Sanitary Sewers

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Fairfax County provides sewer service to its residents through a system of nearly 3,422 miles of sewer lines, 63 pumping stations, 57 metering stations and one treatment plant owned and operated by the County. Additional treatment plant capacity is provided by contractual agreements with the District of Columbia Water (DC Water), Alexandria Renew Enterprises (ARenew) formerly known as Alexandria Sanitation Authority, Arlington County, Upper Occoquan Service Authority (UOSA), and Loudoun Water.

LINK TO THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

The Policy Plan for Fairfax County's Comprehensive Plan has established a number of objectives and policies in order to:

- ✓ Emphasize the need to maintain a system of conveyance and treatment facilities that is responsive and compatible with the development and environmental goals of the County.
- ✓ Provide public sewer in accord with the Board of Supervisor's approved sewer service area in support of the County's land use objectives.

Source: 2013 Edition of the Comprehensive Plan, as amended

CURRENT PROGRAM INITIATIVES

The current capital program can generally be categorized in regards to supporting the following County initiatives:

- Providing sufficient treatment plant capacity to ensure that projected residential and nonresidential growth can be accommodated over the planning period.
- Improving the effluent quality of County-owned and treatment by contract wastewater treatment facilities to comply with increasingly stringent discharge limitations, such as those mandated by the Chesapeake Bay Program.
- Ensuring a sufficient capital re-investment rate for the rehabilitation and replacement of existing County assets to ensure cost effective long-term operations and provision of adequate service levels.

Financing of the capital program for the sanitary sewer system has historically been derived from three sources: system revenues, the sale of revenue bonds and grant funding. The County has generally used system revenues on a "pay as you go" basis to fund the majority of capital improvements. This has particularly been true for "recurring" capital projects, such as capital replacement and rehabilitation projects, extension and improvement (E&I) projects and general system improvement projects. For major capital initiatives, such as system expansion and regulatory compliance projects, the County has funded the projects through the use of sewer revenue bonds, payable solely from the revenues of the Integrated Sewer System and hence not general obligations of Fairfax County. The County actively manages its outstanding debt, refinancing to take advantage of lower interest rates or retiring debt to manage its debt coverage. While federal and state grants were extensively utilized to fund the

construction programs of the 1970' and 1980s, the financial burden of current programs fall heavily on the County due to scarcity of federal and state grant funds. The County has received limited state grant funding to help offset the cost of compliance with the Chesapeake Bay Program.

Approximately 95 percent of the System's revenues are derived from charges to new and existing customers through availability charges and sewer service charges, respectively. New customers to the System are charged a one-time availability charge per new connection for access to the System. Existing customer charges are based upon the annualized equivalent of actual water consumption during the winter quarter. Availability charges and sewer service charges are established by the Fairfax County Board of Supervisors. Since 1979, the Board has used the five-year financial projection of system expenses, revenues and available cash balances to determine the appropriate level of availability charges and sewer service charges. The available cash balance reflects the projected sources and uses of funds by new and existing customers. The system allocates operating revenues and expenses, debt service and capital outlay between existing users and new users of the System. The remaining 5 percent of system revenues are derived primarily from sale of service to wholesale users such as Arlington County, Loudoun Water, the Cities of Fairfax and Falls Church, the Towns of Herndon and Vienna and Ft. Belvoir.

The FY 2017 proposed increases to both the Sewer Service Charge and Base Charge will change the annual average customer bill from $559.44 in FY 2016 to $579.68 in FY 2017, a cost increase of $20.24 or 3.6 percent. The Sewer Service Charge will increase from $6.65 to $6.68 per 1,000 gallons of water consumed, based on Fairfax County's winter quarter average consumption of 18,000 gallons. The Base Charge will increase from $20.15 per quarter to $24.68 per quarter. The Base Charge provides for a more equitable rate structure by recovering a portion of the program's fixed costs.

The County has issued sewer revenue bonds to provide funds for expanding treatment facility capacity at both County-owned and County-contracted facilities. Specifically, the County issued revenue bond debt for the following treatment plant expansions and upgrades:

- In July 1996, $104 million in revenue bond debt to support the expansion from 54 million gallons per day (MGD) to 67 MGD of the Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant (NCPCP). These bonds were refunded in October 2004.

- In June 2001 and June 2002, a total of $90 million in State Revolving Fund/Virginia Resources Authority debt to support the County's share of plant upgrades at the Alexandria Renew Enterprises treatment plant.

- In July 2009, $152.3 million in revenue bond debt to support the County's share of the plant upgrades at DC Water, Arlington County, Alexandria Renew Enterprise as well as the County owned treatment plant to comply with the nitrogen discharge limits as defined in the Chesapeake Bay Program.

- In August 2012, $100.7 million in revenue bond debt to support the County's share of the plant upgrades at DC Water, Alexandria Renew Enterprises as well as the County owned treatment plant to comply with the enhanced nutrient discharge limits as defined in the Chesapeake Bay Program.

- In April 2014, the remaining $64.9 million of the 2004 Sewer Refunded Bonds were refunded in order to take advantage of the lower interest rates.

In addition to this County-issued debt, as of June 30, 2015, the County is responsible for $265.7 million in debt to support the expansion and upgrade of the UOSA treatment plant. A regional facility, UOSA issues its own bonds that are used to finance the expansion and upgrade projects. The participating members of UOSA, (Fairfax County, Prince William County Service Authority, City of Manassas, and Manassas Park) are responsible for the debt service on the UOSA bonds based on capacity owned at the facility.

Looking to the future, a balance must be found between the following three major issues facing the integrated sewer system: (1) the necessity of maintaining high levels of water quality (including meeting more stringent nutrient limits); (2) providing capacity to accommodate growth within the County, and (3) achieving these two goals within financial resources. To a similar end, consideration must be given to

inspecting, repairing and maintaining the system at acceptable service levels. In most instances, annual expenditures for system upkeep will enable the County to avoid costly, major rehabilitation in the future.

SUMMARY OF TREATMENT CAPACITY STATUS AND SUFFICIENCY

Fairfax County has completed the program of plant expansion and upgrading that was begun in the early 1970s. This program was directed at pollution problems in the Potomac River and the Occoquan Reservoir and was comprised of four major elements:

- Creation of a single treatment complex at the Noman M. Cole, Jr. plant to treat flows from the Accotink, Pohick, Dogue and Little Hunting Creek Watersheds and Fort Belvoir;
- Installation of pumping facilities at the old Westgate treatment plant to divert flows from its service area to the Alexandria treatment plant;
- Expansion and upgrading of the DC Water's and Blue Plains' treatment plant to 370 MGD; and
- Construction of the UOSA plant and eliminating the discharge from the five small County facilities.

Fairfax County's current treatment capacity is projected to be sufficient through 2040. The following summarizes the status of the County's treatment capacity.

Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant

The Noman M. Cole, Jr., Pollution Control Plant (NCPCP) serves the Accotink, Pohick, Long Branch, Little Hunting and Dogue Creek drainage basins. In addition to flows originating within the County, the plant also treats sewage from the City of Fairfax, Fort Belvoir and part of the Town of Vienna. The NCPCP was put on line in 1970 with an initial design capacity of 18 million gallons daily (MGD), which was subsequently increased to a rating of 36 MGD of advanced treatment in 1978, 54 MGD in 1995 and again increased to a rating of 67 MGD in 2005. The Chesapeake Bay water quality program requires reductions in the amount of nutrient pollutants discharged from wastewater treatment facilities. In December 2004, the state notified the County that the renewal of County's Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) permit includes a requirement that nutrient removal be performed using "State of the Art" technology and meet a waste load allocation (cap) for the nitrogen and phosphorus nutrients. A phased approach has been under way to renovate and upgrade current plant facilities to accommodate these more stringent nutrient discharge requirements. The NCPCP is capable of handling anticipated flows from its contributory sheds through 2040.

Blue Plains

With a current capacity of 370 MGD, the District of Columbia Water (DC Water) treatment plant at Blue Plains is the largest plant in the area. In addition to the District of Columbia, it treats flows from Maryland, Virginia and several federal installations. Wastewater flows originating in the Sugarland Run, Horsepen Creek, Difficult Run, Scotts Run, Dead Run, Turkey Run and Pimmit Run watersheds are treated at Blue Plains. Fairfax County is presently allocated 31 MGD at the plant. Blue Plains will be undergoing a major renovation of the chemical addition, nitrogen removal and sludge disposal systems over the next several years. County's flows to Blue Plains will be continually monitored to see if any additional capacity will be required at Blue Plains or from Loudoun Water; or would the diverting of flow from the Blue Plains service areas with the Difficult Run Pump Station to the NCPCP service area will be sufficient to stay within the County's allocation of 31 MGD.

Alexandria Renew Enterprises

The Cameron Run and Belle Haven watersheds and a portion of the City of Falls Church are served by the Alexandria treatment plant. The Alexandria plant is owned and operated by the Alexandria Renew Enterprises (ARenew). Sixty percent of its capacity is contractually allocated to Fairfax County. The ARenew plant has been expanded and upgraded to provide 54 MGD of advanced secondary treatment capacity. Fairfax County is allotted 32.4 MGD of capacity which will provide Fairfax County with capacity through 2040. By reactivating the Braddock Road and Keene Mill Road pumping stations, the County has the capability to divert flow from the Accotink watershed to ARenew. These diversions will increase the County's wastewater management alternatives in the entire eastern portion of the County by off-loading the NCPCP and Blue Plains Treatment Plant to the ARenew plant. As with other treatment plants in the area, additional facilities will be needed to enhance the removal of nitrogen using "State of the Art" technology.

Arlington County Pollution Control Plant

The Arlington County pollution control plant serves that portion of Fairfax County within the Four Mile Run watershed. The plant has been upgraded to comply with the water quality standards for nitrogen removal, and expanded to 40 MGD. The Arlington plant currently receives approximately 2.0 MGD of flow from Fairfax County. The County's contractual capacity is 3.0 MGD. The County's existing capacity at the Arlington plant is capable of handling anticipated flows from its contributory sheds through 2040.

Upper Occoquan Service Authority

The southwestern part of Fairfax County is served by a regional plant owned and operated by the Upper Occoquan Service Authority (UOSA). This plant became operational in 1978 and replaced five small treatment plants in Fairfax County (Greenbriar, Big Rocky Run, Flatlick Run, Upper Cub Run and Middle Cub Run) and six in Prince William County. This plant was originally certified to operate at 15 MGD. Fairfax County's initial 30.83 percent share of the plant was increased to 36.33 percent in 1978 with the purchase of additional capacity from Manassas Park. When the plant expanded to 54 MGD, the County's share increased to 51.1 percent. However, the County has sold some of its capacity to other UOSA users and decreased its share to 41.8 percent. The following summarizes the County's capacity in the plant:

- Original plant capacity of 15 MGD- County capacity of 5.45 MGD.
- Plant capacity expansion to 27 MGD- County capacity of 9.915 MGD.
- Additional plant capacity expansion to 54 MGD- County capacity of 27.6 MGD.
- The County sold 3.0 MGD of capacity to other UOSA users in January 2008, which reduced County capacity to 24.6 MGD.
- The County sold 2.0 MGD of capacity to other UOSA users in January 2010, which reduced County capacity to 22.6 MGD.

Even with the sale of County capacity, the UOSA Plant is capable of handling anticipated flows from its contributory sheds through 2040.

Loudoun Water

The northwestern part of Fairfax County is currently served by Blue Plains and NCPCP. To provide sufficient capacity for this area, the County purchased 1.0 MGD of capacity from the Loudoun Water in March of 2011. The flows in Blue Plains will be continually monitored to see if any additional capacity will be required from Loudoun Water in the planning period. Currently, the County is not utilizing its capacity at Loudoun Water. But, the use of this capacity is anticipated in the near future as the County's flows are approaching its allocation at Blue Plains.

CURRENT PROJECT DESCRIPTIONS

1. **Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant Rehabilitation and Replacement** (Mt. Vernon District): $259,447,000 to continue the rehabilitation and replacement of the plant's assets through FY 2021. Projects proposed to improve the plant's assets include the following: replacement of the existing bio-solids facilities; replacement of the motor control centers and electrical distribution center; ash system improvements, rehabilitation and replacement of miscellaneous pumps, gates, and valves; rehabilitation of the grit removal facilities; rehabilitation of the disinfection facilities; stormwater runoff improvements; and Pohick Creek stabilization.

2. **Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant Upgrades** (Mt. Vernon District): $46,289,000 to upgrade the plant to state-of-the-art (SOA) requirements for nitrogen removal associated with the Chesapeake Bay Program through 2021. The project will include rehabilitation of existing filtration facilities, equalization basin improvements and rehabilitation of solid thickening facilities.

3. **Alexandria (ARenew Enterprises) Plant Improvements**. (Countywide): $58,254,000 for the County's share of improvements at the ARenew treatment plant through FY 2021. This project is the result of the Chesapeake Bay Program requirements to meet the state-of-the-art (SOA) nitrogen removal standard. Project components include renovation of the carbon adsorption system, scum collection system, dechlorination system and a new nitrogen management facility.

4. **DC Water Blue Plains Plant.** (Countywide): $46,510,000 for the County's share of upgrading the 370 MGD of capacity at the Blue Plains treatment plant through FY 2021. This upgrade includes major plant renovations, specifically including the chemical addition, flow control tunnels, and sludge disposal systems to meet the enhanced total nitrogen standards.

5. **Arlington Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade**. (Countywide): $3,818,000 for the County's share of the plant upgrade costs through FY 2021. This project is the result of the Chesapeake Bay Program requirements to meet the state-of-the-art (SOA) nitrogen removal standard and was completed in FY 2012. Current and future funding will provide for the rehabilitation and replacement of existing facilities.

6. **Upper Occoquan Service Authority Plant Upgrade.** (Countywide): $16,050,000 for the County's share of the plant upgrade costs through FY 2021. This upgrade includes plant renovations, specifically nutrient cap project, filter press replacement, and re-carbonation clarifier improvements.

7. **Sanitary Sewer Replacement, Rehabilitation and Reinvestment Program**. (Countywide): $131,018,000 for the continual replacement, rehabilitation and reinvestment of sewer lines through FY 2021. A continued increased effort to address large diameter sewer lines continues in order to prevent future pipe failures.

8. **Pumping Station Improvements**. (Countywide): $36,700,000 for the continual replacement, rehabilitation and upgrade of the System's pumping stations through FY 2021. These improvements do not increase capacity of the stations but are related to addressing system upkeep or improving the stations to address service issues such as odor control.

9. **Sewer System Capital Renewal** (Countywide): $500,000 for the renovation and improvements to the Robert P. McGrath facility which is home to the Sewer collection system maintenance staff and equipment. Improvements include upgraded outdoor lighting, reconfiguring office space, HVAC upgrades and miscellaneous facility rehabilitation. Future improvements will include Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) Backup System, various safety improvements at all collection facilities and smaller miscellaneous improvements.

10. **Sewer Metering Projects**. (Countywide): $100,000 to install and rehabilitate sewer meters. These meters support billing for actual flows, help identify excessive Inflow and Infiltration (I/I) and provide data required billing other jurisdictions.

11. **Extension and Improvements Projects** (Countywide): $3,000,000 annually for the extension of sanitary sewer to homes with failing septic systems located within the approved sewer service area. Failing septic systems can be a health hazard and to mitigate this hazard, the County extends sanitary sewer to these homes.

PROJECT COST SUMMARIES
SANITARY SEWERS
($000's)

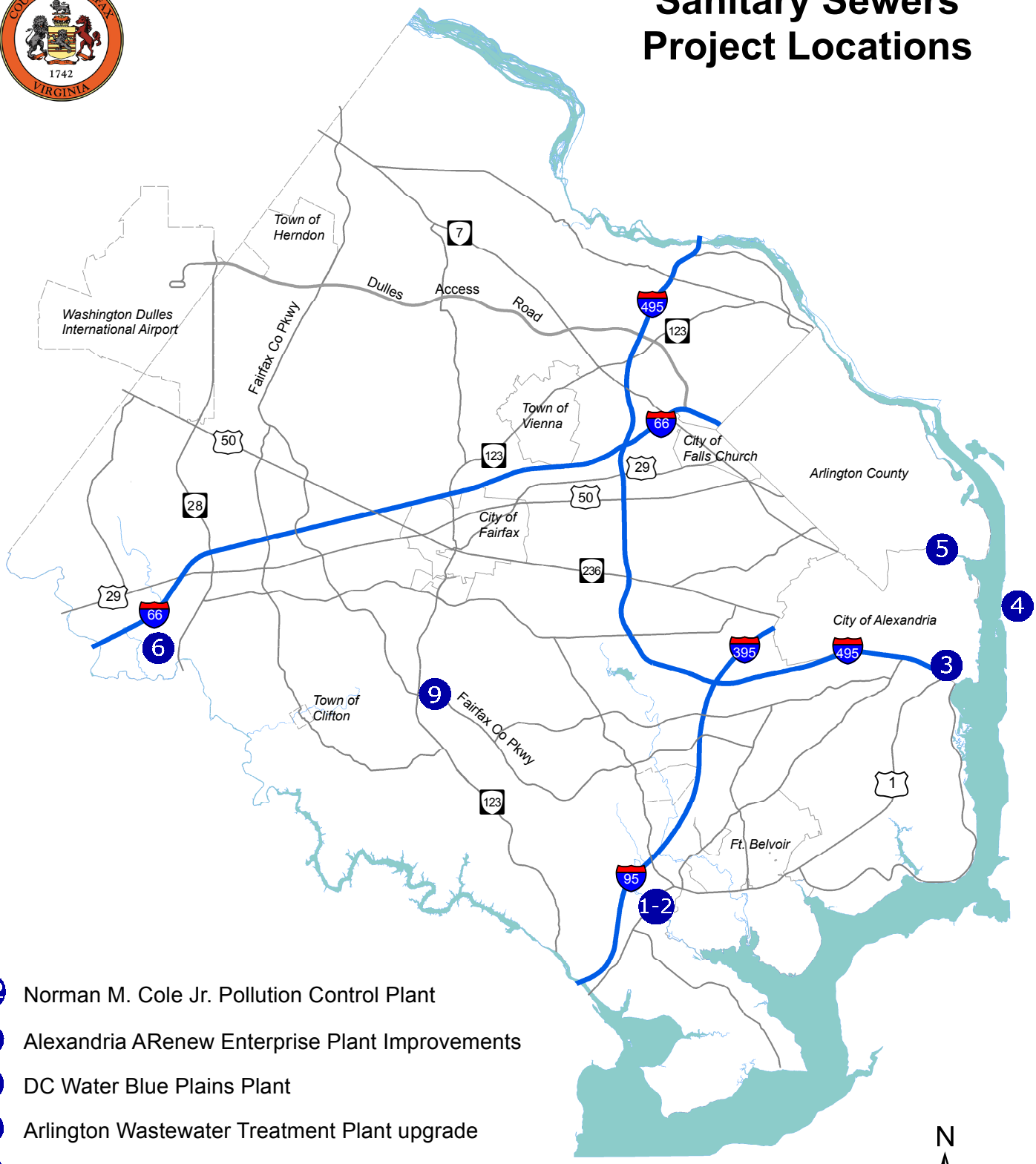
	Project Title/ Project Number	Source of Funds	Budgeted or Expended Through FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	Total FY2017-FY2021	Total FY2022-FY2026	Total Project Estimate
1	Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant Rehabilitation and Replacement / WW-000009, WW-000017	SR, B	***C***	***19,773***	47,420	59,802	65,967	66,485	259,447	354,188	613,635
2	Noman M. Cole, Jr. Pollution Control Plant Upgrades / WW-000010, WW-000016	SR, B, F, S	***C***	***7,214***	10,092	12,051	11,174	5,758	46,289	41,211	87,500
3	Alexandria ARenew Enterprises Plant Improvements / WW-000013, WW-000021	SR, B	***C***	***14,868***	14,343	14,343	9,750	4,950	58,254	34,440	92,694
4	DC Water Blue Plains Plant, Improvements / WW-000011, WW-000022	SR, B	***C***	***12,302***	12,046	8,881	6,782	6,499	46,510	46,990	93,500
5	Arlington Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade / WW-000012, WW-000020	SR, B	***C***	***576***	1,358	1,030	548	306	3,818	1,530	5,348
6	Upper Occoquan Service Authority Plant Upgrade / WW-000025	SR, X	***C***	***3,210***	3,210	3,210	3,210	3,210	16,050	32,270	48,320
7	Sanitary Sewer Replacement, Rehabilitation and Reinvestment Program / WW-000007, WW-000008, WW-000024, WW-000026	SR	***C***	***28,083***	23,655	24,660	23,680	30,940	131,018	161,537	292,555
8	Pumping Station Improvements / WW-000001	SR	***C***	***8,268***	10,061	6,894	6,873	4,604	36,700	27,254	63,954
9	Sewer System Capital Renewal / WW-000004	SR	***C***	***100***	100	100	100	100	500	1,500	2,000
10	Sewer Metering Projects / WW-000005	SR	***C***	***100***					100		100
11	Extension & Improvement Projects / WW-000006	SR	***C***	***3,000***	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	15,000	15,000	30,000
	TOTAL		$0	$97,494	$125,285	$133,971	$131,084	$125,852	$613,686	$715,920	$1,329,606

Notes: Numbers in ***bold italics*** represent funded amounts. A "C" in the 'Budgeted or Expended' column denotes a continuing project.

Key: Stage of Development	
	Feasibility Study or Design
	Land Acquisition
	Construction

Key: Source of Funds	
B	Bonds
G	General Fund
S	State
F	Federal
X	Other
U	Undetermined
SR	Sewer Revenues

Sanitary Sewers Project Locations



1-2 Norman M. Cole Jr. Pollution Control Plant

3 Alexandria ARenew Enterprise Plant Improvements

4 DC Water Blue Plains Plant

5 Arlington Wastewater Treatment Plant upgrade

6 Upper Occoquan Service Authority Plant

9 Sewer System Capital Renewal (McMath Facility)

Distance in Miles
0 1 2 3 4

Note: Map numbers correspond to project descriptions in the text and cost summary tables. Only CIP projects with selected, fixed sites are shown on the map.