engender stakeholder support.

The Division includes three branches, the Engineering Analysis and Planning Branch, the Environmental Monitoring Branch, and the Financial Monitoring Branch, which are discussed in further detail in Sections 2.4.2, 2.4.3 and 2.5, respectively. There were 56 budgeted positions in the WPMD in FY 2023. All staff, except for Environmental Monitoring Branch personnel and warehouse personnel in the Financial Monitoring Branch, are located at the Fairfax County Government Center.

The Division, in coordination with WTD and WCD, supports asset management work for the entire Wastewater Management Program. The Asset Management Team (AMT) develops and implements a program-wide business process that supports the capital planning needs of the Wastewater Management Program. Based on the outlined methodologies of component assessment and criticality rating, the AMT identifies major infrastructure components within the Wastewater Management Program that require upgrades and develops an accurate repair and replacement budget.

### 2.4.2 Engineering Analysis and Planning Branch

The Engineering Analysis and Planning Branch is responsible for collection system planning, review and approval of sanitary sewer construction plans, wastewater connection fee assessment and collection, and evaluating rezoning and Comprehensive Plan changes to determine their impact relative to the capacity of
the sewer system, including the treatment plants. The Branch uses multiple hydraulic modeling tools including InfoSewer®, and Infoworks ICM a system-wide hydraulic model to evaluate the capacity of the system and plan for future use. The Engineering Analysis and Planning Branch reviews developer, Fairfax Water, VDOT, FCDOT, Stormwater construction plans, and the County's sanitary sewer extension and improvement plans to ensure compliance with the Fairfax County Public Facilities Manual, Board of Supervisors adopted sewer policy, and state regulations. As part of the plan review process, the Branch initiates and maintains the sanitary sewer reimbursement program, which provides an incentive to developers to install larger facilities to accommodate the ultimate buildout in the sewershed. Developers have shown an increased interest in aligning their project with the sanitary sewer reimbursement program.

In FY 2022 the Branch:

- Initiated workshops and Microsoft Teams meetings with subset of NVBIA/NAIOP members to increase transparency and improve process and procedures around sewer capacity analysis for new development.
- Increased hydraulic modeling and sewer capacity planning efforts to determine which areas required more in-depth analysis and monitoring. Results were communicated to internal wastewater stakeholders, including engineering staff as part of cross training, to eliminate information and expertise silos.
- Used system wide meter data to calibrate the all-pipes Infoworks Integrated Catchment Model (ICM) and inform sizing and timing of proposed CIP projects. Additional information about flow metering is discussed in further detail in Section 2.2.
- Continued quarterly meetings between WCD and WPMD to encourage knowledge transfer and maintain coordination.
- Completed sanitary sewer plan reviews, rezoning application reviews, and capacity reviews within allotted time including:
- 5.60 miles of sanitary sewer approved.
- 3.96 miles of sanitary sewer accepted.
- 162 manholes accepted.
- 269 plans reviewed.
- 68 rezoning applications reviewed.
- Led review responsibility for FCDOT and VDOT plans that impact wastewater infrastructure including I-66 FAM, Route 1 RBT project, and 495 Next expansion.
- Acted as primary point of contact for public inquiries concerning sewer availability or issues regarding connections to sewer or installation of new facilities. The Branch often collaborates with other groups inside and outside of the Wastewater Management Program. In FY 2022 they continued to receive exceptional customer service feedback.
- Coordinated Plan Review and Sewer Acceptance with other County offices including the Site Development and Inspection Division, Site Application Center, Bonds and Agreement, Records Information Management, Building Division, Wastewater Permits, Wastewater Collection, Capital Facilities, and other jurisdictions.
- Continued to encourage diversification of knowledge base and inter-division networking to support career growth by conducting a field visit by WPMD staff.
- Continued staff training on InfoSewer® and Infoworks ICM and provided support to County's hydraulic modeling team.
- Continued to work with the Richmond Highway Embark (Route 1) project to ensure capacity and utility conflicts are addressed during design.
- Completed the Potomac Interceptor flow analysis study through MWCOG and started procurement work on a detailed follow-up analysis to focus on an identified hydraulic bottleneck downstream of Sully \#1 PI connection.

In FY 2023, the Branch plans to:

- Refine all pipes hydraulic modeling tool in Infoworks ICM with latest asset information, flow data, and development changes.
- Further refinement of a planning level hydraulic modeling tool through small scale master plan efforts (i.e., Western Fairfax analysis) for the entire system to respond to interagency requests for information on wastewater capacity for existing customers.
- Hire a new Engineer III and Senior Engineer III position to enhance the level of service of the sewer capacity planning effort and to develop processes and procedures for the newly revised (12/6/2023) reimbursement program.
- Coordinate with WCD asset management and stormwater planning staff on stream restoration projects that impact wastewater infrastructure.
- Compile County-wide sewershed and sub-sewershed data for employment and population using COG 9.2 TAZ forecast.
- Revisit and revise PFM Chapter 10 flow factors to reflect average wastewater generation factors that have been reduced by water saving fixtures. Provide additional guidance on how to evaluate existing infrastructure capacity to determine if pipe upsizing improvements are required.
- As a follow-up to the MWCOG Potomac Interceptor flow analysis, place multiple meters within the Sully \# 1 sewershed to determine locations of higher inflow and infiltration as a precursor to an official SSES study.
- CIP review for potential financial impacts on neighboring jurisdictions.
- Update County GIS Meter layer to include all historical temporary and updated current meter locations. Meter layer expanded from 90 locations to $350+$ locations allowing County staff to be informed of all locations of available meter data. Coordination with WCD to ensure this layer continues to be updated as new meters are installed will continue.


### 2.4.3 Environmental Monitoring Branch

The Environmental Monitoring Branch operates a certified Virginia Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (VELAP) at the NCPCP. The Branch also administers Pretreatment Program requirements/regulations under the Federal Clean Water Act and the Virginia Water Control Act to regulate the use of the Fairfax County wastewater conveyance and treatment systems. The Branch also manages the Wastewater Management Program's Outreach and Education activities.

### 2.4.3.1 Environmental Monitoring Laboratory Section

The Environmental Monitoring Laboratory (EML) conducts routine and specialized analyses necessary to meet and demonstrate permit compliance and supports process optimization needs at the NCPCP. The EML performs analyses for other County agencies including the Stormwater Management Program, the Division of Vehicle Services, and the Solid Waste Management Program. Furthermore, the EML provides analytical support for the Stormwater Management Program's lake monitoring initiative.

In addition, the EML supports regional ecosystem monitoring and sampling for the Gunston Cove Monitoring Program and the Chesapeake Bay Split Sampling Program (CSSP). The Gunston Cove monitoring efforts are part of a long-term study being conducted in partnership with George Mason University (GMU) to evaluate the best management practices implemented to minimize nutrient loading to County streams and tributaries of the Chesapeake Bay. The CSSP is an inter-laboratory testing program that validates water quality data generated by Chesapeake Bay monitoring programs and involves preparation of identical surface water samples for subsequent analysis at participating state, federal and academic water quality laboratories.

In FY 2022, the EML conducted nearly 43,000 water quality analyses (not including quality control samples, which require 5 to 10 times more analyses) in support of the Wastewater Management Program and other County programs. The EML continued support of the WTD in monitoring the operation and performance of the NCPCP, including conducting analyses required under the VPDES permits for effluent and stormwater discharge as well as the Water Reuse Program. This includes analytical support of plant treatment process modifications, improvements, and pilot studies.

The EML maintained certifications for all approved analytical testing methods through the renewal process administered through the VELAP and is certified in methods covering 265 analytes.

In FY 2022, based on the FY 2016 comprehensive review and assessment of its Laboratory Information System (LIMS), EML continued the implementation of upgrades to the laboratory's parsers equipment and field-IT capabilities to support the EML and Industrial Waste Section. Laboratory upgrades for FY 2022 included the purchase of a new InMotion Autosampler and new TKN HotBlock as well as testing of version 10 of LIMS.

Staff development and quality assurance remains a program priority for the EML and are necessary to maintain the VELAP certification and enhance laboratory capacity, capability, and reliability. The EML staff continue to participate and advance in the Upward Mobility Program, which fosters growth and progression of those in Environmental Technologist positions. The EML demonstrates the organizational
commitment to continual learning and improvement by providing cross training in aspects of advanced analytical methods and quality assurance processes.

In FY 2022, one chemistry student from George Mason University (GMU) participated in the Laboratory Technologist Internship Program. This program is a partnership with GMU and is used to recruit environmental science and chemistry students as possible future Environmental Technologists. Student interns are paired with a laboratory technologist who provides on-the-job training in the collection and analysis of wastewater and stormwater samples. EML is exploring options to expand the Laboratory Technologist Internship Program to Howard University and other historically black colleges and universities in FY 2022 and beyond.

### 2.4.3.2 Industrial Waste Section (IWS)

The IWS administers the Pretreatment Program for Fairfax County to ensure compliance with regulations under the Federal Clean Water Act, the Virginia State Water Control Act, and the County's Sanitary Sewers and Sewage Disposal Code (Chapter 67.1). This program prevents introduction of pollutants from users that may interfere with or pass through the treatment process, contaminate sewage sludge, damage infrastructure, and/or create a hazardous environment for maintenance and operations personnel. This program also facilitates and ensures industrial user compliance with wastewater discharge permits and specific one-time discharge requests and authorizations. In addition, the IWS ensures that users receiving reclaimed water from NCPCP are in full compliance with Virginia's Water Reclamation and Reuse Regulations, including the requirements for public notification and education, and facility operation and maintenance.

The IWS assists WCD in assessment of surface water quality impacts of Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) events and illicit discharges to and from the collection system. In FY 2022, the IWS responded to several of these incidents in the County. WCD uses this monitoring information to determine if/when a public advisory notice should be posted to limit recreational activities during affected periods. It should be noted that the number of SSOs in the County's system is one of the lowest nationwide.

During FY 2022, the Pretreatment Program maintained full compliance with all applicable pretreatment requirements and continued its enhanced monitoring of hauled septage waste delivered to the designated receiving facility at the NCPCP. The NCPCP Septage Receiving Facility primarily received waste from haulers who service residential and commercial septic tanks, landfills (leachate), and restaurant grease traps/interceptors. The majority of the septage collected in the northern part of the County is being disposed of at the Upper Occoquan Service Authority's Regional Water Reclamation Plant in Centreville and the Blue Plains Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant in Washington D.C. Both facilities are closer geographically to northern Fairfax County than the NCPCP Septage Receiving Facility.

The regulatory oversight of septage disposal in FY 2022 included onsite inspections, review of hauler waste manifests, and sample collection/analysis from selected haulers. Hauled waste inspection results, and manifest and sample analysis results are being used to assess the source of waste generated and ensure compliance with County municipal codes and inter-municipal agreements. This data was used to develop hauled septage fees, which were implemented at the NCPCP in FY 2020. Due to higher organic
and nutrient content, receipt and treatment of septage incurs costs that must be recovered to ensure equitable cost sharing with sewer users.

The County conducted a proactive odor evaluation of the SRF in FY 2020 to ensure minimal nuisance to the surrounding community. To stay current with odor mitigation strategies, the County began design of the Accotink Odor Control Facility in FY 2021, and construction is anticipated to begin in late FY 2023 or early FY 2024 and complete in FY 2025.

The Pretreatment Program fosters and promotes critical partnerships that greatly assist in leveraging resources to ensure protection of water quality throughout the County. In FY 2022, they continued to partner with the Stormwater Planning Division (SWPD) to identify and control illicit wastewater discharges to the County's municipal stormwater collection/conveyance system. The Pretreatment Program worked with illicit dischargers to ensure proper connection to the sanitary sewer system. Another effort involved enhanced coordination with the County's Land Development Services (LDS) to both identify sources of industrial wastewater from new facilities through review of building plans and recommend appropriate pretreatment measures and systems to ensure conformance and compliance. The Pretreatment Program collaborates with LDS and SWPD to improve the process for review and approval of plans for new cooling tower construction to specify the options for discharge to the County's municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) or connection to the County's sanitary sewer system. In addition, the Pretreatment Program partners with WCD, SWPD, and the County Health Department, to enhance the DPWES's fats, oils, and grease (FOG) control program. SOPs for food service establishment inspection, compliance assessment, and corrective actions continue to be updated to improve program efficiency. Implementation resulted in reduced FOG discharge from restaurants and other food service facilities.

In FY 2022, the Pretreatment Program continued to develop short- and long-term initiatives to enhance its capacity to ensure viability and protect the County's collections system and treatment assets. These initiatives included:

- Testing and development of a database application to streamline implementation and enhance efficiencies in program planning and administration.
- Developing a template for inspections for Significant Industrial User permits.
- Conducting a system-wide assessment and mitigation of unsafe levels of hydrogen sulfide in the County's sanitary sewers to better protect workers and minimize infrastructure deterioration.
- Implementing a strategy for compliance with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Dental Amalgam Rule, which regulates the discharge of dental amalgam containing mercury and silver to publicly owned treatment works.
- Implementing a PCB pollution minimization approved by DEQ in December 2020.


### 2.5 Fiscal Control and Financial Planning Branch (Financial Monitoring Branch)

While the Financial Monitoring Branch is organized under WPMD, it is responsible for overall financial management and financial planning of the Wastewater Management Program and continually analyzes the financial position of the Wastewater Management Program to maintain competitive rates, high bond ratings, and meet financial targets. In conjunction with the County's Department of Finance, this Branch produces the Wastewater Management Program's ACFR for the Integrated Sewer System that satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable financial reporting requirements.

The Wastewater Management Program was awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting by the Government Finances Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) for the FY 2021 ACFR. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest recognition available in government accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by a government entity and its management. The Wastewater Management Program's ACFRs are judged by an impartial panel to meet the high standards of the GFOA's program, to include demonstrating a constructive "spirit of full disclosure" to clearly communicate its financial story and motivate potential users and user groups to read the ACFR. The FY 2022 ACFR was completed during FY 2023 and is currently under review.

The Wastewater Management Program continues to meet its strategic planning goals as they relate to the financial reporting process. The system issued $\$ 192.0$ million Sewer Revenue Bonds (Series 2021 A ) and $\$ 24.2$ million of Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds (Series 2021 B) in FY 2021. The County was rated "AAA" by Fitch, "AAA" by Moody's, and "AAA" by Standard and Poor's for these 2021 bond issuances.

These high credit ratings have enabled the County to sell bonds on behalf of the Wastewater Management Program at competitive interest rates. The Branch is responsible for issuing and managing debt to fund major expansion and upgrade projects for the NCPCP and its portion of Treatment by Contract facilities.

The Financial Monitoring Branch is responsible for managing seven separate enterprise funds that are the basis for funding the Wastewater Management Program. These include Sewer Revenue, Sewer Operation and Maintenance, Sewer Bond Parity Debt Service, Sewer Bond Debt Reserve, Sewer Bond Subordinate Debt Service, Sewer Construction Improvements, and Sewer Bond Construction. Details of the sewer funds are described in Section 4.1. To ensure that the Wastewater Management Program provides high performance operation and service quality, the Branch closely monitors the following areas:

- Sewer services charges ( $\$ / 1,000$ gallons).
- Sewer base charges (\$/quarterly bill).
- Availability fees (one-time charge).
- Treatment costs (\$/MGD treated).
- Number of sewer system overflows (5-year rolling average).
- Odor complaints per year.

The Financial Monitoring Branch is also responsible for the annual submission of the Five-Year Capital Improvement Program (CIP). To ensure system revenues are adequate to support all the financial activities within the Wastewater Management Program, a five-year financial forecast is developed annually with the assistance of a financial services consultant. A five-year rate schedule is developed annually using a financial model designed to track several financial measures to ensure the County's rates remain competitive, support the bond rating, and provide funds for all the financial activities of the Wastewater Management Program. Financial indicators projected for FY 2023 and FY 2024, based on the approved FY 2022 Budget, are presented in Table 2-2. In recent years, the Branch has recommended a phase-in approach to increase rates for both the service charge ( $\$ / 1,000 \mathrm{gal}$ ) and the quarterly base charge. Details of the proposed 5-year rate increases are presented in Appendix B.

Table 2-2: Calculated Financial Indicators

| Financial Indicator | Target | FY 2023 | FY 2024 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Revenue Margin | $37.0 \%$ to $50.0 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| Days Working Capital | 150 to 200 days | 210 | 209 |
| Debt Coverage Senior | Min 2.00x | $2.96 x$ | 2.92 x |
| Debt Coverage All-in (without <br> Availability Charges) | 1.80 x to 2.20 x | 1.89 x | 1.94 x |
| Affordability (\% of median income <br> spent on sewer bill) | Less than $1.2 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ |
| Debt to Net Plant in Service | Below $40.0 \%$ <br> Never above $50.0 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| Outstanding Debt per Connection | Max $\$ 3,000$ | $\$ 2,035$ | $\$ 2,174$ |

Next Sewer Bond Sale Expected in FY 2024 - $\$ 165$ million
This Branch is also responsible for the warehouse inventory and supply management for the overall Wastewater Management Program. The Property Managers at WCD and WTD are responsible for warehouse inventory and supply management for their respective divisions. WPMD operates the third highest valued inventory warehouse in the County. The results of the latest Consumable Inventory Audit of the WCD Line Maintenance stockroom was conducted in May 2020 showed an inventory accuracy rate of $100 \%$ with a gross value adjustment rate of $0 \%$. The latest results of the Consumable Inventory Audit of the WTD Lower Potomac stockroom conducted in May 2020 showed an inventory accuracy rate of $100 \%$ with a gross value adjustment rate of $0 \%$. The values for WCD and WTD exceed the County's standards of $96 \%$ and $3 \%$ for Inventory Accuracy and Gross Value Adjustments, respectively.

Starting July 1, 2019, the County consolidated the financial operation personnel for the stormwater and wastewater groups. This consolidation took place to streamline the payment capabilities of the stormwater and wastewater groups, allowing for redundancy for both groups. However, the funding sources for stormwater and wastewater projects will remain strictly separated.

The County's Septage Receiving Facility (SRF) was constructed to receive and treat septage from local onsite sewage disposal systems in accordance with Section 15.2-2123 of the Code of Virginia. In addition, the SRF receives landfill leachate, portable toilet waste, restaurant grease, and recycled carwash water. Previously, hauled septage and wastewater were received and treated at no cost to pump and haul contractors to encourage proper disposal. This cost had been covered by the sewer charges paid by the customers of the County's public sewer system. In FY 2020 charges were implemented to maintain equity in the costs to homeowners with septic tank systems, food service establishments, and other users of hauled wastewater. Septic tank and restaurant grease wastes have higher strength than portable toilet and landfill leachate wastes. The charge for high strength waste is $\$ 27$ per 1,000 gallons of the hauler's truck capacity, and for low strength waste is $\$ 7.72$ per 1,000 gallons of hauler truck capacity. The proposed charges are based on the prevailing sewer service charge and will be modified as the sewer service charge is adjusted in the future.

Hazen met with the Financial Manager for the Wastewater Management Program on March 6, 2023 and communicated via email on FY 2022 results, current financial status for FY 2022, and future financial projections. The Wastewater Management Program appears to be in solid financial shape based on FY 2022 financial indicator metrics, and performance projections forecast a continuation of this trend.

### 2.6 Community Outreach and Education Program

While the Community Outreach and Education Program (Program) is organized under WPMD, it supports all three divisions of the Wastewater Management Program through development and implementation of education programs and targeted outreach that engage the community, raise customer awareness, and foster stakeholder support. These are key attributes of an effectively managed wastewater utility. The Program supports Fairfax County Public Schools with curriculum-based environmental and water quality labs, and other hands-on activities. Community outreach is focused on promoting environmental messages and changing customer actions using a variety of forums and tools, including local cable networks and radio stations, e-newsletters, Facebook, Twitter, and SlideShare. The Wastewater Management Program also supports one-on-one conversation between residents, government representatives, and stakeholders.

### 2.6.1 Classroom Programs for Students

The Program, through a partnership with the Fairfax County School system, has developed a sciencebased program with targeted curriculums for elementary, middle, and high school students. Elementary activities are focused on different properties of water and how those properties help us clean wastewater or protect our infrastructure. Hands-on water quality activities such as Why is pH a Big Deal?, Fun with Filters, Density - the Sink or Swim Experiment, Microbes are Everywhere, Water \& Oxygen, and Wastewater Enviroscape are conducted in schools, childcare facilities, and libraries to educate young residents on the importance of keeping our water clean. The Wastewater Management Program also sponsors an annual "Water Quality Field Day" for elementary school students and is working on new activities that incorporate the engineering aspects of wastewater management. Two programs are offered at the middle and high school level. The Sewer Science Lab and the Science of Wastewater Lab were
designed to meet the Virginia Standards of Learning (SOL) and Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) initiatives. The Sewer Science Lab teaches students the basic concepts of wastewater treatment, brings hands-on applications to science labs, and encourages students to become good stewards of the environment and consider career opportunities in the water industry. The Science of Wastewater Lab is a customized lab that goes further in-depth into scientific concepts related to wastewater treatment and environmental issues about water quality and sustainability. Over the past 16 years, approximately 30,000 students have participated in a Sewer Science Lab with 2,186 participating in FY 2022. Additional middle schools were interested, but COVID protocols only allowed virtual options for this age group, which minimized their participation. During this time, the Program created a virtual plant tour of NCPCP and the virtual Science of Wastewater program. These initiatives allowed students to learn about wastewater when in-person demonstrations were not available.

The Program began another partnership/initiative with Marymount University to develop a new sixth grade elementary school program that addressed microplastic pollutants.

Photographs from recent student-based activities are shown in Figure 2-31.


Figure 2-31: Student-Based Activities at Fairfax County Schools

The Program engages and educates young people through support of science projects, NCPCP plant tours, and Boy/Girl Scout events. Fairfax County high school and middle school students with approved water quality science projects can apply to work with lab scientists in the Environmental Monitoring Lab to conduct analyses for science fair projects. Students participating in this program have won regional competitions.

The Program also provides plant tours of the NCPCP, during which high school students and adults in the community can experience the wastewater treatment process firsthand and learn the role it plays in environmental stewardship and public health protection. In FY 2022, seventeen tours were conducted with a total of 523 people attending. Tour groups were intentionally smaller to allow for social distancing while still providing tour opportunities to the community. The participants ranged in composition from school age to collegiate level students, county employees, and residents.

### 2.6.2 Internships

The Program supports staff recruitment for laboratory and hard-to-fill trade and labor positions by promoting three internship programs:

- Laboratory Technologist Internship Program: This program is a partnership with GMU that is used to recruit environmental science and chemistry students as possible future technologists. During this year-long program, student interns are paired with a laboratory technologist who provides on-the-job training in the analysis of wastewater and stormwater samples. Upon graduation, interns become eligible to apply for a full-time position. One student participated in this program in FY 2022. Additionally, the laboratory offers volunteer opportunities for high school students interested in the environmental sciences. Students can work with laboratory technologists throughout the summer to gain experience in an environmental laboratory.
- Wastewater Plant Operator Internship Program: This program is a partnership with Fairfax County High School Career Specialists to recruit recent graduates interested in pursuing a career in the trades and labor fields. Each paid intern is paired with an experienced operator for training over the course of six to ten months. Once trained, interns become eligible to apply for a full-time position. Fairfax County has hired five full-time employees through this internship program. The goal is to establish a formal program in which all high school graduates have the opportunity for a meaningful career with the County in positions that are critical to the Wastewater Management Program.
- Operation Stream Shield Internship Program: This program is a partnership between the Department of Public Works and Environmental Services (DPWES) and the Office to Prevent and End Homelessness (OPEH). Guests of the Eleanor U. Kennedy Community Shelter, Bailey's Crossroads Community Shelter, The Lamb Center, and Embry Rucker Shelter are provided parttime, temporary work experience. Operation Stream Shield helps the County meet its mandate to keep streams clean through the removal of litter and non-native invasive plant species, maintenance of the County's pedestrian trail system, assistance at NCPCP, I-66 Transfer Station, and the I-95 Landfill, and engagement in assigned special projects as they become available.

Participants earn a nominal stipend and develop workforce skills that allow them to compete in a diverse economy. In FY 2022, there were four participants in this program at NCPCP.

### 2.6.3 Community Involvement

Targeted community outreach and engagement efforts focus on increasing customer awareness and cultivating more informed and engaged stakeholders. The program educates customers about the work and services provided by the Wastewater Management Program and the important role these efforts play in maintaining sustainable water quality for the County and the region. Activities are designed to educate the public on how wastewater treatment at the NCPCP works and the challenges the County faces when encountering improper disposal of items such as "flushable wipes", medications, and FOG. During these events, County staff provides users with materials on how to ensure the County's sewer systems remain in optimal working condition. This allows residents to become more involved in services that affect them by asking questions, gathering information, and offering suggestions. In FY 2022, the Program participated in the following community events: Mason Neck Park Earth Day event, Fairfax County Board of Supervisor's Environmental Expo, and Clifton Day Festival. The intended outcome of these events is to maintain a high level of customer satisfaction and receive customer feedback. The Program also participated in the Drug Enforcement Administration's (DEA) semiannual take back day at the Mount Vernon District Police Station and Reston Police Station when residents could safely dispose of unused and expired medication. Participation in this event promotes proper storage and disposal of medications and shows the County's commitment to helping protect human health and the environment. Figure 2-32 and Figure 2-33 illustrate examples of community involvement.


Figure 2-32 :Community Involvement


Figure 2-33: Community Awareness booth setup

### 2.6.4 Public Messaging

Public messaging is a critical component of community engagement and education. The Program focuses on three key areas: promoting proper disposal of discarded medication, proper disposal of FOG and proper disposal of wipes. Proper disposal of discarded medications is promoted through drug take back programs and proper disposal of medication in the trash. Minimizing the discharge of FOG and wipes into the County's wastewater collection system through education on how they cause sewer backups and addressing proper disposal of FOG and wipes in the trash. A subcommittee member of the Fairfax County Opioid and Substance Abuse (OSA) Task Force helps align the message with the Virginia Governor's Task Force on Prescription Drug and Heroin Abuse Implementation Plan. The Fairfax County OSA Task Force Drug Disposal subcommittee consists of representatives from multiple County agencies, including the Wastewater Management Program. Subcommittee initiatives include creating an updated map of permanent dropboxes located in Fairfax County for residents to dispose of medications properly and conveniently.

In FY 2022, messaging and outreach efforts continued to include proper disposal of wipes and FOG in the trash to prevent sewer backups, protect the infrastructure, and highlight wastewater management workers through multiple media outlets. The video series, Flushed! The Journey of Wastewater, continued to highlight different teams throughout wastewater management. An EnviroPod focused on proper disposal of FOG by food service establishments was conducted and a FOG mailer in English and Spanish was created to inform residents how to avoid backups and overflows caused by FOG.

In FY 2022, public messaging continued to include webinar presentations that promoted the Wastewater Management program, highlighted environmental stewardship efforts, and continued educating attendees on proper disposal of FOG, wipes, and medication. The Program participated as a guest For the Fairfax County libraries in their Environment and Me presentation series.

Other local and regional outreach consisted of public service announcements, radio ads in multiple languages, emailers, and social media posts distributed throughout the County. Figure 2-34illustrates an
example from a FOG Prevention campaign that used FOG mailers. Figure 2-35 showcases an example from a Medication Takeback campaign.


Figure 2-34: FOG Prevention Mailer


Figure 2-35: Medication Take Back Mailer

### 2.7 Information Technology Services Branch

While the Information Technology Services Branch (IT Branch) is organized under WTD, it provides critical system support to all three divisions of the Wastewater Management Program. The IT Branch supports Wastewater Management Program employee needs related to computers and information systems, including training, software, and hardware deployment.

The IT Branch has continued to improve and remain a high-performance branch by providing quality, reliable, available, and secure information technology systems, and resources in support of the mission and strategic objectives of the Wastewater Management Program, and in compliance with the DPWES and County information technology polices. IT staff within each Division work together under the same leadership to manage and support IT infrastructure and automation systems for the entire Wastewater Management Program including following major systems:

- SCADA.
- Network infrastructure for the NCPCP, 63 wastewater pumping stations, three pump and haul facilities, two stormwater pumping stations, one stormwater flood control facility, and one water reuse pumping station.
- Enterprise Asset Management System (InforEAM ASE V11.4 Build).
- Enterprise Asset Management System (Mobile System).
- Laboratory Information Management System (SampleMaster V9).
- WebDAS2K by Trace Environmental Systems.
- InfoWorks ICM - Sewer Edition.
- InfoWorks ICM Viewer.
- Plant Operation eLogbook Web application.
- Wastewater Management Program IT Request Online Web application.
- Automated Ticket Management System (TelDig Utility) for Miss Utility.
- Online Operation and Maintenance Document Library.
- Online Requisition System.
- Wastewater Collection CCTV Inspection WinCan VX system.
- EnviroSim BioWin 6.0 to simulate operations in wastewater treatment plants.
- FactoryTalk ${ }^{\circledR}$ EnergyMetrix 2.30 , web-enabled energy management software package.
- Instrumentation Flow Metering Software Qstart 1.7.
- Unity Pro, IEC Programming Software for Modicon PACs.

The Wastewater Management IT infrastructure is composed of three local area networks (LANs), one for each division, located at the Robert P. McMath Facility (WCD), NCPCP (WTD) and the Fairfax County Government Center (WPMD), respectively. These networks are part of the Fairfax County Government Enterprise System. The County currently has a total of 63 pumping stations connected to the LANs at the Robert P. McMath Facility and NCPCP through Cox Metro Ethernet service.

The SCADA systems at the NCPCP and the Robert P. McMath Facility are protected by an internal security firewall, and all systems and hardware have a private IP address that provides network security protection and mitigates the security risks inherent to the use of the SCADA system. The County has consolidated all SCADA maintenance agreements into one contract. This provides SCADA redundancy in a virtualized environment for wastewater collection and treatment processes, reducing SCADA downtime and addressing some SCADA disaster recovery needs.

In FY 2022 the IT Branch:

- Completed the setup of the Continuation of Operations (COOP) Planning site configuration between NCPCP and Robert P. McMath facility. The redundancy has passed the testing by NCPCP operators.
- Worked with the ESB on a variety of plant construction projects to deploy and establish new single mode fiber optic network communications to gradually replace the multi-mode fiber optic network communications.
- Completed the InforEAM application upgrade to 11.6.
- Completed Oracle DB upgrade from 12c to 19c.
- Implemented a customized calibration interface in InforEAM application for the NCPCP maintenance staff. Setup the mobile interface on iPad for the EAM Transit IOS application.
- Completed the development of laboratory chemical inventory and usage tracking system for the EML. Lab analysts are testing the application in FY 2023.
- Worked with automation engineers to update SCADA development/production databases, which include BOA and new projects throughout the NCPCP.
- Provided support to SCADA consultants and contractors at the NCPCP and WCD pumping stations with the InforEAM integration project.
- Maintained Wastewater Management IT infrastructure with the latest Microsoft security and patch updates and personal computer replacement program.
- Worked with department of information technology (DIT) to deploy the iPACS System in the development and production environment for Wastewater Industry Waste Pretreatment session. The iPACS system is the centralized wastewater pretreatment and treatment business management application that helps the daily work process of environmental inspectors, and administrative personnel. The iPACS system enables the IWS inspectors to focus resources on the regulatory compliance and create enforcement and then associate a violation through the computerized system.
- Completed the NCPCP security camera system enhancement project in areas such as the rear gate, outfall, and UV disinfection project.
- Participated in establishing new procedures and process and monitoring tools that will potentially reduce energy use by $10 \%$ by 2029 . This aligns with the NCPCP energy reduction plan.
- Worked with automation engineers to update SCADA development/production databases, which include basic ordering agreements and new projects throughout NCPCP, such as MCC/DC improvements and the UV Disinfection project.
- Reviewed facility modernization proposals related to SCADA network infrastructure, phone, cable, etc. including Primary \& Secondary rehab, Accotink Odor Control, Solids 3, truck Scale, B3 \& B4, None-Processing facility renovation, and plant wide process camera system.
- Provided support to SCADA consultants and contractors at the NCPCP and WCD pumping stations. In FY 2022 a total of 505 SCADA system configuration change requests have been completed, including iFIX database modifications, iHistorian database modifications, IGS drive configurations, and SCADA network switch configurations.
- In FY 2022, 361 new assets have been added with PMs for new plant assets from multiple projects including MCC/DC and UV Disinfection.
- Three SCADA support staff members have completed the InfoSec Certificate on Certified SCADA Security Architect (CSSA) training.
- Maintained Wastewater Management IT infrastructure with the latest Microsoft security and patch updates.
- Provided effective computer and user support for the entire Wastewater Management Program business area. Upgraded all WWM computers to Windows 10 OS 21H2 Build.

In FY 2023, the IT Branch will:

- Continue implementing secure measures to prevent cyber-attacks and provide local operational control to ensure continuous operation.
- Continue the effort to upgrade Wastewater SCADA system iFix5.9 to version 2022, iHistorian 2022 on Windows 2022 server OS.
- Continue working with ESB and WDCD engineers to complete and make the E2 server into the redundant server room for A2 data center.
- Continue working with the ESB on a variety of plant construction projects to deploy and establish new single mode fiber optic network communications to gradually replace the multi-mode fiber optic network communications.
- Continue working with DIT and ESB on plant radio and PA system upgrade.
- Continue working with ESB on NCPCP copper line and fiber optic communication system engineering drawing project.
- Working with ESB on NCPCP security camera system enhancement in areas of K1 and K2 solids projects.
- Working with Siemens HVAC vendor, DIT, QCI and plant HVAC team to upgrade and secure the LAB HVAC network infrastructure.
- Continue developing and improving Power BI capabilities and implementation to support effective information management reporting.
- Continue implementing the customized calibration interface in InforEAM application for the NCPCP maintenance staff.
- Continue enhancing the laboratory chemical inventory and usage tracking system for the EML.
- Replace and upgrade all Windows 2012 OS servers to Windows 2022 OS in two WWM data centers.
- Progress in-house project to design Energy Metrix web application for plant power monitors.
- Work with automation engineers to update SCADA development/production databases, which include BOA and new projects throughout the NCPCP.
- Finalize the publishing of the iPACS public web application for Wastewater Industry Waste Pretreatment session.
- Provide support to SCADA consultant/contractors at the NCPCP and WCD pumping stations.
- Maintain Wastewater Management IT infrastructure with the latest Microsoft security and patch updates and personal computer replacement program.


### 2.8 Human Resources/Organizational Development/Safety Section

The Human Resources Section of WCD serves as a centralized HR service for all WWM for recruitment, payroll processing, employee relations matter, workforce planning and general HR management functions. The Human Resources team coordinates with both DPWES HR and County HR to make sure WWM is operating in accordance with County and DPWES policies and guidelines.

### 2.8.1 WCD HR/OD/Safety Section

WCD continued with its admirable safety record in FY 2022. Compared with FY 2021, improvements were seen in the 'Days Away From Work' and "Job Transfer or Restriction' categories (OSHA Form 300).

Safety training is a continual element within the SEM program no matter the particular fiscal year. What added to the difficulty in conducting training during this period was the presence of the coronavirus/COVID 19 in the community at large. In person individual and group training sessions were greatly curtailed. However, in person mandatory trainings, such as the Virginia Department of Transportation work zone trainings, were still held on occasion. But all participants had to meet the stringent personal protective equipment (PPE) requirements in place at the time.

FY 2022 also added greatly to the demands of the SEM section in meeting the inventory levels (PPE and related sanitation products) needed to support WCD operations while under the auspices of the Virginia Occupational Safety and Health Administration temporary COVID 19 standard. Hand sanitizer, plastic barrier shields, disinfectant sprays and face masks (cloth and KN95 masks, for example) were in great demand and short supply. The SEM section was supported greatly by the efforts of its in-house warehouse staff and the single point ordering system set up by the department (Department of Public Works and Environmental Services).

DriveCam (cameras in division vehicles monitoring individual driving behaviors) results continue to be encouraging in that the WCD seems to be experiencing a reduction in vehicle related accidents and losses. Hand held cell phone use continues to be monitored and addressed, as needed.

### 2.8.2 WTD HR/OD/Safety Section

In FY 2022, WTD performed approximately 305,760 hours of regular time and 7,304 overtime/compensatory leave ( $24 / 7 / 365$ ) hours of work.

NCPCP experienced no damage incidents, three minor recordable injures, three lost time injuries, and 23 COVID-19 OSHA reportable cases.

The Hearing Conservation Program was expanded plant wide, requiring all departments to participate in audiogram baseline testing and training, the installment of administrative controls (signage) and hearing conservation stations, and provision of hearing protection (ear plugs/muffs) at the entrance to each high noise area, continues with new construction.

The WTD Process Safety Management (PSM) program conformed to Methanol Institute recommendations for Technical Rescue Operational Training (TROT) for the B3 rehabilitation project, BB pumpstation upgrades, and annual methanol training. WTD Safety held a safety training day, partnering with contractors, to inform plant personnel, and contractors of new hazards to be introduced to the plant in 2023. New hazards awareness focused on commissioning a new liquified petroleum transfer station and bulk storage area for building K1 and K2 incinerator back-up fuel supplies.

WTD Safety Office trained new hires orientating to the plant, focusing on emergency actions, evacuations, shelter in place, and emergency communications. Training activities included conformance to 29CFR 1910 Industrial Operations. Process Safety Management for covered and voluntarily covered process was accomplished in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.119. Respiratory Program, trained personnel in the use, care, and maintenance of Powered Air Purifying Respirators (PAPR), replacing N95 respirators, which were unavailable during the pandemic.

WTD Safety participated in design and review of the new B4 pump station, Accotink Odor Control Facility, and B3 odor control unit, and new facility entrance planning.

### 2.9 DPWES GIS Services Team

The GIS Services team serves the entire DPWES department and directly supports the Wastewater Management Program's GIS operations and initiatives. This includes a diverse set of tasks such as completing operational service requests for physical asset data and records capture, updates, analysis, and data modeling, training, database management, application development and integration, and recommendation of GIS software and products. The GIS Services team maintains approximately 100 GIS enterprise geodatabase layers and records, and approximately 30 GIS applications.

GIS Services team initiatives completed in FY 2022 include:

- Completion of fourth year of a five-year department-wide strategic GIS road map.
- Developed as-built plan intake process and GIS application to better manage getting asset information into GIS.
- Developed as-built submission standards for contractors to the County.
- Supported migration from Oracle to MS SQL Server and upgrade to ArcGIS Enterprise 10.9.
- Integrated flowmeter locations and the resultant flow data into GIS.
- Matured the GIS governance framework and user training program.
- Tested the migration to ArcGIS Pro from ArcMap.

In FY 2023, the GIS Services team plans to continue moving users to new desktop technology and push forward with the transition to web GIS. Expected initiatives are to:

- Complete the five-year department-wide strategic GIS road map.
- Continue to support the implementation of the Cityworks (work order management) and CPMiS (CIP construction project management) by providing GIS web services and back-end data management.
- Develop an office GIS viewer with tools, layers, and focus on department workflows and needs.
- Develop a plan to migrate ArcMap users to ArcGIS Pro and / or web GIS.
- Develop a wastewater management GIS data access application and process for the design community either working for or in the County.
- Develop a GIS Technical User Forum for County GIS users to learn and collaborate with other GIS practitioners.
- Develop a county-wide authoritative GIS data policy and publishing / consumption model.
- Complete thousands of GIS data corrections as part of the Wastewater Utility Management Plan.


### 2.10 Wastewater Flows and Treatment Capacity

A significant portion of the wastewater generated in Fairfax County is treated by surrounding jurisdictions, and the County, in turn, treats flows from several other jurisdictions at the NCPCP. These arrangements are administered through inter-jurisdictional agreements and are designed to maximize the benefit of the wastewater treatment dollar for the County and the region. The County has agreements to convey its wastewater to the following facilities for treatment:

- DC Water's Blue Plains Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant (AWTP) (Washington, DC).
- Alexandria Renew Enterprises' Water Resources Recovery Facility (AlexRenew WRRF) (Alexandria, VA).
- Arlington County Water Pollution Control Plant (WPCP) (Arlington, VA).
- Upper Occoquan Service Authority (UOSA) Millard H. Robbins, Jr. Water Reclamation Plant (RWRP), (Centreville, VA).
- Prince William County Service Authority (PWCSA) Advanced Water Reclamation Facility (AWRF) (Prince William County, VA).
- Harbor View Wastewater Treatment Plant (WTP) (Fairfax County, VA).
- Loudoun Water Broad Run Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) (Loudoun County, VA).

The County also has agreements to treat flows at the NCPCP from the following entities:

- Fairfax City.
- Fort Belvoir.
- Town of Herndon.
- Arlington County.
- City of Falls Church.
- Town of Vienna.
- Fairfax County Water Authority.
- Covanta/ERR Facility.
- Loudoun Water.


### 2.10.1 Treatment Capacity Status and Sufficiency

The following paragraphs describe the capacity status and sufficiency of each of the treatment plants that receive County flows.

## Fairfax County - Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant

NCPCP serves the Accotink, Pohick, Long Branch, Little Hunting and Dogue Creek drainage basins. In addition to flows originating within the County, the plant also treats sewage from the City of Fairfax, Fort Belvoir, and part of the Town of Vienna. The NCPCP was put into service in 1970 with an initial design capacity of 18 MGD , which was subsequently increased to a rating of 36 MGD of advanced treatment in 1978, and 54 MGD in 1995. To meet the anticipated needs for sanitary sewage service in sewersheds that contribute to the NCPCP, as well as meet new water quality standards for nitrogen control, expansion of the plant to 67 MGD was initiated in 1992. Construction began in 1997 and was completed in 2005. Since then, construction has been completed to meet additional enhanced nutrient removal requirements. A phased approach is underway to renovate and upgrade current facilities to maintain current operations, as well as expand the current facility to 80 MGD in the future. The NCPCP is currently capable of handling anticipated flows from its contributory sheds through 2040.

## Alexandria Renew Enterprises - Water Resources Recovery Facility

The Cameron Run and Belle Haven sewersheds and the City of Falls Church, while included in the Fairfax County sewershed, are treated by the AlexRenew WRRF. The AlexRenew WRRF has been expanded and upgraded to provide 54 MGD of advanced treatment capacity. Fairfax County is allotted 32.4 MGD ( $60 \%$ ) of this capacity, although this is anticipated to increase to 33.4 MGD in 2024.

By activating the Braddock Road and Keene Mill Road pumping stations, the County has the capability to divert flow from the Accotink sewershed to the AlexRenew WRRF. These diversions increase operational flexibility in the entire eastern portion of the County by providing the option of off-loading a portion of the flows that would otherwise go to the NCPCP and Blue Plains AWTP to the AlexRenew WRRF. The County's existing capacity at the AlexRenew WRRF is capable of handling anticipated flows from its contributory sewersheds through 2040.

## Arlington County - Water Pollution Control Plant

The Arlington County WPCP serves the portion of Fairfax County within the Four Mile Run sewershed. The plant has been expanded and upgraded to 40 MGD of advanced treatment capacity including nitrogen removal. The construction of the 40 MGD upgrade and nitrogen removal project was completed in 2013. The County's existing contractual capacity at the Arlington plant is 3.0 MGD, which is sufficient for anticipated flows from its contributory sewersheds through 2040.

## DC Water - Blue Plains Advanced Wastewater Treatment Plant

With a current average daily flow capacity of 370 MGD, the DC Water AWTP is the largest plant in the DC Metro area. In addition to DC, it treats flows from Maryland, Virginia, and several federal installations. Wastewater flows originating in the Sugarland Run, Horsepen Creek, Scotts Run, Dead Run, Turkey Run, and Pimmit Run sewersheds are treated at the Blue Plains AWTP. Fairfax County is presently allocated 31 MGD at the plant, although this is expected to increase to 32 MGD in 2024. Blue Plains AWTP completed major renovations and improvements to the nitrogen removal processes, chemical feed and sludge disposal systems. The County's flows to Blue Plains AWTP are continually monitored to determine if additional capacity is required at Blue Plains AWTP or Loudoun Water.

## Upper Occoquan Service Authority - Millard H. Robbins, Jr. Regional Water Reclamation Plant

The southwestern part of Fairfax County is served by a regional plant owned and operated by UOSA. When the UOSA plant expanded to 54 MGD, the County's flow allocation was increased to 27.6 MGD. Since that time, 5.5 MGD of this share has been sold to Prince William County and the City of Manassas, leaving the County with an allocation of 22.1 MGD. The County's current share in the UOSA plant is sufficient for anticipated flows from its contributory sewersheds through 2040.

## Prince William County Service Authority - H.L. Mooney Advanced Water Reclamation Facility (AWRF)

The southernmost section of Fairfax County is served by the H.L. Mooney AWRF, which is owned and operated by the PWCSA. Fairfax County is presently allocated 0.1 MGD at the H.L. Mooney AWRF.

## Colchester Utility, Inc. - Harbor View Wastewater Treatment Plant

The Harbor View WTP, owned by Colchester Utility Inc., treats flows from Harbor View, a small community in the southeastern part of the County. Fairfax County is presently allocated 0.08 MGD at the plant.

## Loudoun Water - Broad Run Water Reclamation Facility

The northern portion of Fairfax County is currently served by the Blue Plains AWTP and the NCPCP. To provide additional capacity for the northern service area of Fairfax County, the County has purchased 1.0 MGD of capacity from Loudoun Water. As noted previously, flows to the Blue Plains AWTP are continually monitored to determine if additional capacity should be purchased from Loudoun Water. Currently the County is not using the Loudoun Water capacity, but the use of the capacity is anticipated in the future as the County's flows approach its allocation at Blue Plains AWTP.

### 2.10.2 Flow and Capacity Summary

Table 2-3summarizes the total wastewater treatment capacity available to Fairfax County, along with the historical and estimated future wastewater flow rates at the NCPCP and at each of the other facilities that treat wastewater from Fairfax County. The County provides service to several wholesale customers, referred to as "Sales of Service." The treatment capacity available to the County is sufficient to meet expected demands during the forecast period.

Table 2-3: Capacity and Flow Rates of the Wastewater Management Program, FY 2021 - FY 2025
County-Owned Treatment Plant Capacity

|  | FY 2021 <br> Actual <br> (MGD) | FY 2022 <br> Actual <br> (MGD) | FY 2023 <br> Projected <br> (MGD) | FY 2024 <br> Projected <br> (MGD) | FY 2025 <br> Projected <br> (MGD) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NCPCP | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 |


| Inter-Jurisdictional Treatment Plants Contractual Capacity |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FY 2021 <br> Actual <br> (MGD) | FY 2022 <br> Actual <br> (MGD) | FY 2023 <br> Projected <br> (MGD) | FY 2024 <br> Projected <br> (MGD) | FY 2025 <br> Projected <br> (MGD) |
| AlexRenew WRRF | 32.40 | 32.40 | 32.40 | 32.40 | 32.40 |
| DC Water Blue Plains AWTP | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 |
| Arlington WPCP | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| UOSA RWRP | 22.10 | 22.10 | 22.10 | 22.10 | 22.10 |
| Harbor View WTP | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| PWCSA AWRF | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Loudoun Water Broad Run WRF | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Total Inter-Jurisdictional Capacity | 89.68 | 89.68 | 89.68 | 91.68 | 91.68 |
| Total Capacity Available | $\mathbf{1 5 6 . 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 6 . 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 6 . 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 6 . 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 6 . 6 8}$ |

Actual and Projected Flow Rates of the Wastewater Management Program

|  | FY 2021 <br> Actual <br> (MGD) | FY 2022 <br> Actual <br> (MGD) | FY 2023 Projected (MGD) | FY 2024 Projected (MGD) | FY 2025 Projected (MGD) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NCPCP | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 |
| County | 31.77 | 34.17 | 34.37 | 34.58 | 34.79 |
| Sales of Service | 4.40 | 4.39 | 4.45 | 4.47 | 4.49 |
| Pump-over from Little Hunting Creek | 0.91 | 0.00 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.91 |
| Difficult Run Pumpdown | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Pump-over to AlexRenew WRRF | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Total to NCPCP | 37.08 | 38.55 | 39.71 | 39.94 | 40.17 |
| AlexRenew WRRF | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 |
| County | 15.13 | 16.34 | 16.46 | 16.57 | 16.69 |
| Sales of Service | 1.05 | 1.00 | 1.02 | 1.05 | 1.07 |
| Pump-over from Accotink | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Total to AlexRenew WRRF | 16.18 | 17.35 | 17.50 | 17.64 | 17.78 |
| DC Water Blue Plains AWTP | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 |
| County | 23.22 | 23.80 | 24.22 | 24.66 | 25.10 |
| Sales of Service | 4.31 | 3.90 | 3.96 | 4.03 | 4.09 |
| Difficult Run Pumpdown | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total to DC Water Blue Plains AWTP | 27.53 | 27.70 | 28.19 | 28.68 | 29.19 |
| UOSA RWRP | FY 2021 | FY 2022 | FY 2023 | FY 2024 | FY 2025 |
| County | 12.43 | 12.30 | 12.37 | 12.45 | 12.52 |
| Sales of Service | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.14 |
| Total to UOSA RWRP | 12.56 | 12.44 | 12.51 | 12.59 | 12.66 |
| Arlington WPCP | 2.18 | 2.17 | 2.18 | 2.19 | 2.20 |
| Loudoun Water Broad Run WRF | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other (PWCSA AWRF and Harbor View WTP) | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| Total System Flow | 95.57 | 98.26 | 100.13 | 101.08 | 102.04 |
| Available Capacity for Growth | 61.11 | 58.42 | 56.55 | 56.60 | 55.64 |

Collectively, each Division contributes to the overall success and operational excellence achieved by the Wastewater Management Program. The Wastewater Management Program's accomplishments are recognized at the national, regional, and agency-wide levels through awards, accreditations, and ratings.

## 3. Operational Excellence

Operational excellence is also demonstrated through measurable improvements in surface water quality and aquatic habitats in the County, and increased level of public awareness. WTD, WCD, and WPMD work together to maintain a safe and healthy environment for County residents and promote environmental stewardship within the County.

### 3.1 Recognitions

In FY 2022 the Wastewater Management Program maintained an excellent operating record. In 2016, the program was one of the inaugural utilities that received recognition as a Wastewater Utility of the Future by NACWA and WEF. This recognition is based on an organizational culture and achievements that support more efficient operations, enhanced productivity, and long-term sustainability. The NCPCP has consistently met all discharge compliance requirements mandated under the VPDES, and WTD received a NACWA Peak Performance Award for the $36^{\text {th }}$ consecutive year.

WCD's comprehensive maintenance and lining program continues to serve the rate payers, and the County outperforms the industry standard of 4.3 backups/overflows per 100 miles. In FY 2022, the County documented 1.32 sewer backups/overflows per 100 miles of pipe.

The Virginia Department of Environmental Quality also recognized the Wastewater Management Program's commitment to superior environmental performance and environmental leadership in FY 2022 by maintaining the Wastewater Management Program's E4 status.

The Environmental Monitoring Branch supports both WCD and WTD by maintaining certifications under the VELAP.

The Program continues its efforts in fiscal accountability as demonstrated by the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting awarded by the Government Finance Officers Association for the FY 2021 ACFR. FY 2022 ACFR is currently under review. The program has received this certificate for 17 consecutive years. Sewer System issued $\$ 192.0$ million of Sewer Revenue Bonds and refunded $\$ 24.2$ million of the outstanding Series 2012 Bonds in FY 2021, allowing the AAA Bond Ratings from Fitch, Standard \& Poor's (S\&P), and Moody's issued in FY 2021 to be maintained by the Wastewater Management Program. The Program's rigorous financial planning has resulted in average household sewer bills that are below the regional average and a debt coverage ratio well above the industry average.

In FY 2022, the Wastewater Management Program's WTD and WCD warehouses maintained a $100 \%$ accuracy rating for the Accountable Equipment Site Visit conducted between March and May 2023. Staff
have been trained to report any movement of accountable equipment (additions, disposals, transfers, etc.) using an Inventory Maintenance Report.

The Wastewater Management Program also supported the County's DPWES successful effort to achieve the APWA Accreditation. The accreditation process is a voluntary program that uses self-assessment as a means of formally verifying and recognizing public works agencies for compliance with the industrywide recommended practices. In FY 2021, Fairfax County's DPWES achieved reaccreditation. DPWES first achieved accreditation in August 2016. DPWES is one of only nine in Virginia and one of 163 public works departments in the United States and Canada that are accredited by the APWA. Reaccreditation is awarded for the ensuing four-year period.

### 3.2 Realizing Fishable and Swimmable Watersheds

Municipal wastewater management programs are constantly challenged in ensuring that the expenditure of funds to meet environmental stewardship responsibilities, and the corresponding actions supported by these resources, achieve their intended purpose. Meeting environmental regulatory requirements is a critical mission in this journey. However, answering the more vexing question of whether or not these resources, actions, and compliance protect and enhance (and if so to what extent) the ecological health of the municipality's watersheds that receive treated effluent, requires a more comprehensive commitment.

In FY 2022, the Wastewater Management Program continued to assist in fulfilling this obligation, in partnership with George Mason University, through a longitudinal (40-year) ecological study of Gunston Cove. The Cove is a freshwater embayment that receives the treated effluent (through Pohick Creek) from the NCPCP. Blue-green algal blooms in the Cove were prevalent in the early 1980's indicating an advanced stage of eutrophication with limited submerged aquatic vegetation; as well as reduced pH , dissolved oxygen, and water clarity; and periodic fish kills. The study has enabled the simultaneous tracking of major improvements in water quality, biological resources, and aquatic habitat of the Cove commensurate with a multitude of treatment, conveyance and wastewater management enhancements that substantiate the County's efforts to transform its publicly owned treatment works.

As a major treated wastewater discharger into the tidal Potomac River (through Gunston Cove), Fairfax County was recognized in "An Ecological Study of Gunston Cove 2018," as "proactive in decreasing nutrient loading since the late 1970's." As shown in Figure 3-1, the County's proactive and successful process improvements at the NCPCP have reduced nutrient loadings to Gunston Cove over decades, which has been attributed to positive ecological benefits exhibited at Gunston Cove.


Figure 3-1: Historical Effluent Nutrient Loads at the NCPCP

The report "An Ecological Study of Gunston Cove 2019" published in 2020 states "phosphorus loadings were dramatically reduced in the early 1980's. In the last several years, nitrogen, and solids loadings as well as effluent chlorine concentrations have also been reduced or eliminated. These improvements and trends show that the strong wastewater management efforts and investments of the County are successfully helping to restore the embayment's habitat. This ongoing study... provides documentation of major improvements in water quality and biological resources which can be attributed to these efforts in spite of the increasing population and volume of wastewater produced."

## 4. FY 2022 Budget

### 4.1 Wastewater Management Program Funds

Hazen examined the FY 2023 Adopted Budget for the Wastewater Management Program to assess the adequacy of funding to support its projected level of operation and maintenance costs. A general description of the system's outstanding debt service and funding structure is provided below, followed by a review of the FY 2023 Adopted Budget (by cost center) and a review of historical trends in Wastewater Management Program costs.

As of June 30, 2022, the system's outstanding debt was $\$ 1.1$ billion: $\$ 789.1$ million in Sewer Revenue Bonds, $\$ 30.7$ million in Subordinate Economic Development Authority (EDA) Fairfax County Revenue Bonds, and $\$ 273.6$ million in Subordinate Obligation UOSA outstanding debt.

The Wastewater Management Program is funded through seven separate sewer funds established by the County for financial and budgeting purposes. The sewer funds were reorganized with the adoption of the Sewer Bond Resolution in July 1985 and the defeasance of the 1954 Sewer Bond series in August 1986. Then, in FY 1998, the funds were restructured as part of an upgrade of the County's accounting computer system. Each of the funds is briefly described below.

### 4.1.1 Fund 69000 - Sewer Revenue

All operating revenues are credited to Fund 69000 Sewer Revenue. Except for interest earned from the balances of funds 69020, 69030, 69040 and 69310 (described in the following pages), interest on invested fund balances is credited to Fund 69000. Revenue receipts include lateral spur fees, sales of service fees, availability charges, connection charges, sewer service charges, miscellaneous revenue, sale of surplus property, and interest on investments. Receipts of Fund 69000 are then disbursed to Funds 69010, 69020, 69040, 69300, and 69310 to finance operations, debt service and construction. Any balance that remains after those transfers remains in Fund 69000 and is used for future year requirements and required reserves. From the FY 2023 Adopted Budget Plan, total revenues of $\$ 267,487,800$ are projected for FY 2023. An estimated total reserve balance of $\$ 134,044,656$ is projected for FY 2023.

### 4.1.2 Fund 69010 - Sewer Operation and Maintenance

Fund 69010 - Sewer Operation and Maintenance, provides funding for operational expenses of the Wastewater Management Program. This includes personnel services, operational expenses, and capital equipment for all divisions (WCD, WTD and WPMD) and Treatment by Contract expenditures. A total expenditure of $\$ 119,360,510$ was adopted for FY 2023 for Fund 69010.

### 4.1.3 Fund 69020- Sewer Bond Parity Debt Service

Fund 69020 - Sewer Bond Parity Debt Service, records debt service obligations incurred from bonds issued in accordance with the 1986 Sewer Bond Resolution. Bond proceeds are used to fund capital
improvement requirements of the Wastewater Management Program including upgrades to treatment facilities. At the quarterly review, necessary adjustments are made to this fund to support new initiatives of the Wastewater Management Program. In FY 2023, $\$ 33,503,257$ is required to fund $\$ 12,320,000$ in principal payments, $\$ 21,163,257$ in interest payments, and $\$ 20,000$ in Fiscal Agent Fees associated with outstanding 2014, 2016, 2017 and 2021A Sewer Revenue Bonds and 2021B Sewer Refunding Bonds.

### 4.1.4 Fund 69030 - Sewer Bond Debt Reserve

Fund 69030 - Sewer Bond Debt Reserve, fulfills the County's requirement to maintain a Reserve Fund for existing and planned sewer bonds. As outlined in the 1986 Sewer Bond Resolution, this reserve is required to be the lesser of the maximum principal and interest requirements for any bond year or $125 \%$ of the average annual principal and interest requirements for the bonds. No funding is required for Fund 69030 in FY 2023. The current balance of $\$ 33,658,425$ is at a sufficient level to satisfy the legal reserve requirements for the, the 2014 Sewer Refunding Bonds, the 2016 Sewer Refunding Bonds, the 2017 Sewer Revenue Bonds, the 2021A Sewer Revenue Bonds, and the 2021B Sewer Refunding Bonds.

### 4.1.5 Fund 69040 - Sewer Bond Subordinate Debt Service

Fund 69040 - Sewer Bond Subordinate Debt Service, was created in FY 1992 to keep separate all debtservice payments associated with the UOSA Revenue Bonds and the Stormwater/Wastewater Facility Economic Development Authority (EDA) revenue bonds. The UOSA Bond Series covers the County's portion of the cost of UOSA's plant expansion to 54 MGD . The EDA revenue bonds were issued to finance the construction of a consolidated Stormwater and Wastewater Facility.

Funding in the amount of $\$ 22,358,883$ will provide for the FY 2023 principal and interest requirements including an amount of $\$ 20,820,508$ for the UOSA plant requirements, and $\$ 1,538,575$ for the Stormwater/Wastewater Facility Economic Development Authority revenue bond. UOSA debt for bond series 2016B is structured such that no principal payments are made during the construction phase of the project, interest is capitalized, and principal payments begin once construction is substantially complete.

### 4.1.6 Fund 69300 - Sewer Construction Improvements

Fund 69300 - Sewer Construction Improvements, provides for sewer system construction, upgrades, and extension and improvement projects that are funded by system revenues (Fund 69000). This fund includes the costs associated with rehabilitation of pump stations and force mains, integrated sewer metering, collection system extension, improvement, replacement and rehabilitation, large diameter pipe replacement and rehabilitation, funding of the sewer sag program, and upgrade/rehabilitation at the NCPCP and the County's pro rata share of wastewater flow to Treatment by Contract. For FY 2023 $\$ 89,000,000$ was adopted to provide funding for the projects.

### 4.1.7 Fund 69310 - Sewer Bond Construction

Fund 69310 - Sewer Bond Construction, was established in FY 1987 to provide bond funding for major expansions and improvements to existing wastewater treatment facilities used by Fairfax County residents. In recent years, this fund has been used for nitrogen removal and plant upgrades for the County's share of wastewater flow to Treatment by Contract facilities. Funding is supported via revenue bonds from Fund 69310 Sewer Bond Construction or by cash from Fund 69300 Sewer Construction Improvements.

Based on the current schedule of identified and active projects, the bond proceeds remaining from the FY 2021 Sewer Revenue Bonds should support the capital projects through FY 2023.The funding supports reinvestment in the NCPCP and other treatment plants necessary to maintain regulatory compliance requirements as they pertain to the Clean Water Act, Chesapeake Bay Preservation Program, and Title V of the Clean Air Act. The renovation program follows the NCPCP's Master Plan to evaluate and prioritize projects.

### 4.2 Wastewater Management Program Budget

A total budget of $\$ 119,360,510$ was adopted in Fund 69010 for the FY 2023 operations and maintenance of the Wastewater Management Program. This budget is split between the three Divisions, with Treatment by Contract (TBC) included under WPMD, as shown in Figure 4-1.


Figure 4-1: FY 2023 Adopted Budget by Division
The County has continued to improve its budget process by providing clear goals, overviews, objectives, and performance indicators for each agency. The County tracks four types of performance indicators for
the Wastewater Management Program on an annual basis: output, efficiency, service quality, and effectiveness. This empowers the Wastewater Management Program to measure criteria related to the quality of service provided to its customers, as well as to develop a database upon which strategic analyses and intelligent decisions can be made.

Table 4-1 presents the Wastewater Management Programs operations budget from FY 2021 through FY 2023. The budgeted amounts by Division for FY 2022 are comparable to those in previous years, considering inflationary impacts to operational expenses and overall growth in the program.

Table 4-1: Wastewater Management Program FY 2021 - FY 2023 Budget

| Cost Center | FY 2021 Actual | FY 2022 Revised | FY 2023 Adopted |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wastewater Collection Division (WCD) | $\$ 18,783,141$ | $\$ 22,796,485$ | $\$ 22,533,579$ |
| Wastewater Treatment Division (WTD) | $\$ 23,974,446$ | $\$ 30,023,876$ | $\$ 31,719,938$ |
| Wastewater Planning and Monitoring <br> Division (WPMD; includes TBC) | $\$ 62,760,285$ | $\$ 67,343,907$ | $\$ 65,106,993$ |
| Total | $\$ 105,517,872$ | $\$ 120,164,268$ | $\$ 119,360,510$ |

Budgets for other cost centers have also risen modestly relative to previous fiscal years. Budgets for all cost centers appear to be reasonable and adequate for the Wastewater Management Program to perform its assigned functions. The expense history of the Wastewater Management Program reflects the stability and cost consciousness of the organization. Figure 4-2shows long-term trends in actual Operations and Maintenance expenditures of the Wastewater Management Program and its divisions (unadjusted for inflation). Despite recent inflationary pressures, costs continue to remain stable. Cost increases for WCD and WTD are driven by personnel costs, while WPMD costs are driven by TBC and billing agent fees (BAFs).


Figure 4-2: Wastewater Management Program O\&M Expenses
Note: WPMD expenses include TBC expenses

## 5. Capital Improvement Program FY 2023 - FY 2027

### 5.1 Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

The CIP is updated every year and is linked strategically to the Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan and the County's Budget. It is a five-year roadmap that addresses the Wastewater Management Program's needs relating to the acquisition, expansion and rehabilitation of facilities and systems. It serves as a planning instrument to identify needed capital projects and to coordinate the financing and timing of improvements to optimize its financial resources. The CIP is a "blueprint" for the future of the community and is used as a dynamic tool, rather than a static document.

The underlying strategy of the CIP is to plan for land acquisition, construction, and maintenance of public facilities necessary for the safe and efficient provision of public services in accordance with broad policies and objectives adopted in the County's Comprehensive Plan. The primary goals of the Wastewater Management Program's CIP are summarized as follows:

- Provide treatment facilities that meet applicable effluent discharge standards using state-of-the-art technology in the most cost-effective manner possible.
- Provide a system of conveyance and treatment facilities that is responsive to the development goals of the adopted Comprehensive Plan.
- Carry out the necessary renovation and improvements that will permit the entire system to function at a high level of efficiency.

While the CIP serves as a long-range plan, it is reviewed semi-annually and revised based on current circumstances and opportunities. Priorities may change due to funding opportunities or circumstances that cause a more rapid deterioration of a particular asset. Projects may be revised for significant costing variances as the needs of the community become more defined and projects move closer to final implementation. The COVID-19 pandemic is an example of an event triggering a reevaluation of CIP project priorities and scheduling, but these changes did not impact operational goals. The adoption of the CIP is a basic tool for scheduling anticipated capital projects and capital financing and is a key element in planning and controlling future debt service requirements.

### 5.2 CIP Funding

Funding for the CIP is derived from three sources: current system revenues, the sale of revenue bonds, and grant funding. The Wastewater Management Program uses current system revenues on a "pay as you go" basis to fund most capital improvements. This has particularly been true for recurring capital projects, such as capital replacement and rehabilitation projects, extension, and improvement (E\&I) projects and general system improvement projects. Major capital initiatives such as system expansion and regulatory compliance projects have been funded using sewer revenue bonds that are payable solely from the revenues of the Integrated Sewer System.

The Wastewater Management Program actively manages its outstanding debt by refinancing to take advantage of lower interest rates or retiring debt to manage its debt service coverage. While federal and state grants were extensively used to fund the construction programs of the 1970s and 1980s, the financial burden of future programs will fall heavily on the County due to scarcity of federal grant funds. While grant funding options are still being pursued, the Wastewater Management Program has conservatively assumed that no state or federal grant funding will be available to help offset the cost of compliance with the Chesapeake Bay Program.

As discussed in Section 4.1, based on the current schedule of identified and active projects, the bond proceeds from the FY 2021 bond sale should support the capital projects at NCPCP. Sewer revenue bonds will be used to provide funds for expanding treatment facility capacity at both County-owned and County-contracted facilities. To date, the County has issued revenue bond debt for the following treatment plant expansions:

- In June 2001 and June 2002, a total of $\$ 90$ million in State Revolving Fund/Virginia Resources Authority debt was issued to support the County's share of plant upgrades at the AlexRenew WRRF.
- In July 2009, $\$ 152.3$ million in revenue bond debt was issued to support the County's share of the plant upgrades at DC Water Blue Plains AWTP, Arlington WPCP, and AlexRenew WRRF, as well as the NCPCP to comply with the nitrogen discharge limits as defined in the Chesapeake Bay Program.
- In August 2012, $\$ 90.7$ million in revenue bond debt was issued to support the County's share of the plant upgrades at DC Water Blue Plains AWTP, AlexRenew WRRF, as well as the NCPCP to comply with the enhanced nutrient discharge limits as defined in the Chesapeake Bay Program.
- In April 2014, the County took advantage of lower market interest rates and issued $\$ 61.8$ million of Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds to retire the remaining $\$ 69.8$ million of the outstanding Series 2004 Bonds.
- In May 2016 the County refinanced approximately $\$ 123.1$ million of the outstanding Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 and $\$ 46.7$ million of the outstanding Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A. The refinancing resulted in an average reduction to the annual debt service (interest expense savings) of approximately $\$ 1.4$ million annually through FY 2040.
- In June 2017, $\$ 85.8$ million in revenue bond debt was issued to provide funds for additions, extensions and improvements to the Fairfax County's sewage collection, and treatment systems including the NCPCP, paying capital improvements costs allocable to the County at other regional treatment facilities that provide service to the County, and purchasing additional capacity if deemed necessary.
- In June 2021, the System issued $\$ 192.0$ million of Series 2021A Sewer Revenue Bonds to provide funds for certain additions, extensions and improvements to the County's sewage collection, treatment and disposal systems, and capital improvement costs allocable to the County at certain wastewater treatment facilities that provide service to the County.
- In June 2021, the System took advantage of lower market interest rates and issued $\$ 24.2$ million of Series 2021B Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds to advance refund $\$ 28.6$ million of the outstanding Series 2012 Sewer Revenue Bonds.


### 5.3 Historical CIP Trends

An overview of historical trends in the Wastewater Management Program's CIP spending can be used to understand the changing priorities and relative costs of multiple categories of capital improvements over time. Figure 5-1shows historical CIP construction activity for the last 10 years and FY 2023 projections categorized by the type of project:

- NCPCP Rehabilitation, Replacement, and Upgrades.
- Treatment by Contract.
- Sewer Line Extensions.
- Pump Stations and Force Mains.
- Sewer Repair and Rehabilitation.

Until FY 2019, costs associated with purchased capacity (Treatment by Contract) were the primary component of CIP spending.

- Total spending in FY 2013 was similar to total spending in FY 2011 and FY 2012, but with slight increases in projects associated with the purchased capacity facilities and decreases in spending on the NCPCP improvements.
- In FY 2014, there was a large increase in total spending, with the largest increases in projects associated with Treatment by Contract and the NCPCP improvements.
- Spending decreased in FY 2015 as many capital projects in the design phase did not progress to the construction phase as anticipated during budget preparation.
- In FY 2016, spending on the NCPCP capital projects remained constant, and expenditures on collections systems capital projects was less than projected. There was a $17 \%$ increase in Treatment by Contract costs. This is attributable to $\$ 14.6$ million associated with UOSA upgrades at the Robbins RWRP.
- In FY 2017, spending on NCPCP capital projects remained constant (\$16M), and expenditures on collections systems capital projects were less than projected. Capital costs associated with Treatment by Contract projects decreased due to AlexRenew WRRF and DC Water Blue Plains AWTP.
- In FY 2018, overall spending decreased even with an increase in spending for NCPCP renovations and upgrades, which increased from $\$ 33.8$ million in FY 2017 to $\$ 67.3$ million in FY 2018.
- In FY 2019, overall spending decreased due to NCPCP spending, which decreased from $\$ 67.3$ to $\$ 61.7$ million in FY 2019.
- In FY 2020, overall spending increased due to Treatment by Contract and Sewer Repair and Rehabilitation spending.
- In FY 2021, overall spending increased slightly, even with a reduction in spending associated with NCPCP renovations and upgrades and sewer line extensions:
- In FY 2022, overall spending increased slightly, even with a reduction in spending associated with NCPCP renovations and upgrades and sewer line extensions:


Figure 5-1: Sewer Fund Historical Construction Activity

### 5.4 CIP Development Process

The County's CIP development process for current and future projects involves:

- Compiling requested 5 -year and 10 -year CIP projects from WCD and WTD.
- Obtaining Treatment by Contract capital budgets from other jurisdictions.
- Determining initial program affordability and impact on system rates.
- Identifying projects that can be deferred to lessen financial impacts.
- Developing revised general 5 -year and 10-year CIP and next fiscal year's capital budget.

The County continues to use a dynamic CIP development process, whereby County staff continually reassess capital program needs, prioritization, and affordability.

### 5.5 Overview of Five-Year CIP Projects

The five-year CIP for FY 2023-2027 for the Wastewater Management Program was reviewed for this report. The five-year CIP includes treatment, collection, and pumping projects totaling approximately $\$ 1$ billion. Figure 5-2 below summarizes the requested five-year CIP for FY 2023 - FY 2027 on a cash flow basis. The requested CIP projects and budgets are described in this section, categorized by major project type.


Figure 5-2: Proposed Five-Year CIP on a Cash Flow Basis

### 5.5.1 Wastewater Treatment Division Projects

## NCPCP Construction Rehabilitation and Replacement

These projects include the continued rehabilitation of the NCPCP's assets through FY 2031. Proposed projects include replacement of and improvements to the existing biosolids facilities; replacement and upgrades to the motor control centers and electrical distribution centers; rehabilitation and replacement of the miscellaneous pumps, gates, and valves; rehabilitation of the multiple facilities; facility storm water improvements stormwater runoff improvements on plant site; HVAC upgrades to the Laboratory and Administrative Buildings; and other rehabilitation and replacement projects related to the maintenance of
the wastewater treatment facility assets. The estimated cost for the rehabilitation and replacement construction in FY 2023 - FY 2032 is $\$ 778,600,000$.

### 5.5.2 Treatment by Contract Projects

## AlexRenew WRRF Improvements

This project provides for Fairfax County's $60 \%$ share of construction costs associated with improvements at the AlexRenew WRRF. This project includes the replacement and rehabilitation of existing treatment process facilities and facilities to handle wet weather flows to avoid sanitary sewer overflows. The estimated project cost share for the AlexRenew WRRF improvements through 2032 is $\$ 138,939,000$.

## DC Water Blue Plains AWTP Upgrades

This project funds Fairfax County's $8.4 \%$ share of the costs of upgrading the DC Water Blue Plains AWTP. The upgrades include major plant renovations, including the chemical addition, flow control tunnels, and sludge disposal system to meet the enhanced total nitrogen standards. Estimated project cost share through 2032 for the Blue Plains AWTP improvements is $\$ 233,961,000$.

## Arlington WPCP Upgrades

This projects funds Fairfax County's $7.5 \%$ share of the costs of upgrades at the Arlington WPCP.
The upgrades include non-expansion capital improvements, technology enhancements, clarifier upgrades, a biosolids master plan, and the relining of a large diameter sewer line for the Four Mile Run interceptor which runs from Fairfax County to the Arlington WPCP Estimated project cost share through 2032 for the Arlington WPCP improvements is $\$ 15,132,000$.

## UOSA RWRP Upgrades

This project provides for Fairfax County's $41 \%$ share of costs associated with improvements at the UOSA RWRP. Specific projects include renovations related to nutrient discharge limitations, filter press replacement, and re-carbonation clarifier improvements. FY 2022 - FY 2032 estimated project cost share for the UOSA RWRP is $\$ 175,246,000$.

## $\underline{\text { Wastewater Colchester Contributions (Mount Vernon District) }}$

This project supports an annual contribution to the Colchester Wastewater Treatment Facility for wastewater treatment services in the Harborview community. The sewer treatment plant serving the Harborview residents is a private operator. The plant bills Fairfax County and in turn, the County bills each resident using County sewer rates. Funding was previously budgeted in Agency 87, Unclassified Administrative Expenses - Public Works Programs; however, in order to provide more transparency and the carryforward of balances at year-end, funding has been budgeted in a capital project within Fund 30010, County Construction and Contributions. This change results in no net impact to the General Fund. FY 2022 - FY 2032 estimated project cost is $\$ 4,170,000$ for this treatment.

### 5.5.3 Wastewater Collection Division Projects

## Sanitary Sewer Replacement, Rehabilitation and Upgrade Program

This is a continuing project for replacement, repair, and rehabilitation of sewer lines. FY 2015 marked the initiation of efforts to address repair of large diameter sewer lines to prevent future pipe failures. FY 2023 - FY 2032 project costs for sanitary sewer projects are projected to be $\$ 172,600,000$.

## Pump Station Improvements

This continuing project was established to fund replacement and necessary improvements to address items such as normal wear and tear, and odor control at sewage pump stations County-wide. The goal of these improvements is not to increase capacity at the pump stations but to address continual rehabilitation and equipment upgrade needs or improve the stations to address service issues such as odor control. A total of $\$ 225,800,000$ has been budgeted for pump station improvements in FY 2023 - FY 2032.

## Sewer Metering Projects

Installation and rehabilitation of sewer meters is necessary to obtain billing data and identify excessive inflow and infiltration. The State Water Control Board and the Environmental Protection Agency require sewer flow data. A total of $\$ 1,000,000$ is allocated to install and rehabilitate sewer meters in FY 2023 FY 2032.

## Sewer Extension and Improvement Projects

This is a continuing project to complete sewer extension and improvement projects in sewer service areas of the County that are experiencing chronic septic system failures. $\$ 1,000,000$ is estimated to be required annually through FY 2032.

## Gravity Sewer Capacity Improvements

This funding will be used to replace existing sewer lines with larger diameter sewer lines and to install new sewer lines to serve development within the County. This is a proactive program to manage the strain placed on the current sewer system due to additional load as areas develop. A total of $\$ 306,300,000$ is allocated for upsizing existing sewer lines and installing new sewer lines through FY 2032.

### 5.6 CIP Conclusions

The adopted CIP addresses the anticipated capital needs of the Wastewater Management Program for FY 2023 - FY 2027. Upgrades and improvements to the NCPCP, as well as inter-jurisdictional wastewater treatment facilities, required to meet growth and new regulatory requirements, have been included in the five-year CIP budget.

The annual CIP projects necessary to upgrade/rehabilitate the collection system pump stations, buildings and sewer lines are critical to maintaining system integrity and increasing reliability. Proactive, rather than reactive, rehabilitation and maintenance projects are instrumental in avoiding costly emergency
response projects resulting from system failures. These initiatives allow the County to continue to meet its goals of having an efficiently operated and effectively maintained wastewater system.

## 6. Current and Future Rates and Revenues

### 6.1 Rates and Revenues

Rates and revenues are reviewed during the County's annual budget cycle to ensure compliance with the Board of Supervisors' adopted policy that "growth pays for growth." The County uses an engineer to evaluate the adequacy of sewer service charges and availability fees to recover the costs associated with the Wastewater Management Program. In general, these include capital, operation and maintenance costs, and debt service costs.

To examine the rates and revenues in place to fund the Wastewater Management Program, Hazen reviewed the Wastewater Management Program's FY 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), the FY 2022 Annual Disclosure Report, and the Wastewater Rate Study for Fiscal Year 2022 Through Fiscal Year 2028.

The financial statements of the County of Fairfax presented in the FY 2022 ACFR were audited by an independent auditor, Cherry Bekaert LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants and advisors. Cherry Bekaert concluded the following:
"In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the System as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America."

The Wastewater Management Program operation and maintenance, debt service and capital projects (other than those funded by revenue bonds) are funded through availability fees and sewer service charges adopted by the County's Board of Supervisors. For the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2022, approximately $95 \%$ of the Wastewater Management Program's operating revenues are derived from charges to new and existing customers through sewer service charges, wholesale charges, and availability fees. Wholesale users include Covanta, Loudon Water, Arlington County, Fort Belvoir, the Cities of Fairfax and Falls Church and the Towns of Herndon and Vienna. The remaining $5 \%$ of system operating revenues are derived from investment earnings and other operating revenues. Figure 6-1shows the breakdown of system revenues, excluding investment earnings and other revenues, for the previous 10 fiscal years.


Figure 6-1: Historical Annual Wastewater Management Program Revenues by Source

The Fairfax County Board of Supervisors establish sewer service rates and availability fees. Sewer rates are reviewed and revised annually as part of the County's annual strategic planning and budgeting process to minimize the annual cost impact on customers due to increases in funding needs for the Wastewater Management Program. Sewer service charges are assessed to existing customers to recover operation and maintenance costs and debt service payments. These charges also provide capital project funding attributable to supporting or improving wastewater treatment services to existing customers.

Since 2010, the Board has used the five-year projections of financial performance measures to determine the appropriate wastewater service rates. The most significant sources of revenue are operating revenues in the form of base and volumetric sewer service charges and non-operating revenues in the form of availability fees. The Wastewater Management Program allocates revenues to cover operating expenses, capital funding allowances and debt service payments.

System operations and financial capability are impacted by several factors, including increased capital expenditures based on regulatory requirements associated with the Chesapeake Bay Program, inflationary effects on the cost of operations and construction, the need to maintain a strong financial position in the market, and the need to maintain compliance with rate covenant requirements. Maintaining financial strength is necessary to attract future capital, maintain competitive rates over the long-term, and meet the rate covenants as delineated in the General Bond Resolution, the VRA financing agreements, and other loan agreements that authorize the issuance of the Outstanding Bonds and other loans for the system.

In addition to the expenditure cost on its own system, the County (as prescribed by each agreement with the four purchased capacity entitlements of non-County facilities) is required to pay for its share of the
operating, capital and/or debt costs of each entity's system based on actual wastewater flows and allocated capacity. Capital expenditures to meet the Chesapeake Bay Program effluent discharge standards have increased significantly for all facilities. Along with these expenditures, the need to continually perform necessary renewals, replacements, and betterments because of facilities reaching the end of their useful service lives will continue to add to these expenses.

Since FY 2016, the annual average growth in the County's wastewater customer base has averaged approximately $-0.45 \%$. Due to water conservation efforts, per capita water consumption has decreased and total billed wastewater volumes in the County service area have declined. This is evidenced by an average annual decrease in billed wastewater volumes from FY 2015 to FY 2022 of $-0.49 \%$. Billed wastewater volumes are variable year to year and annual changes range from $-3.41 \%$ to $+1.78 \%$ in the years from FY 2015 to FY 2022. Billed wastewater volume is based on metered water sales at the customer premises. Many factors can affect billed wastewater flow, including water conservation measures, installation of low flow fixtures in new development, and climate conditions such as annual variations in temperature and precipitation. It should be noted that a reduction in billed wastewater volumes is consistent with trends experienced by other Northern Virginia utilities.

The Wastewater Management Program continuously tracks and compares prior financial forecasts to actual results as part of the rate and financial planning process. For FY 2022, actual revenues and investment income exceeded initial projections. Operating revenues exceeded forecasted estimates by approximately $\$ 13.2$ million, or $5.7 \%$ of gross revenues (excluding availability fees). The differences were primarily due to better than forecasted billed sewer flows and lower operating expenses than previously forecasted. The variance is considered reasonable and for this year's projections a more normalized usage level (expressed on an "per account" basis) is assumed as customer COVID-19 impacts minimize.

### 6.2 Rates

Fairfax County bills residential customers for use of the sanitary sewer system based on water consumption during the current billing period or the preceding winter quarter billing period, whichever is lower. Residential customers who use the County's sanitary sewer system but obtain drinking water from a well are charged based on the number of persons residing in the home. Commercial customers are billed for sewer use based on actual water consumption; however, some commercial customers use meters to separately measure water that does not drain to the sanitary sewer system. Over the past decade the Wastewater Management Program has implemented rate increases necessary to:

- meet the Wastewater Management Program's projected funding requirements for operating and capital investment,
- maintain compliance with financial policies and required rate covenants as delineated in the General Bond Resolutions, and
- meet financial targets designed to maintain the overall long-term creditworthiness of the Wastewater Management Program. Appendix B provides a detailed summary of historical sewer service volumetric charges.

A Sewer Base Charge for all customers became effective in FY 2010 and is used to partially recover fixed expenses for billing, wastewater collection, engineering, and administrative costs. The base charge was substantially increased in FY 2014 to promote revenue stability and achieve greater equitability in obtaining cost recovery among wastewater users. The increase reflected industry-wide trends in imposing rate adjustments. Appendix B details historical Sewer Base Charges.

The Wastewater Rate Study for FY 2023 through FY 2028 includes a multi-year rate phasing program which was prepared to identify recommended FY 2024 through 2028 rates, which are considered necessary to fund the identified revenue requirements for the system and continue to meet the financial planning benchmarks (i.e., financial position and targets) identified with Wastewater Management Program staff to promote the long-term creditworthiness of the system.

The creditworthiness objective focuses on maintaining a "AAA" credit rating with the bond rating agencies, limiting long-term financial risks to the system through prudent liquidity and financial operating strategies, and promoting the long-term sustainability of rates while limiting future increases to wastewater customers. Based on the assumptions recognized in the development of the financial forecast and the actual Fiscal Year 2023 results, Table 6-1 and Table 6-2summarize the rate adjustment recommendations:

Table 6-1: Current Quarterly Rates by Fiscal Year - Existing Board Adopted

| Description | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarterly Base <br> Charge <br> (per ERC) | $\$ 40.14$ | $\$ 44.43$ | $\$ 49.09$ | $\$ 51.79$ | $\$ 54.38$ | N/A |
| Flow Charge <br> (per 1,000 gallons) | $\$ 8.09$ | $\$ 8.41$ | $\$ 8.73$ | $\$ 9.21$ | $\$ 9.67$ | N/A |
| Rate Revenue <br> Adjustment ${ }^{(1)}$ | $6.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |

Table 6-2: Recommended Future Quarterly Rates by Fiscal Year

| Description | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarterly Base <br> Charge (per ERC) | $\$ 40.14$ | $\$ 44.81$ | $\$ 49.51$ | $\$ 52.31$ | $\$ 55.00$ | 57.83 |


| Flow Charge <br> (per 1,000 gallons) | $\$ 8.09$ | $\$ 8.43$ | $\$ 8.77$ | $\$ 9.27$ | $\$ 9.76$ | $\$ 10.26$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rate Revenue <br> Adjustment ${ }^{(1)}$ | $6.2 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Amounts show reflect projected increases to revenues from recommended rates, rates recommended to become effective July $1^{\text {st }}$ of each fiscal year.

Adopted rates for FY 2023 and FY 2024 are competitive with rates charged by neighboring public utility systems. In FY 2023 and FY 2024 the monthly bill for a single-family residential wastewater customer is projected to be $\$ 56.53$ and $\$ 60.06$, respectively. By comparison monthly bills from neighboring utilities range from $\$ 41.56$ to $\$ 102.28$. The Program also tracks rate affordability relative to the annual median household income (MHI) within the service area. Industry standards suggest that wastewater bills of 2\% or greater of the MHI is likely to trigger a "large economic impact" on ratepayer households. As noted in the Wastewater Rate Study for FY 2023 through FY 2028 residential wastewater charges for the County are expected to remain well below $2 \%$ of the MHI through the forecast period.

### 6.3 Availability Fees

The availability fee is a one-time charge assessed to new customers to recover the proportionate share of system costs and capital project funding attributable to expansion of the system required to support new customers. Existing customers are defined as those who have paid an availability fee for access to the Integrated Sewer System. Existing customers include those who are connected to the Integrated Sewer System and are receiving wastewater conveyance and treatment services as well as those who have paid an availability fee but are not yet receiving services. New customers are those who have yet to pay the availability fee. Upon payment of the availability fee a new customer becomes an existing customer.

The County's availability fee methodology is generally based on the "system buy-in" cost method. Under this method, the availability fee is designed to recover the incremental costs of infrastructure required for new customers to connect to the system. An exception to this method is used for the valuation of UOSA capacity reservations, which are based on an "incremental approach" in which the capacity valuation is based on the cost of the last facility expansion as determined by UOSA. In FY 2024, the Availability Charge will increase from $\$ 8,592$ to $\$ 8,860$ for single-family homes based on current projections of capital requirements. Table $6-3$ provides a comparison of the existing availability fees and fees charged in neighboring communities. Both the existing and recommended charges are competitive with other surveyed Virginia wastewater utilities.

Table 6-3: Wastewater Availability Charge - Rate per ERU (Equivalent Residential Units)

| Fairfax County - Existing Availability Charge (FY 2023) | $\$ 8,592$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Fairfax County - Recommended Availability Charge (FY 2024) | $\$ 8,860$ |
| Average of Other Surveyed Utilities ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\$ 7,526$ |

### 6.4 Bond Issues

The County is anticipating approximately $\$ 1.80$ billion in capital projects for FY 2023 to FY 2028. Projects will include additions, extensions and improvements to the Fairfax County's sewage collection, and treatment systems including the NCPCP, capital improvement costs allocable to the County at other regional treatment facilities that provide service to the County, and purchase of additional capacity if deemed necessary with future bond proceeds. It is assumed that $\$ 566.2$ million will be deferred beyond FY 2028, resulting in a total forecast of $\$ 1.35$ billion. $\$ 652.2$ million in parity debt is anticipated during the next five-year forecast period. These issuances along with outstanding bond proceeds described in Section 4.1 are anticipated to meet the system's capital funds requirements through 2028.

### 6.5 Financial Position

In evaluating the financial position of the Wastewater Management Program, two criteria are used to assess the financial stability of the system: (1) the ability to meet the debt service coverage requirements in the General Bond Resolution for Sewer Revenue Bonds, and (2) the ability to provide adequate cash flow for operation and maintenance expenses as well as capital requirements.

The County's General Bond Resolution requires that rates be set such that new revenues, excluding availability fees and other one-time sources, provide debt service coverage of at least 1.25 times debt service on senior obligations. This was implemented to reduce the Wastewater Management Program's dependence on availability fees, a non-recurring revenue source that creates vulnerability for the system and increases reliance on service charges and new billing fees. This bond resolution governs the system's debt, including previously issued obligations. Table 7 in Appendix C indicates that revenues will be sufficient to ensure that this requirement will be met for the forecasted period of FY 2023 - FY 2032. Based on the service charge and availability fee schedule and associated financial statements, total revenue bond and senior (parity) debt coverage ratios will remain above 2.0 with values ranging from 2.37 to 3.54 during the forecast period. Overall debt service coverage ratios, which include subordinate obligations, are forecasted to remain above 1.5 throughout the forecast period, with values ranging from 2.00 to 2.56. Table 12 in Appendix C indicates that there will be sufficient cash flow to fund operation and maintenance as well as capital projects, with sufficient fund balances within the multiple funds to cover projected expenditures and maintain adequate reserves.

## Appendix A - NCPCP Site Plan



## Appendix B - Fees and Charges

## Appendix B - Fees and Charges

### 1.1 Sewer Service Charges

### 1.1.1 Sewer Service Charge Purpose

To charge existing customers of the Wastewater Management Program for system operation and maintenance costs in proportion to services provided. Sewer service charges include a Base Charge and a Service Charge. The Base Charge is a flat fee whereas the Service Charge is determined by consumption. In FY 2022, the Service Charge was $\$ 7.72$ per 1,000 gallons, and the Base Charge was $\$ 36.54$ per Billing period.

### 1.1.2 Sewer Service Charge Rate History

Since 2007, the Wastewater Management Program has increased the Sewer Service Charge rates as follows:

Table B - 1: Sewer Service Charge Rates FY 2008 - FY 2022

| Sewer Service Charge Rates |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Year | Service Charge (\$/1000 gal) | Percent Increase | Base Charge (\$/Bill) | Percent Increase |
| 2008 | $\$ 3.74$ | $6.9 \%$ | - | - |
| 2009 | $\$ 4.10$ | $9.6 \%$ | - | - |
| 2010 | $\$ 4.50$ | $9.8 \%$ | $\$ 5.00$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| 2011 | $\$ 5.27$ | $17.1 \%$ | $\$ 5.00$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| 2012 | $\$ 6.01$ | $14.0 \%$ | $\$ 5.00$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| 2013 | $\$ 6.55$ | $8.9 \%$ | $\$ 5.50$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| 2014 | $\$ 6.55$ | $0.0 \%$ | $\$ 12.79$ | $132.5 \%$ |
| 2015 | $\$ 6.62$ | $1.1 \%$ | $\$ 15.86$ | $24.0 \%$ |
| 2016 | $\$ 6.65$ | $0.5 \%$ | $\$ 20.15$ | $27.05 \%$ |
| 2017 | $\$ 6.68$ | $0.5 \%$ | $\$ 24.68$ | $22.5 \%$ |
| 2018 | $\$ 6.75$ | $1.0 \%$ | $\$ 27.62$ | $11.9 \%$ |
| 2019 | $\$ 7.00$ | $3.8 \%$ | $\$ 30.38$ | $10.0 \%$ |
| 2020 | $\$ 7.28$ | $4.0 \%$ | $\$ 32.91$ | $8.3 \%$ |
| 2021 | $\$ 7.28$ | $0.0 \%$ | $\$ 32.91$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| 2022 | $\$ 7.72$ | $6.0 \%$ | $\$ 36.54$ | $11.0 \%$ |

Source: Annual Disclosure Report Fiscal Year 2022

### 1.1.3 Sewer Service Charge Rate Increase

The Wastewater Management Program Wastewater Rate Study for FY 2023 through FY 2028 includes a multi-year rate phasing program which was prepared to identify the FY 2023 through 2028 rates. The rates are established to fund the identified revenue requirements for the Integrated Sewer System and to continue to meet the financial planning benchmarks (i.e., financial position and targets) identified with WMP staff to promote the long-term creditworthiness of the Integrated Sewer System. The creditworthiness objective focuses on maintaining an "AAA" credit rating with the bond rating agencies, limiting long-term financial risks to the Integrated Sewer System through prudent liquidity and financial operating strategies, and promoting the long-term sustainability of rates while limiting future increases to wastewater customers. The table below summarizes the rate adjustment recommendations that were developed based on the assumptions recognized in the development of the financial forecast, and actual Fiscal Year 2021 results.

Table B - 2: Rate Adjustment Recommendations

| Description | Existing Board Adopted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 |
| Quarterly Base Charge (per ERC) | \$40.14 | \$44.43 | \$49.09 | \$51.79 | \$54.38 | N/A |
| Flow Charge (per 1,000 gallons) | \$8.09 | \$8.41 | \$8.73 | \$9.21 | \$9.67 | N/A |
| Rate Revenue Adjustment ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6.2\% | 5.6\% | 5.5\% | 5.5\% | 5.1\% | 1.2\% |
| Recommended Adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quarterly Base Charge (per ERC) | \$40.14 | \$44.68 | \$49.51 | \$52.31 | \$55.00 | \$57.83 |
| Flow Charge (per 1,000 gallons) | \$8.09 | \$8.43 | \$8.77 | \$9.27 | \$9.76 | \$10.26 |
| Rate Revenue Adjustment ${ }^{(1)}$ | 6.2\% | 6.2\% | 5.9\% | 5.9\% | 5.5\% | 5.3\% |

(1) Amounts show reflect projected increases to revenues from recommended rates, rates recommended to become effective July $1^{\text {st }}$ of each fiscal year.

Source: Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis Report FY 2023 through FY 2028.

### 1.2 Availability Fees

### 1.2.1 Availability Fee Purpose

The availability fee is a one-time charge assessed to new customers to recover the proportionate share of system costs and capital project funding attributable to expansion of the system required to support new customers. Existing customers are defined as those who have paid an availability fee for access to the system. Existing customers include those who are connected to the system and are receiving wastewater conveyance and treatment services as well as those who have paid an availability fee but are not yet receiving services. New customers are those who have yet to pay the availability fee. Upon payment of the availability fee a new customer becomes an existing customer.

The County's availability fee methodology is generally based on the "system buy-in" cost method. Under this method, the availability fee is designed to recover the incremental costs of infrastructure required for new customers to connect to the system. An exception to this method is used for the valuation of Upper Occoquan Service Authority (UOSA) capacity reservations, which are based on an "incremental approach," in which the capacity valuation is based on the cost of the last facility expansion as determined by UOSA.

### 1.2.2 Availability Fee Rate History

The following table shows the historical availability fees by customer class for the period from FY 2013 through FY 2022:

Table B - 3: Availability Fee by Customer Class FY 2013 - FY 2022

| Historical Availability Fees by Customer Class |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Year | Single <br> Family <br> Residence | Townhouse <br> or <br> Apartment | Hotel/Motel <br> (per unit <br> charge) | Mobile <br> Home | Non- <br> residential <br> (per fixture <br> unit) |
| 2013 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 1,938$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ |
| 2014 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 1,938$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ |
| 2015 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 1,938$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ |
| 2016 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 1,938$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ |
| 2017 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 1,938$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ |
| 2018 | $\$ 8,100$ | $\$ 6,480$ | $\$ 2,025$ | $\$ 6,480$ | $\$ 405$ |
| 2019 | $\$ 8,100$ | $\$ 6,480$ | $\$ 2,025$ | $\$ 6,480$ | $\$ 405$ |


| Historical Availability Fees by Customer Class |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Year | Single <br> Family <br> Residence | Townhouse <br> or <br> Apartment | Hotel/Motel <br> (per unit <br> charge) | Mobile <br> Home | Non- <br> residential <br> (per fixture <br> unit) |  |
| 2020 | $\$ 8,340$ | $\$ 6,672$ | $\$ 2,085$ | $\$ 6,672$ | $\$ 417$ |  |
| 2021 | $\$ 8,340$ | $\$ 6,672$ | $\$ 2,085$ | $\$ 6,672$ | $\$ 417$ |  |
| 2022 | $\$ 8,507$ | $\$ 6,806$ | $\$ 2,127$ | $\$ 6,806$ | $\$ 425$ |  |

Source: FY 2023 Fairfax County Adopted Budget Plan (Vol. 2)

### 1.2.3 Availability Fee Rate Increase

In FY 2023, the Availability Charge will increase from $\$ 8,507$ to $\$ 8,592$ for single family homes based on current projections of capital requirements. A summary of the recommended availability charges for FY 2023 is shown in the table below.

Table B - 4: Availability Fee by Customer Class

| Current and Forecasted Availability Fees by Customer Class |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiscal Year | Single Family <br> Residence | Townhouses <br> and <br> Apartments | Hotels and <br> Motels | Non- residential <br> (per fixture unit) |
| 2023 | $\$ 8,592$ | $\$ 6,874$ | $\$ 2,148$ | $\$ 430$ |

Source: Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis Report FY 2023 through FY 202/.

### 1.3 Summary of FY 2022 Sewer Service Charge and Availability Changes

A detailed list of availability fees, connection fees and sewer service charges is shown in the following table.

Table B - 5: Sewer Service Charges FY 2013 - FY 2022

| Fiscal <br> Year |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single <br> Family <br> Residence | Townhouse <br> and <br> Apartment | Commercial | Base Charge <br> \$/Qtr/ERC | Sewer <br> Service <br> Charge <br> $(\$ / 1000$ gal) |
| 2013 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ | $\$ 5.50$ | $\$ 6.55$ |
| 2014 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ | $\$ 12.79$ | $\$ 6.55$ |
| 2015 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ | $\$ 15.86$ | $\$ 6.62$ |
| 2016 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ | $\$ 20.15$ | $\$ 6.62$ |
| 2017 | $\$ 7,750$ | $\$ 6,200$ | $\$ 401$ | $\$ 24.68$ | $\$ 6.62$ |
| 2018 | $\$ 8,100$ | $\$ 6,480$ | $\$ 405$ | $\$ 27.62$ | $\$ 6.75$ |
| 2019 | $\$ 8,100$ | $\$ 6,480$ | $\$ 405$ | $\$ 30.38$ | $\$ 7.00$ |
| 2020 | $\$ 8,340$ | $\$ 6,672$ | $\$ 417$ | $\$ 32.91$ | $\$ 7.28$ |
| 2021 | $\$ 8,340$ | $\$ 6,672$ | $\$ 417$ | $\$ 32.91$ | $\$ 7.28$ |
| 2022 | $\$ 8,507$ | $\$ 6,806$ | $\$ 2,127$ | $\$ 36.54$ | $\$ 7.72$ |

${ }^{1}$. Connection Charge rate was increased to $\$ 152.50$ per foot in 2011. Prior to 2011, the rate was $\$ 6.00 / \mathrm{ft}$.
2.Lateral Spur Charge has been $\$ 600$ per spur connection since March 1981.

Source: FY 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

### 1.4 Sewer Service Charge and Availability Rate Comparison

The table below compares average annual water and sewer service billings and Availability Fees per Single Family Residential Equivalent (SFRE) for Fairfax County with selected other regional jurisdictions. Representative average sewer service billings for the other regional jurisdictions have been developed by applying each jurisdiction's sewer service rate to appropriate SFRE water usage based on an analysis of Fairfax Water's historical average water usage records for SFREs. Both the existing and recommended charges are competitive with other surveyed Virginia wastewater utilities.

Table B - 6: Comparison of Average Sewer Service Charges and Availability Fees

## Comparison of Average Sewer Service Charges and Availability Fees for SFREs

| Jurisdiction | Average Monthly Sewer <br> Service Billing <br> a,b | Sewer Availability Fees $^{\text {b,c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fairfax County - FY 2022 | $\$ 58.50$ | $\$ 8,507$ |
| Fairfax County - FY 2023 | $\$ 61.92$ | $\$ 8,592$ |
| Fairfax County - FY 2024 | $\$ 65.70$ | $\$ 8,860$ |
| City of Alexandria <br> (served by AlexRenew) | $\$ 96.06$ | $\$ 8,859$ |
| Arlington County | $\$ 61.36$ | $\$ 3,240$ |
| DC Water | $\$ 112.32$ | $\$ 2,809$ |
| Loudoun Water | $\$ 45.18$ | $\$ 8,972$ |
| Prince William County | $\$ 52.00$ | $\$ 10,800$ |
| Washington Suburban Sanitary <br> Commission | $\$ 77.59$ | $\$ 74.08$ |
| Average of Other Jurisdictions | Improved $-\$ 3,500$ <br> Unimproved $-\$ 14,500$ |  |

Source: Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis Report FY 2023 Through FY 2028 Notes:
a) Based on a quarterly use of 18,000 gallons which is the Fairfax County average winter quarter use.
b) Reflects rates in effect October 2022.
c) Availability fees reflect differences in the methodology utilized in their development as well as differences in such factors as level of service, regulatory requirements, and receipt of grants.

# Appendix C - Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis Tables 

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Table 1
Fairfax County, Virginia
Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis
Summary of Implied Historical Customer Billing Statistics

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Line } \\ \text { No. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Description | Historical Fiscal Year Ended June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|  | Total System Customer Statistics (FY 2005 - FY 2013) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | ERU Growth | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 1,514 | 7,407 | 3,167 | $(40,116)$ | 1,886 | 8,836 | (61) | 3,859 |
| 2 | Estimated ERUs [1] | 341,390 | 342,904 | 350,311 | 353,478 | 313,362 | 315,248 | 324,084 | 324,023 | 327,882 |
| 3 | Average Billed Wastewater Flows (Kgal) [2] | 24,713,152 | 24,380,182 | 25,112,557 | 24,624,563 | 24,510,612 | 24,962,443 | 23,934,607 | 24,672,538 | 24,518,064 |
| 4 | Average Monthly Flow Per Billed ERC (gal), | 6,032 | 5,925 | 5,974 | 5,805 | 6,518 | 6,599 | 6,154 | 6,345 | 6,231 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Historic | Year Ended |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|  | Total System Customer Statistics (FY 2014 - FY 2022) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | ERU Growth | $(2,304)$ | 7,078 | 11,216 | 2,345 | $(4,497)$ | 872 | 495 | 4,106 | 1,005 |
| 6 | Estimated ERUs [1] | 325,578 | 332,656 | 343,871 | 346,217 | 341,720 | 342,591 | 343,087 | 347,193 | 348,198 |
| 7 | Average Billed Wastewater Flows (Kgal) [2] | 24,764,339 | 23,919,871 | 23,451,904 | 23,113,566 | 23,086,536 | 22,593,545 | 22,770,424 | 22,351,730 | 22,750,614 |
| 8 | Average Monthly Flow Per Billed ERC (gal), | 6,339 | 5,992 | 5,683 | 5,563 | 5,630 | 5,496 | 5,531 | 5,365 | 5,445 |

[1] Amounts shown through the Fiscal Year 2008 represent flow based ERUs reported by the County. Beginning with the Fiscal Year 2009 ERUs were estimated based on reported revenues.
[2] Billable Wastewater Flow is based on reported revenue divided by the rate in effect.

Table 2
Fairfax County, Virginia
Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis

## Summary of Projected Customer Billing Statistics

| Line | Description | Historical | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 |
|  | Total System Customer Statistics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | ERU Growth |  | 1,677 | 1,693 | 1,696 | 1,711 | 1,715 | 1,730 |
| 2 | Estimated ERUs [1] | 348,198 | 349,875 | 351,568 | 353,264 | 354,975 | 356,690 | 358,420 |
| 3 | Average Billed Wastewater Flows (Kgal) | 22,750,614 | 22,584,591 | 22,705,969 | 22,827,211 | 22,950,190 | 23,073,351 | 23,198,019 |
| 4 | Average Monthly Flow Per Billed ERU | 5,445 | 5,379 | 5,382 | 5,385 | 5,388 | 5,391 | 5,394 |
| Footn |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[1] Amounts shown for the Fiscal Year 2021 are calculated based on customer statistics provided by Fairfax Water.

Table 3
Fairfax County, Virginia
Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis

## roiection of Operating Expenses

$\xrightarrow{\substack{\text { Line } \\ \text { No. } \\ \text { G/L Cod }}}$ $\qquad$ Adjusted Adjusted
Description
WWC-WASTEWATER COLLECTION DEPARTMENT

## WWC-WASTEWATER COLLECTION DEPARTMENT

|  |  |  | WWC- Administration Personnel Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $\mathrm{G}^{\text {G252301001500000 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {WCDPs }}$ | Regular Salaries | Labor | s | 593,269 | \$ | 901,743 185086 | \$ | - s | 901,743 18,586 | s | 1,272,617 | s | 1,310,796 | s | 1,350,119 | s | 1,390,623. | s | 1,432,342 | s | 1,475,312 | \$ | 1,519,571 | \$ | 1,665,158. | \$ | 1,612,113. |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | ${ }_{\text {G252301001500040 }}$ | WCDPS | New Position-Regula Salaries | Labor |  |  |  | 185,086 53776 |  | - | 185,086 53776 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | G252301001500080 | WCDPS | ${ }_{\text {Pos }}^{\text {Annual Comp Increas }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Ler }}^{\text {Labor }}$ |  | - |  | 53,76 $(66,136)$ |  | - | (66,136) |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | G252301001500090 | wCDPs | Reg Sal Non Mert Em | Labor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | $\mathrm{G}^{\text {G222301001500100 }}$ | wCDPs | Shift Differential | Labor |  | 25 |  | 4,002 |  | - | 4,002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | ${ }_{\text {G252321001500110 }}^{\text {G252301001500130 }}$ | WCDPS | Extr pay $\begin{aligned} & \text { Accrued Leave }\end{aligned}$ | Labor |  | 934 |  | 60,907 |  | - | 60,907 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | G252301001500150 | wCDPs | Leave Pay Out | Labor |  | 26,944 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | G252301001501000 | wCDPs | Fringe Benefits | Benefits |  |  |  | 458,092 |  | - | 458,092 |  | 521,738 |  | 537,390 |  | 553,512 |  | 570,117 |  | 587,21 |  | 604,837 |  | 622,982 |  | 641,672 |  | 660,922 |
| 11 | $\mathrm{G}^{\text {G223201001501010 }}$ | WCDPS | FICA | Benefits |  | 34,149 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 12 13 | ${ }_{\text {G25223010015015011 }}^{\text {G20 }}$ | WCDPS wCDPs | Medicare Retire Contrb-EE Sy | Benefits |  | 8,603 |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 14 | G252301001501060 | WCDPS | Health-Cigna High | Benefits |  | 169,876 |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | G252301001501061 | wCDPS | Health OAP $90 \%$ | Benefits |  | 15,889 |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | G252301001501062 | wCDPs | Health-HSA Plan | Benefits |  | 2,225 |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | G252301001501063 | WCDPS | Health-MyChoice | Benefits |  | 13,916 |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 19 | ${ }_{\text {G25223010101501080 }}$ | WCDPPS | Health-Cigna Low | Benefits |  | 14,852 |  | : |  | : | : |  | : |  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | G252301001501090 | wCDPS | Health-Kaiser | Benefits |  | 31,894 |  |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | G252301001501100 | wCDPS | Insurance-Group Life | Benefits |  | 842 |  |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | G252301001501110 | WCDPS | Delta Dental | Benefits |  | 3,599 |  |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | G252301001502120 | wCDOE | Worker Comp Ins Plc | Benefits |  | 15,000 |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 |  |  | Total Personnel Services |  | s | 936,897 | s | 1,597,470 | s | - s | 1,597,470 | s | 1,794,355 | s | 1,848,186 | s | 1,903,631 | s | 1,960,740 | s | 2,019,562 | s | 2,080,149 | \$ | 2,142,554 | \$ | 2,206,830 | s | 2,273,035 |
|  |  |  | Operating Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | ${ }^{\text {G2252301001510000 }}$ | WCDOE | Office Equip\&Furnit | Inflation | s | ${ }_{6}^{6,689}$ | s | 17,284 | s | - s | 17,284 | s | ${ }^{1,000}$ | s | ${ }^{1}, 024$ | s | ${ }^{1,049}$ | s | ${ }^{1,074}$ | \$ | ${ }_{\text {1,100 }}^{1,597}$ | \$ | 1,126 6755 | \$ | 1,153 6918 | \$ | 1,181 | \$ | 1,209 |
| ${ }_{27}^{26}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2252301001510020 }}^{\text {G2530101510030 }}$ | WCDOE | Office Supplies Computer Equipment | ${ }_{\substack{\text { In }}}^{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}$ |  | 5,477 895 |  | 17,978 |  | - | 17,978 |  | 6,000 |  | 6,144 |  | 6,291 |  | 6,442 |  | 6,597 |  | 6,755 |  | 6,918 |  | 7,084 |  | 7,254 |
| 28 | G252301001510040 | wcdoe | Computer Acces\&Supl | Inflation |  | 43 |  |  |  | - | - |  | 5,000 |  | 5,120 |  | 5,243 |  | 5,369 |  | 5,498 |  | 5,629 |  | 5,765 |  | 5,903 |  | 6,045 |
| 29 | $\mathrm{G}^{\text {G2223010015 } 10060}$ | wCDOE | Printing Acces\&SSupl | Inflation |  | 763 |  |  |  | - | - |  | 1,300 |  | 1,331 |  | 1,363 |  | 1,396 |  | 1,429 |  | 1,464 |  | 1,499 |  | 1,535 |  | 1,572 |
| 30 31 | ${ }_{\text {G2252301001510070 }}^{\text {G25301015 }}$ | WCDOE WCDOE | ${ }_{\text {Cleane }}^{\text {Cleaing Supplies County }}$ | ${ }_{\text {In }}^{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inficust }}}$ |  | ${ }_{604}^{221}$ |  |  |  | $:$ | $:$ |  | 2,000 |  | 2,057 |  | 2,115 |  | 2,175 |  | 2,236 |  | 2,299 |  | 2,365 |  | 2,431 |  | 2,500 |
| 32 | G252301001510200 | wcdoe | Bldg Maint \& Repair | Repair |  | 12,160 |  |  |  | - | - |  | 12,500 |  | 13,000 |  | 13,520 |  | 14,061 |  | 14,623 |  | 15,208 |  | 15,816 |  | 16,449 |  | 17,107 |
| 33 | ${ }^{\text {G2522301001510203 }}$ | WCDOE | Hardware | ${ }_{\text {Repair }}$ |  | 3,841 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 35 | ${ }_{\text {G2522301001510206 }}^{\text {G250101510210 }}$ | WCDOE wCDOE | PaintPaint Supplies Grnds Maint EqueSupl | Repair Repair |  | $\stackrel{2}{2,342}$ |  |  |  | $:$ | - |  | 500 |  | 520 |  | 541 |  | 562 |  | 585 |  | 608 |  | 633 |  | 658 |  | 684 |
| 36 | G252301001510400 | wCDoe | Educational Supplie | Inflation |  | 1,379 |  | - |  | - | - |  | 1,500 |  | 1,536 |  | 1,573 |  | 1,611 |  | 1,649 |  | 1,689 |  | 1,729 |  | 1,771 |  | 1,813 |
| 37 | G252301001510600 | wCDoe | Chemicals | Chemicals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 <br> 3 | ${ }_{\text {G2522301001510610 }}$ | WCDOE wCDOE | Tools County ${ }_{\text {Eng Drfes }}$ | (latation |  | 1,969 |  |  |  | $:$ | $:$ |  | 4,000 |  | 4,096 |  | 4,194 |  | 4,295 |  | 4,398 |  | 4,504 |  | 4,612 |  | 4,722 |  | 4,836 |
| 40 | G252301001510630 | wcdoe | Water Treat Eqp\&Sup | Inflation |  | 216 |  |  |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 | G252301001510640 | wcdoe | Food Srv Equip/Supl | Inflation |  | 112 |  |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 | $\mathrm{C}^{\text {G252301001510650 }}$ | WCDOE | Hshl Applnc Sup/Rep | Inflation |  | 1,778 10379 |  |  |  | - | - |  | 750 6.500 |  | 768 6,656 |  | 786 6816 |  | 805 6.979 |  | ${ }^{825}$ |  | ${ }^{844}$ |  | ${ }_{8}^{865}$ |  | ${ }^{885}$ |  | 907 |
| 43 44 | ${ }_{\text {G2522301001510660 }}$ | wCDOE wCDOE | Med\&LLab Eqp and Sup ParkRetn Area Equip | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}^{\text {a }}$ |  | 10,379 908 |  |  |  | $:$ | - |  | 6,500 |  | 6,656 |  | 6,816 |  | 6,979 |  | 7,147 |  | 7,318 |  | 7,494 |  | 7,674 |  | 7,858 |
| 45 | G252301001512990 | wcdoe | Other Operating Sup | Inflation |  | 45,627 |  | 83,505 |  | - | 83,505 |  | 200,000 |  | 204,800 |  | 209,715 |  | 214,748 |  | 219,902 |  | 225,180 |  | 230,584 |  | 236,118 |  | 241,785 |
| 46 | G252301001512992 | wCDoe | Giods Receipts Without PO | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 478 | G222301001513020 G25230101514010 | WCDOE wCDOE | Automotive Equp\&Sup Fire Protec EqpeStupl | (nflation |  | 269 491 |  | 25,000 2,509 |  | $:$ | 25,000 2,509 |  | 25,000 |  | 25,600 |  | 26,214 |  | 26,844 |  | 27,488 |  | 28,147 |  | 28,823 |  | 29,515 |  | 30,223 |
| 49 | G252301001514020 | wcdoe | Uniform/Wear Appare | Infemp |  | 37,615 |  | 112,338 |  | - | 112,338 |  | 250,000 |  | 256,000 |  | 262,144 |  | 268,435 |  | 274,878 |  | 281,475 |  | 288,230 |  | 295,148 |  | 302,231 |
| 50 | G252301001514030 | wcdoe | Mis Pub Safe EqpeSup | Repair |  | 1,277 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51 | ${ }^{\text {G2523301001520000 }}$ | WCDOE | Ofc Eqp MainttRepai | ${ }_{\text {Repair }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  | 1,500 |  | 1,560 |  | 1,622 21632 |  | 1,687 22,973 |  | 1,755 |  | 1,825 24331 |  | 1,998 |  | 1,974 |  |  |
| ${ }_{53}^{52}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2525301001520010 }}$ | wCDOE WCDOE | Bldg Main \& Repair Construct Maintrepr | Repair Repair |  | 49,638 $(56,665)$ |  | 25,757 |  | $:$ | 25,757 |  | 200,000 85,00 |  | 208,000 88,400 |  | 216,320 91,936 |  | 224,973 95,613 |  | 233,972 99,438 |  | 243,331 103,415 |  | 253,064 107,552 |  | 263,186 111,854 |  | 273,714 116,328 |
| 54 | G252301001520025 | wCDoe | Custodial Services | Repair |  | 3,960 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55 | ${ }_{\text {G252301001520110 }}$ | wCDOe | Other Maint \& Repai | Repair |  | 1,600 |  | 40,000 |  | - | 40,000 |  | 30,000 |  | 31,200 |  | 32,448 |  | 33,746 |  | 35,096 |  | 36,500 |  | 37,960 |  | 39,478 |  | 41,057 |
| 56 57 | ${ }_{\text {G2523201001521050 }}$ | WCDOE |  | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}$ |  | 10,594 |  | 6,500 |  | $:$ | 6,500 |  | 30,000 |  | 30,720 |  | 31,457 |  | 32,212 |  | 32,985 |  | 33,777 |  | 34,588 |  | 35,418 |  | 36,268 |
| 58 | G252301001521060 | wcdoe | Computer Services | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40,000 |  | 40,960 |  | 41,943 |  | 42,950 |  | 43,980 |  | 45,036 |  | 46,117 |  | 47,224 |  | 48,357 |
| 59 60 | ${ }_{\text {G252301001521062 }}$ | WCDOE | ${ }^{\text {Tech }}$ Infra Chrgbek | Inflation |  | 16,397 |  | 16,397 |  | - | 16,397 |  | 18,000 |  | 18,432 |  | 18,874 |  | 19,327 |  | 19,791 |  | 20,266 |  | 20,753 |  | 21,251 |  | 21,761 |
| 61 | G252301001521080 | WCDOE | Other Pro Cntret Sv | Inflation |  | 188,441 |  | 52,571 |  | : | 52,571 |  | 50,000 |  | 51,200 |  | 52,429 |  | 53,687 |  | 54,976 |  | 56,295 |  | 57,646 |  | 59,030 |  | 60,446 |
| 62 | G252301001521090 | wcdoe | Comm \& Media Servic | Inflation |  | 301,448 |  | 191,835 |  | - | 191,835 |  | 400,000 |  | 409,600 |  | 419,430 |  | 429,497 |  | 439,805 |  | 450,360 |  | 461,169 |  | 472,237 |  | 483,570 |
| ${ }_{6}^{63}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2525201001521092 }}^{\text {G }}$ | WCDOE | Telecom Service-Commercial ${ }_{\text {Telecommunication Charsehack }}$ | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | : |  |  | 40,000 10000 |  | 40,960 10240 |  | ${ }_{10}^{41,943}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {4 }}^{42,950}$ |  | 43,980 10995 |  | 45,36 11259 |  | 46,117 11529 |  | 47,224 11886 |  | 48,357 12,089 |
| 64 65 | ${ }_{\text {G2522301001521093 }}^{\text {G25 }}$ | WCDOE wCDOe | Telecommunication Chargeback Public Works Service | (nflation |  | 41,424 |  | 41,424 |  | $:$ | 41,424 |  | 10,000 |  | 10,240 |  | 10,486 |  | 10,737 |  | 10,995 |  | 11,259 |  | 11,529 |  | 11,806 |  | 12,089 |
| 66 | G252301001521140 | wcdoe | Safery\&Emergency Svc | Inflation |  | 1,160 |  | 7,000 |  | - | 7,000 |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 67 | ${ }_{\text {G252301001521150 }}^{\text {G2520101521210 }}$ | WCDOE | Health Related Srus | Inflation |  | 3,002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{6}^{68}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2522301001521240 }}$ | WCDOE WCDOE | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { Lees }}}_{\text {Licensis }}$ | (nflation |  | 7,530 1,292 |  | 5,625 |  | $:$ | 5,625 |  | 7,500 1,500 |  | 7,680 1,536 |  | 7,864 1,573 |  | 8,053 1,611 |  | 8,246 1,649 |  | 8,444 1,689 |  | 8,647 1,729 |  | 8,854 1,771 |  | 9,067 1,813 |
| 70 | G252301001521250 | wcdoe | Miscellaneous Services | Inflation |  | 7,225 |  | 557 |  | - | 557 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71 | G252301001530000 | wCDOE | Electricity County | Electricity |  | 59,666 |  | 307,602 |  | - | 307,602 |  | 70,000 |  | 71,750 |  | 73,544 |  | 75,382 |  | 77,267 |  | 79,199 |  | 81,179 |  | 83,208 |  | 85,288 |
| 72 | G252301001530010 | WCDOE | Natural Gas County | Gas |  | 8,820 |  | 6,500 |  | - | 6,500 |  | 7,000 |  | 7,035 |  | 7,070 |  | 7,106 |  | 7,141 |  | 7,177 |  | 7,213 |  | 7,249 |  | 7,285 |
| Footn | es on Page 14 of 14. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Line } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | GLCode | Description |  | Escalation Reference | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & 2022 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adopted } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ |  | Adjustments |  | tewate |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { bel } 3 \\ & \text { mety, } \\ & \text { ficen } \\ & \text { ecerat } \end{aligned}$ | Virginia <br> cy and Rate A <br> Expenses | naly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adjusted } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adjusted } \\ 2024 \end{gathered}$ |  | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 203 |  | 2032 |
| 73 | G252301001530040 | wcdoe | Water County |  |  |  |  | Water |  |  |  | 4,677 |  | 5,560 |  |  |  | 5,560 |  | +,800 |  | 5,136 |  | 5,444 |  | 5,716 |  | 5,945 |  | 6,123 |  | 6,270 |  | 6,421 |  | 6,575 |
| 74 | G252301001530050 | wCDoe | Other Utility Expense | Inflation |  | 3,844 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75 | ${ }^{\text {G2523201001542000 }}$ | wCDOE | Local County Travel | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 500 |  | 512 |  | 524 |  | 537 |  | 550 |  | 563 |  | 576 |  | 590 |  | ${ }_{6} 604$ |
| 78 | G252301001541050 | WCDOE | ${ }_{\text {Gen Liab }}^{\text {Hosing Admin }}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Infation } \\ \text { Insurance }}}{\text { a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79 | G252301001541090 | wCDoe | Auto Liab Admin | Insurance |  | 117,825 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80 | G252301001542200 | wCDOE | Certification | Inflation |  | 265 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 81 | G252301001542210 | wCDOE | MgmtProf Training | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 82 | G252301001542220 | wcdoe | Technical Train Cnt | Inflation |  | 9,235 |  | 44,348 |  |  |  | 44,3 |  | 5,500 |  | 5,632 |  | 5,76 |  | 5,906 |  | 6,047 |  | 6,192 |  | 6,341 |  | 6,493 |  | 6,649 |
| 83 | ${ }^{\text {G2523201001542520 }}$ | WCDOE | Reimb-Telephone Exp | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86 | G252301001543030 | wcdoe | Plaques and Awards | Inflation |  | 374 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 87 | G252301001544000 | wCDOE | Copying | Inflation |  | 4,677 |  | 25,000 |  |  |  | 25,000 |  | ,000 |  | 9,216 |  | 9,437 |  | 9,664 |  | 9,896 |  | 10,133 |  | 10,376 |  | 10,625 |  | ,880 |
| 88 | ${ }^{\text {L2523201001544020 }}$ |  | Phototypesetting | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 89 90 | ${ }_{\text {G2522301001501544030 }}$ | WCDOE WCDOE |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}{\text { a }}$ |  | 3,128 568,745 |  | 11,011 202,293 |  | . |  | 11,011 202,293 |  | 10,000 700,000 |  | 10,240 716,800 |  | 10,486 734,03 |  | 10,737 751,619 |  | 10,995 769,658 |  | 11,259 788,130 |  | 11,529 807,045 |  | 11,806 826,414 |  | 12,089 846,248 |
| 91 | G252301001544060 | wCDOE | Motor Pool | Inflation |  | 409 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 92 | G252301001544070 | wcdoe | Fuel | Fuel |  | 278,279 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 210,000 |  | 218,400 |  | 227,136 |  | 236,221 |  | 245,670 |  | 255,497 |  | 265,717 |  | 276,346 |  | 287,400 |
| 93 | G252301001544080 | wCDoe | Vehicle Replacement | Inflation |  | 738 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{95}^{94}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2523201001544512 }}$ | WCDOE | Services-Other Agency Interal FFX Suppor | Inflation |  | 156 |  | 10.087 |  | - |  |  |  | 10,000 |  | 10,240 |  | 10,486 |  | 10,737 |  | 10,995 |  | 11,259 |  | 11,529 |  | 11,806 |  |  |
| 96 | G252301001544538 | wCDoe | Prof Memberships | InfEmp |  | 2,169 |  | 16,918 |  | - |  | 16,918 |  | 3,500 |  | 3,584 |  | 3,670 |  | 3,758 |  | 3,848 |  | 3,941 |  | 4,035 |  | 4,132 |  | 4,231 |
| 97 | G252301001544539 | wCDoe | Prof Subscriptions | InfEmp |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 98 | G252301001544540 | wCDOE | Credit Card Expense | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99 | ${ }^{\text {L2522301001544990 }}$ | WCDOE | Other Operating Exp | Inflation |  | 13,627 |  | 65,312 |  | - |  | 65,312 |  | 70,000 |  | 71,680 |  | 73,400 |  | 75,162 |  | 7,966 |  | 78,813 |  | 80,705 |  | 82,6 |  | 84,625 |
| 101 | G252301001580000 | wCDOE | Indirect Cost Allocation | Constant |  | 2,850,000 |  | - |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |
| 102 |  |  | Total Operating Expenses |  | § | 4,642,500 | \$ | 1,346,554 | \$ | 3,000,000 | s | 4,346,554 | \$ | 5,541,850 | s | 5,611,653 | s | 5,683,442 | s | 5,757,270 | s | 5,833,196 | s | 5,911,278 | s | 5,991,603 | s | 6,074,278 | \$ | 6,159,376 |
|  |  |  | Capital Equipment [1] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 103 |  |  | Equipment Expense | Bud Cap | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  |
| 104 |  |  | Vehicles SCNo WBS | Bud Cap |  |  |  | 174,666 |  | (174 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 105 |  |  | Total Capital Equipment [1] |  | s |  | s | 174,666 | s | $(174,666)$ | s |  | s | - | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | S |  |
| 106 |  |  | Total WWC-Administration |  | s | 5,579,396 | s | 3,111,690 | s | 2,825,334 | s | 5,944,024 | s | 7,336,205 | s | 7,459,838 | s | 7,587,073 | s | 7,718,011 | s | 7,852,758 | s | 7,991,427 | \$ | 8,134,157 | s | 8,281,109 | s | 8,432,411 |
|  |  |  | WWC - Gravity Sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 107 | G252301002500090 | wCDPS | Personnel Services Regular Salaries | Labor |  | 2,351,264 |  | 3,471,219 |  |  |  | 3,471,219 |  | 4,132,672 |  | 4,256,652 |  | 4,384,352 |  | 4,515,882 |  | 4,651,359 |  | 4,790,900 |  | 4,934,626 |  | 5,082,665 |  | 5,235,145 |
| 108 | G252301002500100 | WCDPS | Annual Comp Increas | Labor |  |  |  | 250,073 |  | - |  | 250,073 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 109 | G252301002500110 | wCDPs | POS Turnover-Pay | Labor |  |  |  | $(176,477)$ |  | - |  | $(176,477)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 110 | G252301002500090 | WCDPS | Reg Sal-Non Mert Em | Labor |  | 152,688 |  | 109,684 |  | - |  | 109,684 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111 | ${ }^{\text {G2523201002500100 }}$ | WCDPS | Shifd Differential | Labor |  | ${ }^{20191}$ |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112 113 | ${ }_{\text {G2523201022500110 }}^{\text {G220 }}$ | WCDPS | Extra pay ${ }_{\text {Acrued Leave }}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Labor } \\ \text { Labor }}}{ }$ |  | 249,478 $(1,919)$ |  | 271,041 |  | - |  | 271,041 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 114 | G252301002500150 | wCDPS | Stip, Award, Allwnce | Labor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 115 | G252301002500150 | wCDPs | Leave Pay-ut | Labor |  | 16,829 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 116 117 | ${ }_{\text {G2523201022501010 }}^{\text {G25201005100 }}$ | WCDPS | ${ }_{\text {FIICA }}$ Fringe Benefits | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Benefits } \\ \text { Benefits }}}$ |  | 162,542 |  | 1,668,545 |  | , |  | 1,668,545 |  | 1,761, |  | 1,814,030 |  | 1,868,451 |  | 1,924,504 |  | 1,982 |  | 2,041,707 |  | 2,102,958 |  | 2,166,046 |  | , 2 |
| 118 | G252301002501011 | wCDPs | Medicare | Benefits |  | 38,014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 119 | G252301002501020 | wCDPS | Retire Contro-EE Sy | Benefits |  | 628,928 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 120 | G252301002501060 | wCDPS | Health-Cigna High | Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 121 122 | ${ }_{\text {G2522301002501061 }}$ | WCDPS | Health OAP $90 \%$ Health-HSA Plan | ${ }^{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 148,101 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 123 | G252301002501063 | wCDPS | Health-MyChoice | Benefits |  | 20,951 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 124 | G252301002501070 | wCDPS | Health-Cigna Low | Benefits |  | 67,879 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 125 | G252301002501080 | wCDPs | Health-BCBS | Benefits |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 126 | ${ }^{\text {G2523201002501090 }}$ | WCDPS | Health-Kaiser | Benefits |  | 166,254 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 127 128 | ${ }_{\text {G2523201022501110 }}$ | WCDPs | Insurance-Group Life Delta Dental | ${ }^{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 3,285 16976 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 129 | G252301002502150 | WCDOE | Workers Comp Idmty-P | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Benefits } \\ \text { Benefits }}}$ |  | 16,976 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 130 | G252301002502150 | wCDoe | Employee Claim Write-off | Benefits |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 131 |  |  | Total Personnel Services |  | s | 4,024,271 | \$ | 5,594,085 | s |  | s | 5,994,085 | s | 5,893,866 | s | 6,070,682 | \$ | 6,252,802 | s | 6,440,387 | s | 6,633,598 | s | 6,832,606 | s | 7,037,584 | s | 7,248,712 | s | 7,466,173 |
|  |  |  | Operating Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 132 | ${ }_{\text {G25223010202510000 }}$ | WCDOE | Office Equip\& Furnit | Inflation | \$ | 4,922 | \$ |  | s |  | s | - | s | 2,500 | s | 2,560 | s | 2,621 | s | 2,684 | s | 2,749 | s | 2,815 | s | 2,882 | \$ | 2,951 | \$ | 3,022 |
| 133 134 1 | ${ }_{\text {G2522301020251020 }}$ | WCDOE | ${ }^{\text {Office Supplies }}$ Computer Equipment | ${ }_{\text {In }}$ Infation | s | ${ }^{26}$ |  |  |  |  | s |  |  | , | s | 5,120 | s | 5243 | s | 5,369 | s | 98 | s | 5,29 | s | 5765 |  | 5.903 | s | , |
| 134 135 | G2523301002510050 | WCDOE | Computer Equipment IT Replacement Part | $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}{ }$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | s |  |  |  | s |  |
| 136 | G252301002510040 | wCDOE | Computer Acces\&Supl | Inflation | \$ | 933 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ | - |
| 137 | G252301002510080 | WCDOE | Postage | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 138 139 | ${ }_{\text {G2522301002510203 }}$ | WCDOE | Bldg Maint \& Repair Hardware | $\underset{\substack{\text { Repair } \\ \text { Inflation }}}{ }$ | s | 46,931 | \$ | 39,510 | s |  | s | 39,510 | s | 125,000 | \$ | 130,000 | s | 135,200 | s | 140,608 | s | 146,232 | \$ | 152,082 | s | 158,165 | s | 164,491 | \$ | 171,071 |
| 140 | G252301002510210 | wCDOE | Grids Maint EqueSup | Inflation | \$ | 4,763 | \$ | 7,120 | \$ |  | s | 7,120 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 10,240 | s | 10,486 | s | 10,737 | s | 10,995 | \$ | 11,259 | s | 11,529 | \$ | 11,806 | \$ | 12,089 |
| 141 | G252301002510220 | wCDOE | Lighting Equiptment | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Footnotes on Page 14 of 14. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ling } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | GL Code | Description |  | Escalation <br> Reference | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & 2022 \end{aligned}$ |  | Adopted2023 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Adjustments ${ }_{\text {cta }} \begin{gathered}\text { Adjusted } \\ 2023\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Ajjusted <br> 2024 |    Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, <br> 2025 2026 2027  <br> 2028 5029   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |
| 142 | G252301002510400 | wcdoe | Educational Supplie |  | Inflation | s |  |  | 1,193 | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | s | 5,000 | s | 5,120 | s | 5,243 | s | 5,369 | s | 5,498 | s | 5,629 | \$ | 5,765 | \$ | 5,903 | s | 6,045 |
| 143 | G252301002510610 | wCdoe | Tools County | Inflation |  | 29,606 |  | 355 |  |  |  | 335 |  | 50,000 |  | 51,200 |  | 52,429 |  | 53,687 |  | 54,976 |  | 56,295 |  | 57,646 |  | 59,030 |  | 60,446 |
| 144 | G252301002510620 | wcdoe | Eng DrfteSur Eqp\&Sup | Inflation | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 145 | G252301002510630 | wCDoe | Water Treat EqpeSup | Inflation |  | 2,762 |  | 89,999 |  |  |  | 89,999 |  | 50,000 |  | 51,200 |  | 52,429 |  | 53,687 |  | 54,976 |  | 56,295 |  | 57,646 |  | 59,030 |  | 60,446 |
| 146 | ${ }^{\text {G2523201002510650 }}$ | WCDOE | Hshl Aplnc/Sup/Rep | Inflation | s | 850 | \$ | 3,779 | s |  | s | 3,779 | s | 5,000 | s | ${ }_{5}^{5,120}$ | s | 5,243 | s | ${ }^{5}, 369$ | \$ | 5 5,498 | s | 5,629 | s | 5,765 | s | 5.903 | s | ${ }^{6,045}$ |
| 147 | G252301002510660 | wCdoe | Med\&Lab Eqp and Sup | Infation |  | 7,735 |  | 3,764 |  |  |  | ${ }^{3,764}$ |  | 5,000 |  | 5.120 |  | 5,243 |  | 5,369 |  | 5,498 |  | 5,629 |  | 5,765 5 5 |  | ${ }_{5}^{5,903}$ |  | ${ }^{6,045}$ |
| 148 | G252301002510670 | wCDoe | ParkRectn Area Equi | Inflation | s | 898 | s | 2,479 | \$ |  | \$ | 2,479 | \$ | 5,000 | s | 5,120 | s | 5,243 | s | 5,369 | s | 5,498 | s | 5,629 | s | 5,765 | \$ | 5,903 | \$ | ${ }_{6}^{6,045}$ |
| 149 | G252301002512990 | wcdoe | Other Operating Sup | Inflation |  | 11,761 |  | 150,576 |  |  |  | 150,576 |  | 100,000 |  | 102,400 |  | 104,858 |  | 107,374 |  | 109,951 |  | 112,590 |  | 115,292 |  | 18,059 |  | 120,893 |
| 150 | ${ }_{\text {G252301002512992 }}$ | wCDOE | Goods Receipt W/O P | Infation | s |  | \$ |  | s | - | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 151 152 | G225331002513020 G25230102514010 | WCDOE WCDOE | Automotive Equp\&Sup | ${ }_{\text {In }}^{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}$ | s | 242 | s | 12,884 | \$ |  | \$ | 12,884 | s | 5,000 | s | 5,120 | s | 5,243 | s | 5,369 | s | 5,498 | s | 5,629 | s | 5,765 | \$ | 5,903 | § | 6,045 |
| 153 | G252301002514020 | wcdoe | Uniform/Wear Appare | Infemp |  | 3,571 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,000 |  | 10,240 |  | 10,486 |  | 10,737 | s | 10,995 |  | 11,259 |  | 11,529 |  | 11,806 |  | 12,089 |
| 154 | G252301002514030 | wcdoe | Mis Pub Safe Eqp\&Sup | Repair | s | 880 | s |  | s | - | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  |
| 155 | G252301002520000 | WCDOE | Ofi Eqp MainteRepair | ${ }_{\text {Repair }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 156 | G252301002520010 | wCDOE | ${ }^{\text {Bldg Maint\&Rep Svcs }}$ | Repair | s | 5,951 | s |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ | 50,000 | s | 52,000 | s | 54,080 | s | 56,243 | s | 58,493 | s | 60,833 | s | 63,266 | s | 65,797 | \$ | 68,428 |
| 157 | G252301002520017 | WCDOE | Plumbing M\&R | Repair |  | 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 158 159 | ${ }_{\text {G2252301002220020 }}^{\text {G20 }}$ | WCDOE | Construct MaintRepr | $\underset{\substack{\text { Repair } \\ \text { Infation }}}{\text { a }}$ | s | ${ }_{6}^{9,995}$ | \$ | 13,038 | s | : | \$ | 13,038 | s | 150,000 <br> 10,000 | \$ | 156,000 | s | 162,240 | s | 168,730 | s | 175,479 | s | 182,498 | s | 189,798 | s | 197,390 | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 205,285 \\ 12,089 \end{gathered}$ |
| 160 | G252301002520110 | wCDOE | Other Maint \& Repai | Repair | s | 18,888 | s | 150,000 | s |  | s | 150,000 | s | 150,000 | s | 156,000 | s | 162,240 | s | 168,730 | s | 175,479 | s | 182,498 | \$ | 189,798 | \$ | 197,390 | \$ | 205,285 |
| 161 | G252301002521050 | wcdoe | Edu/Training Serrice | Inflation |  | 667 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 162 | G252301002521080 | wCDOE | Other Pro Cntret Sve | Inflation | s | 70,679 | s | 153,835 | s | - | s | 153,835 | s | 200,000 | s | 204,800 | s | 209,715 | s | 214,748 | s | 219,902 | s | 225,180 | \$ | 230,584 | s | 236,118 | \$ | 241,78 |
| 163 | ${ }^{\text {G2523201002521090 }}$ | WCDOE | Comm \& Media Service | Inflation | s |  |  |  | s | : | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  |
| 164 | ${ }_{\text {G2523201002521140 }}$ | WCDOE | (ransporation Services | (nflation | s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 166 | G252301002521150 | wcdoe | Health Related Srus | Inflation | s |  | \$ |  | s | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s | - |
| 167 | ${ }_{\text {G252301002521210 }}$ | WCDOE | Licensing Fees | Inflation |  | ${ }^{80}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 168 169 | ${ }_{\text {G25223010202523020 }}$ | WCDOE WCDOE | Misc Servcices Rent-Operat Equipmn | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}^{\text {and }}$ | s | ${ }_{2,181}^{(13)}$ |  | 225,000 | \$ |  | s | 225,000 | \$ | 100,000 15,000 | \$ | 102,400 15,360 | s | 104,858 15,729 | s | 107,374 16,106 | s | 109,951 16,493 | s | 112,590 16,888 | s | 115,292 17,294 | s | 118,059 17,709 | \$ | 120,893 18,134 |
| 170 | G252301002523030 | wcdoe | Rent-Construction Equipment | Inflation | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s | 15,000 | s | 15,360 | s | 15,729 | \$ | 16,106 | s | 16,493 | s | 16,888 | \$ | 17,294 | \$ | 17,709 | \$ | 18,134 |
| 171 | G252301002530040 | wCDOE | Water County | Water |  |  |  | 4,532 |  |  |  | 4,532 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,350 |  | 5,671 |  | 5,955 |  | 6,193 |  | 6,379 |  | 6,532 |  | 6,688 |  | 6,849 |
| 172 | G222301002542050 | WCDOE | Miscellaneous Travel | Infation | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  |
| 173 174 | ${ }_{\text {G2252301002542210 }}$ | WCDOE | MgmtProf Training Technical Train Cnt | ${ }_{\text {In }}^{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}$ | \$ | 2,794 5,767 | \$ | 20,000 \$ | s | - | s | 20,000 | s | 10,000 | s | 10,240 | s | 10,486 | s | 10,737 | s | 10,995 | s | 11,259 | s | 11,529 | s | 11,806 | \$ | 12,089 |
| 175 | G252301002541020 | wcdoe | Crime Ins Prem | Insurance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 176 | G252301002543000 | wCdoe | Cash Awards | Benefits | s | 464 | s | - | s | - | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | ¢ |  | ¢ |  | \$ |  |
| 177 | $\mathrm{G}^{\text {G252301002544000 }}$ | WCDOE | Copying | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 178 179 | ${ }_{\text {G2525231002544050 }}^{\text {G }}$ | WCDOE | Assigned Agency Veh Motor Pool | Intation | s | - | \$ | 410,000 \$ | \$ | (410,000) |  |  | \$ | - |  |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  |
| 180 | G252301002544070 | wcdoe | Fuel | Fuel | s |  | s | 199,496 | s |  | s | 199,496 | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | ¢ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 181 | G252301002544090 | wCDoe | Service-Other Agenc | Inflation |  | 31,665 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 182 | ${ }^{\text {G252331002544512 }}$ | wCDoe | Internal FFX Suppor | Inflation | \$ |  | § |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 183 184 | ${ }_{\text {G2252301002544338 }}^{\text {G2530102544540 }}$ | WCDOE WCDOE | Professional Memberships Credit Card Expense | (latemp | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 185 | ${ }^{\text {G252301002544547 }}$ | wCDOE | Refiuse Disposal Exp | Inflation |  | 5,769 |  | 2.959 |  |  |  | 2,959 |  | 10,000 |  | 10,240 |  | 10,486 |  | 10,737 |  | 10,995 |  | 11,259 |  | 11,529 |  | 11,806 |  | 12,089 |
| 186 | G252301002544990 | wCDoe | Other Operating Exp | Inflation |  | 490 |  | 25,000 |  |  |  | 25,000 |  | 50,000 |  | 51,200 |  | 52,429 |  | 53,687 |  | 54,976 |  | 56,295 |  | 57,646 |  | 59,030 |  | 60,446 |
| 187 |  |  | Total Operating Expenses |  | s | 280,017 | \$ | 1,517,326 \$ | s | (410,000) |  | 1,107,326 | s | 1,142,500 | \$ | 1,177,750 | s | 1,214,113 | s | 1,251,619 | s | 1,290,302 | s | 1,330,197 | s | 1,371,369 | \$ | 1,413,898 | \$ | 1,457,833 |
|  |  |  | Recovered Costs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 188 | G252301002500121 | wCDRC | WPFO-Labor Charges | Labor | s | (164,311) | s | $(327,799)$ \$ | s |  | \$ | $(327,799)$ | s | (250,000) | \$ | (257,50) | s | (265,225) | s | (273,182) |  | (281,377) |  | (289,819) | s | (298,513) |  | (307,468) |  | (316,693) |
| 189 | G252301002500122 | wCDRC | WPFO-Agency OHCost | Inflation |  | $(68,252)$ |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | (100,000) |  | $(102,400)$ |  | (104,858) |  | (107,374) |  | (109,951) |  | (112,590) |  | (115,292) |  | (118,059) |  | $(120,893)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 190 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {G252301002501520 }}^{\text {G25230102543500 }}$ | WCDRC | Reimb-Cpllfringe Be WPPO-Materials | Benefits |  |  |  | (45,122) |  |  |  | (45,122) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 192 | G252301002543510 | WCDRC | WPFO-Equipment | Inflation |  | $(3,871)$ |  | ${ }_{(3,532)}$ |  |  |  | $(3,532)$ |  | (5,000) |  | (5,120) |  | $(5,243)$ |  | $(5,369)$ |  | $(5,498)$ |  | $(5,629)$ |  | $(5,765)$ |  | (5,903) |  | (6,045) |
| 193 |  |  | Total Recovered Costs |  | s | ${ }^{(236,434)}$ | s | $(376,453) \mathrm{S}$ |  |  | s | (376,453) | \$ | $(355,000)$ | s | ${ }^{(365,020)}$ | s | (375,325) | s | (385,925) | s | (396,826) |  | (408,038) |  | (419,570) |  | (431,431) |  | (443,630) |
|  | G252301002566125 | wCDCE | Capital Equipment [1] [1] |  | s | . | s | 277,493 S | s | (277,493) |  |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  |
| 195 | G252301002566150 | wCDCE | Vehicles Expense | Bud Cap |  |  |  | 3,463,683 |  | ( $3,463,683)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 196 | G252301002566999 | wCDCE | FCG General Capital | Bud Cap |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 197 |  |  | Total Capital Equipment [1] [1] |  | s |  | s | 3,741,176 | S | (3,741,176) |  | - | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | S |  | S |  |
| 198 |  |  | Total WWC - Gravity Sewer |  | s | 4,067,854 | \$ | 10,476,135 | \$ | ${ }^{(4,151,176)}$ |  | 6,324,958 | s | 6,681,366 | s | 6,883,412 | s | 7,091,590 | s | 7,306,081 | s | 7,527,074 | s | 7,754,765 | s | 7,989,383 | s | 8,231,179 | s | ${ }^{8,480,376}$ |
|  |  |  | WWC - Pumping Stations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Personnel Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{199}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2523010035500050 }}$ | WCDPPS | Regular Salaries Annual Comp lireas | ${ }_{\text {Labor }}^{\text {Labor }}$ | s |  | \$ | 2,276,350 <br> 138,707 | \$ |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2,276,350} 138$ | s |  | s | 2,582,837 | s | 2,660,322 | s | 2,740,132 | \$ | 2,822,336 | s | 2,907,006 | s | 2,994,216 | \$ | 3,084,043 | s |  |
| 201 | G252301003500080 | wCDPs | POS Turnover-Pay | Labor |  | - |  | $(176,510)$ |  |  |  | $(176,510)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 202 | ${ }^{\text {G252321003500090 }}$ | WCDPS | Reg Sal-Non Mert Em | Labor |  |  |  | 701 |  | - |  | 701 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 203 204 | ${ }_{\text {G2252301003500090 }}^{\text {G25201003500110 }}$ | WCDPS | Shiff Differential Extra pay | $\underset{\substack{\text { Labor } \\ \text { Labor }}}{\text { der }}$ |  | 92 162,682 |  | 91,538 |  | - |  | 91,538 |  | - |  | - |  | $:$ |  | $:$ |  | $:$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | : |
| 205 | G252301003500130 | wCDPS | Accrued Leave | Labor |  | (16,336) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 206 | ${ }^{\text {G2252301003500150 }}$ | WCDPS | ${ }^{\text {Leave Pay-out }}$ | Labor |  | 37,971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 207 208 | ${ }_{\text {G2252301003501000 }}^{\text {G2530103501010 }}$ | WCDPPS | ${ }_{\text {Fringe }}$ Fenefits | Benefits Benefits |  | 121,252 |  | 985,547 |  |  |  | 985,547 |  | 1,068,186 |  | 1,100,232 |  | 1,133,239 |  | 1,167,236 |  | 1,202,253 |  | 1,238,320 |  | 1,275,470 |  | 1,313,734 |  | 1,353,146 |
| 209 | G252301003501011 | wCDPs | Medicare | Benefits |  | 28,357 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 210 | G252301003501020 | WCDPS | Retire Contrb-EE Sy | ${ }^{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 521,901 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 212 | ${ }_{\text {G22523010303501060 }}$ | WCDPS | Heath-Cigna High | $\xrightarrow{\text { Benefits }}$ Benefis |  | 124,446 |  | - |  | $\div$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Table 3 |
| :---: |

Table 3
County, Virgin
$\underset{\text { Fairfax County, Virginia }}{\text { rente }}$
Proiection of Operating Expenses

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Line
No. \& G/ Code \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Description} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Escalation \\
Reference
\end{tabular} \& \& Actual
2022 \& \& \({ }_{\substack{\text { Adopted } \\ 2023}}\) \& \& djustments \& \& \({ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {Adjusted }}\) \& \& Adjusted \& \multicolumn{16}{|c|}{Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30,} \\
\hline 213 \& G252301003501062 \& wCDPs \& Health-HSA Plan \& Benefits \& \& 4,325 \& \& \& \& 边 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 214 \& G222301003501063 \& WCDPS \& Health-MyChoice \& \({ }_{\text {Benefits }}\) \& \& 36,431 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 215 \& G252301003501070 \& wCDPs \& Health Insurance-Cigna Low \& Benefits \& \& 59,041 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 216 \& G252301003501080 \& wCDPS \& Health-BCBS \& Benefits \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - \\
\hline 217 \& G252301003501990 \& wCDPs \& Health-Kaiser \& Benefits \& \& 85,948 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 218 \& G252301003501100 \& wCDPs \& Insurance-Group Life \& Benefits \& \& 2,589 \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 219 \& G252301003501110 \& wCDPs \& Delta Dental \& \({ }^{\text {Benefits }}\) \& \& 12,655 \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 220 \& G252301003502150 \& wCDoe \& Workers Comp Idmy-P \& Benefits \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 221 \& \& \& Total Personnel Services \& \& s \& 3,045,290 \& \$ \& 3,316,333 \& s \& \& S \& 3,316,333 \& s \& 3,575,795 \& s \& 3,683,069 \& s \& 3,793,561 \& s \& 3,907,368 \& s \& 4,024,589 \& s \& 4,145,326 \& s \& 4,269,686 \& s \& 4,397,777 \& s \& 4,529,710 \\
\hline \& \& \& Operating Expenses \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 222 \& G252301003510000 \& wcdoe \& Office Equip\&Furnitr \& Inflation \& \& 858 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 223 \& G252301003510030 \& wCDoe \& Computer Equipment \& Inflation \& s \& \& \$ \& \& \$ \& - \& s \& \& s \& 7,500 \& s \& 7,680 \& s \& 7,864 \& s \& 8,053 \& s \& 8,246 \& s \& 8,444 \& s \& 8,647 \& \$ \& 8,854 \& \$ \& 9,067 \\
\hline \({ }_{22}^{224}\) \& \({ }_{\text {G2252301003510040 }}^{\text {G }}\) \& wCDOe
wCDOe \& Computer AcceseSUupl \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 5,000 \& \& 5,120 \& \& 5,243. \& \& 5,369 \& \& 5,498. \& \& 5,629. \& \& 5,765 \& \& 5,903 \& \& 6,045 \\
\hline 225 \& \({ }_{\text {G2252301003510050 }}^{\text {G250103510080 }}\) \& WCDOE \& \({ }_{\text {IT }}^{\text {IT Resplacement Part }}\) \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 227 \& G252301003510200 \& WCDOE \& \({ }_{\text {Bldg Main }}\) \& Repair \& Repair \& \& 6,159 \& \& 325 \& \& - \& \& 325 \& \& 10,000 \& \& 10,400 \& \& 10,816 \& \& 11,249 \& \& 11,699 \& \& 12,167 \& \& 12,653 \& \& 13,159 \& \& 13,686 \\
\hline 228 \& G252301003510202 \& wcdoe \& Electrical Supplies \& Repair \& \& 17,814 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 229 \& G252301003510203 \& wCDoe \& Hardware \& Repair \& \& 1,128 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 230 \& G252301003510207 \& wcdoe \& Plumbing Supplies \& Repair \& \& 5,617 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 231 \& \(\mathrm{G}^{\text {G2252310035310220 }}\) \& wCDOE \& Grnds Maint EqueSupl \& Repair \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 232 \& G252301003510400 \& wCDoe \& Educational Supplies \& Inflation \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& 2,000 \& \& 2,048 \& \& 2,097 \& \& 2,147 \& \& 2,199 \& \& 2,252 \& \& 2,306 \& \& 2,361 \& \& 2,418 \\
\hline 233 \& G222301003510600 \& wCDOE \& Chemicals \& Chem-Flow \& \& 243,733 \& \& 186,514 \& \& - \& \& 186,514 \& \& 290,000 \& \& 302,576 \& \& 315,701 \& \& 329,395 \& \& 343,686 \& \& 358,599 \& \& 374,161 \& \& 390,399 \& \& 407,347 \\
\hline 234 \& G252301003510610 \& wcdoe \& Tools County \& Inflation \& \& 16,816 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 10,000 \& \& 10,240 \& \& 10,486 \& \& 10,737 \& \& 10,995 \& \& 11,259 \& \& 11,529 \& \& 11,806 \& \& 12,089 \\
\hline 235 \& G252301003510620 \& wCDOE \& Water Treat EqpkSup \& Inflation \& \& \& \& 12,943 \& \& - \& \& 12,943 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 236 \& G252301003510630 \& wcdoe \& Eng DrfteSur Eqp\&Sup \& Inflation \& \& 18,737 \& \& 68,221 \& \& - \& \& 68,21 \& \& 20,000 \& \& 20,480 \& \& 20,972 \& \& 21,475 \& \& 21,990 \& \& 22,518 \& \& 23,058 \& \& 23,612 \& \& 24,179 \\
\hline 237 \& G 2252310033510660 \& WCDOE \& Med\&Lab Eqp and Sup \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 238 \& \({ }^{\text {G2252301003512990 }}\) \& WCDOE \& Other Operating Sup \& Inflation \& \& 151,055

27775 \& \& ${ }^{460,811}$ \& \& - \& \& ${ }^{460,811}$ \& \& 245,000 \& \& 250,880 \& \& ${ }^{256,901}$ \& \& 263,067 \& \& $\begin{array}{r}269,380 \\ \hline 1699\end{array}$ \& \& 275,845 \& \& ${ }^{282,466}$ \& \& $\begin{array}{r}2898,245 \\ \\ \hline 1359\end{array}$ \& \& 29,187

13686 <br>
\hline 239
240 \& G252301003513004 \& wcdoe \& Diesel Fuel \& Fuel \& \& 27,745 \& \& 7,388 \& \& - \& \& 7,388 \& \& 10,000 \& \& 10,400 \& \& 10,816 \& \& 11,249 \& \& ${ }^{11,699}$ \& \& 12,167 \& \& 12,653 \& \& 13,159 \& \& 13,686 <br>
\hline 241 \& G252301003514020 \& WCDOE \& Uniform/Wear Appare \& Infemp \& \& 249 \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& 5,000. \& \& 5120 \& \& 5,243. \& \& 5,369 \& \& 5,498 \& \& 5,62 \& \& 5,69 \& \& 5,903 \& \& 6,045 <br>
\hline 242 \& G252301003514030 \& wcdoe \& Mis Pub Safe EqpeSup \& Inflation \& \& . \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 243 \& G252301003520000 \& wcdoe \& Ofc Eqp Maint\&Repair \& Repair \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 244 \& G252301003520010 \& wcdoe \& Bldg Maint \& Repair \& Repair \& \& 51,525 \& \& 64,052 \& \& - \& \& 64,052 \& \& 50,000 \& \& 52,000 \& \& 54,080 \& \& 56,243 \& \& 58,493 \& \& 60,833 \& \& 63,266 \& \& 65,797 \& \& 68,428 <br>
\hline 245 \& ${ }^{\text {G252301003520020 }}$ \& WCDOE \& Construct Maint Repr \& Repair \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& $\checkmark$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 246 \& ${ }_{\text {G252301003520050 }}$ \& WCDOE \& Automotive Equip M\& $\& 2$ \& ${ }_{\text {Repair }}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 247
248 \& G252301003520110
G25230103521040 \& WCDOE
wCDOE \& Other Maint \& Repai
Employment Serices \& Repair
Infemp \& \& 515,747
27,842 \& \& 487,415 \& \& : \& \& 487,415
1,145 \& \& 325,000 \& \& 338,000 \& \& 351,520. \& \& 365,581 \& \& 380,204 \& \& 395,412 \& \& 411,229 \& \& 427,678 \& \& 444,785 <br>
\hline 249 \& G252301003521050 \& wCDOe \& Educational/Training Services \& InfEmp \& \& 1,329 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 250 \& G252301003521060 \& wcdoe \& Computer Services \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 251 \& G 2252311003521080 \& WCDOE \& Other Pro Cntret Sv \& Inflation \& \& 62,720 \& \& 27,845 \& \& \& \& 27,845 \& \& 240,000 \& \& 245,760 \& \& 251,658 \& \& 257,698 \& \& 263,883 \& \& 270,216 \& \& 276,701 \& \& 283,342 \& \& 290,142 <br>
\hline 252
253 \& ${ }_{\text {G2252301003521090 }}^{\text {G2520103521130 }}$ \& WCDOe
WCDOE \& Comm \& Media Service
Grids/RecParks Sves \& ${ }_{\substack{\text { Infation } \\ \text { Infation }}}$ \& \& - \& \& 172,273 \& \& - \& \& 172,273 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 254 \& G252301003521140 \& wcdoe \& Safety\&Emergency Sv \& Inflation \& \& 4,929 \& \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \& 10,000 \& \& 10,240 \& \& 10,486 \& \& 10,737 \& \& 10,995 \& \& 11,259 \& \& 11,529 \& \& 11,806 \& \& 12,089 <br>
\hline 255 \& G252301003521210 \& wcdoe \& Licensing Fees \& Inflation \& \& 1,271 \& \& 9,792 \& \& - \& \& 9,792 \& \& 1,500 \& \& 1,536 \& \& 1,573 \& \& 1,611 \& \& 1,649 \& \& 1,689 \& \& 1,729 \& \& 1,771 \& \& 1,813 <br>
\hline 256 \& G252301003521250 \& wcdoe \& Misc Servcices \& Inflation \& \& 54,057 \& \& 17,589 \& \& \& \& 17,589 \& \& 210,000 \& \& 215,040 \& \& 220,201 \& \& 225,486 \& \& 230,897 \& \& 236,439 \& \& 242,114 \& \& 247,924 \& \& 253,874 <br>
\hline 257 \& G252301003523020 \& wCdoe \& Rent-Operating Equipment \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 258
259 \& ${ }_{\text {G252321003530000 }}^{\text {G2520103530040 }}$ \& WCDOE \& Electricity County \& Electricity
Water \& \& ${ }^{1,175,661} 34$ \& \& $2,252,904$
5,803 \& \& : \& \& $2,252,904$
5,803 \& \& $1,600,000$
37,000 \& \& $1,640,000$
39590 \& \& $1,681,000$
41965 \& \& ${ }^{1,723,025} 44$ \& \& ${ }^{1,766,101} 458$ \& \& 1,810,253 47 \& \& $1,855,509$
48,334 \& \& 1,901, 897 \& \& $1,949,445$
50,682 <br>
\hline 260 \& G252301003542000 \& WCDOE \& Local Travel County \& ${ }_{\text {Inflation }}$ \& \& \& \& 5,803 \& \& \& \& 5,803 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 47,201 \& \& 48,334 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 261 \& G252301003542200 \& wCDoe \& Certification \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - <br>
\hline 262 \& ${ }^{\text {G2252301003542210 }}$ \& WCDOE \& MgmtProf Training \& Inflation \& \& 1,385 \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 263 \& ${ }_{\text {G22523010303542030 }}$ \& WCDOE
wCDOE \& ${ }_{\text {Technical }}{ }_{\text {Train }} \mathrm{Cnt}$ \& ${ }_{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}^{\text {a }}$ \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 265 \& G252301003543000 \& wCdoe \& Cash Awards \& Benefits \& \& 464 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 266 \& G252301003544050 \& wcdoe \& Assigned Agency Veh \& Inflation \& \& \& \& 61,974 \& \& - \& \& 61,974 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 267
268 \& ${ }_{\text {G2252301003544060 }}^{\text {G25 }}$ \& WCDOE \& ${ }^{\text {Motor Pool }}$ \& $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Fuel }}}{\text { a }}$ \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 269 \& G252301003544512 \& WCDOE \& Internal FFX Suppor \& Inflation \& \& 10,200 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 12,500 \& \& 12,800 \& \& 13,107 \& \& 13,422 \& \& 13,744 \& \& 14,074 \& \& 14,412 \& \& 14,757 \& \& 15,112 <br>
\hline 270 \& G252301003544538 \& wcdoe \& Professional Memberships \& Infemp \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 271 \& ${ }_{\text {G252301003544540 }}^{\text {G25230103544990 }}$ \& WCDOE \& Credit Card Expenditures \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 272 \& G252301003544990 \& WCDOE \& Other Operating Exp \& Inflation \& \& $(5,059)$ \& \& 80,000 \& \& - \& \& 80,000 \& \& 24,000 \& \& 24,576 \& \& 25,166 \& \& 25,770 \& \& 26,388 \& \& 27,022 \& \& 27,670 \& \& 28,334 \& \& 29,014 <br>
\hline 273 \& \& \& Total Operating Expenses Recovered Costs \& \& s \& 2,427,065 \& \$ \& 3,927,994 \& \& \& s \& 3,927,994 \& s \& 3,114,500 \& s \& 3,204,486 \& s \& 3,296,895 \& s \& 3,391,745 \& s \& 3,489,070 \& s \& 3,588,906 \& s \& 3,691,496 \& s \& 3,797,202 \& \$ \& 3,906,132 <br>
\hline 274 \& ${ }_{\text {G25 }}^{\text {G252301003500121 }}$ \& WCDRC
WCDRC \& ${ }_{\text {WPFO-Labor Charges }}^{\text {wPFo-Agency OHf Cost }}$ \& ${ }_{\substack{\text { Labor } \\ \text { Inflation }}}$ \& s \& - \& \$ \& $(20,247)$ \& \& \& s \& $(20,247)$ \& s \& \& \$ \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& \$ \& - <br>
\hline 276 \& G252301003543500 \& wCDRC \& wPFO-Materials \& Inflation \& \& - \& \& $(15,153)$ \& \& \& \& $(15,153)$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - <br>
\hline 277 \& G252301003543510 \& wCDRC \& WPFO-Equipment \& Inflation \& \& - \& \& (769) \& \& - \& \& (769) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 278 \& \& \& Total Recovered Costs \& \& \$ \& \& s \& ${ }^{(36,169)}$ \& \& \& s \& (36,169) \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& \$ \& \& \$ \& \& \$ \& - <br>
\hline \& \& \& Capital Equipment [1] \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 280 \& G252301003566125 \& wCDCe \& Equipment Expense \& ${ }^{\text {Buad Cap }}$ Bup \& s \& \& \& 142,249 \& s \& (142,249) \& s \& : \& s \& 250,000 \& S \& 257,500 \& s \& 265,225 \& s \& 273,182 \& s \& 281,377 \& s \& 289,819 \& s \& 298,513 \& s \& 307,468 \& s \& 316,693 <br>
\hline 281 \& G252301003566150 \& WCDCE \& Vehicles Expense \& Bud Cap \& \& (254) \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& , \& \& 26,22 \& \& , \& \& , \& \& - \& \& -18. \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 282 \& \& \& Total Capital Equipment [ $[1]$ \& \& s \& ${ }^{(254)}$ \& \& 142,249 \& \$ \& (142,249) \& \$ \& - \& s \& 250,000 \& s \& 257,500 \& s \& 265,225 \& s \& 273,182 \& s \& 281,377 \& s \& 289,819 \& s \& 298,513 \& s \& 307,468 \& s \& 316,693 <br>
\hline 283 \& \& \& Total WWC-Pumping Stations \& \& s \& 5,472,101 \& s \& 7,350,407 \& \$ \& (142,249) \& \& 7,208,158 \& s \& 6,940,295 \& s \& 7,145,055 \& s \& 7,355,681 \& s \& 7,572,295 \& s \& 7,795,036 \& s \& 8,024,051 \& s \& 8,259,695 \& s \& 8,502,447 \& s \& 8,752,535 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}




## Proiection of Operating Expenses

$\xrightarrow{\substack{\text { Line } \\ \text { No. } \\ \text { G/L Cod }}}$
Escalation
Reference
Adjusted Adjusted

## WT- WASTEWATER TREATMENT (Noman M. Cole, Jr., Pollution Control Plant):

|  |  |  | WWT-Administration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 350 | G252302001500000 | wTDPs | Personnel Services Regular Salaries | Labor | s | 641,713 | s | 887,232 | s | - s | 887,232 | s | 1,243,114 | s | $1.280,407$ | s | 1,318,820 | s | 1,358,384 | s | 1,399,136 | s | 1,441,110 | s | $1,484,343$ | s | 1,528,873 |  | 1,574,740 |
| 351 | G252302001500000 | WTDPS | Additional Personnel | Labor |  |  |  | 20,3,30 |  | - | 20,3,30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 352 | G252302001500050 | wTDPS | Annual Comp Increas | Labor |  | - |  | 52,909 |  | - | 52,909 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 353 | G252302001500080 | wTDPs | POS Turnover-Pay | Labor |  | - |  | (1,222) |  | - | (1,222) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 354 | G252302001500090 | wTDPS | Reg Sal- Non Mert Em | Labor |  | - |  | 32,374 |  | - | 32,374 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 355 | G252322001500100 | wTDPS | Shift Differential | Labor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 356 | G252302001500110 | wTDPS | Extra pay | Labor |  | 19,609 |  | 20,619 |  | - | 20,619 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 357 358 358 | ${ }_{\text {G252320001500121 }}$ | WTDPs | ${ }_{\text {WPFO-Labor Charges }}$ | Labor |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 358 359 3 | ${ }_{\text {G2525232001500122 }}^{\text {G2001500130 }}$ | WTDPS |  | Labor Labor |  | (11,74) |  | $:$ |  | : | $:$ |  | : |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 360 | G252322001500150 | wTDPs | Leave Pay-out | Labor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 361 | G252322001501000 | wTDPS | Fringe Benefits | Benefits |  |  |  | 508,031 |  | - | 508,031 |  | 528,352 |  | 544,203 |  | 560,529 |  | 577,344 |  | 594,665 |  | 612,505 |  | 630,880 |  | 649,806 |  | 669,301 |
| 362 363 | ${ }_{\text {G225232001501010 }}$ | WTDPs | ${ }_{\text {FICA }}$ | ${ }^{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 37,758 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 363 364 | ${ }_{\text {G2252322001501011 }}^{\text {G2532001501020 }}$ | WTDPS WTDPS | Medicare Retire Contro-EE Sy | Benfits Benefits |  | 9,091 170,603 |  |  |  | : | : |  | : |  |  |  | : |  | $:$ |  | $:$ |  | : |  |  |  | - |  | : |
| 365 | G252302001501060 | wTDPS | Health-Cigna High | Benefits |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366 | G252302001501061 | WTDPS | Health OAP 90\% | ${ }_{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 11,146 |  | - |  | : | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 367 | ${ }^{\text {G2252322001501062 }}$ | wTDPS | Health-MSA Plan | Benefits |  | 5,000 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 368 369 | ${ }_{\text {G2522302001501070 }}^{\text {G25 }}$ | WTDPS wTDPS | Health-MyChoice Health-Cign Low | Benefits Benefits |  | 37,597 |  | - |  | - | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 370 | G252302001501080 | wTDPS | Health-BC/BS | ${ }_{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 28,018 |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 371 | G252302001501090 | wTDPS | Health-Kaiser | Benefits |  | 7,923 |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 372 | G252302001501100 | wTDPS | Insurance-Group Life | Benefits |  | 865 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 373 | G252302001501110 | wTPPs | Delta Dental | ${ }^{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 4,017 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & 374 \\ & 375 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2252302001502120 }}^{\text {G20 }}$ | wTDDE wTDOE | Workers Comp Ins Plc <br> Workers Comp Idmty-P | ( ${ }_{\substack{\text { Benefits } \\ \text { Benefits }}}$ |  | 92,400 |  | 80,000 |  | : | 80,000 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 376 |  |  | Total Personnel Services |  | s | 1,053,966 | \$ | 1,783,333 | s | - 8 | 1,783,333 | \$ | 1,771,466 | s | 1,824,610 | s | 1,879,348 | s | 1,935,729 | s | 1,993,801 | s | 2,053,615 | s | 2,115,223 | s | 2,178,680 | \$ | 2,244,040 |
|  |  |  | Operating Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 377 378 | ${ }_{\text {G252523020001515000 }}^{\text {G }}$ | WTDOE WTDOE | Office Equip\&Furnit Copier | Inflation <br> Inflation | s | $\begin{aligned} & 28,463 \\ & 1,200 \\ & \end{aligned}$ | \$ | 27,850 | \$ |  | 27,850 | \$ | 65,000 | s | 6,560 | s | 68,157 | s | 69,793 | \$ | 71,468 | s | 73,183 | \$ | 74,940 | s | 76,738 | \$ | 78,580 |
| 379 | G252302001510020 | wtdoe | Office Supplies | Inflation |  | 13,404 |  | 38,000 |  | - | 38,000 |  | 20,000 |  | 20,480 |  | 20,972 |  | 21,475 |  | 21,990 |  | 22,518 |  | 23,058 |  | 23,612 |  | 24,179 |
| 380 | G252322001510030 | wtdoe | Computer Equipment | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 381 | G252302001510040 | wtdoe | Computer Acces\&Supl | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 382 | ${ }^{\text {G2523202001510070 }}$ | WTDOE | Clean Supplies Cnty | Inflation | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  |
| 383 384 | G222322001510080 G252320015 | WTDOE wTDOE | Postage Food Srvequip | InfCust |  | 6,383 |  | 1,802 |  | - | 1,802 |  | 5,000 |  | 5,141 |  | 5,287 |  | 5,437 |  | 5,590 |  | 5,749 |  | 5,911 |  | 6,079 |  | 6,251 |
| 385 | G252302001510660 | wtdoe | Med\&Lab Eqp and Supl | Inflation |  | () |  |  |  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 386 | G252302001510200 | wtdoe | Bldg Maint \& Repair | Repair |  | 95 |  |  |  |  | - |  | 1,000 |  | 1,040 |  | 1,082 |  | 1,125 |  | 1,170 |  | 1,217 |  | 1,265 |  | 1,316 |  | 1,369 |
| 387 | G252302001510203 | wTDoe | Hardware | Inflation | \$ | 1,491 | \$ |  | s | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 388 389 38 | G252302001510204 | wTDOE | HVAC Supplies | Inflation |  | 243 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 390 | G252302001510210 | wTDOE | ${ }^{\text {Plumbing Supplies }}$ Grnds Maint EqueSupl | ${ }_{\text {In }}^{\substack{\text { Infation } \\ \text { Infation }}}$ |  | ${ }_{208}$ |  | : |  | : | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 391 | G252322001510400 | wtdoe | Educational Supplie | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 392 | ${ }^{\text {G2252322001510610 }}$ | wTDOE | Tools County | Inflation | \$ | 583 | \$ | - | \$ |  |  | s |  | s |  | s | - | s | - | s |  | s | - | \$ | - | s | - | s |  |
| 393 | G252302001510630 | wtdoe | Water Treat Eqp\&Sup | Inflation |  | 5,491 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 394 395 | ${ }_{\text {G2252302001512990 }}^{\text {G252020151300 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {WTDOE }}$ | Other Operating Sup | $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Fuel }}}{\text { Fen }}$ |  | 68,724 |  | 30,500 |  | : | 30,500 |  | 50,000 |  | 51,200 |  | 52,429 |  | 53,687 |  | 54,976 |  | 56,295 |  | 57,646 |  | 59,030 |  | 60,446 |
| 396 | G252302001513004 | wTDOE | Diesel Fuel | Fuel |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | 20,000 |  | 20,800 |  | 21,632 |  | 22,497 |  | 23,397 |  | 24,333 |  | 25,306 |  | 26,319 |  | 27,371 |
| 397 | G252302001513030 | wtdoe | Heating Fuel | Fuel | \$ | - | s | - | s | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  |
| 398 399 | ${ }_{\text {G252302001514010 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {WTDOE }}$ | Fire Protec Eap\&Sup | $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inf Fmp }}}{ }$ |  | 340,630 |  | 124.345 |  | - | 124.345 |  | 300,000 |  | 307.200 |  | 314.573 |  | 322,123 |  | 329,853 |  | 337,770 |  | 345,876 |  | 354,177 |  | 362.678 |
| 400 | G252302001514030 | wtdoe | Mis Pub Safe Eqpex Sup | Inftemp |  | 32,151 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | 314,53 |  | 32,123 |  | 329,853 |  | 33,770 |  | 34, 816 |  | 354,17 |  | 362,678 |
| 401 | G 2252320001520000 | wTDoe | Ofc Eqp Maint \&Repai | Repair |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 402 | G2223020001520010 | WTDOE | ${ }^{\text {Bldg Maint \& Repair }}$ | Repair | s | 903 | \$ | 11,618 | \$ | s | 11,618 | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  |
| 404 | ${ }_{\text {G252302000 }}$ S20020 | WTDOE | Construct Maint Repr | Repair |  | , |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 405 | G252302001520070 | wTDOE | Pub Safety Equip M\&R | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 406 | G252302001520110 | wtdoe | Other Maint \& Repair | Repair |  | 2,521 |  | 20,000 |  |  | 20,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 407 | ${ }_{\text {G252302000 } 521050}$ | WTDOE | Edu Training Servic Computer Serices | ${ }_{\text {Repair }}^{\text {Ren }}$ | \$ |  | \$ |  | § |  |  | s |  | s |  | s | - | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | s |  |
| 409 | $\mathrm{G}_{6252302001521062}$ | WTDOE | ${ }_{\text {Telceommunication Chargeback }}$ | Inflation |  | 737 |  | 737 |  | - | 737 |  | 737 |  | 755 |  | 773 |  | 791 |  | 810 |  | 830 |  | 850 |  | 870 |  | 891 |
| 410 | ${ }^{\text {G2523232000 } 521070}$ | WTDOE | Print Typeset Servee | Inflation |  | 802 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 411 | G252302001521080 | wTDOE | Other Pro Cuntet Sv | Inflation |  | 952 |  | 25,218 |  | - | 25,218 |  | 100,000 |  | 102,400 |  | 104,858 |  | 107,374 |  | 109,951 |  | 112,590 |  | 115,292 |  | 118,059 |  | 120,893 |
| 412 | ${ }^{\text {G2523232001521090 }}$ | WTDOE | Comm \& Media Servic | Inflation | \$ | 55,547 | \$ | 79,211 | \$ |  | 79,211 | s | 85,000 | s | 87,040 | s | 89,129 | s | 91,268 | s | 93,458 | s | 95,701 | s | 97,998 | s | 100,350 | \$ | 102,759 |
| 413 | ${ }_{\text {G252523200001521092 }}^{\text {G20 }}$ | WTDOE | Telecom Servic-Commercial Telecommunication Chargeaack | $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Infation }}}{ }$ |  | ${ }_{1}^{532}$ |  | 1.862 |  | - | 1.862 |  | 1.862 |  | 1.907 |  | , 2 |  | 1,999 |  | 2,047 |  | ,996 |  | 2.147 |  |  |  |  |
| 415 | G252302001521110 | wtdoe | Public Works Servic | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 416 | G252322001521140 | wtdoe | Safety\&Emergency Sv | Inflation |  | 138,885 |  | 275,213 |  | - | 275,213 |  | 130,000 |  | 133,120 |  | 136,315 |  | 139,586 |  | 142,937 |  | 146,367 |  | 149,880 |  | 153,477 |  | 157,160 |
| 417 | G252320001521150 | WTDOE | Health Related Srvs | Inflation | \$ | 1,691 | \$ | ,952 | \$ | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | s | 263 | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ | 695 | \$ |  |
| 418 | ${ }_{\text {G22523020001521210 }}^{\text {G25015212 }}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Licensing Fees } \\ \text { Meals }}}{\text { Lemer }}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Infation }}}{\text { a }}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{24,822 \\ 2,049}}{1,88}$ |  | 23,952 |  |  | 23,952 |  | 26,000 |  | 26,624 |  | 27,263 |  | 27,917 |  | 28,587 |  | 29,273 |  | 29,976 |  | 30,695 |  | 31,432 |
| 420 | G252302001521250 | wtdoe | Miscellaneous Services | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 421 | $\mathrm{G}^{\text {G2523020001530010 }}$ | wTDOE | Natural Gas Company | Gas |  | (1,436) |  | 87,959 |  | ${ }^{-}$ | 87,959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{422}^{422}$ | ${ }_{\text {G252302001530040 }}^{\text {G2523020153050 }}$ | WTDOE WTDOE | Water County Other Utility Expense | $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Insurance }}}{\text { a }}$ | \$ | 458 | s |  | s |  |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s | - | s | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | s | . | s |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Table } 3 \\ \text { Fairfax County, Virginia } \\ \text { Wastewater Revenue Sufficieny and Rate Analysis }}}{\text {. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Line } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | G/L Code |  | Description | Escalation <br> Reference | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & 2022 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adopted } \\ 2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Adjustments |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adjusted } \\ 2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adjusted } \\ 2024 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | 202 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2028 |  |  |  | 2029 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 424 | G252320001541020 | wtdoe |  | Crime Ins Prem | Insurance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 425 | G252302001541050 | wTDOE | Gen Liab Admin | Insurance |  | - |  | 5,409 |  |  |  | 5,409 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 426 | G252322001541090 | wTDOE | Auto Liab Admin | Insurance |  |  |  | 21,729 |  |  |  | 21,729 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 427 | G252322001542000 | WTDOE | Local Travel County | Inflation | \$ | 665 | s |  | \$ |  | s | 92 | \$ | 1,000 | s | 1,024 | s | 1,049 | s | 1,074 | s | 1,100 | s | 1,126 | s | 1,153 | s | 1,181 | s | 1,209 |
| 428 | G252322001542050 | wtdoe | Miscellaneous Travel | Inflation |  | 7,581 |  | 171 |  |  |  | 171 |  | 7,500 |  | 7,680 |  | 7,864 |  | ${ }^{8,053}$ |  | 8,246 |  | 8,444 |  | 8,647 |  | 8,854 |  | 9,067 |
| 429 | G252320001542200 | wTDOE | Cerification | Inflation |  | 36,177 |  | 29,000 |  | - |  | 29,000 |  | 31,000 |  | 31,744 |  | 32,506 |  | 33,286 |  | 34,085 |  | 34,903 |  | 35,741 |  | 36,598 |  | 37,477 |
| 430 | G252322001542210 | WTDOE | MgmtProf Training | Inflation |  | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 431 | G252302001542220 | WTDOE | Technical Train Cnt | Inflation |  | 57,785 |  | 50,106 |  |  |  | 50,106 |  | 145,000 |  | 148,480 |  | 152,044 |  | 155,693 |  | 159,429 |  | 163,255 |  | 167,174 |  | 171,186 |  | 175,294 |
| 432 | G252302001542520 | wTDOE | Reimb-Telephone Exp | Inflation | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  |
| 433 | G252302001543000 | WTDOE | Cash Awards | Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 434 | G252322001543020 | WTDOE | Departmental Awards | Inflation |  | 3,640 |  | 3,327 |  |  |  | 3,327 |  | 11,584 |  | 11,862 |  | 12,147 |  | . 438 |  | 12,737 |  | , 42 |  | 55 |  | 6 |  | 14,004 |
| 435 | $\mathrm{G}^{\text {G222322001543510 }}$ | WTDOE | WPFO-Equipment | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 436 | G252302001544000 | WTDOE | Copying | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $4{ }_{4}^{437}$ | ${ }_{\text {G252523202001544020 }}$ | WTDOE | Phototypesetting Printing and Bindin | $\underbrace{\text { a }}_{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Infation }}}$ | s | 1.884 | s |  | s |  | s | - | s | 1,200 | s | 1,229 | s | 1,258 | s | 1,288 | s | 1,319 | s | 1,351 | s | 1.,384 | s | 1.417 | \$ | 1.451 |
| 439 | G252322001544050 | wtdoe | Assigned Agency Veh | Inflation |  | 207,329 |  | 241,275 |  |  |  | 241,275 |  | 200,000 |  | 204,800 |  | 209,715 |  | 214,748 |  | 219,902 |  | 225,180 |  | 230,584 |  | 236,118 |  | 241,785 |
| 440 | G252302001544060 | wTDoE | Motor Pool | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 441 | ${ }_{\text {G22523220001544070 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {WTDOE }}$ | Fuel Serrice-Other Agenc | $\underset{\substack{\text { Fuel } \\ \text { Infation }}}{ }$ | s | 52,602 468 | s |  | s |  | s |  | s | 50,000 | s | 52,000 | s | 54,080 | s | 56,243 | s | 58,493 | s | ${ }^{60,833}$ | s | 63,266 | \$ | 65,797 | s | 8,428 |
| 443 | G252302001544220 | wtdoe | Fam Partn Pgm-Contra | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 444 | G252302001544508 | wTDoE | Mileage Allow Auto | Inflation |  |  |  | 770, |  |  |  |  |  | 7500 |  | $7{ }^{-}$ |  | 78. |  | 8051 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 445 | G252302001544538 | wTDOE | Prof Memberships | Infemp |  | 60,937 |  | 77,610 |  |  |  | 77,610 |  | 75,000 |  | 76,800 |  | 78,643 |  | 80,531 |  | 82,463 |  | 84,442 |  | ${ }^{86,469}$ |  | 88,544 |  | 90,669 |
| 446 | G252302001544539 | wTDOE | Prof Subscriptions | Infemp |  | 3,878 |  | 6,515 |  |  |  | 6,515 |  | 7,500 |  | 7,680 |  | 7,864 |  | 8,053 |  | 8,246 |  | 8,444 |  | 8,647 |  | 8,854 |  | 9,067 |
| 447 | ${ }^{\text {G2222320001544540 }}$ | WTDOE | Credit Card Expense | Inflation | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | \$ | - | \$ |  |
| 449 | ${ }_{\text {G252302001544990 }}$ | WTDOE | Refise Disposal Exp Other Operating Exp | Inflation | s | 6,323 | s | 37,706 | s |  | s | 37,706 | s | 35,000 | s | 35,840 | s | 36,700 | s | 37,581 | s | 38,483 | s | 39,406 | s | 40,352 | \$ | 41,321 | \$ | 42,312 |
| 450 |  |  | Total Operating Expenses |  | s | 1,178,175 | s | 1,221,207 | s |  | s | 1,221,207 | s | 1,369,383 | s | 1,403,406 | s | 1,438,291 | s | 1,474,061 | s | 1,510,740 | \$ | 1,548,351 | s | 1,586,918 | s | 1,626,467 | s | 1,667,023 |
|  |  |  | Capital Equipment [1] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 451 \\ & 452 \end{aligned}$ | G252302001566125 G252302001566125 | ${ }_{\text {WTDCE }}^{\text {WTDE }}$ | Equipment Expense Vehicle Expense | Bud Cap Bud Cap | s | 101,919 | s | . | s | - | s | - | s | 300,000 880,000 | s | 309,000 906,400 | s | $\begin{aligned} & 318,270 \\ & 933,592 \end{aligned}$ | s | 327,818 961,600 | s | $\begin{aligned} & 337,653 \\ & 990,448 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | s | $\begin{aligned} & 347,782 \\ & 1,0,001 \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 358,216 \\ & 1,0007 \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 368962 \\ & 1,062,29 \end{aligned}$ | \$ | 380,031 $1,114,758$ |
| 453 |  |  | Total Capital Equipment [1] |  | s | 101,919 | s |  | s |  | s | - | s | 1,180,000 | s | 1,215,400 | s | 1,251,862 | s | 1,289,418 | s | 1,328,100 | s | 1,367,943 | s | 1,408,982 | \$ | 1,451,251 | s | 1,494,789 |
| 454 |  |  | Total wwT- Administration |  | s | 2,334,060 | s | 3,004,540 | s |  | s | 3,004,540 | s | 4,320,849 | s | 4,443,416 | s | 4,56, 501 | s | 4,699,208 | s | 4,832,641 | S | 4,969,909 | s | 5,111,123 | s | 5,256,398 | \$ | 5,405,852 |
|  |  |  | WWT-Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Persomnel Serrices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{456}^{455}$ | ${ }_{\text {G252230202025000050 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {WTDPS }}{ }_{\text {WTDP }}$ | Regular Salaries <br> Annual Comp Increas | $\underset{\substack{\text { Labor } \\ \text { Labor }}}{\text { cher }}$ | s | 3,220,248. | s | $3,918,890$ 239,692 | s |  | s | $3,918,890$ 239,692 | s | 4,518,885 | s | 4,654,452 | s | 4,794,085 | s | 4,937,908 | s | 5,086,045 | s | 5,238,626 | s | 5,395,785. | \$ | 5,557,659 | s | 5,724,388 |
| 457 | G252322002500080 | wTDPS | POS Turnover-Pay | Labor |  |  |  | (176,501) |  |  |  | (176,501) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 458 | G252322002500090 | wTDPS | Reg Sal-Non Mert Em | Labor |  | 99,753 |  | 109,663 |  |  |  | 109,663 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 459 | ${ }^{\text {G252323202500100 }}$ | WTDPS | Shitd Differential | Labor |  | 50,761 |  | 46,987 |  |  |  | 46,987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 460 461 | ${ }_{\text {G252322002500110 }}^{\text {G }}$ | wTDPS | Extra pay | Labor |  | 211,494 |  | 206,351 |  |  |  | 206,351 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 461 | ${ }_{\text {G252320202500130 }}$ | WTDPS | Accrued Leave | Labor |  | 5,265 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 463 | G252302002501000 | WTDPS | Leave Pay-out Fringe Benefits | ${ }_{\text {Benefits }}^{\text {Labi }}$ |  | 10,037 |  | 1,723,147 |  |  |  | 1,723,147 |  | 1,792,073 |  | 1,845,835 |  | 1,901,210 |  | 1,958,247 |  | 2,016,994 |  | 2,077,504 |  | 2,139,829 |  | 2,204,024 |  | 2,270,144 |
| 464 | G252322002501010 | wTDPS | FICA | Benefits |  | 209,909 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 465 | G252302002501011 | wTDPS | Medicare | Benefits |  | 49,092 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 466 | G252322002501020 | wTDPS | Retire Contrb-EE Sy | Benefits |  | 907,336 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 467 | ${ }^{\text {G2523232022501060 }}$ | WTDPs | Health-Cigna High | ${ }^{\text {Benefits }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 468 469 | ${ }_{\text {G2522302002501061 }}$ | WTDPS wTDPs | Health OAP $90 \%$ Health-HSA Plan | Benefits Benefits |  | 341,460 |  |  |  |  |  | $:$ |  | : |  | : |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 470 | G252302002501063 | wTDPS | Health-MyChoice | Benefits |  | 86,916 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 471 | G252302002501070 | wTDPS | Health-Cigna Low | Benefits |  | 83,199 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 472 | G252302022501080 | wTDPs | Health-BC/BS | Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 473 | ${ }_{\text {G G2523020202501090 }}$ | WTDPS | Health-Kaiser ${ }_{\text {In }}$ Insunce-Group Life | Benefits |  | 76,447 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 475 | G25232202501110 | WTDPS | Detta Dental | ${ }_{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 22,124 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 476 |  |  | Total Personnel Services |  | s | 5,395,257 | \$ | 6,068,229 | s |  | s | 6,068,229 | s | 6,310,958 | s | 6,500,287 | s | 6,695,295 | s | 6,896,154 | s | 7,103,039 | s | 7,316,130 | \$ | 7,535,614 | \$ | 7,761,682 | \$ | 7,994,533 |
|  |  |  | Operating Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 477 | G252302002510000 | WTDOE WTDOE | Office Equip\&Furnitr Office Supplies | Inflation | \$ | $i_{13}$ | s |  | s | - | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | s |  | s | - | \$ | - | s | - | s | - | s |  |
| 479 | G25232002510200 | wtdoe | Bldg Maint \& Repair | Repair |  | 3,847 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 480 | G252302002510202 | wtdoe | Electrical Supploes | Inflation |  | 1,635 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | . |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 481 | G252322002510204 | wtdoe | HVAC Supplies | Inflation |  | 1,274 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 482 | ${ }_{\text {G25223020202510210 }}^{\text {G2 }}$ | WTDOE | Grids Maint Equ\&Sup | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 484 | ${ }_{\text {G25232020202510600 }}$ | WTDOE | Educationa Supplie Chemicals | ${ }_{\text {Chem-Noman }}^{\text {Chfation }}$ |  | 2,413,472 |  | 5,060,534 |  | (1,903,534) |  | 3,157,000 |  | 3,157,000 |  | 3,296,660 |  | 3,442,563 |  | 3,594,895 |  | 3,754,036 |  | 3,920,219 |  | 4,093,811 |  | 4,275,056 |  | 4,464,444 |
| 485 | G252322002510610 | wtdoe | Tools County | Inflation |  | 727 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 486 | ${ }_{\text {G2523202002510630 }}^{\text {G20202510650 }}$ | ${ }_{\text {WTDOE }}^{\text {WTDOE }}$ | Water Treat EqpkSup | Inflation |  | 4,026 |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 488 | ${ }_{\text {G2523202022510660 }}^{\text {G2232002 }}$ | WTDOE | ${ }_{\text {Hel }}^{\text {Hel Aplnc Supl/Rep }}$ MediLLab Eqp and Sup | $\underset{\substack{\text { Infation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}{ }$ |  | -69 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | . |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| 489 | G252302002512990 | wtdoe | Other Operating Sup | Inflation |  | 11,942 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 490 | ${ }_{\text {G25223020202513004 }}$ | WTDOE | (entomotive Equp\&Sup | $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Fuel }}}{ }$ |  | 33 61,915 |  | 21,096 |  |  |  | 21,096 |  | 60,000 |  | 62,400 |  | 64,896 |  | 67492 |  | ${ }^{70,192}$ |  | 72.999 |  | 75.919 |  | 78.956 |  | 82,14 |
| 492 | G252302002513030 | wTDOE | Heating Fuel | Fuel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 493 | G252322002513040 | wTDOE | Fuel Oil County | Inflation |  | 3,319 |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 494 | G252302002514010 | wtdoe | Fire Protec Eqp\&Sup | Inflation |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |

Fairfax County, Virginia
Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis
Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate A
Proiection of Operating Expenses
$\substack{\text { Projection of Operating Expenses } \\ \text { Adjusted } \\ \text { ancer } \\ \text { 2023 }}$
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Adjusted } \\ 2024 \\ \hline\end{array}\right)$




Footnotes on Page 14 of 14.

# Table 3 <br> $\underset{\text { Fairfax County, Virginia }}{\text { rent }}$ 

## Proiection of Operating Expenses

$\xrightarrow[\substack{\text { Line } \\ \text { No. } \\ \text { G/L Cod }}]{ }$
wPm - wastewater planning \& monitoring

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \& \& WP\&M-Fiscal \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 690 \& G252333001500000 \& WPMPS \& Personnel Services Regular Salaries \& Labor \& s \& 3,247,495 \& \$ \& 2,346,852 \& \$ \& s \& 2,346,852 \& s \& 5,267,004 \& s \& 5,425,014 \& s \& 5,587,765 \& s \& 5,755,397 \& s \& 5,928,059 \& \$ \& 6,105,901 \& s \& 6,289,078 \& s \& 6,477,751 \& \$ \& 6,672,083 \\
\hline 691 \& G252333001500040 \& WPMPS \& New Position-Regular Salaries \& Labor \& \& 3,24, \& \& 97,004 \& \& S \& 97,04 \& \& 5,26,00 \& \& s,42, 1 \& \& ¢, \& \& s, \& \& 5,28,099 \& s \& 6,105,01 \& s \& 6,2s,07 \& s \& 6,47, 81 \& s \& 6,67,083 \\
\hline 692 \& G252333001500050 \& WPMPS \& Annual Comp Increas \& Labor \& \& - \& \& 139,953 \& \& \& 139,953 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 693 \& G252333001500080 \& WPMPS \& PoS Turnover-Pay \& Labor \& \& \& \& (25,704) \& \& \& (25,704) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 694 \& G252303001500090 \& WPMPS \& Reg Sal-Non Mert Em \& Labor \& \& 81,271 \& \& 12,027 \& \& - \& 12,027 \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 695 \& G252333001500100 \& \& Shift Differential \& Labor \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 696 \& G252333001500110 \& WPMPS \& Extra pay \& Labor \& \& 5,101 \& \& 4,654 \& \& \& 4,654 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 697 \& G252333001500130 \& WPMPS \& Accrued Leave \& Labor \& \& (80,637) \& \& 132,804 \& \& - \& 132,804 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 698 \& G252303001500150 \& WPMPS \& Leave Pay out \& Labor \& \& 13,907 \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \({ }^{69} 9\) \& \({ }_{\text {G252303001501000 }}\) \& WPMPS \& \({ }_{\text {Fringe }}\) Eenefits \& \({ }^{\text {Benefits }}\) \& \& 903,625 \& \& 819,940 \& \& - \& 819,940 \& \& 2,176,415 \& \& 2,241,707 \& \& 2,308,959 \& \& 2,378,227 \& \& 2,449,574 \& \& 2,523,061 \& \& 2,598,753 \& \& 2,676,716 \& \& 2,757,017 \\
\hline 700 \& G252333001501010 \& WPMPS \& FICA \& Benefits \& \& 127,144 \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 701
702 \& \({ }_{\text {G25223030001501011 }}^{\text {G }}\) \& WPMPS
WPMPS \& \({ }_{\text {Medicare }}^{\text {Retire Contro-EE Sy }}\) \& Benefits
Benefits \& \& 30,209
565985 \& \& \(:\) \& \& \(:\) \& \(\checkmark\) \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 703 \& G252303001501055 \& WPMPS \& OPEB Contributions \& Benefits \& \& 443,367 \& \& 272,767 \& \& - \& 272,767 \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 704 \& G252333001501060 \& WPMPS \& Health-Cigna High \& Benefits \& \& \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 705 \& G252333001501061 \& WPMPS \& Health OAPP 90\% \& Benefits \& \& 93,233 \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 706 \& G252333001501062 \& WPMPS \& Health-HSA Plan \& Benefits \& \& 3,902 \& \& - \& \& - \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 707 \& G252333001501063 \& WPMPS \& Health-MyChoice \& Benefits \& \& 31,154 \& \& - \& \& - \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 708 \& G252303001501070 \& WPMPS \& Health-Cigna Low \& Benefits \& \& 32,598 \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 709
710 \& \({ }_{\text {G25252333001501080 }}^{\text {G20 }}\) \& WPMPS
WPMPS \& \(\underbrace{\text { Healthaser }}_{\text {Health-BC/BS }}\) \& Benfits
Benefits \& \& 48,114 \& \& : \& \& \(:\) \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& : \& \& : \& \& \& \& : \& \& \(:\) \& \& \(:\) \& \& \\
\hline 711 \& G252333001501100 \& WPMPS \& Insurance-Group Life \& Benefits \& \& 2,865 \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 712 \& G252333001501110 \& WPMPS \& Deta Dental \& \({ }_{\text {Benefits }}\) \& \& 8 8,830 \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 713 \& G252303001502120 \& WPMPS \& Worker Comp Ins Plc \& Benefits \& \& \& \& 102,000 \& \& - \& 102,000 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 714 \& \& \& Total Personnel Services \& \& \$ \& 5,558,174 \& s \& 3,902,297 \& \$ \& s \& 3,902,297 \& \$ \& 7,443,419 \& s \& 7,666,722 \& s \& 7,896,723 \& s \& 8,133,625 \& s \& 8,377,634 \& \$ \& 8,628,963 \& s \& 8,887,832 \& s \& 9,154,466 \& s \& 9,429,100 \\
\hline \& \& \& Operating Expenses \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 715 \& G252303001510000 \& WPMOE \& Office Equip\&Furnit \& Inflation \& s \& 78 \& \$ \& 12,641 \& \$ \& - s \& 12,641 \& s \& 5,000 \& s \& 5,120 \& s \& 5,243 \& s \& 5,369 \& \$ \& 5,498 \& s \& 5,629 \& \$ \& 5,765 \& s \& 5,903 \& s \& \({ }^{6,045}\) \\
\hline 716 \& G252333001510020 \& WPMOE \& Office Supplies \& Inflation \& \& 1,059 \& \& 2,564 \& \& \& 2,564 \& \& 1,000 \& \& 1,024 \& \& 1,049 \& \& 1,074 \& \& 1,100 \& \& 1,126 \& \& 1,153 \& \& 1,181 \& \& 1,209 \\
\hline 717 \& G252303001510030 \& wpmoe \& Computer Equipment \& Inflation \& \& 103 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 2,000 \& \& 2,048 \& \& 2,097 \& \& 2,147 \& \& 2,199 \& \& 2,252 \& \& 2,306 \& \& 2,361 \& \& 2,418 \\
\hline 718 \& G252333001510000 \& WPMOE \& Othr NonCap Eqpt Pur \& Inflation \& \$ \& \({ }_{212}^{677}\) \& \$ \& \& \$ \& \$ \& 6,52 \& \$ \& \& \$ \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& \$ \& \\
\hline 719 \& G252333001510020 \& wpmoe \& Computer Acces\&Supl \& Inflation \& \& 277 \& \& 4,652 \& \& \& 4,652 \& \& 5,000 \& \& 5,120 \& \& 5,243 \& \& 5,369 \& \& 5,498 \& \& 5,629 \& \& 5,765 \& \& 5,903 \& \& 6,045 \\
\hline 720 \& G252303001510030 \& WPMOE \& Printing Acces\&Supl \& Inflation \& \& 61 \& \& 2,168 \& \& \& 2,168 \& \& 500 \& \& 512 \& \& 524 \& \& 537 \& \& 550 \& \& 563 \& \& 576 \& \& 590 \& \& \({ }^{604}\) \\
\hline 722 \& \(\mathrm{G}_{622333001510020}\) \& WPMOE \& \({ }_{\text {Pldg Main }}\) \& Repair \& Repair \& s \& \({ }_{1}{ }^{2} 96\) \& \& 289 \& \& \& 729 \& \& \({ }_{1,000}\) \& \& \({ }_{1}^{2}, 040\) \& \& 2,159 \& \& 2,175
1,125 \& \& 2,236
1,170 \& \& 2,29
1217
1 \& s \& - \& s \& 2,431
1,316
1 \& \& 2,500
1,369 \\
\hline 723 \& G252333001510030 \& wPMoe \& Educational Supplie \& Infation \& \& (213) \& \& 484 \& \& - \& 484 \& \& 1,000 \& \& 1,024 \& \& 1,049 \& \& 1,074 \& \& 1,100 \& \& \({ }_{1,126}\) \& \& \({ }_{1,153}^{1,26}\) \& \& \({ }_{1,181}\) \& \& 1,209 \\
\hline 724 \& G252303001510000 \& WPMOE \& Library Equipment \& Inflation \& s \& \& \$ \& \& \$ \& \$ \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& \$ \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& \$ \& \\
\hline 725 \& G252303001510020 \& WPMOE \& Chemicals \& Inflation \& \& 825 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \({ }_{727}^{726}\) \& \({ }_{\text {G2523233001510030 }}^{\text {G } 2230301510000}\) \& WPMOE \& Tools County \& \({ }_{\substack{\text { Infation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}\) \& \& \({ }^{26}\) \& \& \& \& -s \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 728 \& \({ }_{\text {G2523230001510020 }}\) \& WPMOE \& Enn Diftlesur Eqpessup \& \(\underset{\substack{\text { Infation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}{ }\) \& s \& \& \$ \& ־. \& s \& .\(^{\text {s }}\) \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \({ }^{\circ}\) \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \\
\hline 729 \& G252333001510030 \& wpmoe \& MedkLab Eqp and Sup \& Inflation \& \& 188 \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& 200 \& \& 205 \& \& 210 \& \& 215 \& \& 220 \& \& 225 \& \& 231 \& \& 236 \& \& 242 \\
\hline 730 \& G252333001510000 \& wPMoe \& ParkRectn Area Equi \& Inflation \& \$ \& \& \$ \& \& s \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& - \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \\
\hline 731 \& G252333001510020 \& WPMOE \& Lab Equip and Supl \& Inflation \& \& \({ }_{6} 68\) \& \& 2,112 \& \& \& 2,112 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 732
733 \& \({ }_{\text {G2252333001510030 }}^{\text {G25330301510000 }}\) \& WPMOE
WPMOE \& Other Operating Sup
Automotive EqupdSupl \& \(\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}{\text { a }}\) \& \$ \& 1,626 \& \$ \& 3,810 \& \$ \& s \& 3,810 \& s \& 2,000 \& s \& 2,048 \& s \& 2,097 \& s \& 2,147 \& \$ \& 2,199 \& \$ \& 2,252 \& s \& 2,306 \& s \& 2,361 \& s \& 2,418 \\
\hline 734 \& G252333001510020 \& wPMOE \& Poli Prison EqpeSupl \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 735
736 \& \({ }_{\text {G252303001510030 }}\) \& WPMOE \& Uniform/Wear Appare \& \(\underset{\substack{\text { Infemp } \\ \text { Repait }}}{ }\) \& s \& \({ }^{361}\) \& \& \& \& \& \& s \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 737 \& G252303001510020 \& WPMOE \& Construct MaintRepr \& \({ }_{\text {Reppair }}\) \& \(s\) \& \& \& ־. \& s \& s \& \(\because\) \& s \& 10,000 \& s \& 10,400 \& s \& 10,816 \& s \& 11,249 \& s \& 11,699 \& s \& 12,167 \& s \& 12,653 \& s \& 13,159 \& s \& 13,686 \\
\hline 738 \& G252303001510030 \& WPMOE \& Scienti/Tech Eqp M\&R \& Inflation \& \& \& \& - \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 739 \& \({ }^{\text {G2522333001510000 }}\) \& WPMOE \& Other Maint \& Repai \& Repair \& \$ \& 2,506 \& \$ \& 4,269 \& \$ \& \$ \& 4,269 \& \$ \& 5,000 \& s \& 5,200 \& s \& 5,408 \& s \& 5,624 \& \$ \& 5,849 \& s \& 6,083 \& \$ \& 6,327 \& \$ \& 6,580 \& \$ \& 6,843 \\
\hline 740 \& \({ }^{\text {G2522330001510020 }}\) \& WPMOE \& Financial Serrices \& Inflation \& \& 138,220 \& \& \({ }_{\substack{93,805 \\ 50,000}}\) \& \& \& \({ }_{\substack{93,805}}^{50,000}\) \& \& \({ }^{150,000}\) \& \& 153,600
51,200 \& \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
157,286 \\
52429
\end{tabular} \& \& \({ }_{\substack{161,061 \\ 53,687}}\) \& \& 164,927
54976 \& \& \(\underset{\substack{168,885}}{56,295}\) \& \& 172,938
57,646 \& \& \(\stackrel{177,089}{ }\) \& \& 181,339
6,946 \\
\hline 741
742 \& \({ }_{\text {G2523233001510030 }}^{\text {G2533001510000 }}\) \& WPMOE
WPMOE \& Auditact Services
Educational/Traing Services \& \(\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}{\text { a }}\) \& s \& 41,789 \& \$ \& 50,000 \& \$ \& s \& 50,000 \& s \& 50,000 \& s \& 51,200 \& s \& 52,429 \& s \& 53,687 \& \$ \& 54,976 \& s \& 56,295 \& s \& 57,646 \& s \& 59,030 \& s \& 60,446 \\
\hline 743 \& G252303001510020 \& wPmoe \& Computer Services \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 744 \& G252333001510030 \& wpmoe \& Computer Replacement \& Inflation \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& 250,000 \& \& 256,000 \& \& 262,144 \& \& 268,435 \& \& 27,878 \& \& 281,475 \& \& 288,230 \& \& 295,148 \& \& 302,231 \\
\hline 745 \& G252303001510000 \& WPPOE \& Tech Infra Chrgbck \& Infation \& s \& 2,435 \& \$ \& 2,435 \& \$ \& - \$ \& 2,435 \& \$ \& 20,000 \& \$ \& 20,480 \& s \& 20,972 \& s \& 21,475 \& s \& 21.990 \& s \& 22,518 \& s \& 23,058 \& s \& 23,612 \& \$ \& 24,179 \\
\hline 746
747 \& \({ }_{\text {G }}^{\text {G25232330001510020 }}\) \& WPMOE
WPMOE \& Other Pro Cntrct Sv
Comm \& Media Servic \& \({ }_{\text {Inflation }}\) \& \& 112,387 \& \& 1,243,268 \& \& \((993,268)\) \& 250,000 \& \& 250,000 \& \& 256,000 \& \& 262,144 \& \& 268,435 \& \& 274,878 \& \& 281,475 \& \& 288,230 \& \& 295,148 \& \& 302,231

1 <br>
\hline 748 \& G252333001510000 \& WPMOE \& Telecommunication Chargeback \& Inflation \& \$ \& ${ }_{8,401}^{2,4}$ \& s \& ${ }_{6,151}^{1}$ \& s \& - $\$$ \& ${ }_{6,151}$ \& s \& 50,000 \& s \& 51,200 \& s \& 52,429 \& s \& ${ }_{53} 51,687$ \& s \& ${ }_{54,976}$ \& s \& ${ }_{56,295}$ \& s \& 57,646 \& s \& ${ }_{59,030}$ \& s \& ${ }_{60,446}$ <br>
\hline 749 \& G252333001510020 \& wPMoe \& Licensing Fees \& Inflation \& \& 26,756 \& \& 14,000 \& \& \& 14,000 \& \& 16,000 \& \& 16,384 \& \& 16,777 \& \& 17,180 \& \& 17,592 \& \& 18,014 \& \& 18,447 \& \& 18,889 \& \& 19,343 <br>
\hline 750 \& G252333001510030 \& wpmoe \& Meals \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 751 \& G252303001510000 \& WPMOE \& Misc Services \& Inflation \& \$ \& 5,967 \& \$ \& 2,269 \& s \& s \& 2,269 \& s \& 15,000 \& s \& 15,360 \& s \& 15,729 \& s \& 16,106 \& \$ \& 16,493 \& \$ \& 16,888 \& \$ \& 17,294 \& \$ \& 17,709 \& \$ \& 18,134 <br>
\hline 752
753 \& ${ }_{\text {G252303001510020 }}$ \& WPMOE \& Rent-Copier Equipment \& $\xrightarrow{\text { Inflation }}$ Eleatricity \& \& 1,333 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1,000 \& \& 1,024 \& \& 1,049 \& \& 1,074 \& \& 1,100 \& \& 1,126 \& \& 1,153 \& \& 1,181 \& \& 1,209 <br>
\hline 754 \& G252333001510000 \& wPMOE \& OPEB \& Infation \& s \& - \& \$ \& \& s \& - \$ \& \& \$ \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& \$ \& \& s \& \& s \& \& \$ \& \& \$ \& <br>
\hline 755 \& G252303001510020 \& wpmoe \& Gen Liab Admin \& Insurance \& \& \& \& 1,101 \& \& - \& 1,101 \& \& 1,100 \& \& 1,126 \& \& 1,153 \& \& 1,181 \& \& 1,209 \& \& 1,238 \& \& 1,268 \& \& 1,299 \& \& 1,330 <br>
\hline 756 \& G252333001510030 \& wpmoe \& Auto Liab Admin \& Insurance \& \& 1,155 \& \& 15,000 \& \& - \& 15,000 \& \& 15,000 \& \& 15,360 \& \& 15,729 \& \& 16,106 \& \& 16,493 \& \& 16,888 \& \& 17,294 \& \& 17,709 \& \& 18,134 <br>
\hline 757 \& G222333001510000 \& WPMOE \& Local Travel County \& Inflation \& s \& 442 \& \$ \& \& \$ \& \$ \& \& \$ \& \& \$ \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& s \& \& \$ \& <br>
\hline 758
759 \& ${ }_{\text {G2523233001510020 }}^{\text {G2533001510030 }}$ \& WPMOE \& Miscellaneous Travel
Certificaion \& $\underset{\substack{\text { Inflation } \\ \text { Inflation }}}{\text { a }}$ \& \& 633
2,362 \& \& 7,367
1,726 \& \& - \& 7,367
1,726 \& \& 3,500
3,000 \& \& 3,584
3,072 \& \& 3,670
3,146 \& \& 3,758
3,221 \& \& 3,848
3,299 \& \& 3,941
3,378 \& \& 4,035
3,459 \& \& 4,132
3,542 \& \& $\underset{\substack{4,231 \\ 3,627}}{ }$ <br>
\hline 760 \& G252333001542210 \& wpmoe \& MgmtProf Training \& Inflation \& \& 34,443 \& \& 5,000 \& \& \& 5,000 \& \& 40,000 \& \& 40,960 \& \& 41,943 \& \& 42,950 \& \& 43,980 \& \& 45,036 \& \& 46,117 \& \& 47,224 \& \& 48,357 <br>
\hline ${ }_{7} 761$ \& ${ }_{\text {G2523233001542210 }}$ \& WPMOE \& ${ }^{\text {Technical }}$ Train Cnt \& Inflation \& \& 22,248 \& \& 10,322 \& \& \& 10,322 \& \& 5,000 \& \& 5,120 \& \& 5,243 \& \& 5,369 \& \& 5,498 \& \& 5,629 \& \& 5,765 \& \& 5,903 \& \& 6,045 <br>
\hline 763 \& G252303001542210 \& WPMOE \& Other General Expenses \& Inflation \& \& . \& \& - \& \& - \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& \& \& - \& \& - \& \& - \& \& <br>
\hline 764 \& G252333001542210 \& WPMOE \& Cash Awards \& Inflation \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 765 \& G252303001542210 \& WPMOE \& Departmental Awards \& Inflation \& \& 1,137 \& \& 862 \& \& - \& 862 \& \& 5,000 \& \& 5,120 \& \& 5,243 \& \& 5,369 \& \& 5,498 \& \& 5,629 \& \& 5,765 \& \& 5,903 \& \& 6,045 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}



|  | $\underset{\text { Wastewater Revenue Sufficiciency and Rate Analysis }}{\substack{\text { Table 3 } \\ \text { Fairy }}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | G/L Code |  | Description | Escalation <br> Reference | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Actual } \\ & 2022 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adopted } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ |  | Adjustments |  |  | Adjusted |  | Adjusted | 2025 |  |  | 2026 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 835 | G252333003500080 | WPMPS |  | Health-Cigna High | Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 836 | G252303003500080 | WPMPS | Health OAP 90\% | Benefits |  | 207,109 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 837 838 | ${ }_{\text {G25223030303500080 }}$ | WPMPS | Health-HSA Plan | ${ }^{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 583 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 839 | G252333003500080 | WPMPS | Health Insurance-Cigna Low | Benefits |  | 16,491 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 840 | G252303003500080 | WPMPS | Health-BC/BS | Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 841 | G252303003500080 | WPMPS | Healt-Kaiser | ${ }^{\text {Benefits }}$ |  | 14,604 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 842 | G252303003500080 | WPMPS | Insurance-Group Life | Benefits |  | 1,970 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 843 | G222303003500080 | WPMPS | Delta Dental | Benefits |  | 8,268 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 844 | G222303003500080 | WPMPS | Workers Comp Idmty-P | Benefits |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 845 |  |  | Total Personnel Services |  | s | 2,337,847 | s | 2,208,137 | s |  | s | 2,208,137 | s | 2,296,462 | s | 2,365,356 | s | 2,436,317 | s | 2,509,406 | s | 2,584,688 | s | 2,662,229 | s | 2,742,096 | s | 2,824,359 | s | 2,909,089 |
|  |  |  | Operating Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 846 | G252303003510000 | WPMOE | Office Equip@Sup | Inflation | s | 232 | s |  | s | - | s |  | s | - | s |  | s | - | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | s | - | \$ |  |
| 847 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Office Supplies | Inflation |  | 5,341 |  | 7,483 |  |  |  | 7,483 |  | 9,200 |  | 9,421 |  | 9,647 |  | 9,878 |  | 10,116 |  | 10,358 |  | 10,607 |  | 10,861 |  | 11,122 |
| 848 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Computer Equipment | Inflation |  | 185 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,500 |  | 3,584 |  | 3,670 |  | 3,758 |  | 3,848 |  | 3,941 |  | 4,035 |  | 4,132 |  | 4,231 |
| 849 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Computer Acces\&Supl | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 850 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | IT Replacement Parts | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 851 | ${ }^{\text {G2523330035510000 }}$ | WPMOE | Printing Access \& Suppl | Inflation | s | - 715 | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | s | - | s | - 3 | s | - | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | s | - 715 | s |  |
| 852 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Postage | Inflation |  | 2,715 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,300 |  | 2,355 |  | 2,412 |  | 2,470 |  | 2,529 |  | 2,590 |  | 2,652 |  | 2,715 |  | 2,781 |
| 853 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | ${ }^{\text {Bldg Maint \& Repair }}$ | Repair |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 854 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Educational Supplies | Chemicals |  | 790 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 29,124 |  | 30,289 |  | 31,501 |  | 32,761 |  | 34,071 |  | 35,434 |  | 36,851 |  | 38,32 |  | 39,858 |
| 855 | ${ }^{\text {G2522303003551020 }}$ | WPMOE | Chemicals | Chemicals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{857}^{856}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2522330303035510000 }}$ | WPMOE WPMOE | Tools County Water Trat Eqp\&Sup | Repair | s |  | s |  | \$ | $\because$ | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s | - | § |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  |
| 858 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Hshl Aplnc/Sup/Repl | Inflation |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 859 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Med\&Lab Eqp and Supl | Inflation |  |  |  | 14,170 |  | - |  | 14,170 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 860 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Lab Equip and Supl | Inflation |  | 299,809 |  | 254,906 |  | - |  | 254,906 |  | 74,700 |  | 76,493 |  | 78,329 |  | 80,209 |  | 82,134 |  | 84,105 |  | 86,123 |  | 88,190 |  | 90,307 |
| 861 862 | ${ }_{\text {G2522303030303510000 }}$ | WPMOE WPMOE | Other Operating Sup Uniform/Wear Appare | Inflation | s | 2,692 | s |  | s |  | \$ | 8.017 | s | 16,476 | s | 16,871 | \$ | 17,276 | s | 17,691 | s | ${ }^{18,116}$ | s | 18,550 | s | 18,996 | s | 19,451 | s | 19,918 |
| ${ }_{863}$ | G252333003510020 | WPMOE | Mis Pub Safe EqpedSup | (inffemp |  | 47,513 88 |  | 8,017 |  | - |  | 8,017 |  | 30,000 |  | 30,720 |  | 31,457 |  | 32,212 |  | 32,985 |  | 33,777 |  | 34,588 |  | 35,418 |  | 36,268 |
| 864 | G252303003510020 | wPMOE | Ofc Eqp Maint\&Repai | Repair |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 865 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Bldg Maint\&Rep Svcs | Inflation |  | 1,536 |  | 9,123 |  |  |  | 9,123 |  | 281,000 |  | 287,74 |  | 294,650 |  | 301,721 |  | 308,963 |  | 316,378 |  | 323,971 |  | 331,746 |  | 339,708 |
| 866 | G252303003510000 | wPMOE | Plumbing M\&R | Repair | s | 238 | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  |
| 867 | G222303003510020 | WPMOE | Automotive Equip M \& R | Repair |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,000 |  | 3,120 |  | 3,245 |  | 3,375 |  | 3,510 |  | 3,650 |  | 3,796 |  | 3,948 |  | 4,106 |
| 868 | ${ }^{\text {G2523330035510020 }}$ | WPMOE | Scienti/Tech Eqp M\& | Repair |  | 30,173 |  | 37,850 |  | - |  | 37,850 |  | 3,500 |  | 3,640 |  | 3,786 |  | 3,937 |  | 4,095 |  | 4,258 |  | 4,429 |  | 4,606 |  | 4,790 |
| 869 870 | ${ }_{\text {G25233030035510020 }}$ | WPMOE | Other Maint \& Repai Sofware Maintesupp | Repair Inflation |  | 420 |  | : |  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 871 | G252333003510000 | wPMOE | Employment Services | Inflation | s | 1,620 | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | s | - | s | - |
| 872 | G252303003510000 | WPMOE | Edu/Training Servic | Inflation | s | 7,590 | s | 24,515 | \$ |  | s | 24,515 | s |  | \$ |  | s | 557 | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | s | - 25 | s |  |
| 873 | G2523330035102020 | WPMOE | Computer Services | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,300 |  | 5,427 |  | 5,557 |  | 5,691 |  | 5,827 |  | 5,967 |  | 6,110 |  | 6,257 |  | 6,407 |
| 874 875 | ${ }_{\text {G2522303003510020 }}^{\text {G223035 }}$ | WPMOE | Print TYpeset Servce Other Pro Cntret Sv | (lination |  | 4,721 119,045 |  | 132,208 |  |  |  | 132,208 |  | 235,000 |  | 240,640 |  | 246,415 |  | 252,329 |  | 258,385 |  | 264,586 |  | 270,937 |  | 277,439 |  | 284,098 |
| 876 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Comm \& Media Servic | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,500 |  | 14,848 |  | 15,204 |  | 15,569 |  | 15,943 |  | 16,326 |  | 16,717 |  | 17,119 |  | 17,529 |
| 877 | G252303003510000 | WPMOE | SafertyEmergency Svo | Inflation | s | 270 | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ | 880 | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  |
| 878 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Special Events | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,900 |  | 20,378 |  | 20,867 |  | 21,367 |  | 21,880 |  | 22,405 |  | 22,943 |  | 3,494 |  | 4,058 |
| 879 880 | ${ }_{\text {G2522323030303510020 }}$ | WPMOE | Licensing Fees | Inflation |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 530 |  | 543 |  | 556 |  | 569 |  | 583 |  | 597 |  | 611 |  | 626 |  | 641 |
| 881 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Misc Services | Infation |  | 50,304 |  | 45,348 |  | - |  | 45,348 |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 882 | G252303003510000 | wPmoe | Local County Travel | Inflation | s | 1,423 | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ | - | s | - | s | - | s |  | s | - | s | - | s | - | s |  | \$ |  |
| 883 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Miscellaneous Travel | Inflation |  | 1,727 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 884 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Certification | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 12,000 |  | 12,288 |  | 12,583 |  | 12,885 |  | 13,194 |  | 13,511 |  | 13,835 |  | 14,167 |  | 14,507 |
| 885 886 | ${ }_{\text {G2523303003510020 }}^{\text {G223035 }}$ | WPMOE | MgmtProf Training Technical Train Cnt | Inflation |  | 2,883 350 |  | 4,000 1,000 |  | : |  | ${ }_{1}^{4,000}$ |  | ${ }_{29,355}^{66,573}$ |  | 68,171 30,060 |  | 6, 9,807 30,781 |  | 71,482 31,520 |  | 73, 198 32,276 |  | 74,955 33,051 |  | 76,753 33,844 |  | 78,596 34,656 |  | 80,482 35,488 |
| 887 | G252303003510000 | WPMOE | Cash Awards | Inflation | s | 1,393 | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  |
| 888 | G252303003510020 | wPMOE | Departmental Awards | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 889 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Microfilm Serrices | Inflation |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 890 | ${ }^{\text {G252333300351020 }}$ | WPMOE | Phototypesetting | Inflation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{892}^{891}$ | ${ }_{\text {G25223030035510020 }}$ | WPMOE | Services-Other Agency Mileage Allow Auto | (lination |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 7,500 |  | 7,680 |  | 7,864 |  | 8,053 |  | 8,246 |  | 8,444 |  | ,47 |  | , 54 |  | 67 |
| 893 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Prof Memberships | InfEmp |  | 2,315 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 2,800 |  | 2,867 |  | 2,936 |  | 3,006 |  | 3,079 |  | 3,153 |  | 3,228 |  | 3,306 |  | 3,385 |
| 894 | G252303003510020 | WPMOE | Credit Card Expense | Inflation |  | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 895 \\ & 899 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {G2523303003510020 }}$ | WPMOE | Refise Disposal Expense Other Operating Exp | (latation $\begin{gathered}\text { Infation } \\ \text { Inflion }\end{gathered}$ |  | $4,232$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,000 \\ 130,000 \end{array}$ |  | - |  | 2,000 130,000 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,000 \\ 11,471 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,072 \\ & 11,746 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,146 \\ 12,028 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,21 \\ & 12,317 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,299 \\ 12,612 \end{array}$ |  | 3,378 12,915 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,459 \\ 13,225 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,542 \\ 13,543 \end{array}$ |  | 3,627 13,868 |
| 897 |  |  | Total Operating Expenses |  | s | 588,170 | s | 670,621 |  |  | s | 670,621 | s | 860,729 | s | 881,956 | \$ | 903,716 | s | 926,022 | s | 948,888 | s | 972,328 | s | 996,357 | s | 1,020,991 | s | 1,046,245 |
| 898 | G252303003500121 | WPMRC | Recovered Costs WPFO-Labor Charges | Labor | s | (45,750) \$ |  | $(39,788) \$$ |  |  | § | (39,788) | s | $(45,000)$ | s | (46,350) | s | (47,741) | s | (49,173) | s | (50,648) | s | (52,167) | s | (53,732) | s | (55,344) |  | (57,005) |
| 89 | G252303003501520 | WPMRC | Reimb-Cpulfringe Be | Benefits |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 900 |  |  | Total Recovered Costs |  | s | (45,750) |  | $(39,788)$ S |  |  | s | (39,788) | s | $(45,000)$ | s | (46,350) | s | (47,741) | s | (49,173) | s | (50,648) | s | (52,167) | \$ | (53,732) | s | (55,344) | \$ | (57,005) |
| ${ }_{902}^{901}$ | G252303003566125 G252303003566150 | wPMCE WPMCE | Capital Equipment [1] Equiptment Exp SC OnI Vehicle Expense | Bud Cap Bud Cap | \$ | 12,825 | \$ | 126,772 | s | (126,772) |  |  | s | - | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  |
| 903 |  |  | Total Capital Equipment [1] |  | s | 12,825 | s | 126,772 | s | (126,772) |  | . | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ | - |
| 904 |  |  | Total WP\&M - Lab |  | s | 2,893,092 | s | 2,965,742 | s | (126,772) |  | 2,838,970 | s | 3,112,191 | s | 3,200,962 | s | 3,292,292 | s | 3,386,255 | s | 3,482,928 | s | 3,582,389 | s | 3,684,720 | s | 3,790,005 | s | 3,898,329 |
| 905 |  |  | Total WP\&M Department |  | s | 10,010,979 | s | 12,34,956 | s | (974,440) |  | 11,660,264 | \$ | 14,577,244 | s | 15,071,196 | s | 15,876,654 | s | 16,32,996 | s | 16,796,315 | s | 17,276,109 | s | 17,769,729 | s | 18,277,576 | s | 18,800,064 |

$\overline{\text { Font }}$


Footmotes
[1] WMP capitalizes budgeted equipment and capital outlays and therefore was reclassified to the forecasted Capital Improvement Program (reference Table 10).
[2] Forecasted amount sare based on: i) Forecasted amounts are based on the apportionment of costs from budgetary estimates and forecasts provided by the erespective Treatment by Contract (TBC) provider and based on discussions with WMP staff.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ling } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Description | Escalation <br> Reference [1] | Proposed |  | Adjustments |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Adjusted } \\ 2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2024 |  |  |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |
| AlexRenew - Alexandria Renew Enterprises |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { AlexRenew - O\&M Costs Allocated to Fairfax Co.[2] }}{\text { Total Operating Expenses }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { O\&M ARE } \\ \text { Input } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} 8,386,991 \\ (3,818,760) \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | \$ | - | s | 28,386,991$(3,818,766)$ | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 29,096,666 \\ (3,914,235) \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29,824,082 \\ & (4,012,091) \end{aligned}$ | \$ | 30,569,684 <br> (4,112,393) | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 31,333,927 \\ (4,215,203) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{gathered} 32,117,275 \\ (4,320,583) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32,920,207 \\ (4,428,597) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  | \$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 35,451,462 \\ & (4,769,115) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | \$ |  | ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,743,212 \\ & (4,539,312) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 34,586,792 \\ & (4,652,795) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 5) ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |  |
|  | Less: AlexRenew Only Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Joint Operating Expenses |  | \$ | 24,568,225 | \$ |  | s | 24,568,225 | \$ | 25,182,431 | \$ | 25,811,992 | \$ | 26,457,292 | \$ | 27,118,724 | \$ | 27,796,692 | \$ | 28,491,609 | \$ | 29,203,900 | \$ | 29,933,997 | \$ | 30,682,347 |  |
| 4 | Percentage Allocation to Fairfax Co. |  |  | 50.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 50.00\% |  | 50.12\% |  | 50.22\% |  | 50.32\% |  | 50.42\% |  | 50.51\% |  | 50.61\% |  | 50.71\% |  | 50.81\% |  | 50.91\% |  |
| 5 | Operating Expenses Allocated to Fairfax Co. |  | \$ | 12,284,113 | s | - | s | 12,284,113 | \$ | 12,621,571 | \$ | 12,962,449 | \$ | 13,312,495 | \$ | 13,671,952 | \$ | 14,041,073 | s | 14,420,091 | \$ | 14,809,319 | \$ | 15,208,980 | \$ | 15,619,428 |  |
| 6 | Less: Charges for Alexandria City Flow |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Adjustments for Historical Budget to Actual Variance |  |  |  |  | $(220,000)$ |  | (220,000) |  | (226,044) |  | (232,149) |  | (238,418) |  | (244,855) |  | $(251,466)$ |  | (258,254) |  | $(265,225)$ |  | (272,382) |  | (279,733) |  |
| 8 | Operating Expenses Allocated to Fairfax Co. - FY Adj |  | \$ | 12,284,113 | s | $(220,000)$ | s | 12,064,113 | \$ | 12,395,527 | \$ | 12,730,301 | \$ | 13,074,077 | \$ | 13,427,097 | \$ | 13,789,607 | S | 14,161,837 | \$ | 14,544,094 | \$ | 14,936,597 | \$ | 15,339,694 |  |
| 9 | Gross Joint Assets | IR\&R ARE | \$ | 772,711,685 | s | - | s | 772,711,685 | \$ | 835,764,958 | \$ | 877,553,006 | \$ | 908,267,361 | \$ | 940,056,719 | \$ | 972,958,704 | S 1 | 1,007,012,259 | \$ 1 | 1,042,257,688 | \$ | 1,078,736,707 | \$ | 1,116,492,492 |  |
| 10 | Funding Percentage per Agreement |  |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  | 0.70\% |  |
| 11 | Fairfax Co. Share (60\%) [3] |  |  | 3,245,389 |  | - |  | 3,245,389 |  | 3,510,213 |  | 3,685,723 |  | 3,814,723 |  | 3,948,238 |  | 4,086,427 |  | 4,229,451 |  | 4,377,482 |  | 4,530,694 |  | 4,689,268 |  |
| 12 | Adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | IR\&R Expenditures Allocated to Fairfax County [3] |  | s | 3,245,389 | s |  | s | 3,245,389 | S | 3,510,213 | \$ | 3,685,723 | \$ | 3,814,723 | \$ | 3,948,238 | \$ | 4,086,427 | S | 4,229,451 | S | 4,377,482 | \$ | 4,530,694 | \$ | 4,689,268 |  |
|  | Subtotal ARE - O\&M Costs Allocated to Fairfax Co. |  |  |  |  |  | s | 15,317,171 | s | 15,839,534 | \$ | 16,372,146 | \$ | 16,856,550 | \$ | 17,341,957 | \$ | 17,841,487 | s | 18,355,533 | s | 18,884,569 | \$ | 19,428,988 | \$ | 19,989,319 |  |
|  | Accruals/Fiscal Year End Adjustments [4] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total ARE - O\&M Costs Allocated to Fairfax Co. |  |  |  |  |  | s | 15,317,171 | s | 15,839,534 | \$ | 16,372,146 | \$ | 16,856,550 | \$ | 17,341,957 | \$ | 17,841,487 | \$ | 18,355,533 | s | 18,884,569 | \$ | 19,428,988 | \$ | 19,989,319 |  |
|  | Arlington County - WPCP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Arlington WPCP - O\&M Costs Allocated to Fairfax Co.[5] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Escalation Factor Arlington Total Operating Expenses |  | \$ | 25,980,662 | \$ | - | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Annual Sewage Flow - Fairfax Co. to Arlington | Input |  | - |  | - |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  | 790,590 |  |
| 16 | Annual Sewage Flow at Arlington (WPCP) | Input |  |  |  | - |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  | 8,104,407 |  |
| 17 | Allocation Factor (Line 15/Line 16) |  |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  | 9.8\% |  |
| 18 | Fairfax County Allocable O\&M Payment |  | \$ | 2,534,430 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,534,430 | \$ | 2,592,722 | \$ | 2,654,947 | \$ | 2,718,666 | \$ | 2,783,914 | s | 2,850,728 | \$ | 2,919,145 | \$ | 2,989,205 | \$ | 3,060,946 | \$ | 3,134,408 |  |
| 19 | Accruals/Fiscal Year End Adjustments [6] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | Total Arlington WPCP - O\&M Costs Allocated to Fairfax Co.[5] |  | \$ | 2,534,430 | S | - | s | 2,534,430 | \$ | 2,592,722 | \$ | 2,654,947 | \$ | 2,718,666 | S | 2,783,914 | S | 2,850,728 | s | 2,919,145 | \$ | 2,989,205 | \$ | 3,060,946 | \$ | 3,134,408 |  |
|  | Blue Plains - DCWater |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | DCWater - O\&M Costs Allocated to Fairfax Co.[7] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Interceptors | Inflation | \$ | 513,594 | \$ | - | s | 513,594 | \$ | 529,002 | \$ | 544,872 | \$ | 561,218 | \$ | 578,055 | s | 595,397 | s | 613,259 | \$ | 631,657 | \$ | 650,607 | \$ | 670,125 |  |
| 22 | Pumping Stations | Inflation |  | 330,715 |  |  |  | 330,715 |  | 340,636 |  | 350,855 |  | 361,381 |  | 372,222 |  | 383,389 |  | 394,891 |  | 406,738 |  | 418,940 |  | 431,508 |  |
| 23 | Screen Chambers | Inflation |  | 88 |  | - |  | 88 |  | 91 |  | 94 |  | 97 |  | 100 |  | 103 |  | 106 |  | 109 |  | 112 |  | 115 |  |
| 24 | Wastewater Treatment Plant | Inflation |  | 8,672,978 |  |  |  | 8,672,978 |  | 8,933,167 |  | 9,201,162 |  | 9,477,197 |  | 9,761,513 |  | 10,054,358 |  | 10,355,989 |  | 10,666,669 |  | 10,986,669 |  | 11,316,269 |  |
| 25 | D.C. Sludge Costs | DC Sludge |  | 1,620,022 |  | - |  | 1,620,022 |  | 1,668,623 |  | 1,718,682 |  | 1,770,242 |  | 1,823,349 |  | 1,878,049 |  | 1,934,390 |  | 1,992,422 |  | 2,052,195 |  | 2,113,761 |  |
| 26 | Indirect Costs | Inflation |  | 2,209,011 |  |  |  | 2,209,011 |  | 2,275,281 |  | 2,343,539 |  | 2,413,845 |  | 2,486,260 |  | 2,560,848 |  | 2,637,673 |  | 2,716,803 |  | 2,798,307 |  | 2,882,256 |  |
| 27 | Rental and User Fees | Inflation |  | 379,795 |  | - |  | 379,795 |  | 391,189 |  | 402,925 |  | 415,013 |  | 427,463 |  | 440,287 |  | 453,496 |  | 467,101 |  | 481,114 |  | 495,547 |  |
| 28 | wSSC Biosolids | Inflation |  | 641,815 |  | - |  | 641,815 |  | 661,069 |  | 680,901 |  | 701,328 |  | 722,368 |  | 744,039 |  | 766,360 |  | 789,351 |  | 813,032 |  | 837,423 |  |
| 29 | Excess Flow and Other Payments | Inflation |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
| 30 | Additional Costs | Inflation |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | Accruals/Fiscal Year End Adjustments [8] | Inflation |  | $\square$ |  | - |  | $\square$ |  | - |  | 1524030 |  | - |  | - |  | 16 |  | $\underline{-}$ |  | 17.67085 |  | - |  |  |  |
| 32 | Total DCWater - O\&M Costs Allocated to Fairfax Co.[7] |  | \$ | 14,368,018 | s | - | s | 14,368,018 | \$ | 14,799,058 | \$ | 15,243,030 | \$ | 15,700,321 | s | 16,171,330 | S | 16,656,470 | s | 17,156,164 | \$ | 17,670,850 | \$ | 18,200,976 | S | 18,747,004 |  |
|  | Upper Occoquan Sewage Authority - UOSA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | UOSA - O\&M Costs Allocated to Fairfax Co.[9] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | UOSA Total Operating Expenses | Composite | \$ | 33,169,241 | \$ | 995,077 | s | 34,164,318 | \$ | 34,950,097 | \$ | 35,788,900 | \$ | 36,647,833 | \$ | 37,527,381 | s | 38,428,038 | s | 39,350,311 | \$ | 40,294,719 | \$ | 41,261,792 | \$ | 42,252,075 |  |
| 34 | Annual Sewage Flow - Fairfax Co. to UOSA (MG) | Input |  | - |  | - |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  | 4,678,570 |  |
| 35 | Annual Sewage Flow at UOSA (MG) | Input |  |  |  |  |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  | 12,598,500 |  |
| 36 | Allocation Factor |  |  | 37.1\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  | 37.1\% |  |
| 37 | Fairfax County Allocable O\&M Payment |  |  | 12,317,706 |  | 369,531 |  | 12,687,237 |  | 12,979,043 |  | 13,290,540 |  | 13,609,513 |  | 13,936,142 |  | 14,270,609 |  | 14,613,104 |  | 14,963,818 |  | 15,322,950 |  | 15,690,701 |  |
| 38 | AccrualsFiscal Year End Adjustments [10] |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |
| 39 | Reserve and Maintenance Fund Deposits | Composite | s | 3,836,903 | s | - | \$ | 3,836,903 | s | 3,925,152 | \$ | 4,019,355 | \$ | 4,115,820 | \$ | 4,214,599 | \$ | 4,315,750 | \$ | 4,419,328 | s | 5,363,427 | \$ | 5,492,149 | \$ | 5,623,961 |  |
| 40 | Fairfax Co. Reserved Capac. from UOSA | Input |  | - |  | - |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  | 22.10 |  |
| 41 | Total Capacity of UOSA WWTP | Input |  | - |  | - |  | 54.00 |  | 54.00 |  | 54.00 |  | 54.00 |  | 54.00 |  | 54.00 |  | 54.00 |  | 64.00 |  | 64.00 |  | 64.00 |  |
| 42 | Allocation Factor |  |  | 40.93\% |  | 40.93\% |  | 40.93\% |  | 40.93\% |  | 40.93\% |  | 40.93\% |  | 40.93\% |  | 40.93\% |  | 40.93\% |  | 34.53\% |  | 34.53\% |  | 34.53\% |  |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Line } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Description | Escalation Reference [1] | Proposed |  | Adjustments |  | Adjusted |  | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2024 |  |  |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |
| 43 | Fairfax County Allocable R\&M Deposits |  | \$ | 1,570,287 |  |  | \$ |  | s | 1,570,287 | \$ | 1,606,404 | \$ | 1,644,957 | \$ | 1,684,436 | \$ | 1,724,863 | s | 1,766,259 | s | 1,808,650 | \$ | 1,852,061 | \$ | 1,896,511 | \$ | 1,942,027 |
| 44 | AccrualsFiscal Year End Adjustments [10] |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | Total UOSA Allocated Cost |  | \$ | 13,887,993 | S | 369,531 | s | 14,257,524 | \$ | 14,585,447 | \$ | 14,935,497 | \$ | 15,293,949 | S | 15,661,005 | S | 16,036,868 | S | 16,421,754 | S | 16,815,879 | s | 17,219,461 | s | 17,632,728 |
|  | Loudoun County Sanitation Authority |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | Fairfax Flow to BRWRF |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | $\checkmark$ |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 48 | Total Wastewater Treated at BRWRF |  |  | $\stackrel{-}{0}$ |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $\cdots$ |  | - |  | - |  | $\stackrel{-}{0}$ |
| 49 | Fairfax Proportion |  |  | 0.00\% |  |  |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |
| 50 | LCSA Total Operating Costs |  | \$ | 21,500,000 |  |  | \$ | 21,500,000 | \$ | 21,500,000 | \$ | 21,500,000 | \$ | 21,500,000 | \$ | 21,500,000 | \$ | 21,500,000 | S | 21,500,000 | \$ | 21,500,000 | \$ | 21,500,000 | \$ | 21,500,000 |
| 51 | Fairfax County Allocable O\&M Paymen |  |  | - |  |  |  | . |  | . |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | . |  | . |  | - |  |  |

Footnotes:
[1] Escalation reference apply to costs beginning with the Fiscal Year 2024 and beyond.
[2] Forecasted amounts are based on: i) apportionment of costs from budgetary estimates by AlexRenew; and ii) escalation of costs based on information provided by AlexRenew and discussions with WMP Staff
[3] Projected IR\&R contribution based on the master indenture of trust agreement that entitles AlexRenew to collect IR\&R Funds not to exceed $0.70 \%$ of the prior year's gross utility plant in service multiplied by the Fairfax Allocation of such plant in service (currently at $60.0 \%$ ),
[4] Adjustment made for Historical Fiscal Years to account for: i) true up of the operating costs performed by AlexRenew at the end of the Fiscal Year; and ii) adjustments to account for the difference in the Fiscal Year period between AlexRenew and Fairfax County.
[5] Forecasted amounts are based on: i) apportionment of costs from budgetary estimates by Arlington County; and ii) escalation of costs based on information provided by Arlington County and discussions with WMP Staff.
[6] Adjustment made for Historical Fiscal Years to account for: i) true up of the operating costs performed by Arlington County at the end of the Fiscal Year, if any.
[7] Forecasted amounts are based on apportionment of costs from budgetary estimates by DCWater; and ii) escalation of costs based on information provided by DCWater and discussions with WMP Staff.
[8] Adjustment made for Historical Fiscal Years to account for: i) true up of the operating costs performed by DCWater at the end of the Fiscal Year; and ii) adjustments to account for the difference in the Fiscal Year period between DCWater and Fairfax County.
[9] Forecasted amounts are based on: i) apportionment of costs from budgetary estimates by UOSA; and ii) escalation of costs based on information provided by UOSA and discussions with WMP Staff.
[10] Adjustment made for Historical Fiscal Years to account for: i) true up of the operating costs performed by UOSA at the end of the Fiscal Year; and ii) Interest earnings and additional charges/credits that occurred during the Fiscal Year.

## Historical and Projected Sales of Service (Bulk Sales) and Other Revenue

| Line | Description | Escalation | $\begin{gathered} \text { Actual [1] } \\ 2022 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | Factors |  |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |
| Sales of Service (Bulk Sales) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | City of Fairfax [2] | Calculated | \$ | 2,280,046 | \$ | 2,417,651 | S | 2,543,168 | \$ | 2,609,502 | \$ | 2,677,464 | \$ | 2,747,116 | \$ | 2,818,418 | \$ | 2,891,431 | \$ | 2,966,303 | \$ | 3,043,354 | \$ | 3,122,569 |
| 2 | Town of Herndon [3] | Calculated |  | 1,643,043 |  | 1,517,814 |  | 1,557,814 |  | 1,598,868 |  | 1,641,000 |  | 1,684,237 |  | 1,728,608 |  | 1,774,148 |  | 1,820,878 |  | 1,868,839 |  | 1,918,047 |
| 3 | Arlington County [4] | Calculated |  | 772,690 |  | 678,121 |  | 696,072 |  | 714,499 |  | 733,412 |  | 752,824 |  | 772,748 |  | 793,200 |  | 814,188 |  | 835,733 |  | 857,841 |
| 4 | Fort Belvoir [5] | Calculated |  | 2,692,819 |  | 2,791,257 |  | 2,918,916 |  | 3,039,675 |  | 3,219,088 |  | 3,391,601 |  | 3,571,014 |  | 3,760,779 |  | 3,960,893 |  | 4,171,359 |  | 4,395,626 |
| 5 | City of Falls Church [6] | Calculated |  | 672,472 |  | 752,043 |  | 764,393 |  | 783,450 |  | 802,240 |  | 820,654 |  | 839,487 |  | 858,749 |  | 878,447 |  | 898,595 |  | 919,197 |
| 6 | Town of Vienna [7] | Calculated |  | 651,000 |  | 800,569 |  | 856,778 |  | 879,177 |  | 902,067 |  | 925,514 |  | 949,516 |  | 974,095 |  | 999,300 |  | 1,025,237 |  | 1,051,900 |
| 7 | FCWA [8] | Calculated |  | 126,178 |  | 155,850 |  | 163,060 |  | 169,978 |  | 179,283 |  | 189,124 |  | 199,160 |  | 209,732 |  | 220,889 |  | 232,630 |  | 245,102 |
| 8 | I-95 ERRF (Covanta) [9] | Calculated |  | 268,775 |  | 270,016 |  | 282,508 |  | 294,493 |  | 310,615 |  | 327,665 |  | 345,053 |  | 363,369 |  | 382,698 |  | 403,040 |  | 424,648 |
| 9 | LCSA [10]. | Calculated |  | 209,026 |  | 208,636 |  | 213,434 |  | 218,557 |  | 223,802 |  | 229,173 |  | 234,673 |  | 240,306 |  | 246,073 |  | 251,979 |  | 258,026 |
| 10 | Sales of Service (Bulk Revenue) |  | \$ | $\underline{\text { 9,316,050 }}$ | \$ | 9,591,955 | \$ | 9,996,143 | \$ | 10,308,201 | \$ | 10,688,973 | \$ | 11,067,909 | \$ | 11,458,677 | \$ | 11,865,808 | \$ | 12,289,669 | \$ | 12,730,765 | \$ | 13,192,955 |
| 11 | Percentage Change |  |  |  |  | 2.96\% |  | 4.21\% |  | 3.12\% |  | 3.69\% |  | 3.55\% |  | 3.53\% |  | 3.55\% |  | 3.57\% |  | 3.59\% |  | 3.63\% |
| Other Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Miscellaneous Revenue | Constant | \$ | 278,169 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 | \$ | 675,000 |
| 13 | Industrial Pretreatment Charges | Constant |  | , |  | , |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 14 | Engineering Fees | Constant |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |
| 15 | Sale of Capital Equipment | Constant |  | 42,385 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 16 | Sales of Salvage | Constant |  | 28,477 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |  | 100,000 |
| 17 | Subtotal Other Revenues |  | \$ | 349,031 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 | \$ | 775,000 |
| 18 | Percentage Change |  |  |  |  | 122.04\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | 0.00\% |  | $\xrightarrow{0.00 \%}$ |
| Non-Recurring Revenues (to E\&I Fund) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Lateral Spur Fees [11] | Connections | \$ | 3,000 | \$ | 10,000 | \$ | 10,042 | \$ | 10,084 | \$ | 10,127 | \$ | 10,169 | \$ | 10,212 | \$ | 10,255 | \$ | 10,298 | \$ | 10,341 | \$ | 10,384 |
| 20 | Connection Charges [11] | Connections |  | 707,819 |  | 250,000 |  | 251,050 |  | 252,104 |  | 253,163 |  | 254,226 |  | 255,294 |  | 256,366 |  | 257,443 |  | 258,524 |  | 259,612 |
| 21 | Frontage Fees [11] | Constant |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |
| 22 | Subtotal Non-Recurring Revenues |  | \$ | $\xrightarrow{710,819}$ | \$ | 260,000 | \$ | 261,092 | \$ | 262,189 | \$ | 263,290 | \$ | 264,396 | \$ | 265,506 | \$ | 266,621 | \$ | 267,741 | \$ | 268,865 | \$ | 269,996 |
| 23 | Percentage Change |  |  |  |  | (63.42\%) |  | 0.42\% |  | 0.42\% |  | 0.42\% |  | 0.42\% |  | 0.42\% |  | 0.42\% |  | 0.42\% |  | 0.42\% |  | 0.42\% |
| Capital Contributions [12] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | City of Fairfax |  |  |  | \$ | 5,050,218 | \$ | 7,578,054 | \$ | 10,094,669 | \$ | 8,982,985 | \$ | 8,147,122 | \$ | 5,877,555 | \$ | 4,469,552 | \$ | 3,854,785 | \$ | 3,428,955 | \$ | 3,422,687 |
| 25 | Town of Herndon |  |  |  |  | 1,599,871 |  | 1,816,065 |  | 2,755,548 |  | 2,842,161 |  | 4,174,065 |  | 4,533,774 |  | 3,800,710 |  | 3,106,355 |  | 2,052,677 |  | 1,246,935 |
| 26 | Arlington County |  |  |  |  | 959,923 |  | 1,089,639 |  | 1,653,329 |  | 1,705,297 |  | 2,504,439 |  | 2,720,265 |  | 2,280,426 |  | 1,863,813 |  | 1,231,606 |  | 748,161 |
| 27 | City of Falls Church |  |  |  |  | 602,963 |  | 536,636 |  | 840,401 |  | 534,043 |  | 610,494 |  | 434,877 |  | 217,901 |  | 162,901 |  | 165,216 |  | 168,519 |
| 28 | Town of Vienna |  |  |  |  | 1,503,041 |  | 2,255,373 |  | 3,004,366 |  | 2,673,507 |  | 2,424,739 |  | 1,749,272 |  | 1,330,224 |  | 1,147,257 |  | 1,020,522 |  | 1,018,657 |
| 29 | Total Capital Reimbursement from SoS |  |  |  | \$ | 9,716,015 | \$ | 13,275,766 | \$ | 18,348,313 | \$ | 16,737,994 | \$ | 17,860,858 | \$ | 15,315,743 | \$ | 12,098,813 | \$ | 10,135,112 | \$ | 7,898,978 | \$ | 6,604,959 |

Footnotes:
[1] Historical amounts obtained from information as provided by the County.
[2] Amounts calculated from: i) assumptions as contained on the respective agreement; ii) review of historical invoices as provided by the County; iii) other information as provided by the County. Amounts shown estimated as follows
Description

## City of Fairfax:

City of Fairfax Share of Noman Cole O\&M Cost
G252302002 NMColeJr PCP
G252302003 NMColeJr PCP
Other Direct Cost Allocation
Other Direct Cost Allocation - \% of Total O\&M
djustment
Total Noman Cole O\&M Costs
Sewage Flows - City of Fairfax
Total Noman Cole Sewage Flow
Allocation Percentage - O\&M Costs

| 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2032 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$15,673,926 | \$15,921,958 | \$16,404,808 | \$16,901,574 | \$17,412,121 | \$17,936,752 | \$18,475,500 | \$19,030,256 | \$19,603,616 | \$20,196,556 |
| 8,368,782 | 9,473,143 | 9,763,119 | 10,062,190 | 10,370,647 | 10,688,792 | 11,016,939 | 11,355,409 | 11,704,536 | 12,064,664 |
| 9,710,895 | 10,257,129 | 10,569,275 | 10,890,715 | 11,221,513 | 11,561,912 | 11,912,052 | 12,272,828 | 12,645,422 | 13,030,368 |
| 28.8\% | 28.8\% | 28.8\% | 28.8\% | 28.8\% | 28.8\% | 28.8\% | 28.8\% | 28.8\% | 28.8\% |
| $(1,012,608)$ | $(1,069,567)$ | $(1,102,116)$ | $(1,135,634)$ | $(1,170,128)$ | $(1,205,624)$ | $(1,242,135)$ | $(1,279,755)$ | $(1,318,607)$ | $(1,358,748)$ |
| \$32,740,995 | \$34,582,664 | \$35,635,086 | \$36,718,845 | \$37,834,152 | \$38,981,832 | \$40,162,357 | \$41,378,738 | \$42,634,967 | \$43,932,840 |
| 973,621 | 973,621 | 973,621 | 973,621 | 973,621 | 973,621 | 973,621 | 973,621 | 973,621 | 973,621 |
| 14,437,838 | 14,497,304 | 14,558,748 | 14,620,736 | 14,682,868 | 14,745,544 | 14,808,473 | 14,871,873 | 14,935,419 | 14,999,652 |
| 6.74\% | 6.72\% | 6.69\% | 6.66\% | 6.63\% | 6.60\% | 6.57\% | 6.55\% | 6.52\% | 6.49\% |

Allocated O\&M Cost to City of Fairfax
Plus: Overhead @ 9.5\% of Allocated O\&M Cost
Total Allocated O\&M Cost to City of Fairfax
Adjustments for Accruals/rue-Up
Adjutal Sales of Service Revenue - City of Fairfax

City of Fairfax Share of Noman Cole Capital Costs
Noman Cole CIP Costs
Adjusted Noman Cole CIP Cost
Total Capacity - Noman Cole
Capacity Reservation City of Fairfax
Capital Cost Allocation Percentag
City of Fairfax Share of Noman Cole Capital Costs Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Total Capital Reimbursement - City of Fairfa

## [3] Town of Herndon:

Trunk Sewer Operation and Maintenance Payment Actual O\&M Costs
Plus Overhead @ 4\%
Total Costs
Town of Herndon Allocated Costs (@37.70\%)
District of Columbia Conveyance and Disposal Charge Blue Plains - O\&M Payments

Sewage Flows - Herndon
Total Flows sent to Blue Plains
Allocation Percentage
Blue Plains O\&M Costs Allocable to Herndo
Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue - Herndon
Blue Plains - Capital Payment
Blue Plains CIP Costs
Capacity Reservation - Herndon
Total Capacity Reservation for County
Allocation Percentage - Capital Costs

CIP costs allocated to Herndon
Adjustments
Total Capital Reimbursement - Herndon
Determination of Rate
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue - Herndon
Total Capital Reimbursement - Herndon
Total Payment due from Herndon
Sewage Flows ( 000 's gallons)
Rate Charged
Calculation of Balance (Informational) Beginning Balance Due from/(to) Herndo
Ending Balance Due from/(to) Herndon

| \$2,207,900 209,751 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,322,528 \\ 220,640 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,383,107 \\ 226,395 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,445,173 \\ 232,291 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,508,782 \\ 238,334 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,573,898 \\ 244,520 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,640,576 \\ 250,855 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$2,708,952 257,350 | $\$ 2,779,319$ 264,035 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { \$2,851,661 } \\ 270,908 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$2,417,651 | \$2,543,168 | \$2,609,502 | \$2,677,464 | \$2,747,116 | \$2,818,418 | \$2,891,431 | \$2,966,303 | \$3,043,354 | \$3,122,569 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$2,417,651 | \$2,543,168 | \$2,609,502 | \$2,677,464 | \$2,747,116 | \$2,818,418 | \$2,891,431 | \$2,966,303 | \$3,043,354 | \$3,122,569 |
| \$80,563,000 | \$120,888,000 | \$161,034,000 | \$143,300,000 | \$129,966,000 | \$93,761,000 | \$71,300,000 | \$61,493,000 | \$54,700,000 | \$54,600,000 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$80,563,000 | \$120,888,000 | \$161,034,000 | \$143,300,000 | \$129,966,000 | \$93,761,000 | \$71,300,000 | \$61,493,000 | \$54,700,000 | \$54,600,000 |
| 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| 6.27\% | 6.27\% | 6.27\% | 6.27\% | 6.27\% | 6.27\% | 6.27\% | 6.27\% | 6.27\% | 6.27\% |
| \$5,050,218 | \$7,578,054 | \$10,094,669 | \$8,982,985 | \$8,147,122 | \$5,877,555 | \$4,469,552 | \$3,854,785 | \$3,428,955 | \$3,422,687 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$5,050,218 | \$7,578,054 | \$10,094,669 | \$8,982,985 | \$8,147,122 | \$5,877,555 | \$4,469,552 | \$3,854,785 | \$3,428,955 | $\underline{\text { \$3,422,687 }}$ |



| \$14,368,018 | \$14,799,058 | \$15,243,030 | \$15,700,321 | \$16,171,330 | \$16,656,470 | \$17,156,164 | \$17,670,850 | \$18,200,976 | \$18,747,004 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 | 1,085,107 |
| 10,271,901 | 10,308,392 | 10,345,013 | 10,381,794 | 10,418,737 | 10,455,842 | 10,493,075 | 10,530,502 | 10,568,058 | 10,605,840 |
| 10.56\% | 10.53\% | 10.49\% | 10.45\% | 10.41\% | 10.38\% | 10.34\% | 10.30\% | 10.27\% | 10.23\% |
| \$1,517,814 | \$1,557,814 | \$1,598,868 | \$1,641,000 | \$1,684,237 | \$1,728,608 | \$1,774,148 | \$1,820,878 | \$1,868,839 | \$1,918,047 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$1,517,814 | \$1,557,814 | \$1,598,868 | \$1,641,000 | \$1,684,237 | \$1,728,608 | \$1,774,148 | \$1,820,878 | \$1,868,839 | \$1,918,047 |
| \$16,532,000 | \$18,766,000 | \$28,474,000 | \$29,369,000 | \$43,132,000 | \$46,849,000 | \$39,274,000 | \$32,099,000 | \$21,211,000 | \$12,885,000 |
| 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 |
| 9.68\% | 9.68\% | 9.68\% | 9.68\% | 9.68\% | 9.68\% | 9.68\% | 9.68\% | 9.68\% | 9.68\% |
| \$1,599,871 | \$1,816,065 | \$2,755,548 | \$2,842,161 | \$4,174,065 | \$4,533,774 | \$3,800,710 | \$3,106,355 | \$2,052,677 | \$1,246,935 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$1,599,871 | \$1,816,065 | \$2,755,548 | \$2,842,161 | \$4,174,065 | \$4,533,774 | \$3,800,710 | \$3,106,355 | \$2,052,677 | \$1,246,935 |


| $\$ 1,517,814$ | $\$ 1,557,814$ | $\$ 1,598,868$ | $\$ 1,641,000$ | $\$ 1,684,237$ | $\$ 1,728,608$ | $\$ 1,774,148$ | $\$ 1,820,878$ | $\$ 1,868,839$ | $\$ 1,918,047$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 1,599,871$ | $\$ 1,816,065$ | $\$ 2,755,548$ | $\$ 2,842,161$ | $\$ 4,174,065$ | $\$ 4,533,774$ | $\$ 3,800,710$ | $\$ 3,106,355$ | $\$ 2,052,677$ | $\$ 1,246,935$ |
| $\$ 3,117,685$ | $\$ 3,373,878$ | $\$ 4,354,417$ | $\$ 4,483,161$ | $\$ 5,858,301$ | $\$ 6,262,382$ | $\$ 5,574,858$ | $\$ 4,927,233$ | $\$ 3,921,516$ | $\$ 3,164,982$ |
| $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ | $1,085,107$ |
| $\$ 2.87$ | $\$ 3.11$ | $\$ 4.01$ | $\$ 4.13$ | $\$ 5.40$ | $\$ 5.77$ | $\$ 5.14$ | $\$ 4.54$ | $\$ 3.61$ | $\$ 2.92$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |  |

## Historical and Proiected Sales of Service (Bulk Sales) and Other Revenue

## [4] Arlington County:

District of Columbia Conveyance and Disposal Charg Blue Plains - O\&M Payments

Sewage Flows - Arlington County
Total Flows sent to Blue Plains
Allocation Percentage
Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Blue Plains O\&M Costs - Arlington County
Blue Plains Annual User Fee Payments (IMA) Fairfax County Payments

Capacity Reservation - Arlington
Total Capacity Reservation for Fairfax County
Arlington County Share of Payments
Blue Plains User Fee Payments (IMA)
Pimmit Run Trunk Sewer O\&M Payment
Annual O\&M Costs - Fairfax Trunk Sewers

Annual Flow of Sewage - Pimmit Run System of Fairfax Allocation Percentage - Pimmit Run O\&M Costs

Pimmit Run O\&M Costs Allocable to Arlington
Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Pimmit Run Trunk Sewer O\&M payment
Total Sales of Services Receivables - Arlington County
Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue for Arlington County
Blue Plains - Capital Payment
Blue Plains CIP Costs
Capacity Reservation - Arlington
Total Capacity Reservation for County
Allocation Percentage
CIP costs Allocated to Arlington
Accrual/Adjustments
Total Capital Reimbursement - Arlingtor

## 5] Fort Belvoir:

Noman Cole CIP Costs
Capacity Reservation - Fort Belvio
Total Payment due from Herndon
Allocation Percentage
CIP costs Allocated to Arlington
Accrual/Adjustments
Total Capital Reimbursement - Fort Belvio
Norman Cole O\&M Payment
Sewage Flows
Total Sales of Services Receivables - Fort Belvoir
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\$ 13,988,223 & \$ 14,407,869 & \$ 14,840,105 & \$ 15,285,308 & \$ 15,743,867 & \$ 16,216,183 & \$ 16,702,668 & \$ 17,203,749 & \$ 17,719,862\end{array} \quad \$ 18,251,457$

| $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,271,901 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,308,392 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,345,013 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,381,794 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10.418737 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,455,842 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,493,075 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,530,502 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,568,058 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 481,767 \\ 10,605,840 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.69\% | 4.67\% | 4.66\% | 4.64\% | 4.62\% | 4.61\% | 4.59\% | 4.57\% | 4.56\% | 4.54\% |
| $\$ 656,068$ 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 673,358 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 691,104 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 709,315 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | \$728,004 0 | \$747,183 0 | $\$ 766,868$ 0 | \$787,066 0 | \$807,797 0 | \$829,067 0 |
| \$656,068 | \$673,358 | \$691,104 | \$709,315 | \$728,004 | \$747,183 | \$766,868 | \$787,066 | \$807,797 | \$829,067 |
| \$379,795 | \$391,189 | \$402,925 | \$415,013 | \$427,463 | \$440,287 | \$453,496 | \$467,101 | \$481,114 | \$495,547 |
| 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 |
| 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 |
| 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% |
| \$22,053 | \$22,714 | \$23,396 | \$24,098 | \$24,820 | \$25,565 | \$26,332 | \$27,122 | \$27,936 | \$28,774 |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |


| $\begin{array}{r} \$ 678,121 \\ \$ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 696,072 \\ \$ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 714,499 \\ \$ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 733,412 \\ \$ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 752,824 \\ \$ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 772,748 \\ \$ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 793,200 \\ \$ 0 \end{array}$ | $\$ 814,188$ $\$ 0$ | \$835,733 \$0 | \$857,841 $\$ 0$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$678,121 | \$696,072 | \$714,499 | \$733,412 | \$752,824 | \$772,748 | \$793,200 | \$814,188 | \$835,733 | \$857,841 |
| \$18,502,000 | \$21,681,000 | \$33,403,000 | \$34,538,000 | \$46,802,000 | \$48,465,000 | \$39,519,000 | \$32,304,000 | \$21,421,000 | \$13,096,000 |
| 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.80 |
| 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 |
| 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% | 5.81\% |
| \$1,074,310 | \$1,258,897 | \$1,939,529 | \$2,005,432 | \$2,717,535 | \$2,814,097 | \$2,294,652 | \$1,875,716 | \$1,243,800 | \$760,413 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$959,923 | \$1,089,639 | \$1,653,329 | \$1,705,297 | \$2,504,439 | \$2,720,265 | \$2,280,426 | \$1,863,813 | \$1,231,606 | \$748,161 |


| 80,563,000 | 120,888,000 | 161,034,000 | 143,300,000 | 129,966,000 | 93,761,000 | 71,300,000 | 61,493,000 | 54,700,000 | 54,600,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 |
| 4.48\% | 4.48\% | 4.48\% | 4.48\% | 4.48\% | 4.48\% | 4.48\% | 4.48\% | 4.48\% | 4.48\% |
| \$3,607,299 | \$5,412,896 | \$7,210,478 | \$6,416,418 | \$5,819,373 | \$4,198,254 | \$3,192,537 | \$2,753,418 | \$2,449,254 | \$2,444,776 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$3,607,299 | \$5,412,896 | \$7,210,478 | \$6,416,418 | \$5,819,373 | \$4,198,254 | \$3,192,537 | \$2,753,418 | \$2,449,254 | \$2,444,776 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 419,626 | 419,626 | 419,626 | 419,626 | 419,626 | 419,626 | 419,626 | 419,626 | 419,626 | 419,626 |
| \$6.65 | \$6.96 | \$7.24 | \$7.67 | \$8.08 | \$8.51 | \$8.96 | \$9.44 | \$9.94 | \$10.48 |
| \$2,791,257 | \$2,918,916 | \$3,039,675 | \$3,219,088 | \$3,391,601 | \$3,571,014 | \$3,760,779 | \$3,960,893 | \$4,171,359 | \$4,395,626 |

Accrual/Adjustments
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue for Fort Belvoil

## [6] City of Falls Church:

AlexRenew O\&M Payment AlexRenew WWTP O\&M Costs

City of Falls Church Flows Total Flows Sent to AlexRene
Allocation Percentage
AlexRenew O\&M Costs allocable to City of Falls Church
Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue for the City of Falls Churc
AlexRenew O\&M Payment
AlexRenew WWTP O\&M Cost
City of Falls Church Flows
Total Flows Sent to AlexRenew
Allocation Percentage
AlexRenew O\&M Costs allocable to City of Falls Church
Adjustments for Accruals/True-U
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue for the City of Falls Churc

## [7] Town of Vienna

Payment Number 1-O\&M Payments
A. Noman Cole O\&M Payment

Noman Cole O\&M Costs
Plus: Overhead @4.0\% of Allocable O\&M Cos
Total Allocable Costs
Town of Vienna Sewage Flow
Total Noman Cole Sewage Flow
Allocation Percentage
Noman Cole O\&M Costs allocable to Town of Vienna
B. Alex Renew O\&M Payment

Alex Renew O\&M Costs Allocable to Fairfax Plus: Overhead @ $4.0 \%$ of Allocable O\&M Costs
Total Allocable Costs
Total Flows to Alex Renew
Allocation Percentage
Alex Renew O\&M Cost Allocated to Town of Vienna
Total O\&M Payment
Adjustments for Accruals/True-U
Adjusted Total O\&M Payments
Payment Number 2-Capital Payment
A. Capital Contributions for Nitrogen Removal
B. Noman Cole CIP

Capacity Reservation - Vienna
Total Capacity - Noman Cole
Allocation Percentage - Capital Costs

## Historical and Projected Sales of Service (Bulk Sales) and Other Revenue

| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$2,791,257 | \$2,918,916 | \$3,039,675 | \$3,219,088 | \$3,391,601 | \$3,571,014 | \$3,760,779 | \$3,960,893 | \$4,171,359 | \$4,395,626 |
| \$15,317,171 | \$15,839,534 | \$16,372,146 | \$16,856,550 | \$17,341,957 | \$17,841,487 | \$18,355,533 | \$18,884,569 | \$19,428,988 | \$19,989,319 |
| 402,753 | 402,753 | 402,753 | 402,753 | 402,753 | 402,753 | 402,753 | 402,753 | 402,753 | 402,753 |
| 6,464,977 | 6,496,224 | 6,521,784 | 6,547,456 | 6,573,240 | 6,599,137 | 6,625,124 | 6,651,247 | 6,677,459 | 6,703,829 |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \$ 954,223 \\ & (202,180) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 982,019 \\ & (217,626) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,011,062 \\ (227,612) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,036,895 \\ (234,655) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,062,569 \\ (241,915) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,088,886 \\ (249,399) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,115,864 \\ (257,116) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,143,517 \\ (265,070) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,171,865 \\ (273,270) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,200,918 \\ (281,722) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| \$752,043 | \$764,393 | \$783,450 | \$802,240 | \$820,654 | \$839,487 | \$858,749 | \$878,447 | \$898,595 | \$919,197 |
| \$19,536,000 | \$17,387,000 | \$27,229,000 | \$17,303,000 | \$19,780,000 | \$14,090,000 | \$7,060,000 | \$5,278,000 | \$5,353,000 | \$5,460,000 |
| 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| 3.09\% | 3.09\% | 3.09\% | 3.09\% | 3.09\% | 3.09\% | 3.09\% | 3.09\% | 3.09\% | 3.09\% |
| \$602,963 | \$536,636 | \$840,401 | \$534,043 | \$610,494 | \$434,877 | \$217,901 | \$162,901 | \$165,216 | \$168,519 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$602,963 | \$536,636 | \$840,401 | \$534,043 | \$610,494 | \$434,877 | \$217,901 | \$162,901 | \$165,216 | \$168,519 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 32,740,995$ | $\$ 34,582,664$ | $\$ 35,635,086$ | $\$ 36,718,845$ | $\$ 37,834,152$ | $\$ 38,981,832$ | $\$ 40,162,357$ | $\$ 41,378,738$ | $\$ 42,634,967$ | $\$ 43,932,840$ |
| $1,309,640$ | $1,383,307$ | $1,425,403$ | $1,468,754$ | $1,513,366$ | $1,559,273$ | $1,606,494$ | $1,655,150$ | $1,705,399$ | $1,757,314$ |
| $\$ 34,050,635$ | $\$ 35,965,970$ | $\$ 37,060,490$ | $\$ 38,187,599$ | $\$ 39,347,518$ | $\$ 40,541,105$ | $\$ 41,768,851$ | $\$ 43,033,887$ | $\$ 44,340,365$ | $\$ 45,690,153$ |
| 339,323 | 339,323 | 339,323 | 339,323 | 339,323 | 339,323 | 339,323 | 339,323 | 339,323 | 339,323 |
| $14,437,838$ | $14,497,304$ | $14,558,748$ | $14,620,736$ | $14,682,868$ | $14,745,544$ | $14,808,473$ | $14,871,873$ | $14,935,419$ | $14,999,652$ |
| $2.35 \%$ | $2,34 \%$ | $2,33 \%$ | $2,32 \%$ | $2,31 \%$ | $2.30 \%$ | $2.29 \%$ | $2.28 \%$ | $2.27 \%$ | $2.26 \%$ |



| \$104,511 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80,563,000 | 120,888,000 | 161,034,000 | 143,300,000 | 129,966,000 | 93,761,000 | 71,300,000 | 61,493,000 | 54,700,000 | 54,600,000 |
| \$67 | \$67 | \$67 | \$67 | \$67 | \$67 | \$67 | \$67 | \$67 | \$67 |
| \$1 | \$1 | \$1 | \$1 | \$1 | \$1 | \$1 | \$1 | \$1 | \$1 |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

Total Capital Payments
Accrual/Adjustments
Adjusted Total Capital Payments
[8] FCWA:
Sewage Flows
Total Sales of Services Receivables - Fairfax Wate
Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue for Fairfax Wate
Blue Plains CIP Costs
Capacity Reservation - FCWA
Total Capacity - Noman Cole
Allocation Percentage - Capital Costs
Total Capital Payments
Accrual/Adjustments
Adjusted Total Capital Payments

## 9] I-95 ERRF (Covanta):

Sewage Flows
Rate Charged
Total Sales of Services Receivables - Covant
Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue for Covant
B. Noman Cole CIP

Capacity Reservation - Vienna
Total Capacity - Noman Cole
Allocation Percentage - Capital Costs
Total Capital Payments
Accrual/Adjustments
Adjusted Total Capital Payment
[10] Loudoun County Sanitation Authority:

1. UOSA O\&M Payments Billed to Fairfax Co.

Fairfax Co. Paym. of O\&M to UOSA
LCSA Share of Payments
UOSA O\&M Payments Allocated to LCSA
2. UOSA Reserve Maintenance Billed to Fairfax Co

Fairfax County Payments
LCSA Share of Payment
Total Sales of Services Allocated to LCSA
Adjustments for Accruals/True-Up
Adjusted Total Sales of Service Revenue for LCSA

| $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,503,041 \\ 104,511 \end{array}$ | \$2,255,373 0 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3,004,366 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,673,507 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,424,739 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,749,272 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,330,224 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,147,257 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,020,522 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,018,657 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$1,607,552 | \$2,255,373 | \$3,004,366 | \$2,673,507 | \$2,424,739 | \$1,749,272 | \$1,330,224 | \$1,147,257 | \$1,020,522 | \$1,018,657 |
| 19,487 | 19,487 | 19,487 | 19,487 | 19,487 | 19,487 | 19,487 | 19,487 | 19,487 | 19,487 |
| \$8.00 | \$8.37 | \$8.72 | \$9.20 | \$9.71 | \$10.22 | \$10.76 | \$11.34 | \$11.94 | \$12.58 |
| \$155,850 | \$163,060 | \$169,978 | \$179,283 | \$189,124 | \$199,160 | \$209,732 | \$220,889 | \$232,630 | \$245,102 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$155,850 | \$163,060 | \$169,978 | \$179,283 | \$189,124 | \$199,160 | \$209,732 | \$220,889 | \$232,630 | \$245,102 |
| \$13,972,206 | \$15,860,297 | \$24,065,123 | \$24,821,542 | \$36,453,497 | \$39,594,961 | \$33,192,865 | \$27,128,832 | \$17,926,716 | \$10,889,903 |
| 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% |
| $\begin{array}{r} \$ 208,540.39 \\ (208,540) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 236,720.85 \\ (236,721) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 359,180.93 \\ (359,181) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 370,470.78 \\ (370,471) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 544,082.04 \\ (544,082) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 590,969.57 \\ (590,970) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 495,415.89 \\ (495,416) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 404,907.94 \\ (404,908) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 267,562.93 \\ (267,563) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 162,535.87 \\ (162,536) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| \$155,850 | \$163,060 | \$169,978 | \$179,283 | \$189,124 | \$199,160 | \$209,732 | \$220,889 | \$232,630 | \$245,102 |
| 33,763 | 33,763 | 33,763 | 33,763 | 33,763 | 33,763 | 33,763 | 33,763 | 33,763 | 33,763 |
| \$8.00 | \$8.37 | \$8.72 | \$9.20 | \$9.71 | \$10.22 | \$10.76 | \$11.34 | \$11.94 | \$12.58 |
| \$270,016 | \$282,508 | \$294,493 | \$310,615 | \$327,665 | \$345,053 | \$363,369 | \$382,698 | \$403,040 | \$424,648 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$270,016 | \$282,508 | \$294,493 | \$310,615 | \$327,665 | \$345,053 | \$363,369 | \$382,698 | \$403,040 | \$424,648 |
| \$80,563,000 | \$120,888,000 | \$161,034,000 | \$143,300,000 | \$129,966,000 | \$93,761,000 | \$71,300,000 | \$61,493,000 | \$54,700,000 | \$54,600,000 |
| 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% | 1.49\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,202,433 \\ & (1,202,433) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,804,299 \\ & (1,804,299) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,403,493 \\ & (2,403,493) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,138,806 \\ & (2,138,806) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,939,791 \\ (1,939,791) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,399,418 \\ & (1,399,418) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,064,179 \\ & (1,064,179) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 917,806 \\ & (917,806) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 816,418 \\ (816,418) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 814,925 \\ & (814,925) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| \$270,016 | \$282,508 | \$294,493 | \$310,615 | \$327,665 | \$345,053 | \$363,369 | \$382,698 | \$403,040 | \$424,648 |
| \$12,687,237 | \$12,979,043 | \$13,290,540 | \$13,609,513 | \$13,936,142 | \$14,270,609 | \$14,613,104 | \$14,963,818 | \$15,322,950 | \$15,690,701 |
| 1.08\% | 1.08\% | 1.08\% | 1.08\% | 1.08\% | 1.08\% | 1.08\% | 1.08\% | 1.08\% | 1.08\% |
| \$137,582 | \$140,746 | \$144,124 | \$147,583 | \$151,125 | \$154,752 | \$158,466 | \$162,270 | \$166,164 | \$170,152 |
| s | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | \$ - | \$ - | \$ |
| \$1,570,287 | \$1,606,404 | \$1,644,957 | \$1,684,436 | \$1,724,863 | \$1,766,259 | \$1,808,650 | \$1,852,061 | \$1,896,511 | \$1,942,027 |
| 4.52\% | 4.52\% | 4.52\% | 4.52\% | 4.52\% | 4.52\% | 4.52\% | 4.52\% | 4.52\% | 4.52\% |
| \$71,054 | \$72,688 | \$74,432 | \$76,219 | \$78,048 | \$79,921 | \$81,839 | \$83,804 | \$85,815 | \$87,875 |
| \$208,636 | \$213,434 | \$218,557 | \$223,802 | \$229,173 | \$234,673 | \$240,306 | \$246,073 | \$251,979 | \$258,026 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| \$208,636 | \$213,434 | \$218,557 | \$223,802 | \$229,173 | \$234,673 | \$240,306 | \$246,073 | \$251,979 | \$258,026 |

[11] Amounts Shown considered as a Non-recurring Revenue pursuant to the General Bond Resolution
[12] Amounts Shown reflect SOS customer direct capital contributions. Other SOS customers such as Fort Belvoir are charged a single rate to recover both operating and capital cost apportionment and is considered an operating revenue of the Count

## Development of Wastewater System Revenue Requirements and Revenue Sufficiencs



[^0]
## Development of Wastewater System Revenue Requirements and Revenue Sufficiencs

Line
No.
Description
$\qquad$

Footnotes:
[1] Amounts shown derived from information as contained on Table 3.
 Bonds, Series 2016A (the "Series 2016A Bonds"), the Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 (the "Series 2017 Bonds"), and the Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 (the "Series 2021 Bonds").
[3] The following table summarizes the assumptions utilized for additional Senior Lien Debt:

Term-Years
nterest Rat
Issue Month - Principal Pmt (Jan=1) Total Projects Funded (Millions) Total Principal Issued (Millions) Annual Debt Service (Millions)

\$

| 208.4 | $\$$ | 327.5 | $\$$ | 194.9 | $\$$ | 10.6 |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| 224.8 | $\$$ | 355.6 | $\$$ | 211.9 | $\$$ | 10.8 |
| 13.8 | $\$$ | 11.6 | $\$$ | 7.1 | $\$$ | 0.0 |

[4] Amount shown includes debt service associated with outstanding VRA Loan 2001 C-515259-01, VRA Loan 2002 C-515273-01 and various outstanding UOSA debt issues.
[5] Based on discussions with WMP staff, forecast assumes the County will participate in issuances by UOSA.
[6] Amounts shown derived from information as contained on Table 5.
[7] Other Revenues includes revenues derived from: miscellaneous revenue, pretreatment changes and the sale of property. Amount shown include Non-Recurring Revenues from growth related miscellaneous charges.
[8] Amounts shown derived from information as contained on Table 9.

## Projected Operating Results and Debt Service Coverage Analysis

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Line } \\ & \text { No. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Description | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |
| Operating Revenues: [1] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Sewer Service Charges (Retail Customers) | \$ | 235,536,647 | \$ | 251,365,421 | \$ | 267,643,564 | \$ | 284,831,008 | \$ | 301,988,478 | \$ | 319,685,227 | \$ | 338,424,666 | \$ | 358,297,237 | \$ | 379,312,089 | \$ | 401,716,955 |
| 2 | Sales of Service (Bulk revenue) |  | 9,591,955 |  | 9,996,143 |  | 10,308,201 |  | 10,688,973 |  | 11,067,909 |  | 11,458,677 |  | 11,865,808 |  | 12,289,669 |  | 12,730,765 |  | 13,192,955 |
| 3 | Other Revenues [2] |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |
| 4 | Interest Income |  | 1,453,000 |  | 1,638,000 |  | 1,604,000 |  | 1,557,000 |  | 1,804,000 |  | 1,979,000 |  | 2,116,000 |  | 2,288,000 |  | 2,485,000 |  | 2,669,000 |
| 5 | Other |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 6 | Total Operating Revenues Before Availability Charges | \$ | 247,356,602 | \$ | 263,774,565 | \$ | 280,330,765 | \$ | 297,851,981 | \$ | 315,635,387 | \$ | 333,897,905 | \$ | 353,181,474 | \$ | 373,649,906 | \$ | 395,302,854 | \$ | 418,353,910 |
|  | Operating Expenses: [3] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Total Operating Expenses | \$ | 117,989,136 | \$ | 127,368,928 | \$ | 131,514,352 | \$ | 135,692,369 | \$ | 139,462,363 | \$ | 143,339,032 | \$ | 147,324,985 | \$ | 151,425,193 | \$ | 155,645,327 | \$ | 159,989,499 |
| 8 | Net Operating Revenues | \$ | 129,367,466 | \$ | 136,405,637 | \$ | 148,816,413 | \$ | 162,159,612 | \$ | 176,173,024 | \$ | 190,558,873 | \$ | 205,856,489 | \$ | 222,224,713 | \$ | 239,657,526 | \$ | 258,364,411 |
| 9 | Non-Recurring Revenues and Revenue Subfund Credit: [4] Availability Charge Revenues [5] | \$ | 17,000,000 | \$ | 18,307,324 | \$ | 18,925,227 | \$ | 19,812,527 | \$ | 20,499,356 | \$ | 21,394,863 | \$ | 22,090,616 | \$ | 23,013,509 | \$ | 23,708,357 | \$ | 24,736,209 |
| 10 | Availability Charge Interest Income [5] |  | 17,00, 0 |  | 18,307,32 |  | 18,925,22 |  | 19,812,527 |  | 20,49,366 |  | 21,394,863 |  | 22,00,616 |  | 23,013,50 |  | 23,78,357 |  | 2,736, |
| 11 | Other Non-recurring Revenues [6] |  | 260,000 |  | 261,092 |  | 262,189 |  | 263,290 |  | 264,396 |  | 265,506 |  | 266,621 |  | 267,741 |  | 268,865 |  | 269,996 |
| 12 | Moneys Held to Credit of Revenue Subfund [7] |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 13 | Net Revenues [8] | \$ | 146,627,466 | \$ | 154,974,053 | \$ | 168,003,828 | \$ | 182,235,429 | \$ | 196,936,775 | \$ | 212,219,242 | \$ | 228,213,726 | \$ | 245,505,963 | \$ | 263,634,749 | \$ | 283,370,616 |
| Rate Covenant Test [9] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TEST 1 - Net Revenue Less Excluded Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Net Revenues [8] ${ }^{\text {d }}$ [ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Excluded Revenues [4]. | \$ | 146,627,466 | \$ | 154,974,053 | \$ | 168,003,828 | \$ | 182,235,429 | \$ | 196,936,775 | \$ | 212,219,242 | \$ | 228,213,726 | \$ | 245,505,963 | \$ | 263,634,749 | \$ | 283,370,616 |
| 15 | Less: Excluded Revenues [4]: Availability Charge Revenues | \$ | $(17,000,000)$ | \$ | $(18,307,324)$ | \$ | (18,925,227) | \$ | $(19,812,527)$ | \$ | $(20,499,356)$ | \$ | $(21,394,863)$ | \$ | (22,090,616) | \$ | $(23,013,509)$ | \$ | $(23,708,357)$ | \$ | (24,736,209) |
| 16 | Availability Charge Interest Earned |  |  |  | - |  | , |  | (19,812,52) |  | ( |  | , |  | , |  |  |  |  |  | ) |
| 17 | Other Non-recurring Revenues [6] |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |  | 775,000 |
| 18 | Net Revenues Available Less Excluded Revenues | \$ | 130,402,466 | \$ | 137,441,729 | \$ | 149,853,601 | \$ | 163,197,902 | \$ | 177,212,419 | \$ | 191,599,379 | \$ | 206,898,110 | \$ | 223,267,454 | \$ | 240,701,392 | \$ | 259,409,408 |
| Debt Service Requirements: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 | \$ | 5,935,177 | \$ | 5,958,531 | \$ | 5,921,406 | \$ | 5,947,398 | \$ | 5,966,138 | \$ | 5,971,740 | \$ | 248,831 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| 20 | Series 2016A Refunding Bonds [11] |  | 12,724,794 |  | 12,729,304 |  | 12,741,460 |  | 12,751,085 |  | 12,718,658 |  | 12,687,763 |  | 12,768,179 |  | 12,783,231 |  | 12,793,075 |  | 12,761,377 |
| 21 | Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 [11] |  | 5,549,950 |  | 5,549,542 |  | 5,554,292 |  | 5,554,979 |  | 5,555,958 |  | 5,561,990 |  | 5,563,208 |  | 5,563,969 |  | 5,569,031 |  | 5,573,323 |
| 22 | Series 2021A [11] |  | 11,724,933 |  | 11,858,704 |  | 11,864,121 |  | 11,871,058 |  | 11,874,225 |  | 11,877,944 |  | 11,881,933 |  | 11,890,485 |  | 11,893,485 |  | 11,899,829 |
| 23 | Series 2021B [11] |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |
| 24 | Series 2024 Bonds [11] |  | - |  | 6,899,711 |  | 13,799,422 |  | 13,799,422 |  | 13,799,422 |  | 13,799,422 |  | 13,799,422 |  | 13,799,422 |  | 13,799,422 |  | 13,799,422 |
| 25 | Series 2026 Bonds [11] |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 11,564,892 |  | 23,129,784 |  | 23,129,784 |  | 23,129,784 |  | 23,129,784 |  | 23,129,784 |  | 23,129,784 |
| 26 | Series 2028 Bonds [11] |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 7,050,289 |  | 14,100,578 |  | 14,100,578 |  | 14,100,578 |  | 14,100,578 |
| 28 | Series 2030 Bonds [11] |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 9,922,404 |  | 9,922,404 |  | 9,922,404 |
| 29 | Series 2032 Bonds [11] |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 3,612,706 |
| 30 | Total Debt Service Requirements | \$ | 36,830,504 | \$ | 43,891,442 | \$ | 50,776,351 | \$ | 62,384,485 | \$ | 73,939,836 | \$ | 80,974,581 | \$ | 82,387,587 | \$ | 92,085,524 | \$ | 92,103,431 | \$ | 95,695,075 |
| 31 | Calculated Coverage |  | 3.54 |  | 3.13 |  | 2.95 |  | 2.62 |  | 2.40 |  | 2.37 |  | 2.51 |  | 2.42 |  | 2.61 |  | 2.71 |
| 32 | Required Coverage |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |  | 1.25 |
| 33 | Policy Target |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |
| -AND- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Projected Operating Results and Debt Service Coverage Analysis

    EDA Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 [11]
        Subtotal VRA Debt Service
    UOSA Subordinate Debt
    UOSA Existing Subordinate Debt
    Subtotal UOSA Debt Service
    UOSA Proposed Subordinate Debt [13]
    UOSA Proposed Subordinate Debt [13]
    UOSA Proposed Subordinate Debt [13]
    UOSA Proposed Subordinate Debt [13]
    Total Subordinate Obligations
    Principal and Interest Requirements [10]
    Total Debt Service Requirements
    Calculated Coverage
Required Minimum Coverag
Min. Recommended Target for Test 2-2.00

48 Net Revenues [8]
Less Transfers to Other Funds [14]:
Debt Service Subfund [15]
Subordinate Obligations Subfund [16]
51 Amount Available for Other Purposes
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}\$ & 146,627,466 & \$ & 154,974,053 & \$ & 168,003,828 & \$ & 182,235,429 & \$ & 196,936,775 & \$ & 212,219,242 & \$ & 228,213,726 & \$ & 245,505,963 & \$ & 263,634,749\end{array} \quad \$ \quad 283,370,616$

| \$ | 1,699,350 | \$ | 1,696,683 | \$ | 1,697,583 | \$ | 1,697,283 | \$ | 1,696,354 | \$ | 1,700,000 | \$ | 1,697,250 | \$ | 1,697,479 | \$ | 1,700,021 | \$ | 1,700,063 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 1,699,350 | \$ | 1,696,683 | \$ | 1,697,583 | \$ | 1,697,283 | \$ | 1,696,354 | \$ | 1,700,000 | \$ | 1,697,250 | \$ | 1,697,479 | \$ | 1,700,021 | \$ | 1,700,063 |
| \$ | 20,974,563 | \$ | 21,013,499 | \$ | 21,515,599 | \$ | 21,669,853 | \$ | 21,483,925 | \$ | 21,493,983 | \$ | 9,332,420 | \$ | 9,202,748 | \$ | 9,111,452 | \$ | 9,050,022 |
| \$ | 20,974,563 | \$ | 21,013,499 | \$ | 21,515,599 | \$ | 21,669,853 | \$ | 21,483,925 | \$ | 21,493,983 | \$ | 9,332,420 | \$ | 9,202,748 | \$ | 9,111,452 | \$ | 9,050,022 |
|  | - |  | 646,015 |  | 646,015 |  | 646,015 |  | 646,015 |  | 646,015 |  | 646,015 |  | 646,015 |  | 646,015 |  | 646,015 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 805,412 |  | 805,412 |  | 805,412 |  | 805,412 |  | 805,412 |  | 805,412 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 2,041,303 |  | 2,041,303 |  | 2,041,303 |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 751,685 |


| \$ | 22,673,913 | \$ | 23,356,198 | \$ | 23,859,198 | \$ | 24,013,152 | \$ | 24,631,706 | \$ | 24,645,410 | \$ | 12,481,097 | \$ | 14,392,957 | \$ | 14,304,203 | \$ | 14,994,500 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 36,830,504 | \$ | 43,891,442 | \$ | 50,776,351 | \$ | 62,384,485 | \$ | 73,939,836 | \$ | 80,974,581 | \$ | 82,387,587 | \$ | 92,085,524 | \$ | 92,103,431 | \$ | 95,695,075 |
|  | 59,504,417 | \$ | 67,247,640 | \$ | 74,635,549 | \$ | 86,397,637 | \$ | 98,571,542 | \$ | 105,619,991 | \$ | 94,868,684 | \$ | 106,478,482 | \$ | 106,407,634 | \$ | 110,689,575 |
|  | 2.46 |  | 2.30 |  | 2.25 |  | 2.11 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.01 |  | 2.41 |  | 2.31 |  | 2.48 |  | 2.56 |
|  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  | 1.00 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.0 |  | 1.00 |
|  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |  | 2.00 |
| \$ | 146,627,466 | \$ | 154,974,053 | \$ | 168,003,828 | \$ | 182,235,429 | \$ | 196,936,775 | \$ | 212,219,242 | \$ | 228,213,726 | \$ | 245,505,963 | \$ | 263,634,749 | \$ | 283,370,616 |
|  | 36,830,504 | \$ | 43,891,442 | \$ | 50,776,351 | \$ | 62,384,485 | \$ | 73,939,836 | \$ | 80,974,581 | \$ | 82,387,587 | \$ | 92,085,524 | \$ | 92,103,431 | \$ | 95,695,075 |
|  | 22,673,913 |  | 23,356,198 |  | 23,859,198 |  | 24,013,152 |  | 24,631,706 |  | 24,645,410 |  | 12,481,097 |  | 14,392,957 |  | 14,304,203 |  | 14,994,500 |
| \$ | 87,123,049 | \$ | 87,726,413 | \$ | 93,368,279 | \$ | 95,837,792 | \$ | 98,365,234 | \$ | 106,599,251 | \$ | 133,345,042 | \$ | 139,027,481 | \$ | 157,227,115 | \$ | 172,681,041 |

Footnotes:
[1] Operating Revenues reflect rates recently adopted by the Board of Supervisors pursuant to the Rate Ordinance.
Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

Recommended Rates
Quarterly Base Charge
Quarterly Billing Charge
Flow Charge
Effective Rate Revenue Adjustment (\%)
Annualized Rate Revenue Adjustment (\%) [*]

| 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Existing) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Identified) |  | (Identified) |  | (Identified) |  | (Identified) |  |
| \$ | 40.14 | \$ | 44.81 | \$ | 49.73 | \$ | 52.62 | \$ | 55.41 | \$ | 58.35 | \$ | 61.45 | \$ | 64.71 | \$ | 68.14 | \$ | 71.76 |
| \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 | \$ | 0.00 |
|  | 8.09 |  | 8.46 |  | 8.81 |  | 9.33 |  | 9.83 |  | 10.35 |  | 10.90 |  | 11.48 |  | 12.09 |  | 12.74 |
|  |  |  | 6.2\% |  | 5.9\% |  | 5.9\% |  | 5.5\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |
|  |  |  | 6.2\% |  | 5.8\% |  | 5.9\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.4\% |

[2] Amounts shown include other miscellaneous revenues of the System (customer service fees, sale of property, etc.); amounts do not include Non-Recurring Revenues associated with lateral spur fees and connection charges.
 defined in the General Bond Resolution.
[4] The sum of the amounts shown for Non-recurring Revenue and the Revenue Subfund credit balance is defined in the General Bond Resolution as the "Excluded Revenues".

 receive service).

## Projected Operating Results and Debt Service Coverage Analysis

Footnotes (continued):
 recognition for the availability of funds held by the County in the Revenue Subfund has been assumed for purposes of determining Net Revenues as defined in the General Bond Resolution; such amounts were assumed to be available for ongoing System purposes (Operating Expenses and Capital Project Funding) exclusive of compliance with the rate covenant per the General Bond Resolution.
 previously received and currently held by the County to the credit of the Revenue Subfund and all rights to receive the same.
 basis) and not when such Bonds are paid.
 debt service reserve funded from the debt proceeds; and iii) issuance costs equal to $1.5 \%$ of the principal amount of bonds
 respect to the System (VRA obligations).
13] Based on discussions with WMP staff, forecast assumes the County will participate in issuances by UOSA
[14] Amounts shown reflect transfers to other subfunds as delineated in the General Bond Resolution.
 accrual basis and not when the payments are made). Also included in the recognized deposits would be funds required to pay Parity Indebtedness, if any, which are required to be set aside in a special account in the Debt Service Subfund.
[16] Amounts shown reflect transfers to the Subordinate Obligations Subfund associated with the payment of debt on any loans considered subordinate to the Senior Lien Bonds and the Parity Indebtedness.

## Summary of Debt Service Payments - Outstanding and Additional Debt [1]

| Line | Description | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  |
| Outstanding Senior Lien Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2014 | \$ | 5,935,177 | \$ | 5,958,531 | \$ | 5,921,406 | \$ | 5,947,398 | \$ | 5,966,138 | \$ | 5,971,740 |
| 2 | Series 2016A Refunding Bonds |  | 12,724,794 |  | 12,729,304 |  | 12,741,460 |  | 12,751,085 |  | 12,718,658 |  | 12,687,763 |
| 3 | Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2017 |  | 5,549,950 |  | 5,549,542 |  | 5,554,292 |  | 5,554,979 |  | 5,555,958 |  | 5,561,990 |
| 4 | Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2021A |  | 11,724,933 |  | 11,858,704 |  | 11,864,121 |  | 11,871,058 |  | 11,874,225 |  | 11,877,944 |
| 5 | Sewer Revenue Bonds Series 2021B |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |  | 895,650 |
| 6 | Subtotal - Current Senior Lien Debt Service | \$ | 36,830,504 | \$ | 36,991,731 | \$ | 36,976,929 | \$ | 37,020,171 | \$ | 37,010,629 | \$ | 36,995,085 |
| Additional Senior Lien Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Series 2024 Bonds [2] | \$ | - | \$ | 6,899,711 | \$ | 13,799,422 | \$ | 13,799,422 | \$ | 13,799,422 | \$ | 13,799,422 |
| 8 | Series 2026 Bonds [2] |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 11,564,892 |  | 23,129,784 |  | 23,129,784 |
| 9 | Series 2028 Bonds [2] |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 7,050,289 |
| 10 | Series 2030 Bonds [2] |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 11 | Series 2032 Bonds [2] |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 12 | Subtotal - Additional Senior Debt Service | \$ | - | \$ | 6,899,711 | \$ | 13,799,422 | \$ | 25,364,314 | \$ | 36,929,206 | \$ | 43,979,496 |
| 13 | Total Senior Debt Service | \$ | 36,830,504 | \$ | 43,891,442 | \$ | 50,776,351 | \$ | 62,384,485 | \$ | 73,939,836 | \$ | 80,974,581 |
| Outstanding Subordinate Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | EDA Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 | \$ | 1,699,350 | \$ | 1,696,683 | \$ | 1,697,583 | \$ | 1,697,283 | \$ | 1,696,354 | \$ | 1,700,000 |
| 15 | UOSA Existing Subordinate Debt [3] |  | 20,974,563 |  | 21,013,499 |  | 21,515,599 |  | 21,669,853 |  | 21,483,925 |  | 21,493,983 |
| 16 | Subtotal - Current Subordinate Debt Service | \$ | 22,673,913 | \$ | 22,710,182 | \$ | 23,213,182 | \$ | 23,367,136 | \$ | 23,180,279 | \$ | 23,193,983 |
| Additional Subordinate Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Series 2023 Bonds - UOSA | \$ | - | \$ | 646,015 | \$ | 646,015 | \$ | 646,015 | \$ | 646,015 | \$ | 646,015 |
| 18 | Series 2026 Bonds - UOSA |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 805,412 |  | 805,412 |
| 19 | Series 2029 Bonds - UOSA |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 20 | Series 2032 Bonds - UOSA |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| 21 | Subtotal - Subordinate Debt Service | \$ | - | \$ | 646,015 | \$ | 646,015 | \$ | 646,015 | \$ | 1,451,427 | \$ | 1,451,427 |
| 22 | Total Subordinate Debt Service | \$ | 22,673,913 | \$ | 23,356,198 | \$ | 23,859,198 | \$ | 24,013,152 | \$ | 24,631,706 | \$ | 24,645,410 |
| 23 | Total Debt Service (Senior Lien and Subordinate) | \$ | 59,504,417 | \$ | 67,247,640 | \$ | 74,635,549 | \$ | 86,397,637 | \$ | 98,571,542 | \$ | 105,619,991 |

Footnotes:
[1] Amounts are shown reflect deposits to the sinking fund for future debt service payments (i.e., accrued payments) and do not reflect actual debt service payments (i.e., cash basis).
[2] The financial forecast assumes the issuance of additional parity bonds to fund certain improvements to the System. The terms of the debt assume:
i) level annual debt service payments over a 30 year repayment period; ii) interest rate of ranging from $4.50 \%-5.20 \%$;
iii) debt service reserve funded from the debt proceeds; and iii) issuance costs equal to $1.5 \%$ of the principal amount of bonds.
[3] Represents subordinated indebtedness issued on behalf of the County by UOSA as the contractual wastewater treatment provider.


## Projected Fund Balances and Interest Income Determinatio



Footnotes:
[1] Fund C69000A will be used only to finance new customer capital projects. Fund C69000A includes new customer monies from Fund C6930

## Allocated Ten-Year Estimated Capital Improvement Program for the Wastewater System (in so00s)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Line } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | Project\# | Description | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Cost |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |  |  |
| WASTEWATER TREATMENT DIVISION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | wTD1 | Accotink Odor Control Facility | \$ | 4,300,000 | \$ | 853,000 | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | s | - | \$ | 5,153,000 |
| 2 | wTD2 | APW/CW System Optimization |  | 310,000 |  | 535,000 |  | 881,000 |  | 2,000,000 |  | 2,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 5,000,000 |  |  |  | 28,726,000 |
| 3 | wTD3 | Activated Sludge Effluent (ASE) Pump Station |  | 3,500,000 |  | 5,300,000 |  | 5,300,000 |  | 7,500,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 183,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 24,783,000 |
| 4 | wTD4 | Biosolids Processing Rehabilitation, Phase III |  | 18,200,000 |  | 18,300,000 |  | 18,200,000 |  | 20,200,000 |  | 5,900,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 80,800,000 |
| 5 | wTD5 | Biosolids Phase IV |  | 58,000 |  | 79,000 |  | 762,000 |  | 1,500,000 |  | 8,800,000 |  | 16,000,000 |  | 12,300,000 |  | 369,000 |  | - |  |  |  | 39,868,000 |
| 6 | wTD6 | Expansion to 80 MGD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,300,000 |  | 6,300,000 |  | 9,700,000 |  | 9,700,000 |  | 32,000,000 |
| 7 | wTD7 | Future Regulatory Project |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  | 3,000,000 |  | 4,000,000 |  | 10,000,000 |  | 16,000,000 |  | 33,000,000 |
| 8 | wTD8 | Major Sustaining Evaluation |  | 1,200,000 |  | 7,000 |  | 500,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,707,000 |
| 9 | wTD9 | MSP - Current Needs: Barscreens and Degrit | \$ | 41,000 | \$ | 749,000 | \$ | 1,200,000 | s | 3,400,000 | \$ | 5,700,000 | \$ | 5,700,000 | \$ | 3,100,000 | s | 224,000 | \$ | - | s | - | \$ | 20,114,000 |
| 10 | wTD10 | MSP - Energy Improvements |  | 541,000 |  | 8,300,000 |  | 8,200,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 17,041,000 |
| 11 | WTD11 | MSP- - FF Capacity Improvments |  | 840,000 |  | 2,900,000 |  | $36,000,000$ |  | 23,300,000 |  | 12,700,000 |  | $14,100,000$ |  | 1,000,000 |  | 15700000 |  | 10009 |  |  |  | $90,840,000$ |
| 12 | WTD12 | MSP - Future Needs: Filters and Clarifiers |  |  |  |  |  | 1,000,000 |  | 1,500,000 |  | 541,000 |  | 15,200,000 |  | 14,700,000 |  | 15,700,000 |  | 1,100,000 |  |  |  | 49,741,000 |
| 13 | WTD13 | MSP - In-house Projects |  | 2,000,000 |  | 3,400,000 |  | 600,000 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 6,000,000 |
| 14 | WTD14 | MSP - MBBR Capacity |  | 41,000 |  | 951,000 |  | 4,800,000 |  | 4,700,000 |  | 225,000 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 10,717,000 |
| 15 | WTD15 | Master Filtration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 60000- |  | 60000 |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | WTD16 | Miscellaneous Small Projects |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 60,000,000 |
| 17 | WTD17 | Modernization of Support and Administrative Facilities | \$ | 2,500,000 | s | 3,400,000 | \$ | 541,000 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ | 6,441,000 |
| 18 | WTD18 | Next Generation Biosolids Program |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,900,000 |  | 6,900,000 |  | 6,900,000 |  | 6,900,000 |  | 6,900,000 |  | 34,500,000 |
| 19 | WTD19 | Primary and Secondary Sustaining Project |  | 13,200,000 |  | 32,400,000 |  | 32,400,000 |  | 25,200,000 |  | 27,600,000 |  | 78,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 130,878,000 |
| 20 | WTD20 | Primary and Secondary In-House Projects |  | 4,000,000 |  | 2,000,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,000,000 |
| 21 | WTD21 | Primary and Secondary Program, Phase II |  | 232,000 |  |  |  | 150,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 4,000,000 |  | 4,000,000 |  | 2,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 31,382,000 |
| 22 | WTD22 | Raw Wastewater Pump Station -B3 |  | 11,900,000 |  | 1,014,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,914,000 |
| 23 | WTD23 | Raw Wastewater Pump Station -B4 |  | 11,700,000 |  | 34,700,000 |  | 44,500,000 |  | 45,000,000 |  | 43,500,000 |  | 9,600,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 189,000,000 |
| 24 | WTD24 | Unidentified Future Projects |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,000,000 |  | 10,000,000 |  | 10,000,000 |  | 10,000,000 |  | 10,000,000 |  | 10,000,000 |  | 60,000,000 |
| 25 |  | Total Wastewater Treatment Division | $\stackrel{ }{\text { s }}$ | 80,563,000 | \$ | 120,888,000 | \$ 1 | 161,034,000 | S | 143,300,000 | s | 129,966,000 | S | 93,761,000 | \$ | 71,300,000 | S | 61,493,000 | \$ | 54,700,000 | s | 54,600,000 | s | $\underline{971,605,000}$ |
|  |  | TREATMENT BY CONTRACT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | TbC3 | ASA Program <br> ASA Construction- Joint Projects | \$ | 19,536,000 | \$ | 17,387,000 | \$ | 27,229,000 | s | 17,303,000 | \$ | 19,780,000 | \$ | 14,090,000 | \$ | 7,060,000 | \$ | 5,278,000 | \$ | 5,353,000 | s | 5,460,000 | \$ | 138,476,000 |
| 27 |  | Subtotal ASA Program | \$ | 19,536,000 | \$ | 17,387,000 | \$ | 27,229,000 | \$ | 17,303,000 | S | 19,780,000 | \$ | 14,090,000 | \$ | 7,060,000 | \$ | 5,278,000 | \$ | 5,353,000 | s | 5,460,000 | s | 138,476,000 |
|  |  | Blue Plains Program Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | TbC5 | Blue Plains Capital Projects | \$ | 16,532,000 | \$ | 18,766,000 | \$ | 28,474,000 | s | 29,369,000 | S | 43,132,000 | \$ | 46,849,000 | \$ | 39,274,000 | \$ | 32,099,000 | \$ | 21,211,000 | \$ | 12,885,000 | \$ | 288,591,000 |
| 29 |  | Subtotal Blue Plains Program Total | \$ | 16,532,000 | \$ | 18,766,000 | \$ | 28,474,000 | \$ | 29,369,000 | s | 43,132,000 | \$ | 46,849,000 | \$ | 39,274,000 | \$ | 32,099,000 | \$ | 21,211,000 | \$ | 12,885,000 | \$ | 288,591,000 |
|  |  | Arlington Program |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | TbC12 | Arlington Process Upgrades | \$ | 1,970,000 | \$ | 2,915,000 | s | 4,929,000 | \$ | 5,169,000 | \$ | 3,670,000 | \$ | 1,616,000 | \$ | 245,000 | \$ | 205,000 | s | 210,000 | \$ | 211,000 | \$ | 21,140,000 |
| 31 |  | Subtotal Arlington Program | \$ | 1,970,000 | \$ | 2,915,000 | \$ | 4,929,000 | \$ | 5,169,000 | s | 3,670,000 | \$ | 1,616,000 | \$ | 245,000 | \$ | 205,000 | \$ | 210,000 | \$ | 211,000 | \$ | 21,140,000 |
|  |  | UOSA Projects Place Holder |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | TbC14 | Nutrient Cap | \$ | 1,201,693 | \$ | 1,259,014 | \$ | 639,650 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 3,100,356 |
| 33 | TbC15 | Hydraulic Improvements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | $\mathrm{TbC16}^{\text {c }}$ | Master Planning |  | 618.522 |  | - |  | 60.7 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | . |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | TbC17 | Delivery System Expansion to 54 mg |  | 618,522 |  | 151,004 |  | 660,917 |  | 314,522 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 1,744,965 |
| 36 | TbC18 | Delivery System Expansion to 64 mg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 7,619,70- |  | - |  | 6,57895 |  | (605, ${ }^{-}$ |  | 10, ${ }^{-}$ |  |  |
| 37 | TbC19 | Reserve Maintenance |  | 2,909,959 |  | 1,387,628 |  | 1,278,626 |  | 1,475,700 |  | 3,190,869 |  | 7,619,708 |  | 9,322,138 |  | 6,578,895 |  | 16,035,484 |  | 10,645,506 |  | 60,444,513 |
| 38 |  | Subtotal UOSA Projects Place Holder | s | 4,730,174 | \$ | 2,797,646 | \$ | 2,579,192 | \$ | 1,790,222 | s | 3,190,869 | s | 7,619,708 | s | 9,322,138 | \$ | 6,578,895 | \$ | 16,035,484 | \$ | 10,645,506 | \$ | 65,289,835 |
| 39 |  | Total Treatment By Contract | S | 42,768,174 | \$ | 41,865,646 | $s$ | 63,211,192 | s | 53,631,222 | \$ | 69,772,869 | \$ | 70,174,708 | s | 55,901,138 | S | 44,160,895 | S | 42,809,484 | S | $\xrightarrow{29,201,506}$ | s | $\underline{513,496,835}$ |
| Footnotes on Page 3 of 3. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\underset{\text { Fairfax County, Virginia }}{\text { Table 10 }}$
Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis
Allocated Ten-Year Estimated Capital Improvement Program for the Wastewater System (in So00s)

| Line | Project\# | Description | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Cost |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |  |  |
| WASTEWATER COLLECTION DIVISION (WCD) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Pumping Stations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | PS1 | Accotink Pump Station | \$ | 2,826,868 | \$ | 12,234,720 | \$ | 28,234,613 | \$ | 28,234,613 | \$ | 16,441,022 | \$ | 2,67897 | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 87,971,836 |
| 41 | PS2 | SCADA Master Plan and Implementation |  | 500,000 |  | 250,000 |  | 1,960,242 |  | 3,964,045 |  | 3,964,045 |  | 2,678,997 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 13,317,329 |
| 42 | PS3 | Braddock Road |  |  |  | 75,000 |  | 178,952 |  | 472,286 |  | 1,283,762 |  | 4,585,000 |  | 4,550,000 |  | 350,000 |  | - |  |  |  | 11,495,000 |
| 43 | PS4 | Keene Mill |  |  |  |  |  | 100,000 |  | 180,762 |  | 472,286 |  | 1,316,952 |  | 4,550,000 |  | 4,550,000 |  | 350,00 |  |  |  | 11,520,000 |
| 44 | PS5 | Holmes Run Pump Station |  | 6,806,325 |  | 10,102,433 |  | 2,306,350 |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,215,108 |
| 45 | PS6 | Little Hunting Creek Forcemain |  | 1,995,312 |  | 7,517,352 |  | 1,382,024 |  | 1,329,392 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 12,224,080 |
| 46 | PS7 | LLV Low Pressure System |  | 305,480 |  | 1,575,500 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 1,880,980 |
| 47 | PS8 | Lake Barcroft Odor Control Facility |  | 441,138 |  | 2,132,254 |  | 2,253,881 |  | 573,240 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,400,513 |
| 48 | PS9 | Difficult Run Odor and Grit |  | 610,340 |  | 3,069,963 |  | 548,958 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 4,229,261 |
| 49 | PS10 | Freund House Screens |  | 1,193,888 |  | 93,553 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,287,441 |
| 50 | PS11 | Jones Point Pump Station and Forcemain |  | 468,770 |  | 1,440,900 |  | 3,315,000 |  | 1,670,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,894,670 |
| 51 | PS12 | Pender, George Mason, Spring Hill, and Jermantown Road |  |  |  | 150,000 |  | 161,000 |  | 489,000 |  | 1,044,500 |  | 4,323,000 |  | 3,052,500 |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 9,220,000 |
| 52 | PS13 | Edgewater and The Fairfax |  | 121,119 |  | 233,395 |  | 425,683 |  | 3,303,088 |  | 3,943,896 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,027,181 |
| 53 | PS14 | Rivertowers, Pike Branch, and Jefferson Ave |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 200,000 |  | 161,000 |  | 413,306 |  | 1,063,694 |  | 4,698,000 |  | 1,584,000 |  | 8,120,000 |
| 54 | PS15 | Waynewood I \& II |  | 121,119 |  | 233,395 |  | 425,683 |  | 3,211,975 |  | 4,035,009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,027,181 |
| 55 | PS16 | Piney Branch and Ordway Road |  |  |  |  |  | 100,000 |  | 80,500 |  | 395,500 |  | 981,000 |  | 4,030,000 |  | 1,333,000 |  | - |  |  |  | 6,920,000 |
| 56 | PS17 | Penderbrook and Wesley House |  | 240,000 |  | 346,500 |  | 1,865,000 |  | 518,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,969,500 |
| 57 | PS18 | Long Branch, Lorton Valley, and Hunter Estates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 150,000 |  | 120,000 |  | 182,613 |  | 864,262 |  | 4,093,750 |  | 5,410,625 |
| 58 | PS19 | Oxford and Washington Woods |  | 182,196 |  | 294,143 |  | 1,591,306 |  | 2,561,270 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 4,628,915 |
| 59 | PS20 | Saville Lane Pump Station |  | 5,651,229 |  | 687,872 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,339,101 |
| 60 | PS21 | Downscrest |  | 57,692 |  | 42,981 |  | 178,459 |  | 216,054 |  | 1,497,361 |  | 1,763,125 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 3,755,673 |
| 61 | PS22 | Wellington I Pump Station |  | 288,500 |  | 1,409,304 |  | 9,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 1,706,804 |
| 62 | PS23 | Oak Marr Pump Station |  | 1,906,000 |  | 2,176,500 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 4,082,500 |
| 63 | PS24 | Langley Pump Station and Forcemain |  | 3,154,920 |  | 321,466 |  | 1367814 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 3,476,386 |
| 64 | PS25 | Mount Verron Terrace Forcemain |  |  |  | 1,367,811 |  | 1,367,811 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,735,621 |
| 65 | ${ }_{\text {PS2 }}$ | Wellington I Forcemain |  | 1,098,000 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 1,098,000 |
| 66 | PS27 | Wellington II Pump Station |  | 346,930 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 346,930 |
| 67 | ${ }_{\text {PS28 }}$ | Riverwood Forcemain |  | 248,264 |  | 1,120,384 |  | 126,109 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 1,494,757 |
| 68 | PS29 | Covanta FM |  | 1,170,046 |  | 3,010,000 |  | 5,781,000 |  | 2,724,000 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | (1,882,932 |  | 12,685,046 |
| 69 | ${ }_{\text {PS } 30}$ | PLANNING-Future Pump Stations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,000,000 |  | 15,450,000 |  | 15,913,500 |  | 16,390,905 |  | 16,882,632 |  | 79,637,037 |
| 70 | PS31 | PLANNING-Miscellaneous Repairs |  | 1,501,150 |  | 1,546,185 |  | 1,586,469 |  | 1,640,347 |  | 1,689,558 |  | 1,740,245 |  | 1,792,452 |  | 1,846,226 |  | 1,901,612 |  | 1,958,661 |  | 17,202,904 |
| 71 | ${ }_{\text {PS3 }}$ | Langley Emergency |  | 160,171 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | 160,171 |
| 72 | PS33 | Pump Station Condition Assessment |  | 500,000 |  | 250,000 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 750,000 |
| 73 |  | Toal Pumping Stations | s | 31,895,458 | s | 51,681,610 | \$ | 53,897,541 | \$ | 51,168,572 | \$ | 34,966,939 | S | 32,699,319 | \$ | 33,958,258 | \$ | 25,239,032 | \$ | 24,204,780 | \$ | 24,519,043 | \$ | 364,230,551 |
|  |  | Gravity Sewers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74 75 | GS1 | CIPP Lining Program Augusta Drive Sewer | \$ | $7,106,513$ 341,940 | \$ | 8,487,200 | \$ | 8,741,816 | \$ | 9,004,070 | \$ | 9,274,193 | \$ | 14,328,628 | \$ | 14,758,486 | \$ | 15,201,241 | \$ | 15,657,278 | \$ | 16,126,997 | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118,686,422 \\ 341,940 \end{array}$ |
| 76 | GS3 | West Springfield Stream Crossing |  | 822,347 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  | 822,347 |
| 77 | GS5 | Old Mill Sewer Replacement |  | 1,883,000 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,883,000 |
| 78 79 | GS5 | Indian Run Sewer Reinforcement Celadon Lane Sewer Replacement |  | 2,031,000 $3,421,941$ 1 |  | $1,216,000$ $1,177.485$ |  | : |  | - |  | : |  | . |  | . |  | : |  | - |  | - |  | 3,247,000 |
| 80 | GS7 | Celadon Lane Sewer Replacement |  | $3,421,941$ $1,769,040$ |  | 5,316,120 |  | 1,004,296 |  | : |  | : |  | - |  | : |  | : |  | : |  | : |  | 4,599,426 $8,089,456$ |
| 81 | GS8 | Springfield Estates Gravity Bypass |  | 269,755 |  | 1,631,000 |  | $7,299,500$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | 9,200,255 |
| ${ }_{83}^{82}$ | GS9 | ${ }^{\text {Pohick Creek Rehabilitation-All Phases }}$ |  | ${ }_{5}^{500,415}$ |  | 6,393,646 |  | 1,598,411 |  | 9,242,885 |  | 7,766,522 |  | 7,838,515 |  | 1,922,088 |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 35,302,483 |
| 83 84 | GS10 | Creek Bed Program ${ }_{\text {PLANNING-Sewer Condition Assessment }}$ |  | 500,000 $3,000,000$ |  | 500,000 $3,090,000$ |  | 500,000 $3,182,700$ |  | 500,000 $3,278,181$ |  | 500,000 $3,376,526$ |  | 500,000 $3,477,822$ |  | 3,582,157 |  | 3,689,622 |  | 3,800,310 |  |  |  | $3,000,000$ 34,391638 |
| 85 | GS12 | Carderock Gravity Sewer Rehabilitation |  | 2,676,372 |  | 2,588,071 |  | 3,182,700 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,82,157 |  | 3,689,622 |  | 3,800,310 |  | 3,914,320 |  | $34,391,638$ $5,264,443$ |
| 86 | GS13 | Little Hunting Creek Sewer Sag |  | 1,046,000 |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | $\checkmark$ |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1,046,000$ |
| 87 88 | GS14 | Little Pimmit Run Sewer Relocation Belleview System Modifications |  | $1,361,919$ 744,023 |  | 1,539,900 |  | 4,472,000 $2,261,036$ |  | 8,635,631 |  | 8,635,631 |  | 8,327,216 |  | - |  | - |  | $:$ |  | : |  | $7,373,819$ 29,399575 |
| 89 | GS16 | Cameron Run Inflow and Infiltration |  | 63,113 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $29,399,575$ 63,113 |
| 90 | GS17 | PLANNING-Future Inflow and Infiltration (\$3M/year) |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,00 |  | 15,000,000 |
| ${ }_{92}^{91}$ | GS18 | Utility Intrusion Analysis and Resolution Surveying Missing Pipe Invert Data |  | 30,000 54,376 |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  |  |  | : |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 30,000 54,376 |
| 93 | GS20 | Meter Rehabilitation-Project 1 |  | 134,130 |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | : |  | - |  |  |  | 134,130 |
| 94 95 | ${ }_{\text {GS21 }}$ | Chain Bridge Vault - Site Safety Improvements Meter Rehabilitation - Project 4 |  | 187,506 624,116 |  | 9,000 $3,195,629$ |  | 3,688,553 |  | 813,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | 19,506 8,321,798 |
| 96 | GS23 | MLANNING-Miscellaneous Rehabilitation, Repairs \& Replacements |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 |  | 6,000,000 ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 15,000,000 |  | 15,000,000 |  | 15,000,000 |  | 20,000,000 |  | 20,000,000 |  | $8,321,798$ $106,000,000$ |
| 97 |  | Toal Gravity Sewers | s | 31,607,506 | S | 38,940,089 | S | 35,748,313 | \$ | 37,474,267 | \$ | 35,552,872 | \$ | 52,472,181 | \$ | 38,262,731 | \$ | 36,890,863 | \$ | 42,457,588 | \$ | 43,041,316 | \$ | 392,447,727 |

Table 10
Table 10
Fairfax County, Virginia
Wastewater Revenue Sufficiency and Rate Analysis

## Allocated Ten-Year Estimated Capital Improvement Program for the Wastewater System (in so00s)

| LineNo. | Project \# | Description | Projected Fiscal Year Ending June 30, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Cost |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 2023 |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  | 2028 |  | 2029 |  | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |  |
|  |  | Expansion |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{99}^{98}$ | E1 | Tysons West | \$ | 4,249,959 | \$ | 7,376,187 | s | 32,795,933 | \$ | 41,651,713 | \$ | 41,651,713 | \$ | 8,121,750 | s | 2730.975 | \$ |  | s |  | \$ | 1152 | s | $135,847,255$ $103,07,189$ |
| 99 100 | ${ }_{\text {E } 2}$ | Tysons East |  | 1,301,154 |  | 1,922,400 |  |  |  |  |  | 922,830 |  |  |  | 2,730,975. |  | 32,650,936 |  | 40,954,121. |  | 21,152,129 |  | $103,071,869$ $1,987,478$ |
| 101 | E4 | Rt 1 Sewer Capacity Access Improvements |  | 1,301,15 |  | 4,830,000 |  | - |  | 46,375,000 |  | 46,375,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 97,580,000 |
| 102 | E5 | Accotink Gravity Sewer Improvements |  | 1,846,187 |  | 1,731,459 |  | 18,220,000 |  | 18,240,000 |  | 9,140,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49,177,646 |
| 103 | E6 | Herrndon Capacity |  |  |  | 464,200 |  | 2,823,389 |  | 13,066,731 |  | 18,746,781 |  | 4,326,180 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39,427,282 |
| 104 | E7 | Merrifield Capacity Upgrade |  | 2,813,023 |  | 975,692 |  | 350,580 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,139,295 |
| 105 | E8 | Lakevale Capacity Improvements |  | 523,036 |  | 528,777 |  | 5,194,960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,246,773 |
| 106 | E9 | Future Capacity Uprrades |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,000,000 |  | 5,000,000 |  | 5,000,000 |  | 5,000,000 |  | 5,000,000 |  | 25,000,000 |
| 107 |  | Toal Expansion | s | 10,733,359 | s | 18,515,039 | s | 59,384,862 | \$ | 119,333,444 | \$ | 116,836,324 | \$ | 20,186,408 | \$ | 7,730,975 | \$ | 37,650,936 | s | 45,954,121 | \$ | 26,152,129 | s | 462,477,598 |
|  |  | Extension \& Improvement Projects |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 108 | E11 | Extension \& Improvement Projects | \$ |  | s |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | s |  | \$ |  | s |  |
| 109 |  | Subtotal Extension \& Improvement Projects | \$ |  | S |  | s |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | S |  | \$ |  | s |  |
| 110 |  | Total Wastewater Collection Division | S | 74,236,324 | S | 109,136,737 | S | 149,030,716 | S | 207,976,284 | \$ | 187,356,135 | \$ | 105,357,908 | \$ | 79,951,965 | S | 99,780,830 | S | 112,616,490 | s | 93,712,488 | s | $\underline{1,219,155,875}$ |
| 111 | OP1 | C\&C Conveyance Projects <br> Oversizing Projects - County Responsibility | \$ |  | \$ | 22,500,000 | s | 11,250,000 | \$ | 11,250,000 | \$ | 11,250,000 | \$ | 11,250,000 | \$ | 11,250,000 | \$ | 11,250,000 | s | 11,250,000 | s | 11,250,000 | s | 112,500,000 |
| 112 |  | Total Oversizing Program | \$ |  | S | 22,500,000 | s | 11,250,000 | \$ | 11,250,000 | \$ | 11,250,000 | \$ | 11,250,000 | s | 11,250,000 | s | 11,250,000 | s | 11,250,000 | S | 11,250,000 | s | 112,500,000 |
| 113 |  | Capital Outlay (From Operations) | \$ | 5,559,657 | s | 5,726,447 | s | 5,898,240 | \$ | 6,075,188 | \$ | 6,257,443 | \$ | 6,445,167 | \$ | 6,638,522 | \$ | 6,837,677 | s | 7,042,807 | \$ | 7,254,092 | s | 63,735,240 |
| 114 |  | Total System Capital Projects | S | 203,127,155 | \$ | 300,116,830 | S | 390,424,148 | \$ | 422,232,693 | \$ | 404,602,447 | \$ | 286,988,783 | S | 225,041,625 | \$ | 223,522,403 | S | 228,418,781 | \$ | 196,018,085 | s | 2,880,492,950 |

[1] Amounts shown reflect estimated proportionate share of County allocable capital costs pursuant to the service agreement with UOSA to maintain the County's capacity rights with UOSA

Funding Sources for the Allocated Ten-Year Estimated Capital Improvement Program for the Wastewater System (in S000s)


Footnotes:
[1] Based on discussions with WMP staff, certain capital improvements were deferred to reduce existing customer impacts and to recognize timing adjustments for the actual need of funds.
[1] Based on discussions with WMP staff, certain capital improvements were deferred to reduce existing customer impacts and to recognize timing adjustments
[2] UOSA is a Treatment by Contract provider (TBC) to the County and funds all jointly shared improvements through the issuance of additional indebtedness.

Forecasted Statements of Flows of Financial Resources and Changes in Fund Balance


## Forecasted Statements of Flows of Financial Resources and Changes in Fund Balance

Debt Service:
Existing Senior Debt Service
29 Proposed Senior Debt Service [4]
30 Existing Subordinate Debt Service
31
Proposed Subordinate Debt Service [7]
32 Subtotal
33 TOTAL USE OF FUNDS
34 ENDING BALANCE BEFORE RESERVES RESERVES / RESTRICTIONS:
35 Operating Reserve Target (150 Days)
Debt Reserve Balance
Debt Proceeds
Availability Charge Balanc,
Sewer Construction Fund - 69300A [8] Subtotal
\$ 36,830,504 \$ 36,991,731 \$ 36,976,929 \$
$37,020,171$ \$ 37,010,629 \$
36,995,085 \$
31,357,802 \$
31,133,335
,13, 335
1,151,242 \$
31,130,179



 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllll}\$ & 48,488,686 & \$ & 52,343,395 & \$ & 54,046,994 & \$ & 55,763,987 & \$ & 57,313,300 & \$ & 58,906,452 & \$ & 60,544,514 & \$ & 62,229,532 & \$ & 63,963,833 & \$ & 65,749,109\end{array}$ $37,020,171-459,000 \quad 82,387,587$

 UNRESTRICTED ENDING BALANCE

## Footnotes:

$\qquad$ ds held in the debt service sinking fun
Includes recommended rate adjustments as follows

| $2023$ |  | 2024 |  | 2025 |  | 2026 |  | 2027 |  |  | 2028 |  | 2029 | 2030 |  | 2031 |  | 2032 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (Recommended) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Recommended) |  | (Identified) |  | (Identified) |  | (Identified) |  | (Identified) |  |
| \$ | 40.14 | \$ | 44.81 | \$ | 49.73 | \$ | 52.62 | \$ | 55.41 | \$ | 58.35 | \$ | 61.45 | \$ | 64.71 | \$ | 68.1 | S | 71.76 |
| \$ | 8.09 | \$ | 8.46 | \$ | 8.81 | \$ | 9.33 | \$ | 9.83 | \$ | 10.35 | \$ | 10.90 | \$ | 11.48 | \$ | 12.09 | \$ | 12.74 |
|  | n/a |  | 6.2\% |  | 5.9\% |  | 5.9\% |  | 5.5\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |
|  | n/a |  | 6.2\% |  | 5.8\% |  | 5.9\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.3\% |  | 5.4\% |

[3] Represents other operating revenues from lateral spur fees, connection charges, miscellaneous revenues, sale of property, etc
Represents the proposed issuance of the Series 2024 UOSA Bonds, Series 2026 UOSA Bonds, and Series 2029 UOSA Bonds as well as the Series 2024 Bonds on or
about January 1, 2024, the Series 2026 Bonds on or about January 1, 2026, and the Series 2028 Bonds on or about January 1,2028. Terms assume 30 year level debt with proceeds to fund deposits to the debt service reserve fund.
[5] Includes Interest Income on debt proceeds and availability charge fund balances
[6] Includes capital funding from rate revenues, E\&I fund balances and operating reserves
[7] Represents additional debt service from UOSA issued bonds on behalf of the Count
[8] Represents restricted funds held on balance within the SC Fund for line extensions
[8] Represents restricted funds held on balance within the SC Fund for line extensions

Comparison of Typical Quarterly Residential Bills for Wastewater Service [1][2]

|  | Description | Billing Cycle | Residential Service for a $5 / 8$ " or $3 / 4$ " Meter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Line No. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0 \\ \text { Gallons } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 16,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 18,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 20,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 30,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 40,000 \\ & \text { Gallons } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Fairfax County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Existing Rates - FY23 [3] | Quarterly | \$40.14 | \$56.32 | \$72.50 | \$88.68 | \$104.86 | \$121.04 | \$137.22 | \$169.58 | \$185.76 | \$201.94 | \$282.84 | \$363.74 |
| 2 | Proposed Rates - FY24 [3] | Quarterly | 44.81 | 61.73 | 78.65 | 95.57 | 112.49 | 129.41 | 146.33 | 180.17 | 197.09 | 214.01 | 298.61 | 383.21 |
|  | Other Neighboring Utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | City of Alexandria [3][4][5] | Monthly | 39.42 | 67.06 | 94.70 | 122.34 | 149.98 | 177.62 | 205.26 | 260.54 | 288.18 | 315.82 | 454.02 | 592.22 |
| 4 | Arlington County | Quarterly | 11.09 | 30.31 | 49.53 | 68.75 | 87.97 | 107.19 | 126.41 | 164.85 | 184.07 | 203.29 | 299.39 | 395.49 |
| 5 | DCWASA [4][6] | Monthly | 66.05 | 96.15 | 126.25 | 156.35 | 186.45 | 216.55 | 246.65 | 306.85 | 336.95 | 367.05 | 517.55 | 668.05 |
| 6 | Loudoun Water [4] | Quarterly | 37.80 | 48.66 | 59.52 | 70.38 | 81.24 | 92.10 | 102.96 | 124.68 | 135.54 | 146.40 | 200.70 | 255.00 |
| 7 | Prince William County S.A. [3][4] | Monthly | 36.30 | 49.60 | 62.90 | 76.20 | 89.50 | 102.80 | 116.10 | 142.70 | 156.00 | 169.30 | 235.80 | 302.30 |
| 8 | Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission [4][7] | Quarterly | 29.38 | 45.60 | 61.82 | 78.04 | 101.46 | 119.48 | 137.50 | 210.18 | 232.78 | 255.38 | 477.28 | 626.58 |
| 9 | Other Neighboring Virginia Utilities' Average |  | \$36.67 | \$56.23 | \$75.79 | \$95.34 | \$116.10 | \$135.96 | \$155.81 | \$201.63 | \$222.25 | \$242.87 | \$364.12 | \$473.27 |


 intended to be a complete listing of all rates and charges offered by each listed utility.
[2] It should be noted that utilities may differ as to the term of billing period (e.g., monthly billing) and units of measurement (e.g., ccf) used in order to determine the respective utility customer's wastewater bill. For purposes of this comparison, all bills shown have been adjusted to match bills rendered on a monthly basis and recognized in units of gallons
 comparison purposes the billing cap was not reflected in order to present the potential wastewater bill for residential customers that may have higher use than the typical residential customer.
[4] Utilities shown bill a fixed cost or base charge per billing period per respective account or meter.
 applied in calculation of the City's charges for this comparison.



 include a Bay Restoration Fee of $\$ 5.00$ per month.

## Table 14

Fairfax County Wastewater Managemen
Fiscal Year 2023 Availability Charge Stud

## Calculation of Weighted Cost by Treatment Facility per MGD of Reserved Capacity

Line
No. Description
$\qquad$

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Le } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Description | Treatment by Contract |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Noman Cole (Fairfax } \\ \text { County) }\end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Upper Occoquan Service Authority $\qquad$ (UOSA) | Blue Plains Advanced <br> Wastewater Treatment <br> Plant - DC Water (Blue Plains) | Alexandria Renew <br> Enterprises (ARE) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Arlington County } \\ \text { Water Pollution } \\ \text { Control Plant } \\ \text { (Arlington) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Loudon County Sanitation Authority |  |  |
| WASTEWATER TREATMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Gross Fixed Capacity Rights / Assets [1] | \$341,231,346 | \$343,412,799 | \$406,346,261 | \$52,877,446 | \$20,942,294 | \$800,627,676 | \$1,965,437,822 |
| 2 | Less Fixed Asset Allocation to SOS Customers (Dont Direct Pay Ci | $(15,440,332)$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | n/a | n/a | $(47,798,667)$ | $(63,239,000)$ |
| 3 | Less Donated Assets | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | $(24,837)$ | $(24,837)$ |
| 4 | Plus 10 Year CIP CIP (Inflated) [3] | 65,951,519 | 243,905,942 | 134,202,049 | 21,140,000 | 0 | 561,349,572 | 1,026,549,081 |
| 5 | Less Allowance for Retirements for CIP | n/a | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | $(207,699,342)$ | $(207,699,342)$ |
| 6 | Plus Land, Easements, and CWIP | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | 137,154,367 | 137,154,367 |
| 7 | Total | \$391,742,532 | \$587,318,741 | \$540,548,310 | \$74,017,446 | \$20,942,294 | \$1,243,608,768 | \$2,858,178,092 |
| 8 | Total Reserved Capacity (MGD) | 22.10 | 31.00 | 32.40 | 3.00 | 1.00 | 67.00 | 156.50 |
| 9 | Sales of Service Reservations (MGD) [4] | (1.00) | (4.80) | (1.00) | 0.00 | 0.00 | (9.45) | (16.25) |
| 10 | Net Retail Reservations | 21.10 | 26.20 | 31.40 | 3.00 | 1.00 | 57.55 | 140.25 |
| 11 | Less Reserved Capacity for Reliability (MGD) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 12 | Net Reliable Retail Capacity (MGD) | 21.10 | 26.20 | 31.40 | 3.00 | 1.00 | 57.55 | 140.25 |
| 13 | Cost per GPD of Reliable Capacity (Line 7/ \$1,000,000 / Line 12) | \$18.57 | \$22.42 | \$17.21 | \$24.67 | \$20.94 | \$21.61 | \$125.42 |
| 14 | Other Adjustments [5] | \$4.32 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 4.32 |
| 15 | Adjusted Cost per GPD of Reliable Capacity | \$22.89 | \$22.42 | \$17.21 | \$24.67 | \$20.94 | \$21.61 | \$129.74 |
| 16 | Retail Customers Annual Treated Flows (10yr Max kgal) [6] | 5,270,965 | 9,750,610 | 7,447,460 | 854,830 | 0 | 13,317,755 | 36,641,620 |
| 17 | Retail Customers Annual Treated Flows (ADF-MGD) | 14.44 | 26.71 | 20.40 | 2.34 | 0.00 | 36.49 | 100.39 |
| 18 | Remaining Reliable Retail Capacity (MGD) (Line 12 - Line 17) | 6.66 | 0.00 | 11.00 | 0.66 | 1.00 | 21.06 | 40.38 |
| 19 | Capacity as \% of Total Remaining Capacity | 16.49\% | 0.00\% | 27.23\% | 1.63\% | 2.48\% | 52.17\% | 100.00\% |
| 20 | Weighted cost of Reliable Capacity for Retail Customers | \$3.77 | \$0.00 | \$4.69 | \$0.40 | \$0.52 | \$11.27 | \$20.65 |
| WASTEWATER NON-TREATMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Gross Fixed Capacity Rights / Assets [1] | \$4,434,649 | \$0 | \$5,893,325 | \$0 | \$0 | \$941,571,090 | \$951,899,065 |
| 22 | Less Donated Assets | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | n/a | n/a | $(230,001,685)$ | $(230,001,685)$ |
| 23 | Less Grants | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | n/a | n/a | 0 | 0 |
| 24 | Plus 10 Year CIP CIP (Inflated) [3] | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 1,492,371,497 | 1,492,371,497 |
| 25 | Less Allowance for Retirements for CIP | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $(552,177,454)$ | $(552,177,454)$ |
| 26 | Plus Land, Easements, and CWIP | n/a | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | n/a | n/a | n/a | 66,426,478 | 66,426,478 |
| 27 | Total | \$4,434,649 | \$0 | \$5,893,325 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,718,189,927 | \$1,728,517,901 |
| 28 | Net Reliable Retail Reservations (MGD) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 140.25 |
| 29 | Cost per MGD of Capacity |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$12.32 |
| 30 | Treatment and Transmission Cost per MGD of Capacity |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$32.97 |

Footnotes:
[1] Amounts shown provided by the County and are booked net of the Sale of Service customers that make direct capital contributions
[2] Reflects adjustment to remove SOS customer allocations that do not make direct capital contribution payments to the County (i.e., paid via rates)
[3] Amounts shown reflect the County's most recent CIP and include treatment and transmission projects only.
[4] Amounts shown represent reserved capacity for Sale of Service customers
[5] The adjustment shown is the to show the most recent cost of capacity as calculated by UOSA using an incremental approach while all other costs were calculated using the buy in method
[6] The flows shown above are the 10 year max treated flows.

Table 15

## Fairfax County Wastewater Management Fiscal Year 2023 Availability Charge Study

## Summary of Calculated and Existing Availability Fees

| Line <br> No. | Description | Fee |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Existing Availability Fee: |  |  |
|  | LOS GPD Basis |  |
| 1 | Fee (\$ per GPD) | \$30.69 |
| 2 | Level of Service (per GPD) | 280 |
| 3 | Fee (\$ per ERC) | \$8,592.00 |
|  | Fixture Unit Basis |  |
| 4 | Fixture Units | 20.00 |
| 5 | Fee per fixture Unit | \$430.00 |
| 6 | Existing Fee | \$8,600.00 |
| Calculated Availability Fee: |  |  |
| 7 | Net Assets / CIP (\$ per GPD) | \$32.97 |
| 8 | Level of Service (per GPD) | 280 |
| 9 | Fee (\$ per ERC) | \$9,232.87 |
| Carrying Costs: |  |  |
| 10 | Years of Carry Cost | 5.0 |
| 11 | Current Weighted Cost of Capital | 4.29\% |
| 12 | Carry Cost (\$ per ERC) | \$1,981.77 |
| 13 | Carry Cost (\$ per GPD) | \$7.08 |
| Total Calculated Fee |  |  |
| 14 | Per ERC | \$11,214.64 |
| 15 | Per GPD | \$40.05 |
| Total Calculated Fee (Rounded Down) |  |  |
| 16 | Per ERC | \$11,210.00 |
| 17 | Per GPD | \$40.04 |
| 18 | Per Fixture Unit | \$560.50 |
| Difference to Existing Fee: |  |  |
| 19 | Change in Fee per GPD - Amount | \$9.35 |
| 20 | Change in Fee per GPD - Percent | 30.47\% |
| 21 | Change in Fee per Fixture Unit - Amount | \$130.50 |
| 22 | Change in Fee per Fixture Unit - Percent | 30.35\% |
| 23 | Change in LOS (per GPD) - Amount | 0 |
| 24 | Change in LOS (per GPD) - Percent | 0.00\% |
| 25 | Change in Fee per ERC - Amount | \$2,618.00 |
| 26 | Change in Fee per ERC - Percent | 30.47\% |

## Table 16

## Fairfax County, <br> Virginia

## Comparison of Availability Fee Charges for Equivalent Residential Unit [1]

| Line <br> No. | Description | Residential <br> $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 4 "$ Meter |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Wairfax County |  |
| }{} |  |  |

Footnotes:
[1] Unless otherwise noted, amounts shown reflect residential rates in effect December 2022 and are exclusive of taxes or franchise fees, if any, and reflect rates charged for inside the city service. All rates are as reported by the respective utility. This comparison is intended to show comparable charges for comparison purposes only.
[2] Impact Fee for Arlington County assumes 24 fixture units (DFU's) per Single Family Residential Uni at a cost of $\$ 135 / \mathrm{DFU}$.
[3] WSSC charges a separate availability fees for areas designated as unimproved or "improved".


[^0]:    Footnotes on Page 2 of 2

