

1 VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend the Code of Virginia by adding a section numbered 15.2-2303.4, relating to  
3 conditional zoning.

4 [S 549]  
5 Approved

6 **Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

7 **1. That the Code of Virginia is amended by adding a section numbered 15.2-2303.4 as follows:**

8 **§ 15.2-2303.4. Provisions applicable to certain conditional rezoning proffers.**

9 A. For purposes of this section, unless the context requires a different meaning:

10 "New residential development" means any construction or building expansion on residentially zoned  
11 property, including a residential component of a mixed-use development, that results in either one or  
12 more additional residential dwelling units or, otherwise, fewer residential dwelling units, beyond what  
13 may be permitted by right under the then-existing zoning of the property, when such new residential  
14 development requires a rezoning or proffer condition amendment.

15 "New residential use" means any use of residentially zoned property that requires a rezoning or that  
16 requires a proffer condition amendment to allow for new residential development.

17 "Offsite proffer" means a proffer addressing an impact outside the boundaries of the property to be  
18 developed and shall include all cash proffers.

19 "Onsite proffer" means a proffer addressing an impact within the boundaries of the property to be  
20 developed and shall not include any cash proffers.

21 "Proffer condition amendment" means an amendment to an existing proffer statement applicable to a  
22 property or properties.

23 "Public facilities" means public transportation facilities, public safety facilities, public school  
24 facilities, or public parks.

25 "Public facility improvement" means an offsite public transportation facility improvement, a public  
26 safety facility improvement, a public school facility improvement, or an improvement to or construction  
27 of a public park. No public facility improvement shall include any operating expense of an existing  
28 public facility, such as ordinary maintenance or repair, or any capital improvement to an existing public  
29 facility, such as a renovation or technology upgrade, that does not expand the capacity of such facility.  
30 For purposes of this section, the term "public park" shall include playgrounds and other recreational  
31 facilities.

32 "Public safety facility improvement" means construction of new law-enforcement, fire, emergency  
33 medical, and rescue facilities or expansion of existing public safety facilities, to include all buildings,  
34 structures, parking, and other costs directly related thereto.

35 "Public school facility improvement" means construction of new primary and secondary public  
36 schools or expansion of existing primary and secondary public schools, to include all buildings,  
37 structures, parking, and other costs directly related thereto.

38 "Public transportation facility improvement" means (i) construction of new roads; (ii) improvement  
39 or expansion of existing roads and related appurtenances as required by applicable standards of the  
40 Virginia Department of Transportation, or the applicable standards of a locality; and (iii) construction,  
41 improvement, or expansion of buildings, structures, parking, and other facilities directly related to  
42 transit.

43 "Residentially zoned property" means property zoned or proposed to be zoned for either single-family  
44 or multifamily housing.

45 "Small area comprehensive plan" means that portion of a comprehensive plan adopted pursuant to  
46 § 15.2-2223 that is specifically applicable to a delineated area within a locality rather than the locality  
47 as a whole.

48 B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, no locality shall (i) request or  
49 accept any unreasonable proffer, as described in subsection C, in connection with a rezoning or a  
50 proffer condition amendment as a condition of approval of a new residential development or new  
51 residential use or (ii) deny any rezoning application or proffer condition amendment for a new  
52 residential development or new residential use where such denial is based in whole or in part on an  
53 applicant's failure or refusal to submit an unreasonable proffer or proffer condition amendment.

54 C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, (i) as used in this chapter, a  
55 proffer, or proffer condition amendment, whether onsite or offsite, offered voluntarily pursuant to  
56 § 15.2-2297, 15.2-2298, 15.2-2303, or 15.2-2303.1, shall be deemed unreasonable unless it addresses an

57 *impact that is specifically attributable to a proposed new residential development or other new*  
58 *residential use applied for and (ii) an offsite proffer shall be deemed unreasonable pursuant to*  
59 *subdivision (i) unless it addresses an impact to an offsite public facility, such that (a) the new*  
60 *residential development or new residential use creates a need, or an identifiable portion of a need, for*  
61 *one or more public facility improvements in excess of existing public facility capacity at the time of the*  
62 *rezoning or proffer condition amendment and (b) each such new residential development or new*  
63 *residential use applied for receives a direct and material benefit from a proffer made with respect to*  
64 *any such public facility improvements. For the purposes of this section, a locality may base its*  
65 *assessment of public facility capacity on the projected impacts specifically attributable to the new*  
66 *residential development or new residential use.*

67 *D. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special:*

68 *1. Actions brought to contest the action of a locality in violation of this section shall be brought only*  
69 *by the aggrieved applicant or the owner of the property subject to a rezoning or proffer condition*  
70 *amendment pursuant to subsection F of § 15.2-2285.*

71 *2. In any action in which a locality has denied a rezoning or an amendment to an existing proffer*  
72 *and the aggrieved applicant proves by a preponderance of the evidence that it refused or failed to*  
73 *submit an unreasonable proffer or proffer condition amendment that it has proven was suggested,*  
74 *requested, or required by the locality, the court shall presume, absent clear and convincing evidence to*  
75 *the contrary, that such refusal or failure was the controlling basis for the denial.*

76 *3. In any successful action brought pursuant to this section contesting an action of a locality in*  
77 *violation of this section, the applicant may be entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees and costs*  
78 *and to an order remanding the matter to the governing body with a direction to approve the rezoning or*  
79 *proffer condition amendment without the inclusion of any unreasonable proffer. If the locality fails or*  
80 *refuses to approve the rezoning or proffer condition amendment within a reasonable time not to exceed*  
81 *90 days from the date of the court's order to do so, the court shall enjoin the locality from interfering*  
82 *with the use of the property as applied for without the unreasonable proffer. Upon remand to the local*  
83 *governing body pursuant to this subsection, the requirements of § 15.2-2204 shall not apply.*

84 *E. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any new residential development or new*  
85 *residential use occurring within any of the following areas: (i) an approved small area comprehensive*  
86 *plan in which the delineated area is designated as a revitalization area, encompasses mass transit as*  
87 *defined in § 33.2-100, includes mixed use development, and allows a density of at least 3.0 floor area*  
88 *ratio in a portion thereof; (ii) an approved small area comprehensive plan that encompasses an existing*  
89 *or planned Metrorail station, or is adjacent to a Metrorail station located in a neighboring locality, and*  
90 *allows additional density within the vicinity of such existing or planned station; or (iii) an approved*  
91 *service district created pursuant to § 15.2-2400 that encompasses an existing or planned Metrorail*  
92 *station.*

93 **2. That this act shall be construed as supplementary to any existing provisions limiting or**  
94 **curtailing proffers or proffer condition amendments for new residential development or new**  
95 **residential use that are consistent with its terms and shall be construed to supersede any existing**  
96 **statutory provision with respect to proffers or proffer condition amendments for new residential**  
97 **development or new residential use that are inconsistent with its terms.**

98 **3. That this act is prospective only and shall not be construed to apply to any application for**  
99 **rezoning filed prior to July 1, 2016, or to any application for a proffer condition amendment**  
100 **amending a rezoning for which the application was filed prior to that date.**