

Fund 70000: Route 28 Tax District

Focus

Fairfax County, in partnership with Loudoun County, formed the Route 28 Highway Transportation Improvement District (District) on December 21, 1987. Under Virginia law, such a district may be formed only upon the joint petition of owners of at least 51 percent of the land area in each county, which is within the boundaries of the proposed district and which has been zoned or is used for commercial or industrial purposes. Fund 70000, Route 28 Tax District, was formed to provide improvements to State Route 28 (Route 28), which connects State Route 7 in eastern Loudoun County to U.S. Route 50 and Interstate 66 in western Fairfax County, running approximately parallel to the County's western border. Route 28 provides access to Dulles International Airport, along with the Dulles Access Road, which connects the Capital Beltway to Dulles International Airport. This District was formed upon landowner petition to accelerate planned highway improvements proposed by the state, which relied primarily on slower pay-as-you-go financing from the Northern Virginia region's share of the State Primary Road Fund allocation. Under the terms of the agreement with the state, the District will fund 75 percent of defined Phase I and Phase II improvements and the state will fund 25 percent.

The District, administered by a Commission appointed by the Board of Supervisors of both counties, may subject the owners of industrial and commercial property within the District to a maximum additional tax assessment of \$0.20 per \$100 of assessed value. These funds, in addition to funds received through the State Primary Road Fund allocation formula, are to be used for the road improvements and debt service on bonds issued by the state. Improvements completed for Phase I of the Route 28 project included widening the existing road from two to six lanes and upgrading three major intersections. Legislation authorizing the issuance of Commonwealth Transportation Board (CTB) revenue bonds up to \$160.7 million plus issuance expenses to finance the Phase I improvements to Route 28 was enacted during the 1988 Virginia General Assembly and became effective July 1, 1988. This legislation stipulated that the additional tax assessment in the District and funds allocated to the highway construction district, in which Route 28 lies, would reimburse the state for its debt service payments on the bonds. The Commonwealth issued \$138.5 million in revenue bonds for the District in September 1988.

Fairfax County and Loudoun County entered into a contract with the District and agreed to levy the additional tax assessment, as requested by the District, collect the tax, and pay all tax revenues to a fiscal agent for distribution. The contract specifies that the counties shall pay all revenues collected on behalf of the District to a trustee jointly designated by the CTB and the counties, and the District in turn shall notify the counties of the required payment and request a rate sufficient to collect that amount, up to a maximum of \$0.20 per \$100 of assessed value. The tax rate is currently set at \$0.17 per \$100 of assessed value. In FY 2024, an amount of \$12.8 million has been included for Fairfax County collections based on estimated tax collections and an allowance for potential property buy outs, late payments, and penalties.

In August 2002, Fairfax County, Loudoun County, the CTB and the Fairfax County Economic Development Authority (EDA) entered into contractual agreements to provide for construction of a portion of additional improvements on Route 28 (Phase II improvements). Specifically, six separated grade interchanges would be constructed to ease traffic congestion. Funding totaling \$204.7 million was made available from a joint financing plan providing \$75.4 million from CTB funds allocated from the state six-year primary and secondary road plan, approximately \$36.3 million of remaining CTB Route 28 bond authorization, and approximately \$93.0 million of bond funds issued by the EDA in 2003 and 2004 and supported by the two counties. Construction of the first six interchanges was completed in FY 2008.

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In October 2006, the CTB, the counties and EDA approved the financing plan for the construction of the final four interchanges at Willard Road, Frying Pan Park Road, CIT/Innovation Drive, and Nokes Boulevard. The plan included acceptance of a \$5.0 million grant and a \$20.0 million loan from the State Transportation Partnership Opportunity Fund (TPOF); issuance of Route 28 District revenue bonds; and use of surplus District tax revenues to fund the \$119.2 million project estimate. EDA Revenue bonds were planned to be issued in two series. A total of \$41.505 million was issued on February 27, 2007 and \$51.505 million was issued on July 9, 2008. On July 24, 2007, the CTB notified the District Commission that an additional \$23.9 million was approved in the CTB's FY 2008-2013 Six-Year Improvement Plan as payment toward the state obligation under the District contract. This additional funding fully replaced the \$20.0 million originally planned for the TPOF loan.

All bond issues are fully supported by District tax revenue. If District revenues are not sufficient to make debt service payments, the state bonds are backed by the appropriated state allocations to the Northern Virginia Transportation District. The EDA bonds are also supported by a Revenue Stabilization Fund (RSF) and Debt Service Reserve Fund (DSRF) that is equal to the maximum annual EDA debt service. As a further credit enhancement for the EDA bonds, both Fairfax and Loudoun Counties pledged a joint moral obligation if tax revenues, the RSF, and DSRF are not sufficient to support debt service.

In March 2011, the Route 28 District Advisory Board recommended to approve \$6.0 million in Project Completion Funds for final design plans for four priority sections of Route 28 widening from six to eight lanes (Hot Spot Improvements). These design areas included the following: Priority 1 – Route 28 southbound between Sterling Boulevard and the Dulles Toll Road; Priority 2 – the Route 28 southbound bridge over the Dulles Toll Road; Priority 3 – Route 28 northbound between McLearen Road and the Dulles Toll Road; and Priority 4 – Route 28 southbound between the Dulles Toll Road and Route 50.

Favorable market conditions in the spring of 2012 allowed for a refunding opportunity of outstanding District debt obligations. The District Commission approved a resolution to proceed with refunding the Series 2003 and Series 2004 EDA revenue bonds at their March 2012 annual meeting. Concurrent with the EDA refunding, the CTB agreed to a refunding of the Transportation Contract Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2002 from its original Capital Appreciation Bonds (CABs) to Current Interest Bonds (CIBs). On May 9, 2012, two separate competitive bond sales occurred that resulted in combined savings of \$22.48 million.

In October 2012, the Commission considered the next steps for completion of the Hot Spot Improvements and discussed the importance of constructing the northbound bridge over the Dulles Toll Road. This project was not originally included in the four spot widening projects that had recently been designed. Using a variety of funding sources, the construction of all Hot Spot Improvement projects was completed in September 2017.

At the March 2016 annual meeting, the Route 28 Commission approved the use of \$4.26 million in project completion funds to cover the cost of design for the widening portion of northbound from the Dulles Toll Road to Sterling Boulevard, and northbound from Route 50 to McLearen Road. Construction on the widening from the Dulles Toll Road to Sterling Boulevard was funded by NVTA and was completed in June 2020. Construction on the widening from Route 50 to McLearen Road was funded using tax district revenues and was completed in December 2020. These were the last projects to be completed in the Route 28 Tax District.

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Refinancing, Partial Debt Defeasance and Debt Service Updates

In August 2016, a refunding bond sale for the Series 2016A and 2016B EDA Revenue Refunding Bonds was conducted in the amount of \$88.8 million. This provided net present value debt service savings of approximately \$12.94 million over the life of the bonds and refinanced the Series 2007 and 2008 EDA Revenue Bonds. In February 2022, a refunding bond sale for the Series 2022A was conducted in the amount of \$49.1 million. This generated net present value debt service savings of approximately \$6.58 million over the life of the bonds and refinanced the Series 2012 EDA Revenue Refunding Bonds. In December 2022, a partial defeasance of the Series 2012 CTB bonds was conducted utilizing \$10.5 million in funds from the project completion fund. The following table incorporates the District's revised annual debt service profile:

Bond Year	CTB Debt 2002 & 2012 Ref (State Issued)	EDA Debt Service – Series 2016 and Series 2022	Total
2024	\$8,298,313	\$9,022,994	\$17,321,307
2025	8,298,313	9,027,894	17,326,207
2026	8,298,313	9,022,594	17,320,907
2027	8,298,313	9,021,944	17,320,257
2028	3,138,313	9,025,344	12,163,657
2029	3,134,963	9,026,994	12,161,957
2030	14,063	9,026,444	9,040,507
2031	14,063	9,028,144	9,042,207
2032	464,063	9,026,444	9,490,507
2033	-	17,575,744	17,575,744
2034	-	18,805,244	18,805,244
2035	-	18,798,825	18,798,825
2036	-	18,878,750	18,878,750
2037	-	18,879,900	18,879,900
TOTAL	\$39,958,717	\$174,167,259	\$214,125,976

FY 2024 Funding Adjustments

The following funding adjustments from the FY 2023 Adopted Budget Plan are necessary to support the FY 2024 program:

Fiscal Agent Payments **\$620,772**
 An increase of \$620,772 or 5.1 percent over the FY 2023 Adopted Budget Plan amount of \$12,156,286 for estimated payments to the fiscal agent is primarily due to anticipated assessed value adjustments.

**Changes to
FY 2023
Adopted
Budget Plan**

The following funding adjustments reflect all approved changes in the FY 2023 Revised Budget Plan since passage of the FY 2023 Adopted Budget Plan. Included are all adjustments made as part of the FY 2022 Carryover Review and all other approved changes through December 31, 2022:

Carryover Adjustments **(\$15)**
As part of the *FY 2022 Carryover Review*, the Board of Supervisors approved a decrease of \$15 due to the timing of payments made in FY 2022 and the corresponding adjustment to appropriation levels in FY 2023.

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FUND STATEMENT

Category	FY 2022 Actual	FY 2023 Adopted Budget Plan	FY 2023 Revised Budget Plan	FY 2024 Advertised Budget Plan
Beginning Balance	\$950	\$0	(\$15)	\$0
Revenue:				
Real Estate Taxes-Current ¹	\$10,976,804	\$11,156,286	\$11,156,286	\$11,777,058
Revenue from Buy Outs	0	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Interest on Investments	331	0	0	0
Total Revenue	\$10,977,135	\$12,156,286	\$12,156,286	\$12,777,058
Total Available	\$10,978,085	\$12,156,286	\$12,156,271	\$12,777,058
Expenditures:				
Payments to the Fiscal Agent	\$10,978,100	\$12,156,286	\$12,156,271	\$12,777,058
Total Expenditures	\$10,978,100	\$12,156,286	\$12,156,271	\$12,777,058
Total Disbursements	\$10,978,100	\$12,156,286	\$12,156,271	\$12,777,058
Ending Balance^{2,3}	(\$15)	\$0	\$0	\$0
Tax rate per \$100 Assessed Value	\$0.17	\$0.17	\$0.17	\$0.17

¹ FY 2024 estimate based on January 1, 2023 assessed values and an advertised tax rate of \$0.17 per \$100 of assessed value.

² As all monies collected are required to be remitted to the Fiscal Agent monthly as collected, the ending balance should be zero unless as of the closing period, there were pending remittances to the Fiscal Agent.

³ The FY 2022 Actual Ending Balance was negative due to the timing of payments made in FY 2022. A corresponding adjustment to appropriation levels was made in FY 2023 to fix this negative ending balance.