

Virginia DEQ Air Quality Monitoring

Northern Virginia monitoring program

Charles L. Turner

Manager, Office of Air Quality Monitoring

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

February 9, 2022

Virginia DEQ Air Quality Monitoring Mandates

- 42 U.S.C. §7403(c)
 - the Administrator shall conduct a program of research, testing, and development of methods for sampling, measurement, monitoring, analysis, and modeling of air pollutants.
- 40 CFR part 58 Appendix A
 - Quality Assurance Requirements
- 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix D
 - Network Design Criteria
- 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix E
 - Probe and Monitoring Path Siting Criteria



Definitions

- Nonattainment area means any area which is shown by air quality monitoring data or, where such data are not available, which is calculated by air quality modeling (or other methods determined by the board) to exceed the levels allowed by the ambient air quality standard for a given pollutant
- PM2.5 means particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 2.5 micrometers (microns) as measured by the applicable reference method or an equivalent method.
- Ozone (O3) is a gas composed of three oxygen atoms. It is not usually emitted directly into the air, but at ground-level is created by a chemical reaction between oxides of nitrogen (NOx) and volatile organic compounds (VOC) in the presence of sunlight.

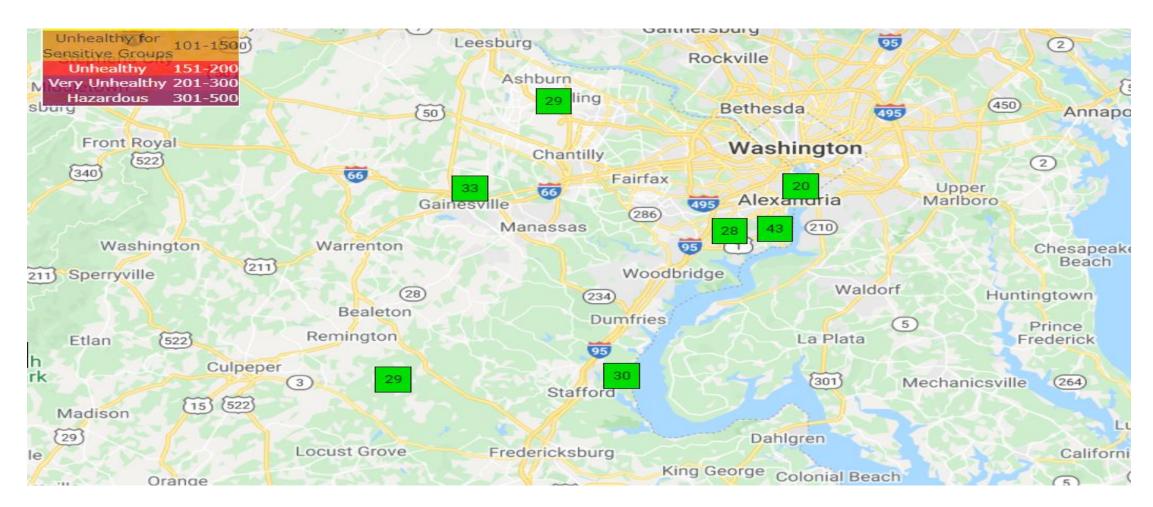


Virginia DEQ Air Quality Monitoring Network

- Virginia currently has 35 monitoring sites around the Commonwealth
- Included in Virginia's network are 2 industrial Monitors maintained by the companies
- In addition there are 2 federal CASTNet sites located in Prince Edward County and Giles County (Ozone only sites)
- The Virginia air monitoring network contains 110 separate instruments measuring Ozone, CO, SO2, NO2, PM2.5, PM10, Toxics and Meteorological information



Virginia DEQ Air Quality Monitoring Network Northern Virginia continuous sites





Virginia DEQ Air Quality Monitoring Network Northern Virginia (Part I)

- Aurora Hills Arlington County
 - Continuous Analyzers Ozone, Nitrogen Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide; Sampler PM2.5 (1/3 day)
- Lee District Park Fairfax County
 - Continuous Analyzers Ozone, Sulfur Dioxide, PM2.5 (T640x
 - FEM), PM10 (T640x FEM); Samplers PM2.5 (1/3 day)
- Broad Run HS Loudon County
 - Continuous Analyzers Ozone, NO2; Sampler PM2.5 (1/3 day)

Virginia DEQ Air Quality Monitoring Network Northern Virginia (Part II)

- Long Park Prince William County
 - Continuous Analyzers Ozone, Nitrogen Dioxide
- Phelps Wildlife Preserve Fauquier County
 - Continuous Analyzer Ozone
- Backlick Road Near Road site Springfield
 - Continuous Monitors Oxides of Nitrogen, Carbon Monoxide, PM2.5 (Beta Attenuation – FEM)



Virginia DEQ Air Quality Monitoring Network Northern Virginia (Part III)

Not listed but Shown in Map – Stafford and Caroline County

Required number of ozone monitors for the Washington D.C.
 MSA is 3 monitors.

 Required number of PM2.5 monitors for the Washington D.C. MSA is <u>2</u> monitors.

Northern Virginia Air Quality Monitoring Ambient Values (Part I)

- Air Quality Status of an Area is characterized by the "Design Value".
- A Design Value is a statistic that describes the air quality of an area relative to the National Ambient Air Quality Standard or the NAAQS.
- The NAAQS standards are classified as Primary Standards which are protective of Human Health and Secondary Standards which are protective of environmental and property damage.



Northern Virginia Air Quality Monitoring Ambient Values (Part II)

- Primary Standard for PM_{2.5}:
- 24-Hour concentration the 3 year average of the 98th percentile of 24-hour concentrations must not exceed 35 mg/m³.

Site	2018	2019	2020	3-Year Average
Loudoun	16.6	19.8	19.3	19
Arlington	15.9	19.2	17.7	18
Lee Park	16.5	20.3	14.6	17
Springfield	19.7	25.2	16.3	20



Northern Virginia Air Quality Monitoring Ambient Values (Part III)

- Primary Standard for PM_{2.5}:
- Annual Arithmetic Mean the 3 year average of the weighted annual mean PM_{2.5} concentration must not exceed 12.0 mg/m³.

Site	2018	2019	2020	3-Year Average
Loudoun	7.0	7.2	6.2	6.8
Arlington	7.4	8.0	6.6	7.3
Lee Park	6.9	7.2	6.6	6.9
Springfield	8.9	9.1	7.9	8.6



Northern Virginia Air Quality Monitoring Ambient Values (Part IV)

- Primary Standard for O₃:
- Maximum 8-hour average concentration of 0.070 ppm, based on 3-year average of the annual fourth highest daily maximum 8-hour averages.

Monitor	2018	2019	2020	3-Year Average
Loudoun	.065	.060	.060	.061
Prince William	.065	.060	.057	.060
Arlington	.070	.068	.062	.066
Lee Park	.066	.070	.057	.064



Northern Virginia Air Quality Monitoring Ambient Values (Part V)

- Primary Standard for NO₂
- 3-year average of the 98th percentile 1-hour daily maximum values not to exceed 100 ppb.

Monitor	2018	2019	2020	3-Year Average
Loudoun	32.6	37.5	30.7	34
Prince William	21.0	24.3	21.3	22
Fairfax	46.6	48.1	42.5	46
Arlington	41.9	44.8	37.9	42



Northern Virginia Air Quality Monitoring Ambient Values (Part VI)

- Primary Standard for NO₂
- Annual Arithmetic Mean not to exceed 53 ppb (.053 ppm).

Monitor	2018	2019	2020
Loudoun	6	7	5
Prince William	4	4	3
Fairfax	15	16	14
Arlington	9	10	7



Changes to the Northern Virginia Network

• EPA has required since 2020 in Northern Virginia, because it is part of the Ozone Transport Region, DEQ to implement an "Enhanced Monitoring" plan.

 Virginia is running the impacted ozone instruments year round not just during the ozone season (March 1 – October 31).

 Lee Park ozone monitor is currently a year round ozone monitor.

Air Quality Information

DEQ Website

https://www.deq.virginia.gov/air/monitoring-assessments/airquality-forecast

DEQ Annual Air Monitoring Data Report

https://www.deq.virginia.gov/air/air-quality-monitoring-assessments/air-quality-reports

DEQ Air Monitoring Network Review

https://www.deq.virginia.gov/air/air-quality-monitoring-assessments/air-quality-reports

