

Battery Recycling Guide

Ni-MH (Nickel Metal Hydride)



Nickel Metal Hydride (Ni-MH) performs well in high drain devices and can be recharged up to 1,000 times before it needs to be recycled.

Ni-MH batteries can typically be found in cordless power tools, digital cameras, two-way radios and cordless phones.



Ni-Cd (Nickel Cadmium)



Nickel Cadmium (Ni-Cd) has a long shelf life and is considered one of the most rugged and durable rechargeable batteries. It can be recharged up to 1,000 times before it needs to be recycled.

Ni-Cd can typically be found in cordless power tools, digital cameras, two-way radios and cordless phones.



SSLA/Pb (Small Sealed Lead Acid)



Small Sealed Lead Acid (SSLA/Pb) batteries are simple to manufacture and have one of the lowest discharge rates of any rechargeable battery.

SSLA/Pb can typically be found in emergency devices, emergency exit signs, security systems, mobility scooters and UPS back-ups.



Li-Ion (Lithium Ion)



Lithium Ion (Li-Ion) is a smaller, lighter battery technology that can hold its charge for long periods of time.

Li-Ion can typically be found in cell phones, laptops, two-way radios, and cordless power tools.



Ni-Zn (Nickel Zinc)



Nickel Zinc (Ni-Zn) batteries are new to the marketplace, typically offered to consumer as AA batteries.

Ni-Zn batteries are a popular option for digital cameras, wireless keyboards and other small electronics.



For proper handling, seal each battery in its own plastic bag or tape the battery terminals, and place in appropriate container (for example, the Call2Recycle collection box) for recycling.