Edible Landscaping

An often forgotten secret to happiness and good health



By: Cory Suter

Permaculture Farmer & Fairfax Food Council Chair of Urban Ag

Outline of This Presentation

- Intro to Edible Landscaping
- How to Select Appropriate Plants
- Best Plants for
 - Shady Conditions
 - Clay Soil
 - Evergreens
 - Decorative Annuals
 - Edible flowers
 - Northern Virginia, etc.



- Where to buy Plants
- Cory's mistakes & Gardening success tips
- Edible Plants around Daniels Run Peace Church



Beans 'Spanish Musica' 22.3 pounds Collards 'Vates' 11.4 pounds Tomato 'Celebrity' & 'Early Girl' 121.8 pounds Chard 'Rainbow' 10.4 pounds Pepper 'Blushing Beauty' 3.5 pounds Zucchini 'Raven' 39.7 pounds

For Those with Time and/or Money:



For Everyone: Replace yard-scaping with edible ornamentals



Most fruiting trees & bushes have lovely fragrant flowers



The 'Viking' Aronia berry bush pictured above is an easy to grow landscape plant that produces small round black fruit with three times more antioxidants than blueberries Benefits of Edible Landscaping

Produces the freshest tastiest food possible.



- Adds fragrance and sensual beauty to our home, outdoor spaces, and community.
- More nutritious food that is usually healthier and safer.
- Saves Energy and Money
- Biodiversity creates resilience and avoids pests

Home Landscaping above by Brie Arthur, author of "Foodscape Revolution"

Costs; How to reduce and avoid them



Time Consuming Work

Select appropriate plants for location's microclimate.
Cover soil with two inches mulch; don't bury root flare
Use easy-care perennials

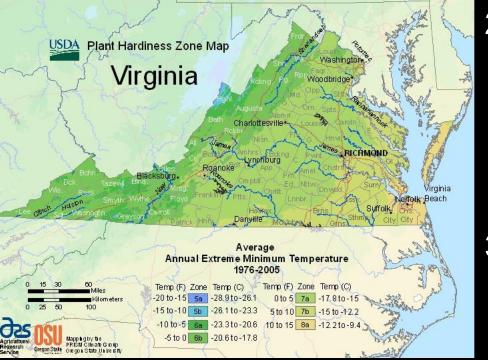


Money

- Small bare root plants are cheaper and more likely to survive
- Start plants from seeds
- Trade with neighbors



Cory's Four S's of Plant Selection



1. Sultriness (Climate appropriate)

- A. Frost tolerance? (Fairfax is Zone 7a)
- B. Heat tolerance?
 - (handles zone 8+)
- C. Drought tolerance?

2. Sunlight

- A. Full Sun (6+ hours of sun)
- B. Part Shade (4 hours of sun; 3 hrs in filtered light)
- C. Prone to sun damage?

3. Soil

- A. Well-draining soil?
- B. PH range tolerance?
- C. Is plant a heavy feeder?
- 4. Susceptibility
 - A. Disease prone?
 - B. Pest resistant?
 - C. Deer & Herbivore resistant?

Native Edible; Paw Paw Tree – Asimina triloba

- Produces large sweet nutritious fruit that taste like vanilla custard.
- Pest & Disease free



Image Above: <u>http://www.eattheweeds.com/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/2011/08/paw-paw-fruits.jpg</u> Image Above Right: <u>http://www.fernhilllandscapes.com/blog/2012/7/14/five-great-native-</u> <u>flowering-trees-for-the-mid-atlantic.html</u> Image on Right: <u>http://www.ohio.com/lifestyle/breckenridge/humble-</u> pawpaw-tree-becoming-hip-landscape-plant-1.524095

Favorite Cultivars •Allegheny •Shenandoah •Susque-Hannah •Prolific •Sunflower



Above: https://s-me **3.**[pc Right Image: Three year old Persimmon at Suter's Glen

Native Fruit Tree Persimmon

- Some cultivars such as Prairie Star and Nikita's Gift are self-fertile
- To avoid astringent taste, leave fruit on tree until ripe

Asian Persimmon

Image Courtesy of https://images.fineartamerica.com/images/artworki mages/mediumlarge/1/snow-and-a-persimmontree-koichi-watanabe.jpg:





Reliable Delicious Edible: White Mulberry

Morus Alba

- Black varieties will stain anything underneath them, and berry pickers.
- 'Sweet Lavender' and other white varieties don't stain and are a much better choice for suburbs



Image Above: Whitman Farms; Grower of Unusual Trees & Shrubs



Native Edible Ornamental

- Juneberry, Serviceberry, or Shad bush – Amelanchier spp.
- Grows well in clay, acidic, and poor soils
- Grows well in shade, but produces more fruit with part sun
- Sweet, blueberry-like fruit
- Fruit can get cedar rust



Attractive Branch structure Lovely fall color Left image:

(http://media.cleveland.com/insideout_impact/photo/serviceb erry-tree-coreopsisjpg-26f706eed7e7cbd0.jpg) •Above Image: (http://cdn2.bigcommerce.com/nbiq04i/1dmpk/images/stencil/1024x1024/products/175/1892/ SHADBLOW_SERVICEBERRY2_52316.1442282701.jpg? c=2.)

Very far left image:

(https://fthmb.tqn.com/yUw1_7IWP8ea9tda_4TSFB6Fzsk=/3 75x500/about/Canadian-serviceberry-Amelanchier-

Fruiting Dogwood Trees

- Cornellian Cherry Dogwoods Cornus Mas
- Small ornamental trees for part shade; can reach 20 ft in height
- Sweet, cherry-like fruit. Wood is so dense, it won't float.





Variegated Cornellian Cherry Cornus Mas

Image on Right Courtesy of: http://tcpermaculture.blogspot.com/2012/04/permacultur e-plants-cornelian-cherry.html

Jujube

- Zizyphus jujuba
- A great no-spray fruit tree that is very resistant to pests and diseases, though lower young leaves may be nibbled on by deer.
- Sweet-tart crunchy fruit like an apple and date
- Yellow flowers bloom in June well past frost date and have pleasant grape soda aroma.





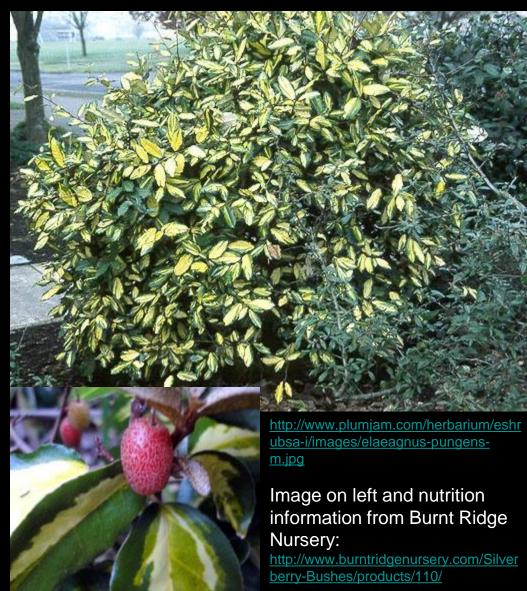


Images courtesy of: www.healthbenefitsti mes.com/jujube-fruit/



Plants for Shady Conditions

- Golden Silverberry
 Eleagnus Pungens
- Fragrant fall blossoms turn into tasty red berries in spring
- Fruit is high in vitamin A and E, bioactive compounds, minerals, flavonoids and proteins. Their lycopene content is the highest of any food.
- Evergreen Plant fixes nitrogen, handles clay, and has thorns to resist deer



'Olive Martini' & 'Gilt Edge' Silverberry



Plants for Shade

- Oregon Grape-Holly
 Mahonia aquifolium
- Tart purplish black berries make tea or jelly





Evergreen, but has bronzed leaves in fall (left picture). Above, yellow blossoms photographed in March underneath an eighty foot white oak.

https://myshadegarden.files.wordpress.com/2011/07/img_0163.jpg

Plants for Shady Conditions

- Wintergreen or Teaberry Gaultheria procumbens
- Native Evergreen ground cover 3 to 6 inches tall
- Grows well in full shade, but fruits better with partial sun.
- Prefers high organic acidic forest-like soil



Image above from: http://vinesandgroundcovers.blogspot.com/2012/02/gaultheria-

Goumi Bush - Eleagnus multiflora

- Yellow or fuschia flowers in spring bring plentiful fruit like tart Cherries (fibrous seed is edible) in June or July.
- Plant fixes nitrogen from air
- Thrives on neglect
- Shade tolerant

Pictures courtesy of: http://tcpermaculture.blogspot.com/2012/02/permaculture-plants-goumi.html

Flowering Edible Shrub for Clay: Rosa Rugosa

- Several heirloom varieties of roses were grown for their fruits.
- Rosa Rugosa Rubra (Red rose) and Alba (White rose), as well as Apple Roses produce a tasty hip
- Do NOT eat the seeds.



Right Image: <u>http://friendsofthefarm.ca/roses/rosarugosaalba1.html</u>



Edible Shrubs that do well in Clay: Red, White, Black, or 'Clove' Currants



Image above: Flowering Currant Bush on Pinterest

Image on right:

https://www.pomonafruits.co.uk/softfruit-bushes-vines/gooseberrycurrant-bushes/blackcurrant-bushben-hope

- Low maintenance deciduous plants blend nicely with evergreens in the edible landscape.
 - Sweet-tart fruits with double the antioxidants of blueberries and twice the potassium of bananas
 - Popular for making jams sauces, and syrups.
 - Red varieties such as 'Jonkheer Van Tets' & 'Rovada' are good fresh





Plants for Clay and Partial Shade Highbush Cranberry — Viburnum trilobum

• Low maintenance attractive multi-season shrub that's very tolerant of urban pollution. Tart berries make great jelly



Edible Plants that thrive in Clay Soils

- Black Walnuts Juglans nigra
- Serviceberries Amelanchier species
- Pears Pyrus species
- Apples & Edible Crabapples Malus
- Black Chokeberries Aronia melanocarpa (Aronia berries)
- Silverberry Elaeagnus commutata
- Black Currants Ribes odoratum
- Rugosa Roses Rosa rugosa
- Highbush Cranberries Viburnum trilobum
- American Elderberry Sambucus canadensis



Hewes Crabapple at Monticello

Suitability for Clay Soil verified by Dr. James B. Calkins, University of Minnesota Department of Horticultural Science, and Beth Jarvis, UMN Extension Office.

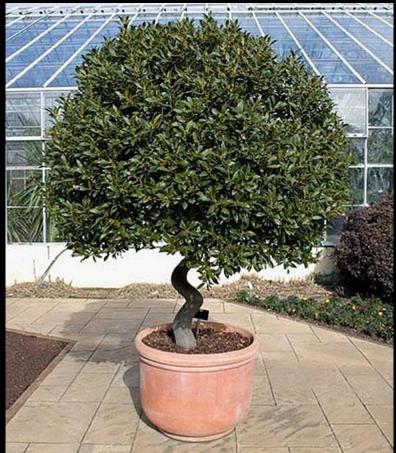
Evergreen Landscaping Options: Sweet Bay Laurel

- Slow growing bush with aromatic bay leafs used in soups, and European Cuisine.
- Can be pruned and trained
- Susceptible to mold if shaded





Images Courtesy of: <u>http://www.plantsrescue.com/tag/sweet-bay/</u>



Evergreen Landscaping Options: Loquat

- Easy to grow, small evergreen tree that handles wide range of soils and conditions including shade, drought, and clay.
- Juicy sweet fruit ripens
 February through May and
 has a flavor like apricot,
 plum, and cherry with floral
 overtones.
- Leaves are edible, high in vitamin B, and can be made into a healthy tea, which increases insulin production; approved by Chinese government to treat type 2 Diabetes.



Image above: <u>https://www.preppergardens.com/</u> <u>Japanese-Plum-Trees-p/md-loquat.htm</u>

Evergreen Landscaping Options: Tea Camellia

- Profuse white flowers look great on this naturally rounded dark green evergreen ornamental shrub.
- Reaches a height and diameter of six feet.
- Grows best in dappled shade.
- Protect tea plant from strong winter winds that can make it lose its leaves. East side of building is ideal location.
- Leaves are used for green, black and white teas, and can be picked throughout growing season.
- The Franklinia Tea Tree is native



Evergreen Edibles with promise for Fairfax:



Feijoa (Pineapple Guava) Low maintenance attractive shrub produces delicious pineapple-mint flavored fruit. Showy white flowers are one of the best-tasting edible flowers Strawberry Tree (*Arbutus Unedo*) can be grown as a 6'-8' bush or as a small tree up to 15' in height. Selffertile; produces mealy red fruit that ripens in fall and winter. Birds love the fruit.



Another Low Maintenance Edible Shrub: Nanking Cherry Bush



Images of Nanking Cherries courtesy of: http://tcpermaculture.blogspot.com/2012/03/perm aculture-plants-nanking-cherry.html

- Prunus tomentosa produce small tart cherries loved by children
- Deer resistent deciduous bush that prefers full sun, but can handle shade.
- Reliably profuse white or pink flowers in early spring.



Favorite Edible Perennials for Fairfax County; Blueberry Bushes



http://www.waysidegardens.com/vacciniu n-pink-lemonade/p/48255/

Far Right Image: (http://acountryfarmhouse.blogspot.com/2 011/06/our-berry-garden.html) Right image: Low bush blueberries http://www.thegardenlady.org/shouldblueberries-be-planted-near-a-wall/



Strawberries

- 'Seascape Strawberry' and 'Tristar Everbearing' best for insect and disease resistance
- Tasty familiar decorative ground cover plant whose fruit are also loved by slugs, ants, and many mammals.
- 'Alpine Strawberries' have small berries, but fruit well in part shade.
- Most strawberries need at least six hours of sunlight to fruit well.



Picture courtesy of Rosalind Creasy

- Fruit hanging from a pot or surrounded by garlic are protected from slugs
- Poor deer resistance

Cory's Favorites; Fig Tree 'Brown Turkey', 'LSU Purple' and 'Chicago Hardy'



http://ediblelandscaping.com/ products/shrubs/Figs/images /site/Fig%20English%20Bro wn%20Turkey.jpg

http://www.ourhappyacres.com/wpcontent/uploads/2012/09/figfarm.jpg

Fairfax Favorites; 'Purple Passion' Asparagus



Vines and Climbers

'Golden Sweet' Peas

- Yellow pods are edible snacks like sugar snap peas, but more decorative
- 6' climbing plants have beautiful purple flowers
- Dry seeds are good in soup





'Black Satin' Thornless Blackberry

- Lavender flowers cover the vine in May
- Produces over 8 quarts of tasty berries each year ripening in late June until mid August.
- Leaves turn vibrant yellow in Fall

Used by Permission from Rosalind Creasy (<u>http://www.motherearthnews.com/-/media/Images/MEN/Editorial/Articles/Magazine-Articles/2010/10-01/Create-an-Edible-Landscape/MEN-ON10-edible-landscape-3.jpg</u>)

Other Edible Perennials that have done well here in Fairfax County



WITHOUT Deer Protection •

- Native Blackberries
- (wild) Wine Raspberries
- Black Raspberries
- Nikita's Gift Persimmon
- Chinese Chestnut

WITH DEER PROTECTION

- Seedless Che
- Native Elderberry
- Illinoise Everbearing Mulberry
- Hal's Hardy Almond
 - Beautiful in Spring, but defoliates some by fall. Delicious fresh almonds
 - 'Atomic Red Flowering' Nectarine
 - (Squirrels eat fruit before it ripens)
- Combo Cherry, Pluot, Asian Pear and Asian Plum trees from Raintree Nursery
- 'Evereste' Crabapple

Native Edible Flowering Vine Maypop Passion Flower



Passiflora Incarnata is a fast-growing native perennial vine that freezes to the ground each winter. Ideally grown in five gallon pot.

- Lovely scented flowers bloom from July until fall
- Fruit tastes tropical like Passion fruit
- Prefers well-drained soil (mix sand along with compost into planting medium)
- Self-fertile
- Pest-free
- Spreads!
 - Butterflies love the Flowers



Image above:

http://tcpermaculture.blogspot.com/2012/03/permacul ture-plants-maypop.html Image on Right: Hala's Hen at Cory's Garden Gate

Annual Flowers with Edible Flower Petals



Image above: Stella D'Oro Daylilly http://www.waysidegardens.com/stella-de-orodaylily/p/44043-PK-10/

Image on right: <u>http://www.wikihow.com/Use-Nasturtiums-in-Food#/Image:Nasturtium-Salad.jpg</u> Bottom image: Close up of Borage Flower

http://www.homeremediess.com/wp-

Stella D'Oro Daylilly yellow flowers followed by edible pods; both make a great addition to salads. Blooms for months in sun

Nasturtium Bee balm most herbs Clover



Calendula/ Marigold

Borage attracts beneficial pollinators and has flowers that taste similar to Cucumber





Image above: Monarch on Purple Coneflower Chamomile: See Image below

Perennial Flowering plants for Tea

Purple Coneflower or Echinacea attracts pollinators for most of summer.



<u>Spear Mint</u> (Pineapple and Strawberry Mints do not make tasty tea) <u>Chamomile</u> (low-growing lawn alternative) <u>Yarrow</u> attracts pollinators and aphid-eating insects

into garden



Image on Right: Swallowtail butterfly on Milkweed with Common Yarrow in background

Well-disguised Annual

- Okra 'Red Burgundy'
- Allium Tuberosum
- Productive vegetable w/ lovely flowers from July until fall.
- Fresh cooked okra is not slimey.





Suters Glen Permaculture Farm

- Okra performs better than tomatoes in hot, humid weather.
- Direct sow seeds in mid May or transplant around four week old plants

Border Plant for Sun

- Garlic Chives Allium Tuberosum
- Self-seeding perennial that deer and pests avoid.
- All Parts are edible: Leaves, flowers and bulbs make nice substitute for onions and garlic
- Lovely flowers in August & September





EdibleLandscaping.com

Garlic Chives can be harvested anytime from March until November

Versatile Border Plant:

- Red Veined Sorrel Rumex
 Sanguines
- Great perennial for salad mixes or cooked as a spinach substitute
- Highly nutritious leaves
- Grows well in shade or sun





Picture once found on Plantlust.com

- Sorrel is resistant to pests and diseases
- 'French Sorrel' has superior taste, but no decorative red veins
- <- ediblelandscaping.com

For front yard vegetable Gardens, plant parterres or mix in evergreens

Parterre garden designed by Ian Barker Gardens of Melbourne See: Gardendrum.com

> Organic Salad garden by Danna Cain, ASLA

See: www.homegardendesign.com

Easiest Annuals

- Pole Green Beans
- Potatoes*
- Indeterminate
 Tomato varieties
- Kale
- Lettuce
- Okra
- Onions*
- Peppers
- Sunchokes





Herb Spiral: https://gardeninggrrl.files.wordpress.com/2010/07/img_35051.jpg

Easiest Herbs

- Mint*
- Thyme*
- Oregano*
- Parsley
- Sage*
- Echinacea (Cone Flower)
- Tarragon*
- Rosemary*

*Indicates Deer Resistance

Where to Buy Edible Plants

1. Local Plant Nurseries

A. DeBaggio's Herb Farm and Nursery 43494 Mountain View Dr. Chantilly

- B. Burke Nursery9401 Burke Rd. Burke
- C. DePaul's *Urban Farm* 2599 Chain Bridge Rd *Vienna*
- D. Merrifield Garden Center(s)
 12101 Lee Hwy, Fairfax, OR
 8132 Lee Hwy, Falls Church

2. Seed Savers Exchange www.seedsavers.org Edible Landscaping
 361 Spirit Ridge Ln, Afton
 Ediblelandscaping.com

4. Raintree Nursery www.raintreenursery.com

5. Burnt Ridge Nursery www.burntridgenursery.com

6. One Green World <u>www.onegreenworld.com</u>

7. Whitman Farms www.whitmanfarms.com

Gardening In Limited Spaces

- Take advantage of vertical space with trellises & tall plants
- Use deep Containers that echo or compliment plants
- Pictured: 'Hungarian Wax' Peppers, 'Red Flame' Grapes, Cilantro & Geraniums



Easiest Familiar Fruit Tree for the Beginner: Japanese Plums

Easiest fruit tree for beginner to grow; reliably productive.
Fruit can be red, yellow or purple.
Hollywood and Cocheco varieties have red leaves



