

Tyson's Corner Land Use Study

Prototypes and Networks Analysis

presented to

Tyson's Corner Study Land Use Task Force

presented by

**Don Vary and Jay Evans
Cambridge Systematics, Inc.**

February 11, 2008

Transportation leadership you can trust.

Presentation Overview

What We Will Discuss

- **Prototypes and Networks**
- **Analysis**
- **Findings**
- **Work Underway**
- **Observations**
- **Next Steps**

Presentation Overview

Where We Are Now

- In July, we completed an Initial Analysis
 - Saw benefits of improving Jobs/Housing ratio (Housing Emphasis)
 - Saw benefits of Grid
- ...And we had questions
 - How do levels of congestion compare with other areas
 - What's the impact on surrounding areas
 - What's the benefit of increased multi-modal transportation investment

Presentation Overview

Where We Are Now

- Now, we have some Findings from a Prototypes and Networks Analysis
- For the Networks, that means...
 - Base Case – Consistent with existing plan
 - Network 1 – More roadway capacity enhancements
 - Network 2 – More transit, walk/bike enhancements
 - Both networks – More grid of streets
 - Both networks – Significant investments
- These are **CONCEPTS** for **TESTING**, not **RECOMMENDATIONS**

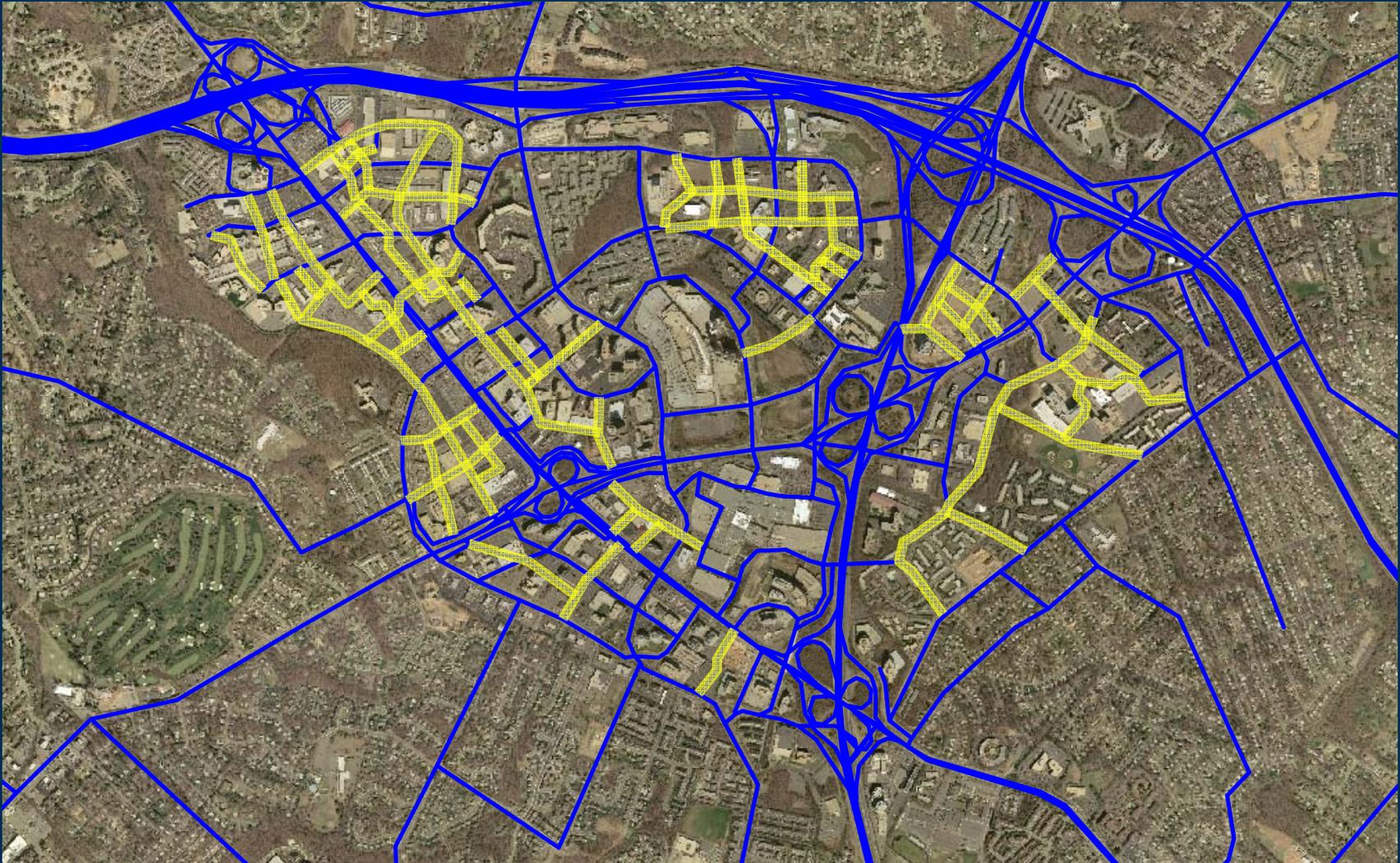
Prototypes and Networks

Two Networks – Summary

	Network 1	Network 2
Metrorail extension and HOT lanes		
Urban intersection improvements and traffic management		
Additional Ramps to Beltway and Dulles Toll Road		
Circulator on own lane/right-of-way		
Emphasis on non-motorized travel and “complete streets”		
More aggressive TDM and parking management		
Operational elements to prevent cut through traffic		

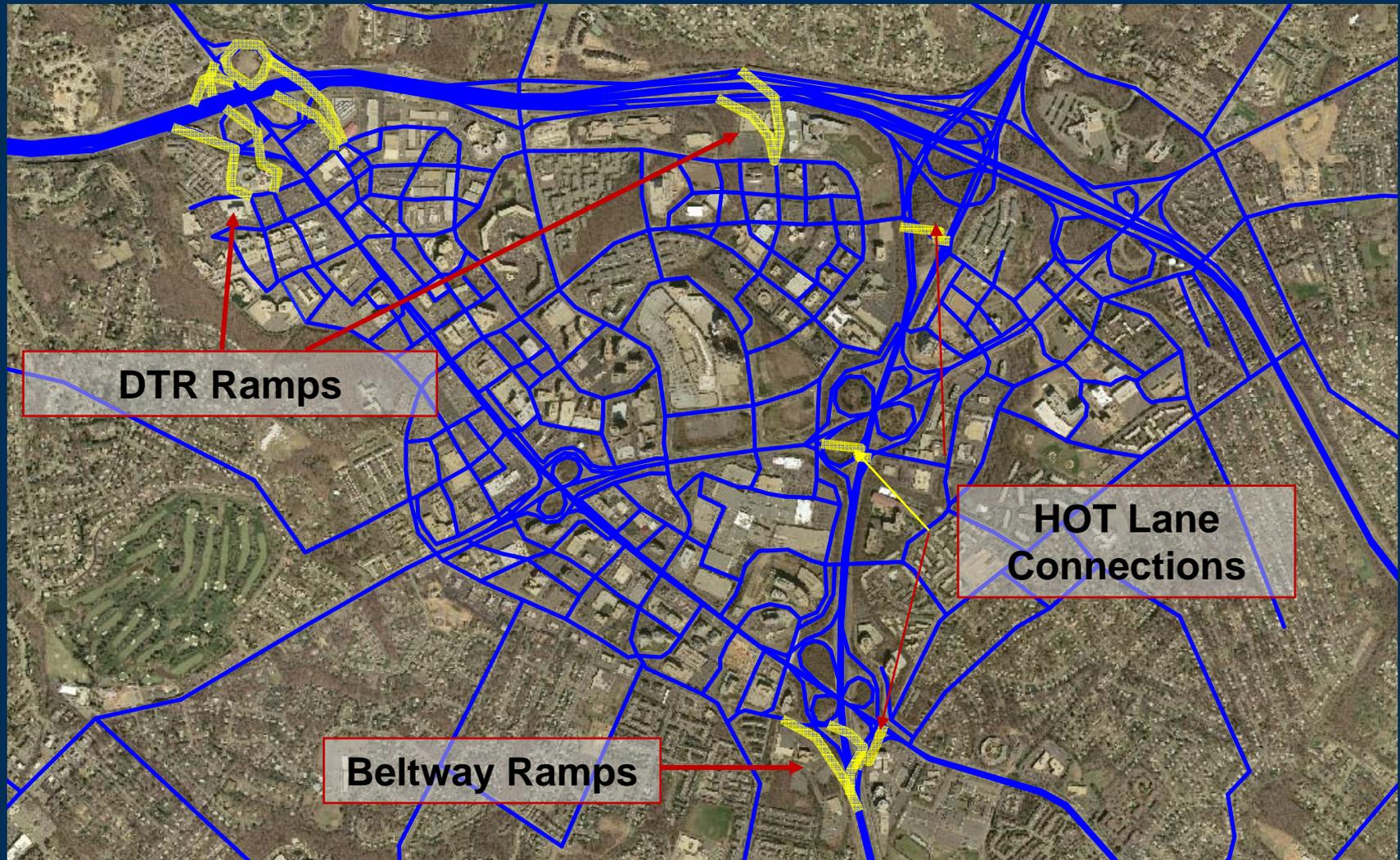
Prototypes and Networks

Network 1 – Grid of Streets



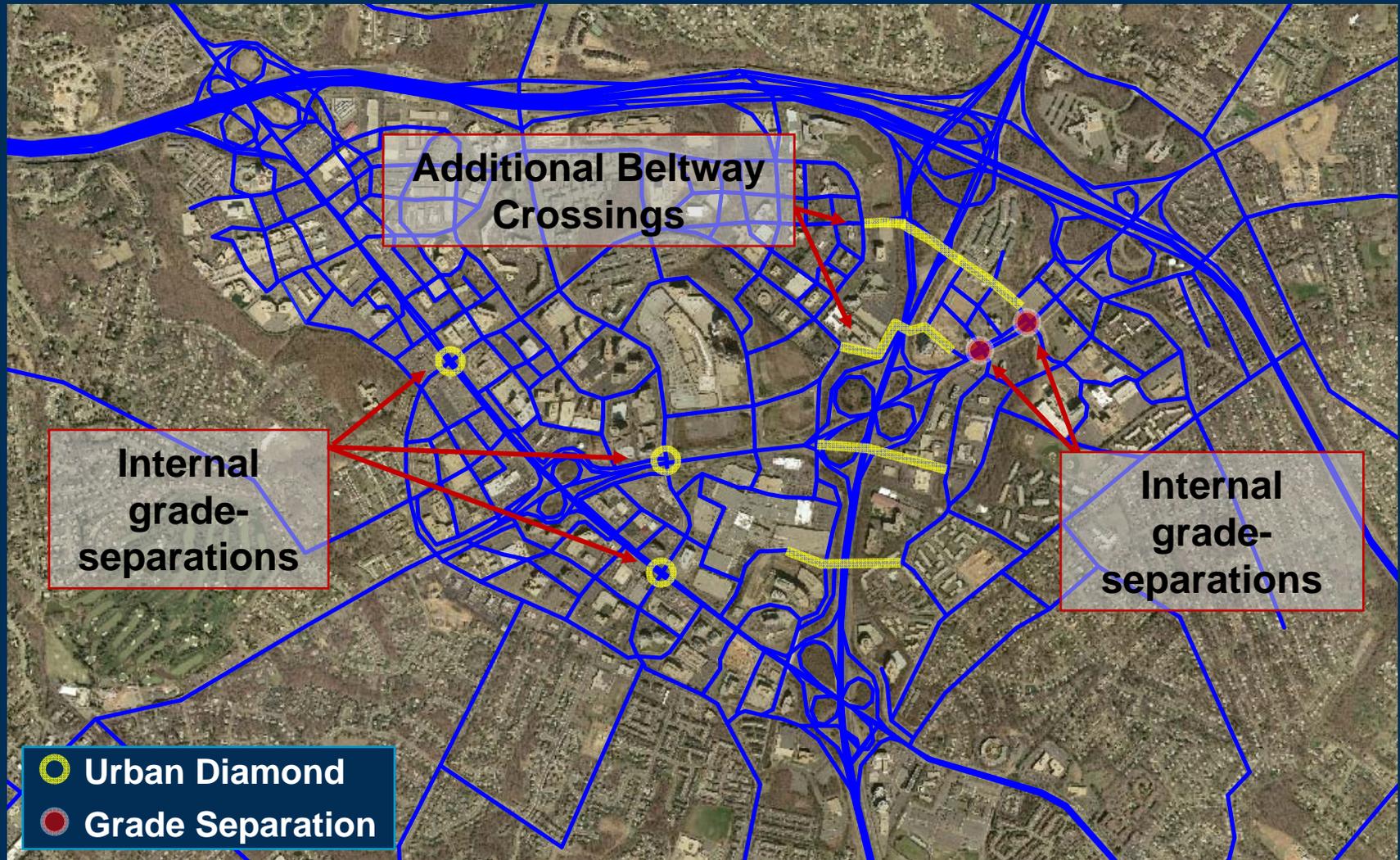
Prototypes and Networks

Network 1 – Ramps



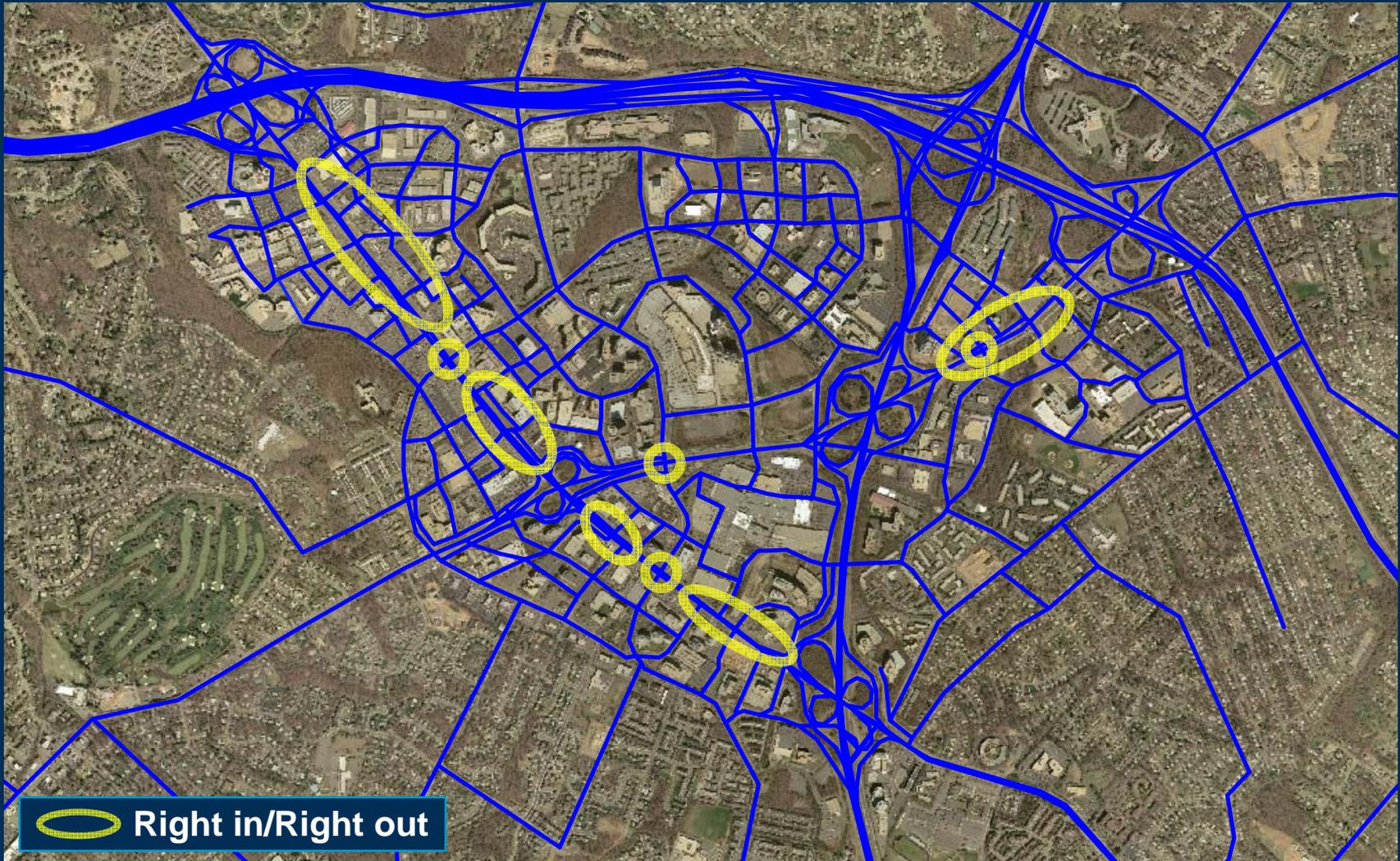
Prototypes and Networks

Network 1 – Crossings/Grade Separations



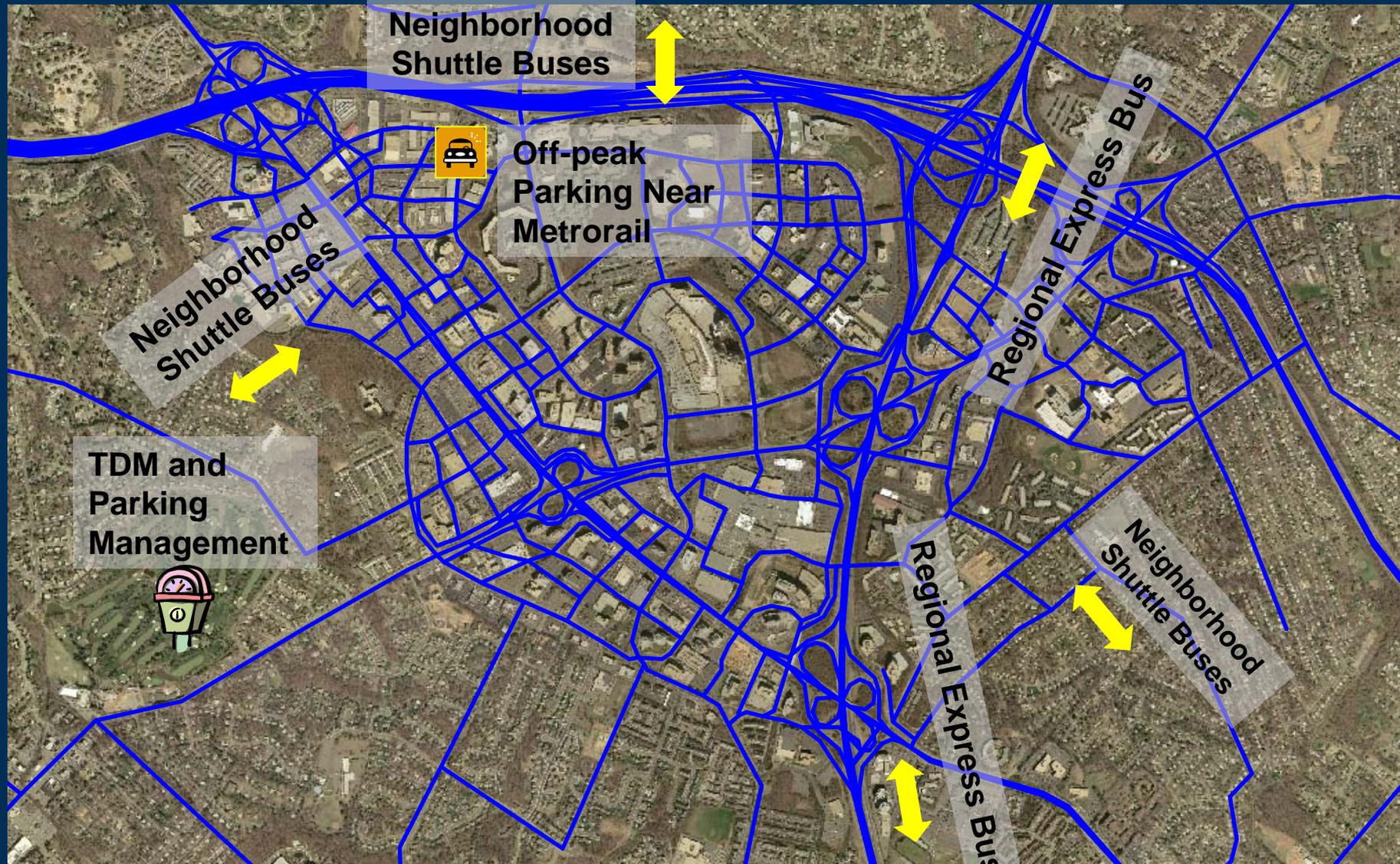
Prototypes and Networks

Network 1 – Intersection Operations



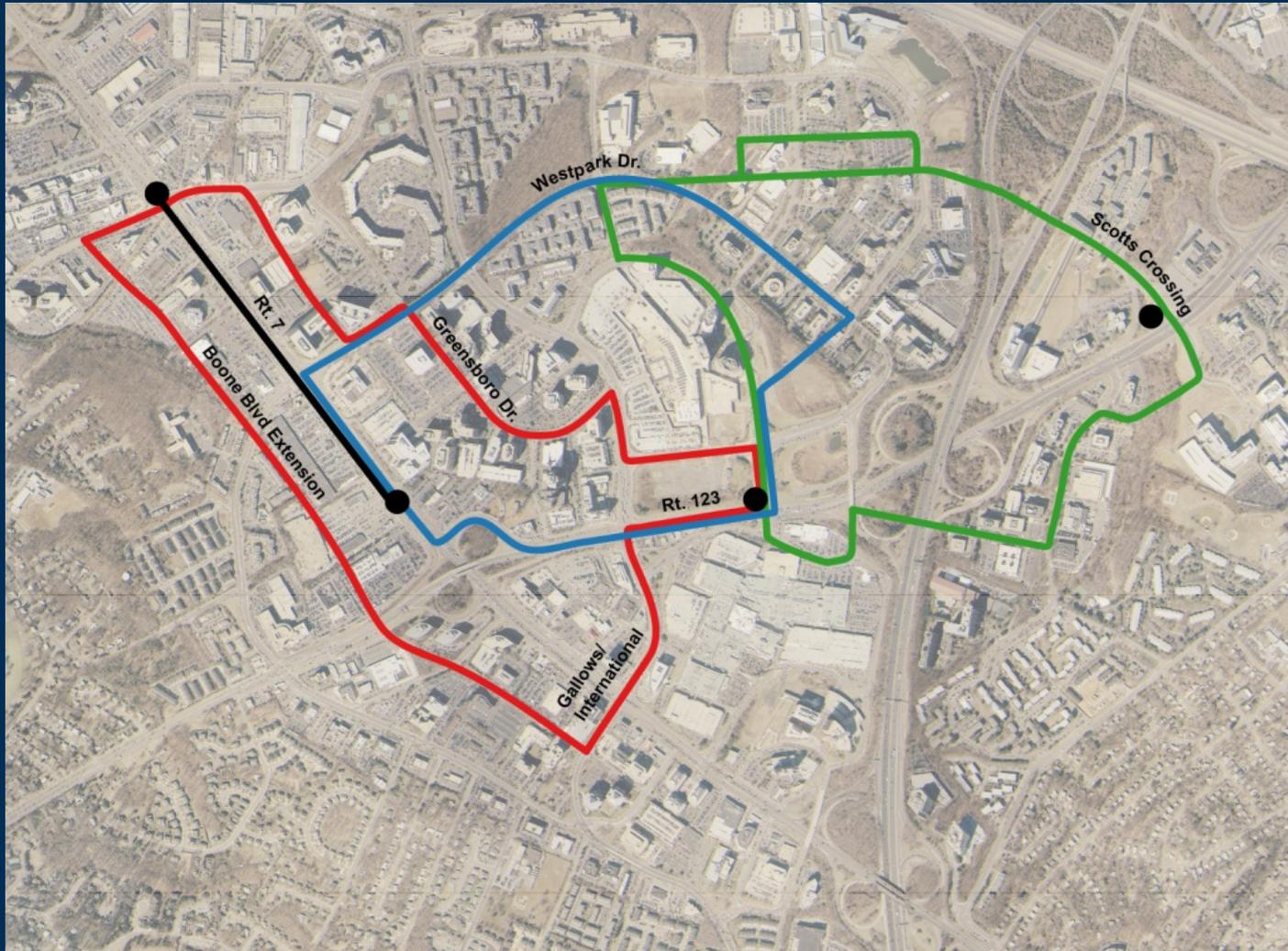
Prototypes and Networks

Network 1 – Transit



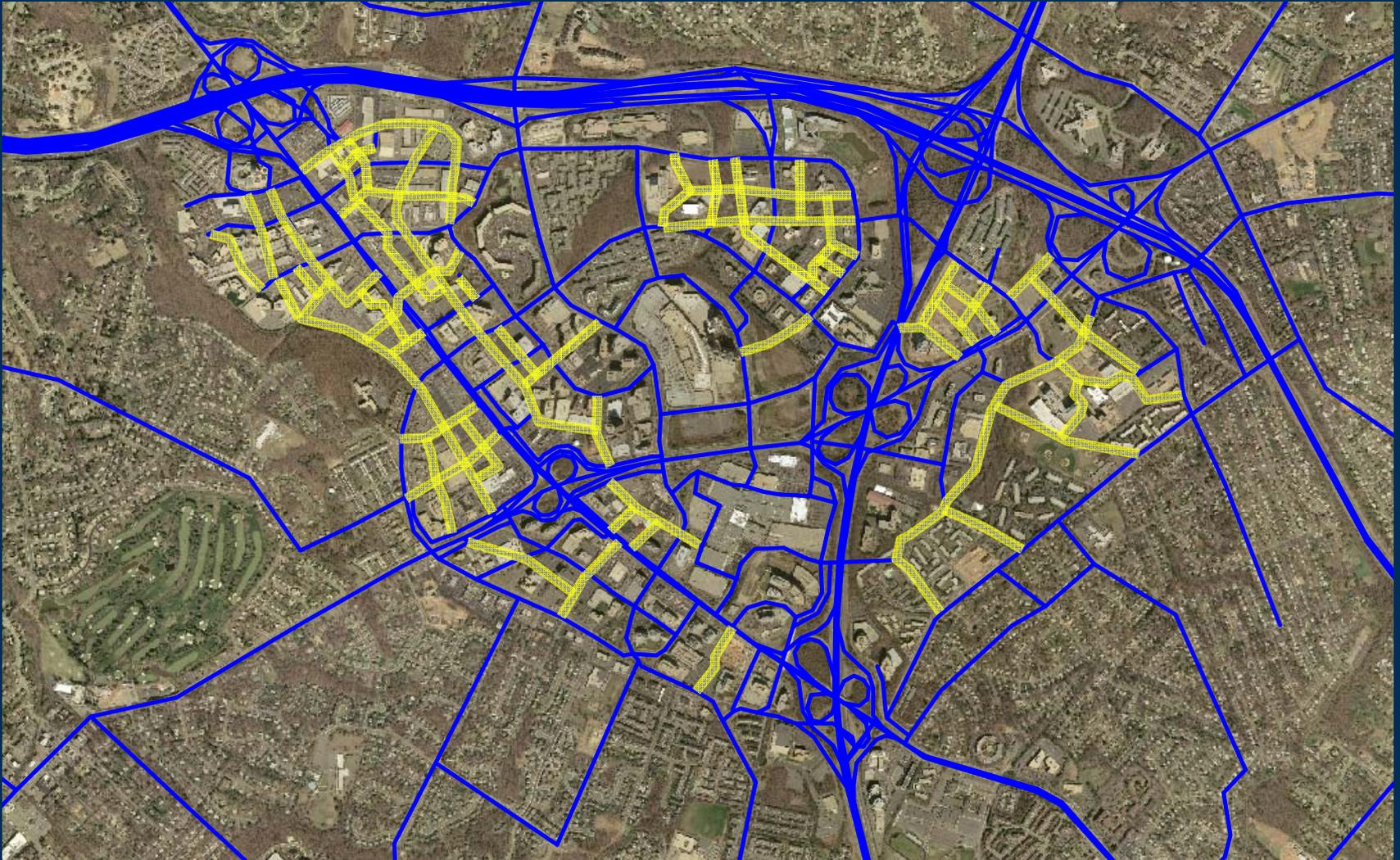
Prototypes and Networks

Network 1 – Transit Circulators (in Mixed Traffic)



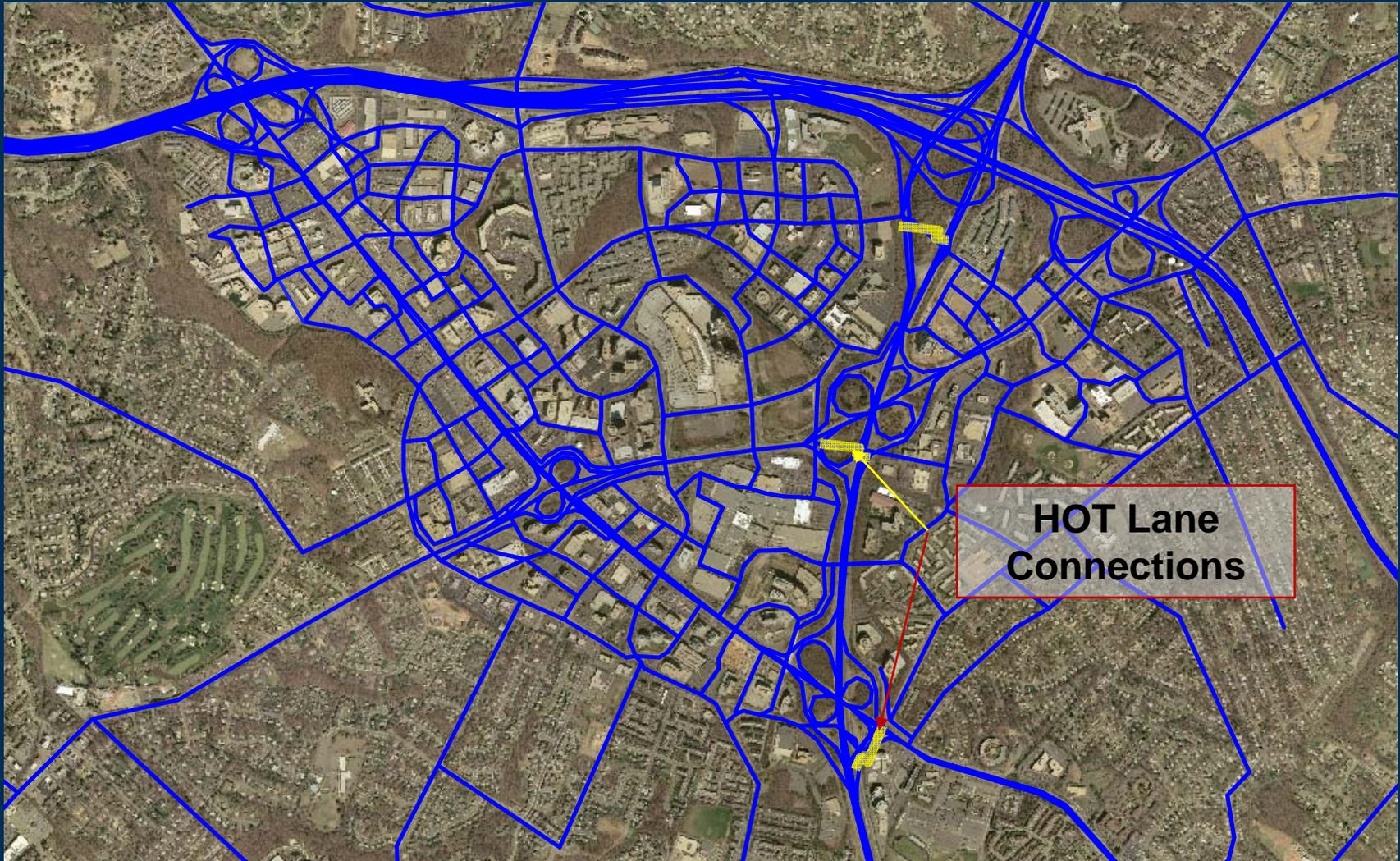
Prototypes and Networks

Network 2 – Grid of Streets



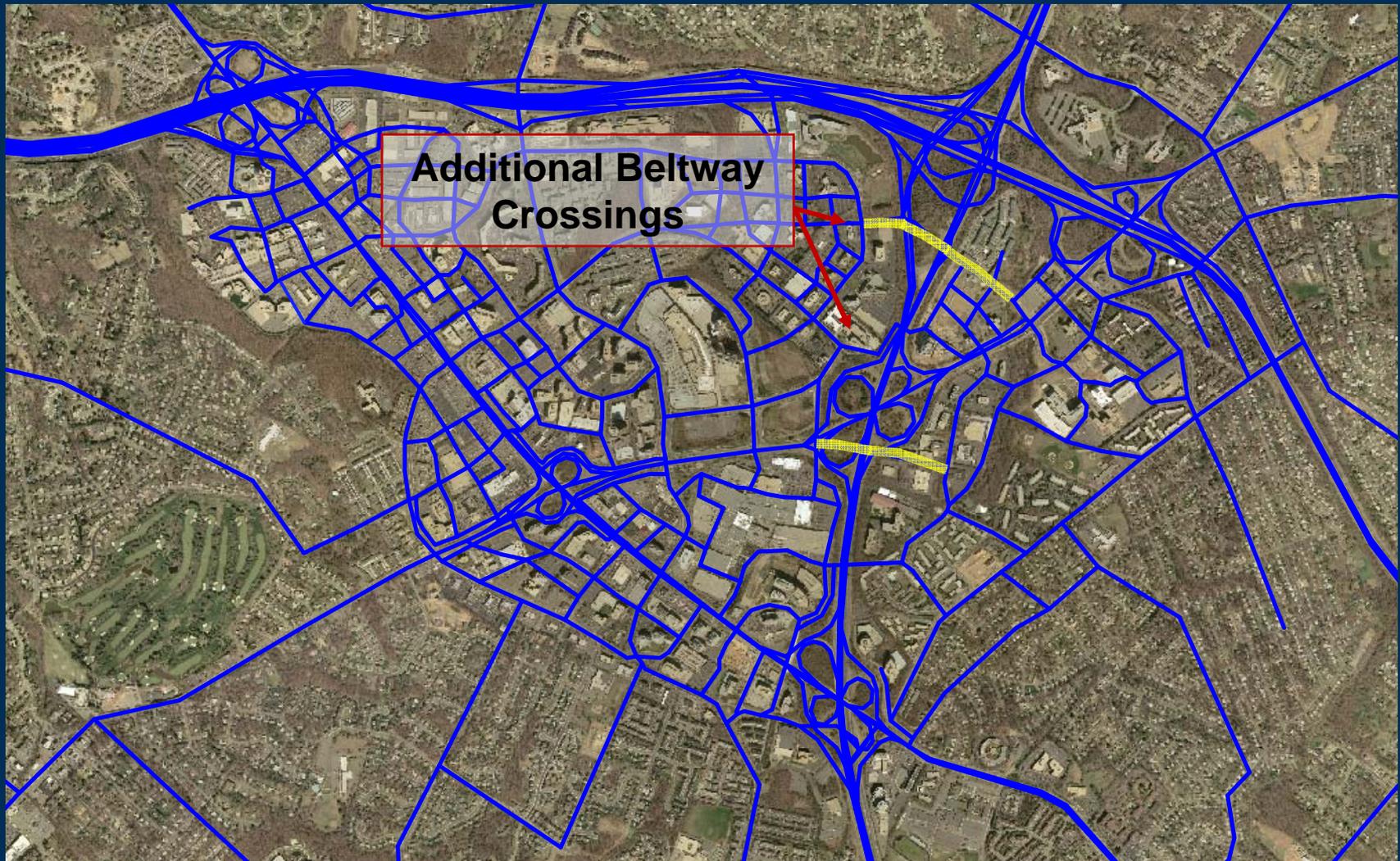
Prototypes and Networks

Network 2 – Ramps



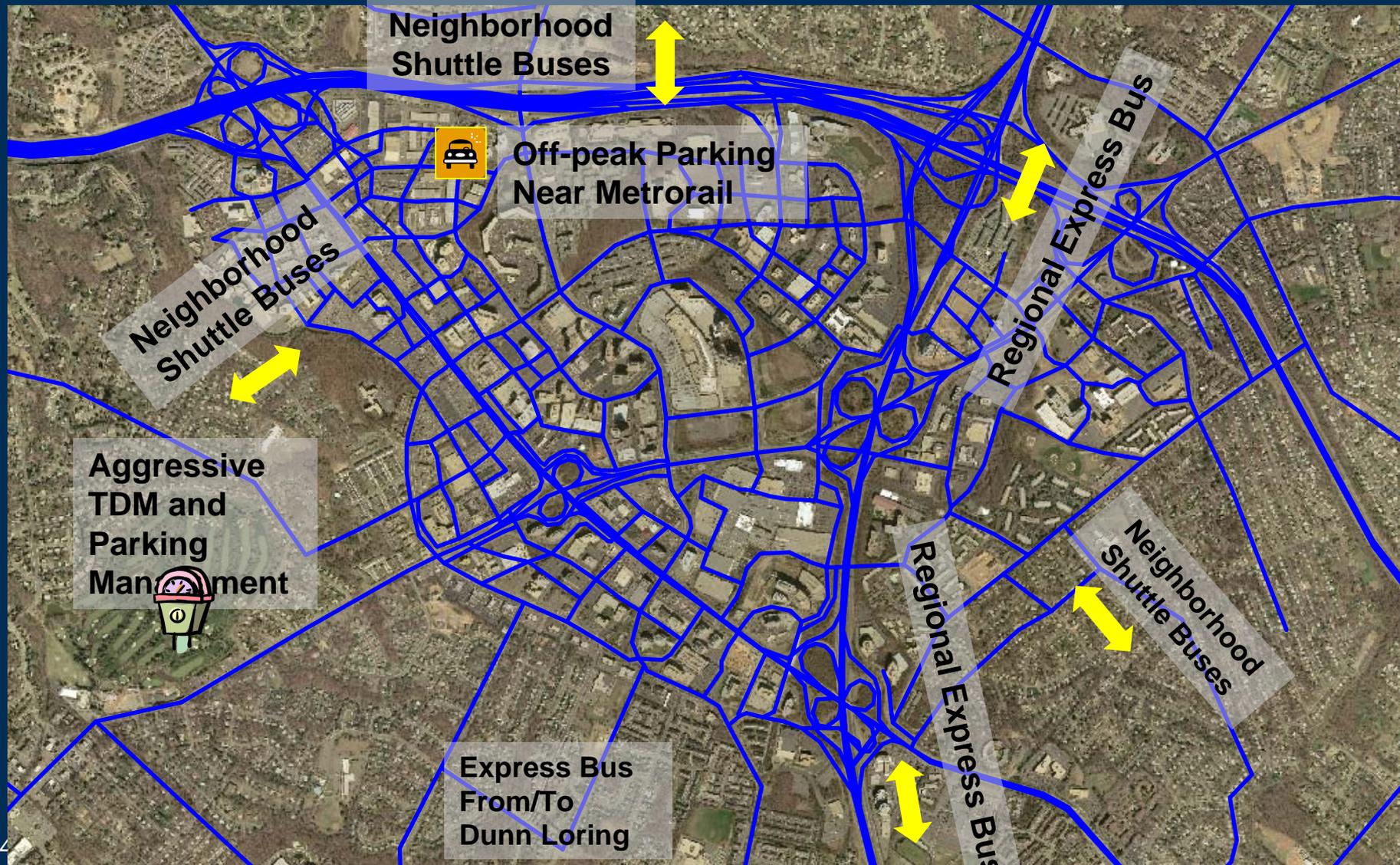
Prototypes and Networks

Network 2 – Crossings



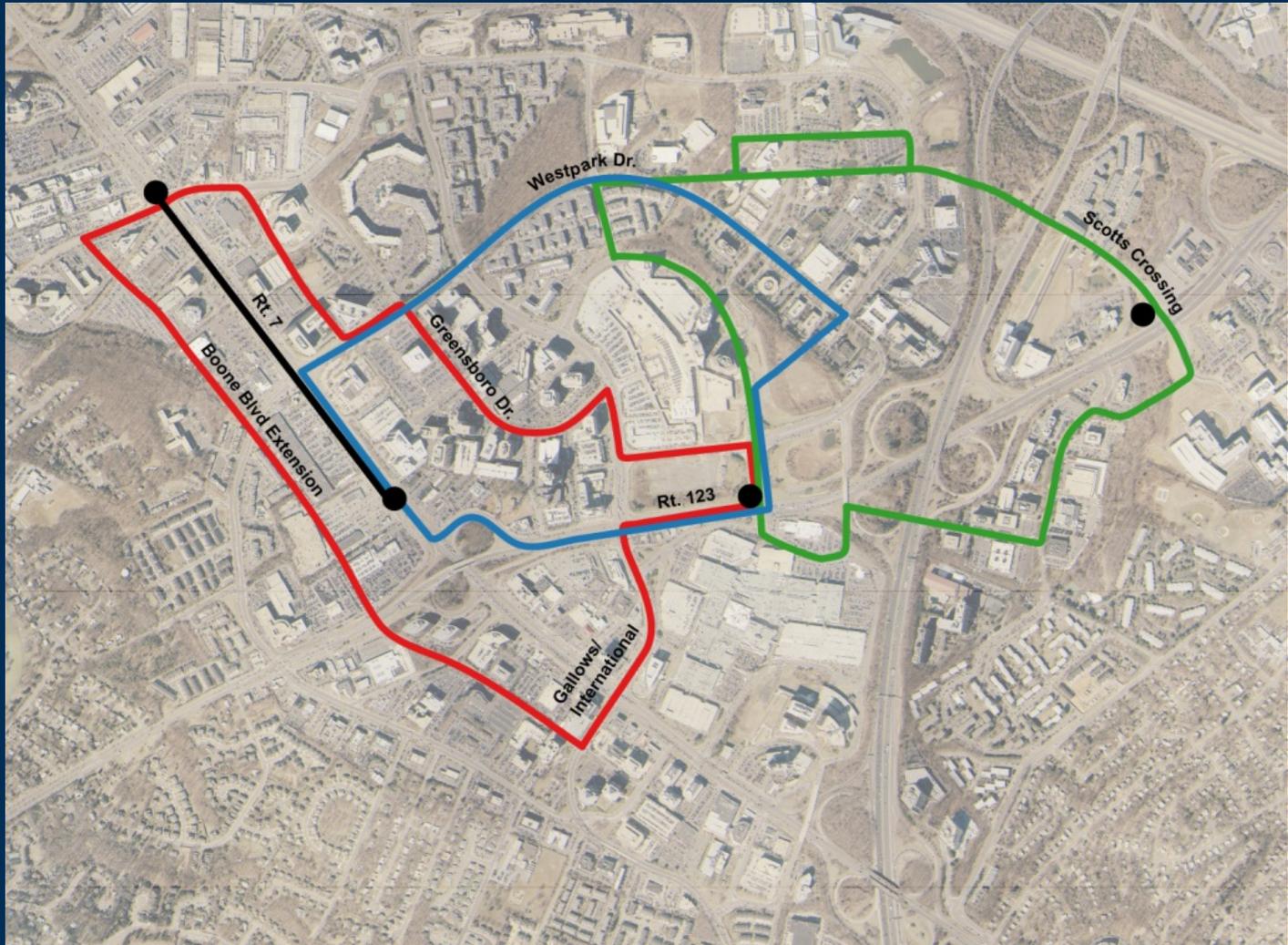
Prototypes and Networks

Network 2 – Transit



Prototypes and Networks

Network 2 – Transit Circulators (in Own Right-of-Way)



Prototypes and Networks

Households and Jobs

- **Relative to the Base...**
 - **Prototypes A and B have significantly improved Jobs to Housing ratios**
 - **Large increases in households (A - 123%, B – 202%)**
 - **Prototype B increases households significantly in the area served by the Circulators**

Prototypes and Networks

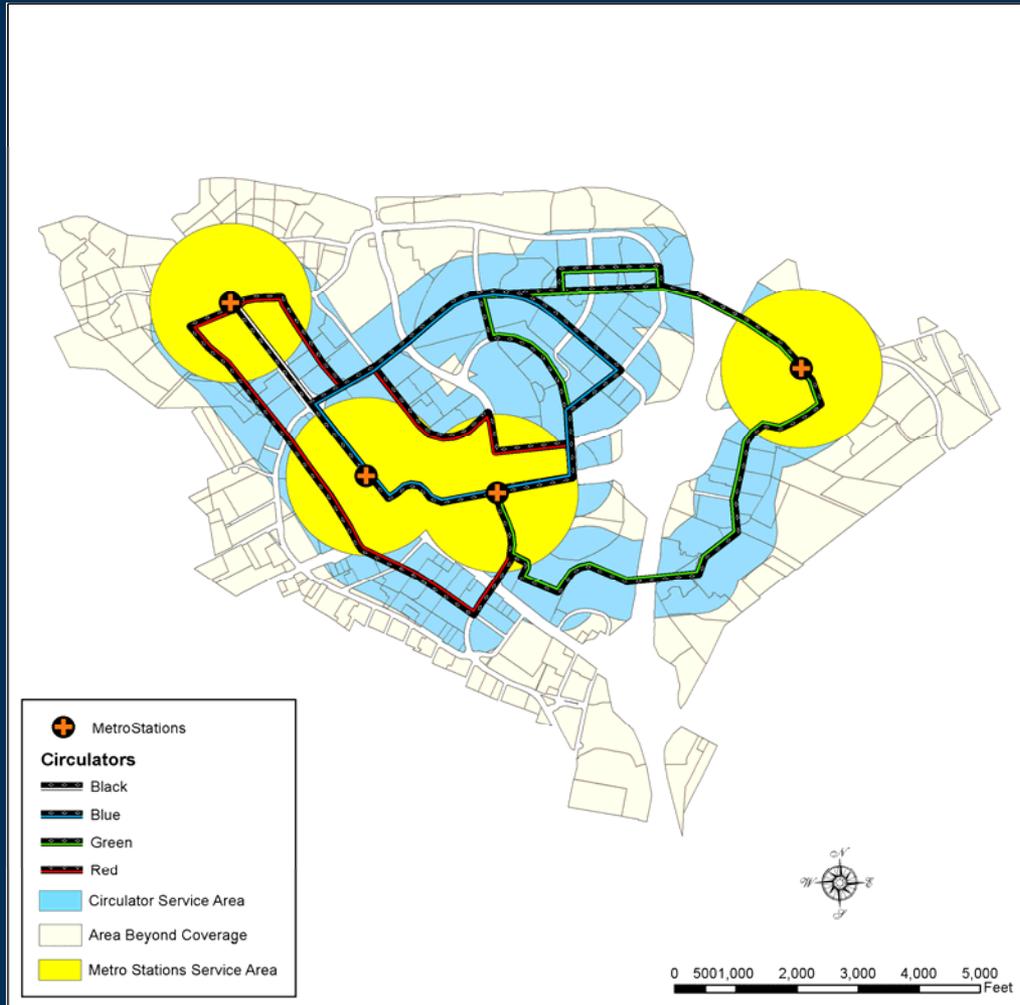
Households, Jobs, and J/H Ratio in Tysons

	HH	Jobs	J/H
2005	8,100	106,900	13.2
Base	16,300	161,500	9.9
A	36,300	159,000	4.4
B	50,000	202,800	4.1

HH = Households

J/H = Jobs to Housing Ratio

Prototypes and Networks Analysis Geography



- Station Areas
 - Yellow
- Circulator Areas
 - Blue
- Other Area
 - Tan

Prototypes and Networks

Base Land Use and Comparison with Base by Area

	Station Areas	Circulator Areas	Rest of Tysons	Total
	Households	Households	Households	Households
Base	7,500	5,900	2,900	16,300
A	+9,500	+6,200	+4,200	+19,900
B	+8,700	+17,500	+7,500	+33,700

Prototypes and Networks

Base Land Use and Comparison with Base by Area

	Station Areas	Circulator Areas	Rest of Tysons	Total
	Jobs	Jobs	Jobs	Jobs
Base	60,300	65,100	36,100	163,000
A	+10,800	-9,300	-4,000	-2,500
B	+50,900	-6,700	-2,900	+41,300

Analysis Overview

- **What's different about this analysis?**
- **Big picture findings**
- **Trip impacts**
- **Mobility impacts**
- **Community impacts (work underway!)**

Analysis

What's Different about this Analysis?

- Predicted circulator impacts, and incorporated findings
- Analyzed micro-scale design impacts on walk/bike trips, and incorporated findings
- Estimated TDM impacts, and incorporated findings
- All these affect different types of trips and different geographies!



Analysis Findings

The Big Picture

- **Relative to the Base...**
 - **Circulator, TDM and Grid increase transit, walk/bike trips substantially**
 - **Networks 1 and 2 provide mobility benefits, even with additional development**
 - **Impacts to regional transportation system and other community access points are being analyzed further**
- **Also**
 - **Transit share in station areas is significant**

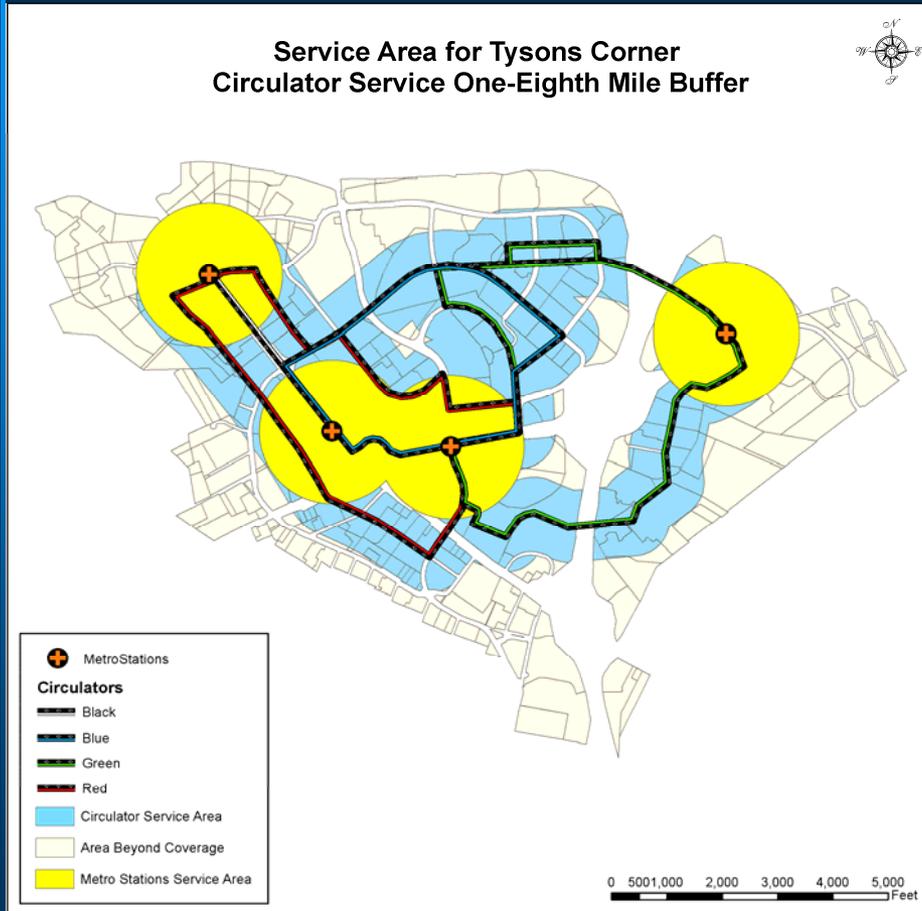
Analysis Findings

The Big Picture

- **Relative to DC Core and Arlington Core...**
 - **Networks 1 and 2 appear to have lower levels of congestion overall**

Analysis Findings

Circulator Analysis



- **A/1 Prototype/Network**
 - 19% of households, 20% of jobs w/in easy walk
 - Runs in mixed traffic
- **B/2 Prototype/Network**
 - 35% of households, 24% of jobs w/in easy walk
 - Moves on own right of way
 - Part of Tysons identity

Analysis Findings

Circulator Analysis



- Analysis estimates additional transit captured
- Retail and other non-work trips targeted
- A/1: 6% daily additional transit capture
- B/2: 14% daily additional transit capture

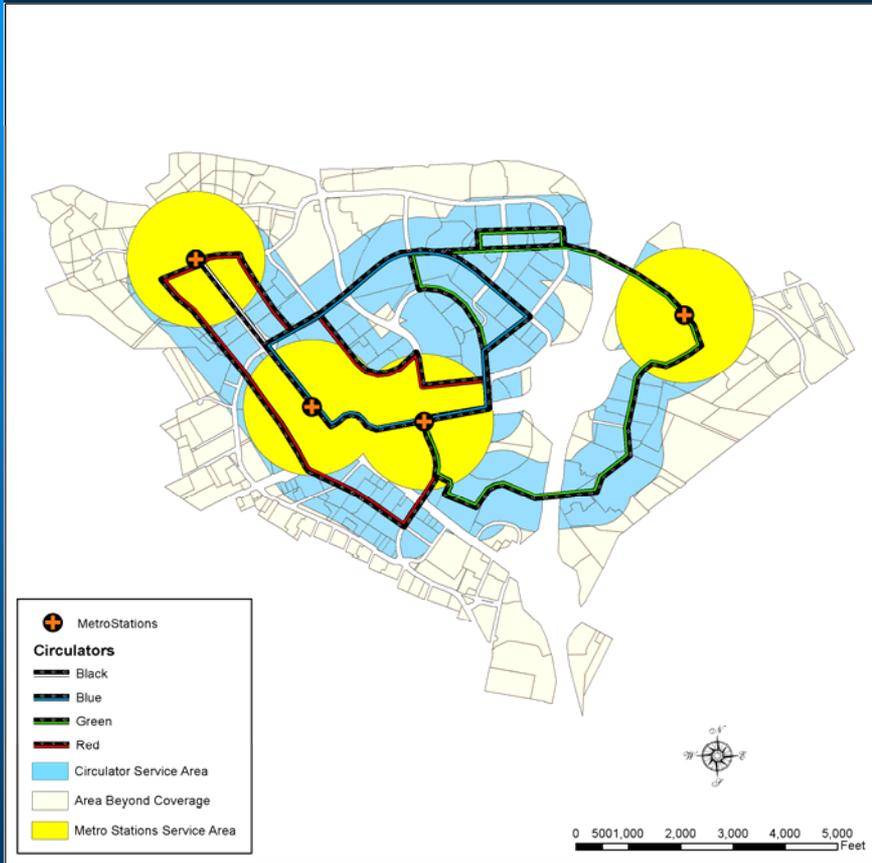
Analysis Findings

TDM Analysis

- **Expansion of Transportation Demand Management Program**
 - **Mandatory for new development**
 - **Transit coordinators**
 - **Carpool/Vanpool incentives**
 - **Transit subsidy**
 - **Guaranteed Ride Home**
 - **Parking management**
 - **Transit station – highest application of programs**

Analysis Findings

TDM Analysis (Trip Reductions)

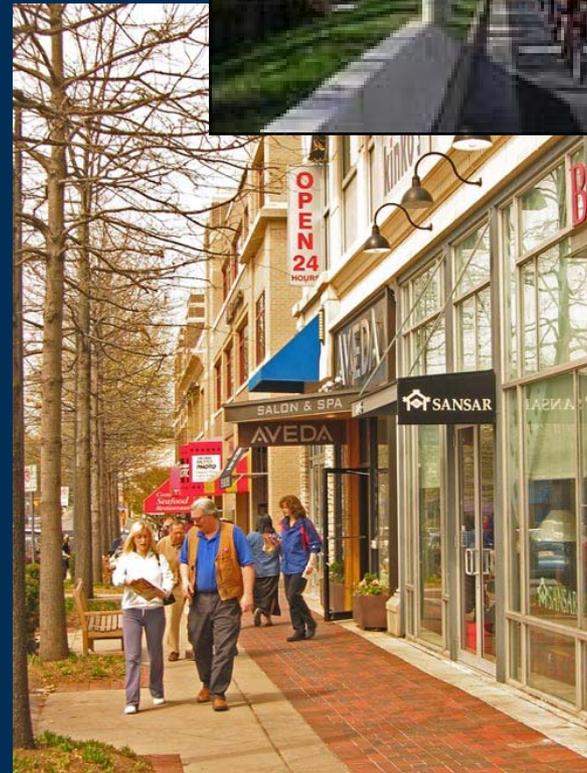


- **Prototype A**
 - Station Areas - 11.4%
 - Circulator Areas – 4.4%
 - Other Tysons – 1.2%
- **Prototype B**
 - Station Areas – 10.4%
 - Circulator Areas – 4.5%
 - Other Tysons – 1.3%

Analysis Findings

Urban Design Analysis

- **Density**
- **Diversity**
 - Greater mix improves opportunities for shorter travel
- **Destinations**
 - Greater access to region can reduce trip lengths
- **Design**
 - Network density
 - Sidewalk completeness
 - Route directness



Analysis Findings

Trip Reduction Potential – Urban Design

Prototype/ Network	Station Areas	Circulator Area	Other
A/1	7%	6%	2%
B/2	8%	10%	5%

Analysis Findings

Daily Work Trips From and To Residences

	Base	A	B
Total	34,800	72,200	99,300
Transit Share	25%	37% (29%)	36% (29%)
SOV Share	69%	58% (65%)	59% (65%)

(%) = Share BEFORE TDM, Circulator, Four Ds

Analysis Findings

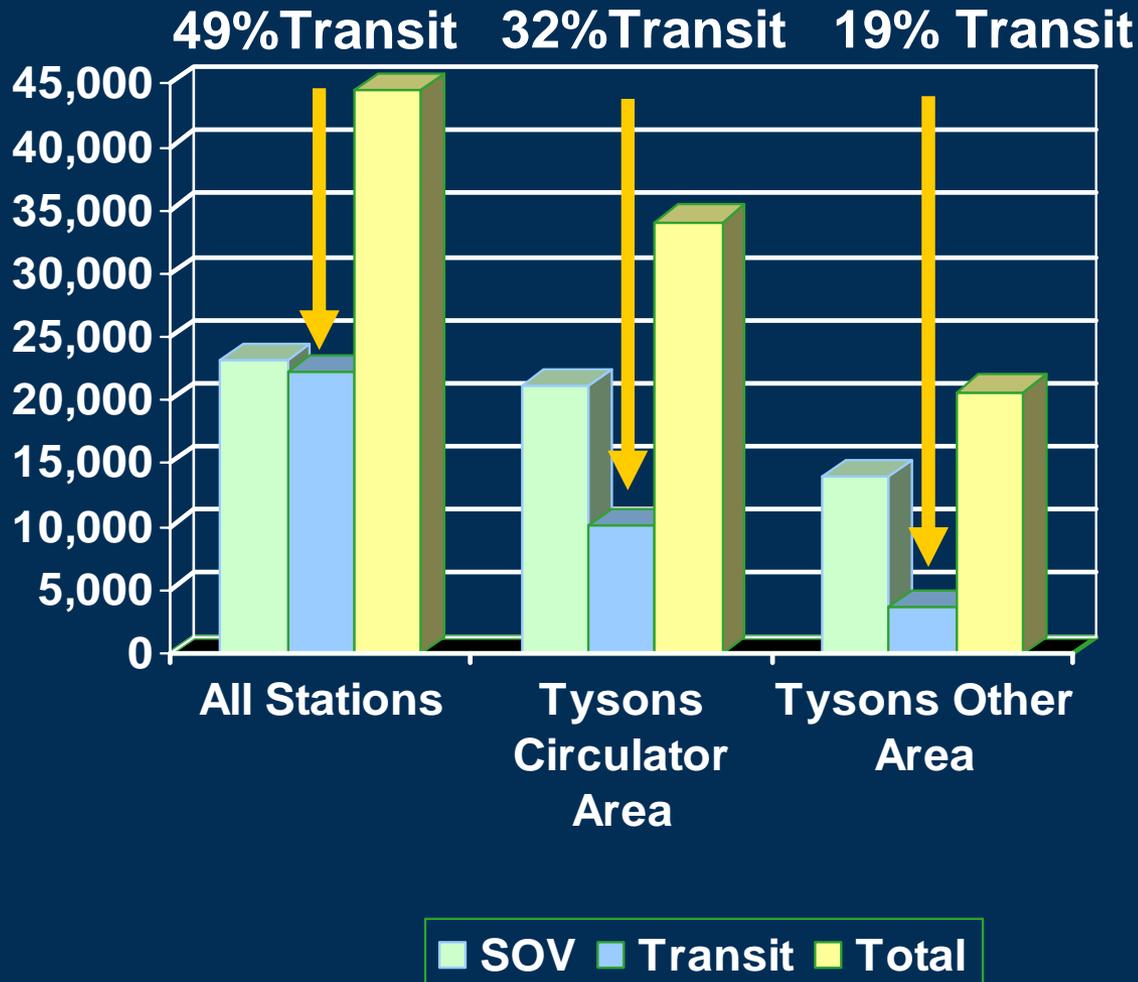
Daily Work Trips From and To Non-Residential Uses

	Base	A	B
Total	180,400	186,700	222,300
Transit Share	19%	29% (23%)	31% (24%)
SOV Share	72%	60% (66%)	59% (64%)

(%) = Share BEFORE TDM, Circulator, Four Ds

Analysis Findings (B/2)

Daily Work Trips From and To Residences



- Transit very competitive in station areas
- ... and has a significant impact in circulator areas as well

Analysis Findings

Percentage of Travel in Highly Congested Conditions

	2005	Base	A		B	
			A/1	A/2	B/1	B/2
AM	33%	40%	19%	20%	26%	26%
PM	48%	54%	42%	41%	44%	43%
Daily	27%	32%	22%	22%	24%	25%

Analysis Findings

Percentage of Travel in Highly Congested Conditions (Comparison with Other Areas)

	DC Core	Arlington Core	A		B	
			A/1	A/2	B/1	B/2
AM	40%	45%	19%	20%	26%	26%
PM	54%	25%	42%	41%	44%	43%
Daily	38%	45%	22%	22%	24%	25%

Work Underway

Community Impact Analysis



- For all scenarios, highest congestion levels appear to be at VA 7 and VA 123 cutlines

- **Baseline**
 - Has highest average congestion
 - 8 locations at mid-high congestion levels
- **A/1 - 8 locations at mid-high congestion levels**
- **A/2,B/1,B/2**
 - 7 locations at mid-high congestion levels

Observations

- **Network 1 and 2 – Compared to Base**
 - Produce lower levels congestion
- **Network 1 –**
 - Appears to lower congestion levels
 - Reduces VA 7 congestion
- **Network 2 –**
 - Produces better conditions for non-motorized travel

Observations

- **Grid's effectiveness is confirmed**
- **Circulator is an important component of transportation services and identity**
- **Ramps appear to be critical constraint**
- **Gateways need to be evaluated further**

Next Steps

- **Complete Measure of Effectiveness analysis**
- **Complete community impact analysis**
- **Complete analysis of costs**
- **Draft report and recommendations**