



Home

Bureaus &amp; Divisions ▾

Resources ▾

Search blueNET

EDIT LINKS

White, David ▾



Search this site

blueNet &gt; Bureaus &amp; Divisions &gt; Planning and Research

new document or drag files here

All Documents ...

Find a file



✓	Name	Originating Office	Subject	Date
	000232	... OSB	Position Vacancy - Photo Red Light Section	12/26/2000
	000231	... PSCC	Altaris CAD Upgrad 99-120	12/29/2000
	000230	... OSB	Metropolitan P.D. 2001 Inauguration Commemorative Badge	12/28/2000
	000229	... PB	Vacancy Announcement - PCA, Mason	12/29/2000
	000228	... CJA	Community Policing Training	12/26/2000
	000227	... ASB	Position Vacancies - PCA, Franconia	12/21/2000
	000226	... DCP	2001 Inauguration Commemorative Badge	12/21/2000
	000225	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	12/19/2000
	000224	... ASB	Position Vacancy - Secretary I, Patrol Bureau	12/19/2000
	000223	... ASB	Position Vacancy - PCA, McLean	12/18/2000
	000222	... ASB	Position Vacancy - PCA, Reston	12/14/2000
	000221	... CO	Dress Down Friday	12/15/2000
	000220	... DCP	DCJS Crime Prevention Specialist	12/13/2000
	000219	... CO	Valor Awards	12/13/2000
	000218	... CJA	Academy Snowline	12/12/2000
	000217	... OSB	Santa's Ride - Itinerary	12/12/2000
	000216	... CO	New General Order - Bias Crime	12/4/2000
	000215	... P&R	Uniform Crime Report Revisions	12/5/2000
	000214	... IA	Position Vacancy - Secretary II, Internal Affairs	12/4/2000
	000213	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	12/1/2000
	000212	... CO	G.O. 540.1, Use of Force	11/29/2000
	000211	... CJA	2001 Driver Training	11/15/2000
	000210	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	11/21/2000
	000209	... CO	2000 A. Heath Onthank Award Nominations	11/21/2000
	000208	... OSB	Twelfth Annual Santa's Ride for Children	11/22/2000
	000207	... OSB	Sobriety Checkpoints	11/16/2000
	000206	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	11/15/2000
	000205	... PB	Court Issues	11/9/2000
	000204	... PB	Position Vacancy - School Resource Officer - Mt. Vernon	11/15/2000
	000203	... TSB	Arrest of Concealed Weapons Permit Holders	11/13/2000
	000202	... OSB	Liaison with VDOT on Weather-Related Incidents	11/1/2000
	000201	... CO	Community Policing - Definition	11/2/2000
	000200	... ASB	Vacancy - PCA, Mason	10/30/2000
	000199	... DCP	Public Safety Digital Radio System Cutover Plan	10/27/2000
	000198	... PB	Vacancy - PCA, Court Liaison	10/25/2000
	000197	... OSB	Emergency Medical Care Program	10/25/2000
	000196	... TSB	Radio Call Signs, Technical Services Bureau	10/25/2000
	000195	... CJA	In-Service Training, Cancellation Policy	10/19/2000
	000194	... OSB	Tuberculosis Skin Test	10/23/2000
	000193	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	10/18/2000
	000192	... DCP	Call Sign Designators - Patrol Bureau	10/17/2000
	000191	... TSB	Parking Assignments	10/24/2000
	000190	... ASB	Vacancy Announcement - Applicant Detective - Personnel Resources Division	10/18/2000

✓		Name	Originating Office	Subject	Date
		000189	... CO	Subpoena Accountability	10/18/2000
		000188	... CO	Line and Staff Inspections	10/17/2000
		000187	... ASB	Submission of On-Line Time and Attendance and Overtime Summary	10/12/2000
		000186	... TSB	2001 Calendar Orders	10/12/2000
		000185	... OSB	Posting of Unofficial/Political Signs on State Right-of-Way	10/6/2000
		000184	... P&R	General Orders Third Quarter Revisions	10/11/2000
		000183	... ASB	2000 Influenza Vaccination Program	10/10/2000
		000182	... CJA	Information Session - GMU Bachelors Degree Program	10/4/2000
		000181	... DCI	Employee Identification Cards	10/4/2000
		000180	... OSB	Posting of Unofficial/Political Signs on State Right-of-Way	10/2/2000
		000179	... OSB	Position Vacancies - Search and Rescue Unit	9/27/2000
		000178	... CO	Documenting Vehicle Stops, Searches & Search Requests	9/22/2000
		000177	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	9/18/2000
		000176	... PIO	Position Vacancy, Public Information Office	9/18/2000
		000175	... DCI	DNA Data Bank	9/14/2000
		000174	... P&R	MBO Annual Report for Calendar Year 1999	9/5/2000
		000173	... P&R	2000 State and County Code Index	9/7/2000

1 - 60 



Home

Bureaus & Divisions ▾

Resources ▾

Search blueNET

EDIT LINKS

Search this site

blueNet > Bureaus & Divisions > Planning and Research

⊕ new document or drag files here

All Documents ... Find a file  SAVE THIS VIEW

✓		Name	Originating Office	Subject	Date
		000172	... PB	2nd or Subsequent DWI Tracking Program	9/8/2000
		000171	... DCP	Position Vacancy, Sergeant - Court Liaison	9/1/2000
		000170	... OSB	Photo Red Light Program	8/25/2000
		000169	... PSCC	VDOT Call Box Program	8/25/2000
		000168	... CO	School Resource Officer Program	8/21/2000
		000167	... CJA	Anticipated Sergeant Vacancy, Criminal Justice Academy	8/21/2000
		000166	... TSB	Parking Assignments	6/29/2000
		000165	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	8/24/2000
		000164	... OSB	Position Vacancy - Traffic Safety Supervisor	8/22/2000
		000163	... CIB	Detective Eligibility List, Major Crimes Division	8/18/2000
		000162	... OSB	Start of School Enforcement Effort	8/21/2000
		000161	... CO	Open Invitation, Alfred Street Baptist Church	8/18/2000
		000160	... PB	Position Announcement, CIS Detective, Fair Oaks	8/16/2000
		000159	... PB	Selection Process - Eligibility List, R.A.D. Instructor	8/15/2000
		000158	... CO	Revision of General Order320.1	8/15/2000
		000157	... CJA	In-Service Firearms Training	8/11/2000
		000156	... CJA	Position Vacancy - Hostage Negotiation Unit	8/8/2000
		000155	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	8/7/2000
		000154	... TSB	Radio Call Signs	8/8/2000
		000153	... DCP	Top Cop Challenge	8/8/2000
		000152	... CJA	Command Staff MIR	8/4/2000
		000151	... CJA	Use of Facilities	8/4/2000
		000150	... CIB	Position Vacancy - Crime Scene Section	8/2/2000
		000149	... PB	Position Vacancy - School Resource Officer, Mt. Vernon	8/1/2000
		000148	... ASB	Casualty Assistance Plan	7/21/2000
		000147	... CJS	Position Vacancy - Clerk Typist II, Academy	7/28/2000
		000146	... CJA	Application and Enrollment, George Mason	7/27/2000
		000145	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	7/26/2000
		000144	... DCP	Patrol Officer Competition	7/27/2000
		000143	... DCA	Name Change - Emergency Services Section	7/26/2000
		000142	... CO	Community Policing Initiative - Survey Feedback	7/25/2000
		000141	... OSB	Position Vacancy - Traffic Division, Motor Section	7/21/2000
		000140	... ASB	Vacancy Announcement - Police Citizens Aide	7/21/2000
		000139	... CJA	No. Va. Community College Associates Degree Program	7/17/2000
		000138	... DCA	Executive Development Training	7/17/2000
		000137	... OSB	Overtime Money - Smooth Operator Grant	7/17/2000
		000136	... ASB	Update and Continuing Training Opportunities for Employees	7/14/2000
		000135	... CO	Promtions/Transfers	7/13/2000
		000134	... CO	Traveling Armed on Air Carriers	7/12/2000
		000133	... ASB	Vacancy Announcement - Police Citizens Aide, Warrant Desk	7/11/2000
		000132	... CO	Public Assembly and Demonstrations	7/11/2000
		000131	... TSB	Radio Call Signs - Technical Services Bureau	7/7/2000
		000130	... PB	Training Coordinator - Field Training Instructors	7/7/2000

✓		Name	Originating Office	Subject	Date
		000129	... CIB	Selection Process - Eligibility, CIB, Narcotics	7/3/2000
		000128	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	6/29/2000
		000127	... DCP	Radio/CAD Designators	6/28/2000
		000126	... P&R	General Orders Second Quarter 2000 Revisions	7/1/2000
		000125	... ASB	Reimbursable Overtime Subobject Code Change	6/19/2000
		000124	... ASB	Vacancy Announcement - Two School Resource Officers, Fair Oaks	6/21/2000
		000123	... CIB	Detective Selection Process - Narcotics Section	6/19/2000
		000122	... CO	Video Presentation - 2000 VA General Assembly Session	6/19/2000
		000121	... ASB	Authorized Physicians' Panel	6/16/2000
		000120	... TSB	Fourth of July Parade	6/16/2000
		000119	... CIB	Establishment of New Division - Investigative Support Division	6/14/2000
		000118	... PB	Position Vacancy - SEO, Mason	6/14/2000
		000117	... P&R	Police Local Area Network (PLAN) - NT Conversion	6/14/2000
		000116	... ASB	Compensation Plans - FY2001	6/13/2000
		000115	... CIB	Position Vacancy - Sgt., Major Crimes Division	6/12/2000
		000114	... DCP	Policy Revision - Mandatory Shift Rotation for New Officer	6/5/2000
		000113	... ASB	Eligibility List - Polygraph Examiner	6/7/2000

◀ 61 - 120 ▶



Home

Bureaus &amp; Divisions ▾

Resources ▾

Search blueNET

EDIT LINKS

White, David ▾ ⚙ ?

Search this site

blueNet &gt; Bureaus &amp; Divisions &gt; Planning and Research

⊕ new document or drag files here

All Documents ...

Find a file

SAVE THIS VIEW

✓		Name	Originating Office	Subject	Date
	000112	...	P&R	PD 42 and PD42S Coding Sheet Error	6/6/2000
	000111	...	ASB	Employee Selection Guidelines	6/5/2000
	000110	...	PB	F.B.I.N.A.A. Conferenc	6/2/2000
	000109	...	CO	Promotions/Transfers	5/31/2000
	000108	...	PB	Position Vacancy - Sgt., Youth Services Division	5/26/2000
	000107	...	ASB	Position Vacancy- Secretary II, Administrative Support Bureau	5/23/2000
	000106	...	CIB	Selection Process - Eligibility List, CIB, Orgnized Crime	5/15/2000
	000105	...	DCP	Minimum Staffing	5/11/2000
	000104	...	DCP	General Order 601.4 Revision	5/11/2000
	000103	...	CJA	In-Service Firearms Trianing	5/8/2000
	000102	...	DCP	General Order 602.2, Arrest and Detention of Juveniles	5/4/2000
	000101	...	CO	Promotions/Transfers	5/2/2000
	000100	...	ASB	Additional Training Opportunities for Employees - Performance Management Project	5/4/2000
	000099	...	ASB	Vacancy Announcement - PCA, Warrant Desk	5/3/2000
	000098	...	PB	Position Announcement - Crime Prevention Officer, Fair Oaks	5/1/2000
	000097	...	TSB	Purchase of Additional/Retired Badges	5/1/2000
	000096	...	P&R	Access to Department of Corrections Data	5/1/2000
	000094	...	DCP	2000 Law Enforcement Torch Run	5/1/2000
	000093	...	OSB	DWI Recognition Awards	4/28/2000
	000092	...	CO	Legislative Proposals for the 2001 Session of the Virginia General Assembly	4/26/2000
	000091	...	ASB	Vacancy Announcement - 3 School Resource Officers, Franconia	4/26/2000
	000090	...	DCP	National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial Commemorative Pin	4/10/2000
	000089	...	CO	Promotions/Transfers	4/24/2000
	000088	...	TSB	Parking Assignments - Massey	4/12/2000
	000087	...	TSB	Purchase of Additional/Retired Badges	4/26/2000
	000086	...	ASB	Vacancy Announcement - PCA, Reston	4/24/2000
	000085	...	ASB	Vacancy Announcement - PCA, Central Records Section	4/17/2000
	000084	...	ASB	FY 2000 Budget Closeout	4/14/2000
	000083	...	P&R	Procedures for Requesting Automation Support through the FY 2002 Budget Process	4/14/2000
	000082	...	P&R	General Orders First Quarter 2000 Revisions	4/13/2000
	000081	...	OSB	Position Vacancy - Traffic Division, Accident Reconstruction Section	4/10/2000
	000080	...	OSB	Position Vacancy - Traffic Division, Motor Section	4/10/2000
	000079	...	PSCC	VCIN Recertification	4/5/2000
	000078	...	P&R	VCIN Criminal History Inquiry Response Format Change	4/7/2000
	000077	...	CO	G.O. 430.1 Revision, Auxiliary Police Officers	3/24/2000
	000076	...	DCP	Fairfax County Parks, Recreation Areas, & Schools	4/3/2000
	000075	...	CIB	National Crime Victim's Rights Week	4/4/2000
	000074	...	PIO	Position Announcement, Public Information Office	4/3/2000
	000073	...	PB	Selection Process - Eligibility List, Gang Unit	3/30/2000
	000072	...	PSCC	Mobile Computer Terminal Integration Plan	3/29/2000
	000071	...	OSB	Policy & Procedures, Variable Message Sign Trailers	3/24/2000
	000070	...	P&R	Information Dissemination Manual	3/28/2000
	000069	...	CIB	Selection Process-Eligibility List, Organized Crime - Sgt	3/24/2000

✓		Name	Originating Office	Subject	Date
		000068	... CO	Policy and Procedures for Mobile Video Recording Equipment	3/23/2000
		000067	... CJA	Anticipated Instructor Vacancies - CJA	3/22/2000
		000066	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	3/21/2000
		000065	... CJA	Outlook Training	3/20/2000
		000064	... CJA	Incident Command Training	3/15/2000
		000063	... CO	Employee Training Opportunities	3/17/2000
		000062	... PB	Radio/CAD Designators, Animal Control Division	3/10/2000
		000061	... CJA	Computer Training - Microsoft Word	3/8/2000
		000060	... CJA	Cadets - Station Assignments	3/7/2000
		000059	... ASB	FY 2002 Budget Preparation & FY2001 Advertised Budget	3/7/2000
		000058	... PB	CDU Basic School, Training Dates	3/2/2000
		000057	... PSCC	MCT Training Classes, Training Schedule	2/28/2000
		000056	... CO	Revision to G.O. 320.1, Monadnock Autolock Expandable Baton	2/25/2000
		000055	... P&R	Computer Support	3/1/2000
		000054	... CO	Promotions/Transfers	3/1/2000
		000053	... DCP	Madeira School - Camp Greenway	3/1/2000
		000052	... OSB	Position Vacancies - Tactical Section and Supplemental Tactical Section	2/25/2000

◀ 121 - 180 ▶



Home

Bureaus &amp; Divisions ▾

Resources ▾

Search blueNET

EDIT LINKS

White, David ▾



Search this site

blueNet &gt; Bureaus &amp; Divisions &gt; Planning and Research

⊕ new document or drag files here

All Documents ... Find a file  SAVE THIS VIEW

✓		Name	Originating Office	Subject	Date
	000051	...	TSB	Document Destruction Service	2/29/2000
	000050A	...	ASB	Position Vacancy - Clerk Typist II, OSB	2/24/2000
	000050	...	ASB	Position Vacancy - Clerk Typist II, OSB	2/24/2000
	000049	...	CJA	In-Service Coordinator - Criminal Justice Academy	2/23/2000
	000048	...	ASB	Position Vacancy, Personnel Resources Division	2/23/2000
	000047	...	ASB	Update from the Department of Human Resources, Performance Management Project	2/22/2000
	000046	...	ASB	1999 MPO Process, Revisions to Eligible List	2/22/2000
	000045	...	ASB	Position Vacancy - Secretary II	2/17/2000
	000044	...	CJA	Anticipated Instructor Vacancies	2/17/2000
	000043	...	CO	Police Deployment - Emergency Operations Plan	2/16/2000
	000042	...	TSB	Emergency Water and Food Supplies	2/14/2000
	000041	...	CO	G.O. 310.2 Revision	2/14/2000
	000040	...	CO	G.O. 501.1 Revision	2/11/2000
	000039	...	CO	Promotions/Transfers	2/11/2000
	000038	...	ASB	Training Request Form - Pay for Performance Employee Training	2/9/2000
	000037	...	ASB	Administrative Leave on School Closing Days	2/7/2000
	000036	...	ASB	Submission Deadlines for On-Line Time and Attendance and Overtime Justification	2/2/2000
	000035	...	CJA	Satellite Teleconference - Criminal Justice Professional Development Series	2/1/2000
	000034	...	OSB	Flight Officer/Paramedic Position	1/24/2000
	000033	...	DCP	Sergeants Training Program	1/26/2000
	000032	...	OSB	Anticipated Position Vacancy - Sgt. Tactical Section	1/27/2000
	000031	...	CO	Promotions/Transfers	1/19/2000
	000030	...	P&R	1999 General Order Fourth Quarter Revisions	1/28/2000
	000029	...	CO	After Action Report, Y2K Operations	1/25/2000
	000028	...	PSCC	VCIN Advisory Policy Board Recommendations	1/18/2000
	000027	...	TSB	Consistency of Project Design	1/19/2000
	000026	...	CO	MPO Promotional Process	1/14/2000
	000025	...	OSB	NHTSA Standardized Child Passenger Safety Technical Course Re-Certification	1/12/2000
	000024	...	CJA	Train the Trainer for In Car Video Training System Pilot	1/17/2000
	000023	...	PB	Humane Investigators, Statutory Authority	1/11/2000
	000022	...	DCP	Call Sign Designators/Frequency Assignments	1/13/2000
	000021	...	TSB	LaserJet Cartridges	1/12/2000
	000020	...	PB	Juvenile Detentions	1/12/2000
	000019	...	PB	Reporting Equipment Damage	1/12/2000
	000018	...	ASB	Position Vacancy - Clerk Typist II, Reston	1/12/2000
	000017	...	TSB	Parking Assignments	1/11/2000
	000016	...	OSB	Position Vacancy - Traffic Division, Motor Section	1/7/2000
	000015	...	CJA	Issuance of Safariland SLS Holster	1/7/2000
	000014	...	CJA	Accident Investigation Class	1/7/2000
	000013	...	CJA	Police Command Staff Meeting	1/7/2000
	000012	...	CO	Year 2000 Duty Schedule	1/6/2000
	000011	...	CJA	Command Staff Training - January 28, 2000	1/6/2000
	000010	...	CJA	Emergency Vehicle Operations Center - Training Schedule	1/5/2000

✓		Name	Originating Office	Subject	Date
		000009	... TSB	Position Vacancy - Warrant Officer	1/6/2000
		000008	... DCP	Position Vacancies - Alarm Coordinators	1/5/2000
		000007	... TSB	Position Vacancy - Crime Scene Detective	1/3/2000
		000006	... TSB	Film Processing	1/4/2000
		000005	... TSB	Position Vacancy - Warrant Officer	1/3/2000
		000004	... CIB	Eligibility List - CIB, Narcotics Unit	1/3/2000
		000003	... CIB	Eligibility List - CIB, Street Crimes Unit	1/3/2000
		000002	... TSB	Crime Scene Examination Requests, Photography Processing	1/3/2000
		000001	... ASB	Position Vacancy - Secretary II, Academy	1/3/2000

 181 - 232

000212

FAIRFAX COUNTY, VIRGINIA

MEMORANDUM

TO: Command Staff DATE: November 29, 2000

FROM: J. Thomas Manger, Colonel *JTM*  
Chief of Police

FILE: 00-511

SUBJ: General Order 540.1, Use of Force

REF: Policy Revision

Effective immediately, the following revisions are enacted concerning General Order 540.1, Use of Force.

- Investigational responsibilities are revised concerning less-lethal use of force against persons and use of deadly force against domesticated animals. Criminal Investigations Bureau personnel will no longer investigate less-lethal force incidents resulting in non-serious injuries.
- Internal Affairs personnel shall investigate the use of deadly force against attacking domesticated animals, which injures or kills the animal.
- Officers are required to report firearm discharges.

Investigation of Less-Lethal Force Incidents

The Criminal Investigations Bureau (CIB) and Internal Affairs Bureau personnel were jointly tasked with investigating less-lethal projectile cartridge use when the Department adopted these projectiles. CIB personnel were included in the investigative responsibility of each less-lethal force incident due to the potential need for a criminal investigation in the event of a serious physical injury or death. The less-lethal force incidents that have occurred since adoption have proven the safety and effectiveness of the projectiles.

Effective immediately, Internal Affairs personnel will investigate less-lethal force incidents where no serious physical injury or death occurs, or no reasonable suspicion of criminal misconduct is developed concerning the officer's use of less-lethal projectiles. Serious physical injury is defined as an injury which creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, prolonged hospitalization, impairment of the functions of any bodily organ or limb, or any injury that medical personnel deem to be potentially life threatening. The Staff Duty Officer or the appropriate station/division commander will determine if an

injury is to be designated a serious physical injury. This determination will be based, in part, on information from medical personnel.

Crime Scene Section personnel will provide specialized support in the Internal Affairs investigation. Personnel involved in non-serious injury less-lethal force incidents should undertake evidence preservation efforts such as incident scene security, less-lethal weapon seizure, and witness identification. CIB, Internal Affairs and Crime Scene Section personnel will continue to investigate less-lethal force incidents where a death or serious physical injury occurs.

#### Investigation of Deadly Force Against Animal Incidents

Officers document use of deadly force against animals in a Field Investigation Report (PD Form 42). Supervisors and commanders review the reports, which are forwarded to the Internal Affairs Bureau. Recently, the incidences of officers shooting domestic animals to ward off attacks have increased. Civil litigation concerning injuries incurred by those animals has also increased.

Whenever possible, force should be used progressively by officers to protect themselves or a third party from an attacking animal. In situations such as search warrant executions, operations plans should include non-lethal strategies to establish control over domesticated animals at the location. Alternatives to deadly force include may include OC, striking instruments, use of physical barriers, or catch poles.

Effective immediately, Internal Affairs personnel shall investigate the use of deadly force against any domesticated animal, in order to defend an officer or third party against the threat of serious physical injury, resulting in the animal's wounding or death. Officers who discharge a firearm toward an animal shall immediately inform their supervisor of the incident. Personnel involved in deadly force incidents against domesticated animals should undertake evidence preservation efforts such as incident scene security and witness identification. Investigation of these incidents by Internal Affairs personnel will allow a greater degree of coordination with the County Attorney's Office.

The use of deadly force against an attacking domesticated animal not resulting in its death or wounding, and not resulting in the death or injury to any person shall be reported by the involved employee to their immediate supervisor. The supervisor shall review the circumstances surrounding the use of force. The incident shall be documented in a Field Investigation Report.

The use of deadly force against a suspected rabid or injured animal not resulting in the death or injury to any person shall continue to be documented in a Field Investigation Report. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Division through the appropriate station/division commander. Officers should use deadly force to destroy injured domesticated animals only after attempts to locate an owner to arrange for medical treatment are unsuccessful.

Requirement to Report Firearm Discharge

It has been a long-standing practice for personnel to report discharges of Department-approved firearms, of an intentional and unintentional nature, occurring both on and off duty. Prior to this revision, the only reporting requirement documented in the General Orders concerning reporting firearm discharges only addressed accidental discharges not resulting in death or injury to a person. This revision provides written direction concerning the reporting of firearm discharges by employees.

This General Order revision is effective immediately, and will be incorporated in the next printing of the General Orders. Revised General Order 540.1, Use of Force, is attached. Please contact Major Stephen Hardgrove, Internal Affairs Bureau Commander, at (703) 246-2918 if you have any questions concerning this matter.

JTM/plt

Attachment

General Order 540.1, Use Of Force.

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for the use of force by members of the Fairfax County Police Department.

II. POLICY

It is the policy of the Fairfax County Police Department that force is used only to the extent reasonably necessary to accomplish lawful objectives.

III. DEFINITIONS

- A. Deadly Force: Force likely to cause serious physical injury or death.
- B. Less Lethal Force: Force which may result in death or serious bodily injury. If properly used, less lethal weapons significantly reduce the probability of such outcomes as compared to standard firearms ~~service~~ ammunition.
- C. Non-deadly Force: Force which is not intended to cause death or serious physical injury. The use of a baton or similar objects normally is non-deadly force, but they may constitute deadly force, depending on the manner of use and other circumstances.
- D. Reasonably Necessary: An action or response which is reasonable given the circumstances present at the time and which is necessary to accomplish a lawful objective.
- E. Serious Physical Injury: An injury which creates a substantial risk of death, disfigurement, prolonged hospitalization, impairment of the functions of any bodily organ or limb, or any injury that medical personnel deem to be potentially life threatening.
- F. Excessive Force: Any force which is not reasonably necessary.
- G. Precision Immobilization Technique: The intentional act of using a police vehicle to physically force a fleeing vehicle from a course of travel in order to stop it. P.I.T. is a specific, technical maneuver which requires advanced practical training prior to use.

H. Institutional Integrity: The condition whereby order is maintained in a detention facility to prevent:

- Violations of law.
- Threatened assault to others.
- Attempted/threatened suicide.
- Failure of prisoners to respond to lawful commands to do any acts which are necessary for safety concerns of the facility.

#### IV. REGULATIONS

##### A. Deadly Force

1. Deadly force shall not be used unless it is reasonably necessary.
2. Deadly force may be used to apprehend a fleeing felon if all other means of effecting an arrest have been exhausted and the officer reasonably believes that the escape of the felon will pose an imminent threat of death or serious physical injury to an officer(s) or other person(s). The United States Supreme Court ruled in the 1985 case of Tennessee v. Garner, and recognizing constitutional authority for the use of deadly force to prevent escape and providing a two prong test to guide the exercise of that authority: First, an officer must have probable cause to believe that the fleeing felon is dangerous; and secondly, the use of deadly force must be necessary to effect the arrest.
3. Deadly force shall not be employed to apprehend a fleeing misdemeanor.
4. In effecting any lawful arrest, or while taking a mentally disturbed person into custody under the Code of Virginia, Section 37.1-67.1, only that amount of force reasonably necessary to ensure safe custody or overcome resistance to arrest is justified. If during the course of a lawful arrest or custodial situation, officers are met with resistance to the extent that the officer reasonably believes that death or serious physical injury will occur to the officer or any other person, the use of deadly force to overcome such resistance is reasonably necessary.

5. In any situation where an officer is otherwise acting lawfully, the use of deadly force is justified in the defense of the officer's life or a citizen's life. Also, the use of deadly force is justified in protecting the officer or a member of the public from serious physical injury.
6. In any situation where an officer is otherwise justified in using deadly force, the officer shall not use deadly force recklessly or in any place or under any circumstances where injury or death to an innocent bystander is likely.
7. Any use of force which is not reasonably necessary in view of the circumstances confronting the officer is prohibited.
8. When feasible, officers shall give the verbal warning, "Police, don't move!", prior to using deadly force involving use of a firearm.
9. Officers shall not fire warning shots under any circumstances.
10. Shooting at or from a moving vehicle shall be avoided except to defend an officer's or citizen's life or protect them from serious physical injury or when the escape of a felon will pose an imminent threat of death or serious physical injury to an officer or other person and in accordance with IV.A.6 above. The safety of residents and innocent bystanders is of paramount importance.
11. Officers shall exercise caution at all times in handling and displaying firearms in any place, whether public or private. Except for official purposes such as training, inspecting, securing or cleaning, firearms shall not be handled or displayed. Firearms, whether loaded or unloaded, shall not be aimed at any person except as necessary in the line of duty. Any use of a firearm must be reasonably necessary and in strict accord with departmental policy.
12. Officers shall not leave a Department issued or approved firearm unsecured. This shall apply to on duty and off duty situations.
13. ~~The accidental discharge of a firearm, on duty or off duty, NOT RESULTING IN THE DEATH OR INJURY TO ANY PERSON, shall be immediately reported to the employee's station/division commander or the Staff Duty Officer. Investigations of such incidents will usually be conducted by an on duty supervisor. The investigating supervisor shall document the findings in a memorandum to be concluded before the~~

supervisor's next scheduled days off and forwarded to the Chief of Police.

13. Employees who discharge a firearm in the following circumstances shall immediately inform their supervisor. These incidents shall be immediately reported to the involved employee's station/division commander or the Staff Duty Officer:

- Intentional discharge of a firearm, on duty or off duty, (this does not apply to approved training exercises or lawful firearms-related off duty activities, such as hunting or recreational shooting)
- Accidental discharge of a firearm, on duty or off duty, resulting in the death or injury to any person
- Accidental discharge of a firearm, on duty or off duty, not resulting in the death or injury to any person

Investigations of accidental firearm discharges, not resulting in the death or injury to any person, will usually be conducted by an on-duty supervisor. The investigating supervisor shall document the findings in a memorandum to be concluded before the supervisor's next scheduled days off and forwarded to the Chief of Police.

B. Less Lethal Force

1. Extended Range Kinetic Energy Impact Projectile

- a. Only those 12 gauge kinetic energy impact projectiles issued by the Fairfax County Police Department shall be used by Department employees.
- b. The kinetic energy impact projectile is designed to offer the police officer an alternative to deadly force. However, the use of the kinetic energy impact projectile is not always appropriate and should not be considered if not readily available and a delay in action would be detrimental to the situation.
- c. The kinetic energy impact projectile may be used to resolve potentially violent situations, thereby reducing the likelihood of serious physical injury or death to all persons. The kinetic energy impact projectile will only be used when there is a reasonable belief

that it is unsafe for officers to approach within physical contact range or TASER range and the subject has an immediate ability to utilize force likely to cause death or serious physical injury. The kinetic energy impact projectile may be used to prevent a subject from causing serious physical injury or death to himself or others.

d. Instances where the use or availability of a kinetic energy impact projectile may be effective would include but not be limited to:

- Suspects who are armed with weapons other than firearms.
- Violent persons or persons under the influence of drugs or alcohol who are armed with a weapon.
- Persons threatening to injure themselves or commit suicide in the presence of the officer and armed with a weapon or otherwise capable of carrying out their intent while holding officers at bay.

## 2. Operational Procedures

- a. The kinetic energy impact projectile shall only be used by officers trained and certified by the Fairfax County Police Department.
- b. Requests for a kinetic energy impact projectile operator may be made by any police officer or supervisor through the Public Safety Communications Center.
- c. Use of the kinetic energy impact projectile will be at the discretion of the operator once on the scene.
- d. It shall be the responsibility of the operator to visually and physically inspect the shotgun and munitions to insure that only the appropriate projectiles are used for deployment. Whenever practical, a second officer will inspect the shotgun to assure the weapon is unloaded of shotgun ammunition prior to loading the kinetic energy impact projectile ammunition.
- e. All perimeter units within the immediate area shall be advised, either by radio or direct verbal contact, that kinetic energy impact projectiles have been deployed and may be used.

- f. Kinetic energy impact projectiles should be used from behind cover or at a safe distance. A cover officer shall be in position to engage the subject with deadly force if necessary.
- g. Intentional impact to the head or neck shall be avoided unless deadly force is intended.
- h. The subject shall be taken to a medical facility for examination after having been impacted with a kinetic energy impact projectile.
- i. The use of the kinetic energy impact projectile shall be investigated and documented in accordance with Section D; Investigation into the Use of Deadly Force.

C. Non-Deadly Use of Force

- 1. Non-deadly force may be used by officers only when that force is reasonably necessary:
  - a. To prevent escape from lawful custody, to effect an arrest or an investigative stop of a person reasonably suspected of committing a criminal offense, or to prevent any person from being injured.
  - b. To defend an officer or other person from assault, or what the officer reasonably believes to be physical resistance while effecting or attempting to effect an arrest, investigative stop, or while preventing or attempting to prevent an escape from lawful custody, or to restore institutional integrity in a detention facility.
- 2. There are a number of factors officers shall consider when evaluating the use of force:
  - a. The severity of the crime committed;
  - b. The nature and extent of the threat posed by the suspect;
  - c. The degree to which the suspect resists arrest or detention; and
  - d. Any attempt by the suspect to evade arrest by flight.
- 3. Whenever possible, force should be used progressively in response to opposing force (i.e., physical presence, verbal commands, physical control or OC, TASER, striking instrument, and deadly force).

4. Officers shall escalate or deescalate their use of force in direct response to the other person's actions.
5. Officers may use the force reasonably necessary, such as moderate pressure to stop, turn or guide a subject, to conduct an investigative stop without converting the stop into an arrest. Increased levels of force may be used if it is reasonable under the circumstances confronting the officer. See General Order 540.2, "Police - Citizen Contacts," for detailed procedures regarding investigative stops.
6. OFFICERS MAY NOT USE ANY FORCE TO CONDUCT A VOLUNTARY FIELD CONTACT. See General Order 540.2, "Police-Citizen Contacts," for detailed procedures regarding voluntary field contacts.
7. Handcuffed prisoners resisting arrest or assaulting officers present unique use of force decisions for law enforcement officers. Officers may use only that amount of force reasonably necessary to ensure safe custody or overcome resistance to a lawful arrest.
8. Oleoresin Capsicum (OC) Dispenser
  - a. Only those OC dispensers issued by the Fairfax County Police Department shall be used by Department employees.
  - b. The Oleoresin Capsicum (OC) dispensers should be directed at the subject's face. Due to the flammable carrier for the OC, it shall not be knowingly discharged in the direction of and/or within range of open flames or sparks.
  - b. OC may be used when it is reasonably necessary to effect a lawful arrest or mental custody situation, overcome resistance to a lawful arrest or mental custody situation, to defend an officer or other person from assault, to prevent escape from lawful custody, or to restore institutional integrity in a detention facility.
  - d. Officers are responsible for decontaminating subjects in their custody who have been exposed to OC. Personal security should be established in a safe area, and subjects must be physically controlled prior to undertaking decontamination procedures.

- e. Officers may decontaminate a subject by rinsing the affected area with water. The water should be poured over the bridge of the nose so that it floods both eyes. Rescue personnel may be requested to assist in decontamination. Particular care should be given to those persons wearing contact lenses.
- f. Subjects who are very obese or have bronchitis, asthma, emphysema or similar respiratory disease shall be decontaminated by rescue personnel. This will allow time for rescue personnel to monitor the subject for any adverse reaction to the OC.
- g. Officers shall ensure that subjects exposed to OC, especially very obese individuals, are restrained or transported in a manner which does not constrict their body position. Obese persons are at greater risk for respiratory problems than the average person.
- h. Injuries received due to the use of OC, beyond simple decontamination, shall be documented in accordance with Paragraph E, "Reporting the Non-Deadly Use of Force and Investigation of Injuries," subsections 2 and 3.
- i. Refusal of offers for decontamination shall be noted in the Field Investigation Report, PD Form 42.

9. Baton

- a. Batons shall be issued or approved in accordance with General Order 320.1, "Police Uniforms, Personal Equipment and Civilian Clothing."
- b. Operational Procedures
  - The baton may be used to strike the subject in designated target areas of the body; i.e. torso, legs, arms. Intentional strikes to the subject's head, kidneys or groin shall be avoided, whenever possible.
  - The baton may be used as a lever to induce sufficient pressure to cause the subject to cease aggressive action. Utilization of the baton/ flashlight in a manner constituting a choke hold is prohibited except when officers reasonably believe there is an imminent threat of serious physical injury or death to an officer or other person, and that it is the only

reasonable means of protecting an officer and/or other person.

- The baton may be used to block strikes or attempted strikes initiated by the subject and directed at an officer or other person.

10. Taser Electronic Control Device

a. Only those TASERS issued by the Fairfax County Police Department shall be used by Department employees.

b. The TASER is designed to offer the police officer an alternative to physical force in many situations. However, use of the TASER is not always appropriate and should not be considered if not readily available and delay in action could be detrimental to the situation.

c. Instances where the use, or availability, of a TASER may be effective would include, but are not limited to:

- Serving Mental Detention Orders on persons believed to be violent.
- Subjects who are armed with weapons other than firearms.
- Preplanned warrant service where the subject is believed to be potentially violent.
- Violent persons under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Persons threatening to injure themselves or commit suicide in the presence of the officer.

d. The TASER may be used to control a violent or potentially violent subject when an officer reasonably believes that the following conditions exist:

- Deadly force does not appear to be immediately necessary.
- Attempts to gain compliance of the subject by verbal commands or physical control have been, or will likely be, ineffective in the situation; or there is reasonable

expectation that it will be unsafe for officers to approach within the contact range of the person.

e. Operational Procedures

- The TASER shall be used only by persons trained and certified by the Fairfax County Police Department.
  - Requests for a TASER and operator may be made by any police officer or supervisor through the Public Safety Communications Center.
  - Use of the TASER will be at the discretion of the operator once on the scene. TASER operators should consider the totality of the circumstances prior to utilizing the TASER on a subject previously exposed to CAPSTUN, due to the flammable carrier for the Oleoresin Capsicum.
  - Police officers shall not remove TASER darts that are embedded in a subject's skin. The subject will be taken to a medical facility for removal of the darts. Darts may be removed from the clothing by a police officer.
  - Injuries received due to the use of the TASER, beyond simple cuts from the barb, shall be documented in accordance with Paragraph E, Reporting the Non-Deadly Use of Force and Investigation of Injuries, subsections 2 and 3.
  - A Field Investigation Report, PD Form 42, shall be completed detailing the use of the TASER by the officer handling the complaint. A copy of all reports involving use of the TASER shall be forwarded, via the station/division commander to the Patrol Bureau commander.
11. Due to the potential dangers associated with vehicle collisions, the use of police vehicles to strike or make intentional contact with another vehicle should be avoided except in the following circumstances:
- a. In accordance with the Precision Immobilization Technique (P.I.T.) procedures established by these General Orders;

- b. In accordance with the training and procedures established by specialized units of this Department (e.g., Organized Crime and Narcotics Division, etc.);
- c. When such action is not likely to cause serious injury or death and is likely to terminate an incident which, if permitted to continue, will place officers and citizens at risk of serious injury or death (e.g., boxing and trapping maneuvers).

12. Precision Immobilization Technique (PIT)

If, in the judgement of the police officer or officers in pursuit, the fleeing vehicle must be stopped immediately to safeguard life and preserve the public safety, the Precision Immobilization Technique (PIT) may be used under the following circumstances:

- a. The use of PIT shall be in accordance with the prescribed training guidelines of the Fairfax County Police Department.
- b. Only officers who have successfully completed the Precision Immobilization Technique (PIT) training conducted by the Fairfax County Criminal Justice Academy may utilize PIT. The use of a PIT within the prescribed training guidelines is not likely to cause serious bodily injury or death.
- c. The decision to use PIT must take into account the safety of bystanders, the risk of physical injury to the occupant(s) of the fleeing vehicle, and to the police officer.

13. Due to the potential dangers associated with an accidental discharge, using a firearm as a striking instrument shall be avoided except as a last resort.

D. Investigation into the Use of ~~Less-Lethal Force~~ Deadly Force, Death or Injury from any Firearms Discharge, and whenever a Police Firearm is Discharged by any Person with the Intention of Striking any Person.

These procedures shall apply to incidents in which:

- Less-Lethal Force is used against a person

- Non-serious injury to any person results from an officer discharging a firearm loaded with less-lethal projectiles. The Staff Duty Officer or the appropriate station/division commander will determine if an injury is to be designated a "non-serious physical injury." This determination will be based, in part, on information from medical personnel.
- A police firearm loaded with less-lethal projectiles is discharged by any person with the intention of striking any person. This does not apply to approved training exercises.
- No reasonable suspicion of criminal misconduct is developed concerning the officer's use of less-lethal projectiles.

a. Notification - The commander of the Internal Affairs Bureau or their respective designees shall be promptly notified by the Public Safety Communications Center of any of the above incidents.

b. Investigative Responsibility - The Internal Affairs Bureau has the responsibility to investigate the above incidents.

c. Relief of Duty - Any officer who discharges a firearm loaded with less-lethal projectiles which results in death or serious injury to any person, shall be relieved from duty by the commander of the Internal Affairs Bureau or designee, in accordance with General Order 30 Internal Investigations.

d. Involved Officer(s) Weapon/Equipment - The officers' weapons and other equipment used in the above incidents will be taken into custody by the first non-involved supervisor on the scene. The supervisor taking custody of the items is responsible for the preservation of the weapon/equipment and will personally deliver the items to a member of the Crime Scene Section. Weapons involved will not be opened, unloaded or tampered with in any manner, except to render the weapon safe for handling by engaging any safety mechanism.

2. These procedures shall apply to incidents in which:

- Deadly Force is used against a person.
- Where death or any injury to any person results from an officer discharging a firearm loaded with service ammunition.

- ~~Where death or serious injury to any person results from an officer discharging a firearm loaded with less-lethal projectiles~~
  - When a police firearm loaded with service ammunition is discharged by any person with the intention of striking any person. This does not apply to approved training exercises.
- a. Notification - The commanders of the Major Crimes Division and Internal Affairs Bureau or their respective designees shall be promptly notified by the Public Safety Communications Center of any of the above incidents.
  - b. Investigative Responsibility - The Major Crimes Division and Internal Affairs Bureau will have joint responsibility investigating the above incidents and coordinate their investigation accordingly. The Major Crimes Division shall ensure that the criminal investigation is documented. The Internal Affairs Bureau shall document the administrative investigation of the incident.
  - c. Major Crimes Division - The Major Crimes Division will have the primary responsibility of determining possible violations of criminal statutes and subsequent prosecutions.
  - d. Internal Affairs Bureau - The Internal Affairs Bureau will focus on the following:
    - Adherence to departmental guidelines.
    - Determine if the incident was accidental or avoidable.
    - Training issues.
    - Examination of supervised incidents.
    - Coordination with the County Attorney's Office.
  - e. Relief of Duty - Any officer who uses deadly force or discharges a firearm loaded with service ammunition which results in death or injury to any person, shall be relieved from duty by the commander of the Internal Affairs Bureau or designee, in accordance with General Order 301, Internal Investigations.

- f. Associated Crimes - Associated crimes related to the incident will be investigated by the entity normally charged with that responsibility, unless the Chief, Deputy Chief, commander of the Internal Affairs Bureau or commander of the Major Crimes Division determines a different response is appropriate. The officer shall not be responsible for the investigation and subsequent arrest of the perpetrator. However, if an immediate on scene arrest is necessary, the officer may make the arrest.
- g. Statements - The need to obtain comprehensive statements from officers involved and all witnesses is paramount. As soon as practical, following an initial review of available information, including witness statements, the officer(s) involved will be interviewed by a Major Crimes Division detective. Internal Affairs Bureau staff shall not be present during this interview.
- Although officers would normally be expected to answer questions regarding their official duties, because the matter under investigation could constitute a violation of the law, officers are not compelled to answer questions put forth by Major Crimes Detectives. The refusal to answer questions will not subject an officer to disciplinary action.
  - If necessary, a separate statement from the officer(s) involved will be taken by the Internal Affairs Bureau Investigator following a determination by the Commonwealth's Attorney's Office regarding criminal prosecution.
  - To expedite the information gathering process, members of the Major Crimes Division, the Internal Affairs Bureau or other entities deemed appropriate by the Major Crimes Division commander may assist in the interviews of any witnesses to the incident.
- h. Involved Officer(s) Weapon/Equipment - The officer's weapon, holster, gun belt, baton, flashlight or other equipment used in the above incidents will be taken into custody by the first non-involved supervisor on the scene. The supervisor taking custody of the items is responsible for the preservation of the weapon/equipment and will personally deliver the items to a member of the Crime Scene Section. Weapons involved will not be opened, unloaded or tampered with in any manner, except to render the weapon safe for

handling by lowering the hammer, decocking and/or engaging any safety mechanism.

E. Reporting the Non-Deadly Use of Force and Investigation of Injuries.

1. Whenever non-deadly force of any type is used to effect or attempt to effect an arrest, investigative stop, or overcome resistance to an arrest or investigative stop, or while preventing or attempting to prevent an escape from lawful custody, or to restore institutional integrity in a detention facility, WITHOUT RESULTING INJURY, the officer who used force shall immediately inform their supervisor of the incident, who will review the circumstances surrounding the use of force. A complete description of the use of force shall be included in the officer's Field Investigation Report. The Field Investigation Report shall be forwarded to the station/division commander for review. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the bureau commander and the Internal Affairs commander through the appropriate station/division commander.
2. The use of any non-deadly force, accidental injury, or any other situation that results in injury to a prisoner or other person in an arrest situation, or any other situation that results in injury to a prisoner FOR WHICH MEDICAL TREATMENT IS REFUSED shall be immediately brought to the attention of the officer's supervisor, who will review the circumstances surrounding the use of force. The injury shall be documented in the officer's Field Investigation Report. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the bureau commander and the Internal Affairs commander through the appropriate station/division commander.
3. The use of any non-deadly force, accidental injury to a prisoner or other person involved in an arrest situation, or any other situation that results in injury to a prisoner REQUIRING MEDICAL TREATMENT BY RESCUE OR HOSPITAL PERSONNEL shall be immediately brought to the attention of the officer's supervisor. The immediate supervisor will review the circumstances and report findings in an administrative investigation to the Chief of Police prior to the supervisor's next scheduled days off.
4. The use of any non-deadly force, accidental injury to a prisoner or other person involved in an arrest situation, or any other situation that results in SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY OR DEATH to a prisoner or other person shall be investigated under Section D 

The Staff Duty Officer or the appropriate station/division commander will determine if an injury is to be designated a "serious physical injury." This determination will be based, in part, on information from medical personnel.

5. Whenever allegations of misconduct emerge during an investigation, a classification must be made for each specific allegation (i.e., sustained, not-sustained, exonerated or unfounded). Conversely, if no allegation of misconduct emerges during the course of the investigation, an affirmative statement that the officer "was in compliance with all laws and regulations" shall be included in the report.

#### V. MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

In all situations, medical assistance shall be immediately provided to any person who is obviously injured, alleges an injury, or requests medical assistance.

#### VI. DEADLY FORCE AGAINST ANIMALS

##### A. Operational Procedures

1. Whenever possible, force should be used progressively by officers to protect themselves or a third party from an attacking animal. Alternatives to deadly force include may include OC, striking instruments, use of physical barriers or catch poles. Non-lethal strategies should be developed to establish control over domesticated animals when planning operations.
2. Officers may use deadly force against animals when it is reasonably necessary to do so in order to defend an officer or third party against the threat of serious physical injury, to destroy a suspected rabid animal, or to destroy an injured animal. Officers should consider using deadly force as a last resort against a domesticated animal.
3. In any situation where an officer is otherwise justified in using deadly force against an animal, the officer shall not use deadly force recklessly or in any place or under any circumstances where injury or death to any person is likely.
4. Prior to destroying injured animals, the officer should make a reasonable effort to ascertain ownership if the animal is a domestic pet. If destruction of the animal is necessary, the officer shall so advise their supervisor, via radio,

CAD or telephone of their intentions; clear the area of spectators; then, after using the utmost caution, accomplish the task.

**B. Reporting Procedures**

1. Officers who discharge a firearm toward an animal shall immediately inform their supervisor of the incident.

**2. Destruction of Suspected Rabid or Injured Domesticated and Non-Domesticated Animals**

a. The use of deadly force against any a suspected rabid or injured animal NOT RESULTING IN THE DEATH OR INJURY TO ANY PERSON shall be documented in a Preliminary Field Investigation Report. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Division through the appropriate station/division commander.

**3. Deadly Force Against Attacking Domesticated Animal**

a. The use of deadly force against an attacking domesticated animal resulting in the animal's wounding or death, shall be investigated by the Internal Affairs Bureau.

b. The use of deadly force against an attacking domesticated animal, NOT RESULTING IN THE DEATH OR INJURY TO ANY PERSON shall be documented in a Field Investigation Report. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Division through the appropriate station/division commander.

**4. Deadly Force Against Attacking Non-Domesticated Animal**

a. The use of deadly force against an attacking non-domesticated animal, regardless of the animal's wounding or death, and NOT RESULTING IN THE DEATH OR INJURY TO ANY PERSON shall be documented in a Field Investigation Report. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the Internal Affairs Division through the appropriate station/division commander.

**VII. LEGAL REFERENCE**

Code of Virginia, Section 18.2-312.

SUBJECT: USE OF FORCE  
REVISION – November 29, 2000

GENERAL ORDER 540.1

VIII. ACCREDITATION STANDARDS REFERENCE

VLEPSC

ADM	OPR	TRN
05.01	01.09	02.02
05.02		
05.03		
05.04		
18.01		
18.02		
18.03		
18.05		
18.07		

This General Order becomes effective November 29, 2000 and rescinds all previous General Orders pertaining to the subject.

ISSUED BY:

APPROVED BY:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Chief of Police

\_\_\_\_\_  
County Executive