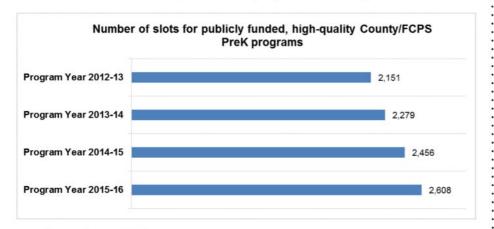
## **School Readiness**

### High Quality PreK Programs Data Source: Office for Children, Fairfax County Department of Family Services



High-Quality County/FCPS PreK programs include: Early Head Start, Eearly Head Start Child Care Partnership, Head Start/PreK programs, Virginia Preschool Initiative, and Virginia Preschool Initiative Plus

# **EARLY EDUCATION**

Quality early childhood education programs support children's cognitive and social emotional development and ongoing success.

Source: Fairfax County Human Services Needs Assessment Summary

#### **Kindergarten Students Reaching Literacy Benchmarks**

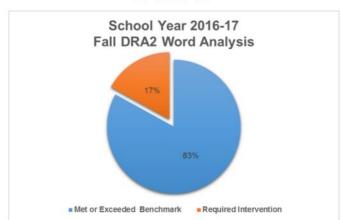
Data Source: Fairfax County Public Schools, Developmental Reading Assessment, 2nd Edition Word Analysis (DRA2 WA)



In their kindergarten experience, Fairfax County Public School (FCPS) students learn new literacy skills from hearing stories read aloud; seeing others read and write; reading and writing with the teacher; and having opportunities to interact with books, writing materials, and other forms of print.

In FCPS, kindergarten literacy skills are evaluated through the Developmental Reading Assessment, 2nd Edition Word Analysis (DRA2 WA).

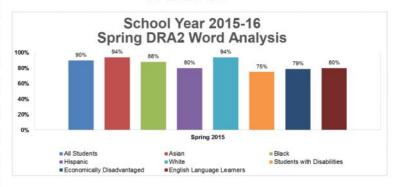
Percent of students meeting or exceeding benchmark at the beginning of kindergarten, SY 2016-17



Note: The data on this graph represent the Fall Assessment in School Year 2016-17, which reflects students' performance at the beginning of their year in Kindergarten.

Fall Assessment data will be acquired in disaggregated form for future monitoring.

Percent of students meeting or exceeding benchmark by the end of kindergarten, SY 2015-16



Note: The data on this graph represent the Spring Assessment during School Year 2015-16, which reflects students' performance at the end of their year in Kindergarten.

# School Attendance & Truancy

#### **Attendance Rate**

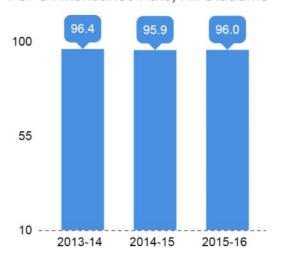
Data Source: Virginia Department of Education, School Quality Profiles

Attendance rates are calculated by dividing a school or division's average daily attendance by its average daily membership (enrollment).

Daily attendance is critical to success in school. Efforts to improve school attendance are part of a larger effort to increase achievement and close performance gaps between student subgroups.

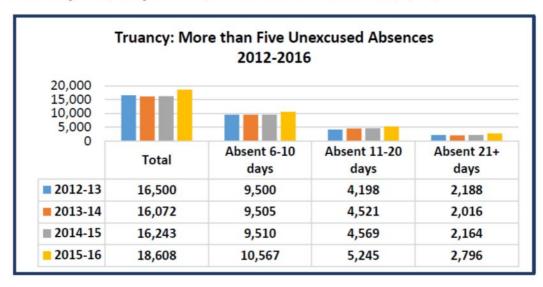
While FCPS student average daily attendance is 92 percent or higher, it does not account for students with chronic absenteeism (missing 10 percent of the school year for any reason).

#### FCPS Attendance Rate. All Students



## Truancy: More than Five Unexcused Absences, Grades K-12

Data Source: FCPS Strategic Plan, Caring Culture Report Presentation to the School Board, April 6, 2017



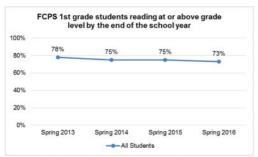
Attendance policy requires specific actions beginning at five full-day unexcused absences. The numbers of FCPS students accruing significant days of unexcused absences and related needs for attendance contracts and interventions have increased over time.

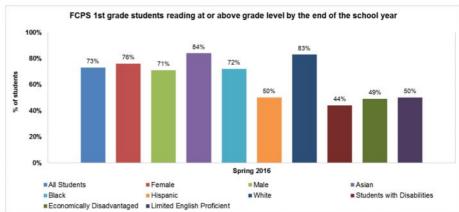
Based upon student enrollment for 2015-16, it appears that approximately 10 percent of students have accrued at least five unexcused full day absences in the past school year.

## **Academic Performance**

#### **1st Grade Literacy**

Data Source: Fairfax County Public Schools, EDSL Report, "DRA Category by Demographic (Division)"



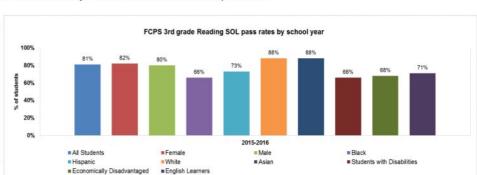


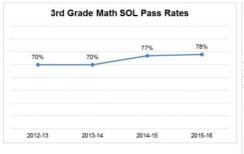
This graph demonstrates disparities by race/ethnicity and other demographic categories.

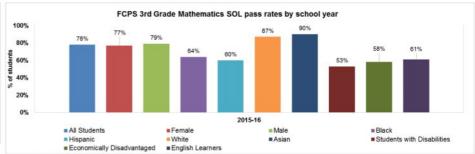
#### **3rd Grade SOL Pass Rates: Reading and Math**

Data Source: Virginia Department of Education, Fairfax County Public Schools, School Report Card









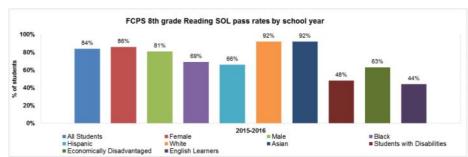
SOL pass rates are higher for Asian and White students. This demonstrates disparities by race/ethnicity and other demographic categories.

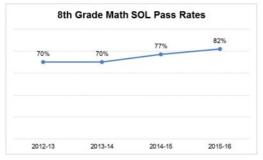
## **Academic Performance**

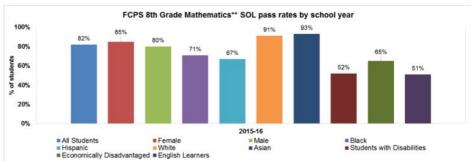
#### 8th Grade SOL Pass Rates: Reading and Math

Data Source: Virginia Department of Education, Fairfax County Public Schools, School Report Card









SOL pass rates are higher for Asian and White students. This demonstrates disparities by race/ethnicity and other demographic categories.

#### Opportunities to Learn -

## College & Career Readiness

#### **On-Time High School Graduation**

Data Source: Virginia Department of Education, Division-Level Cohort Report, Four Year Rate for Fairfax County Public Schools, (On-Time Graduation Rate)

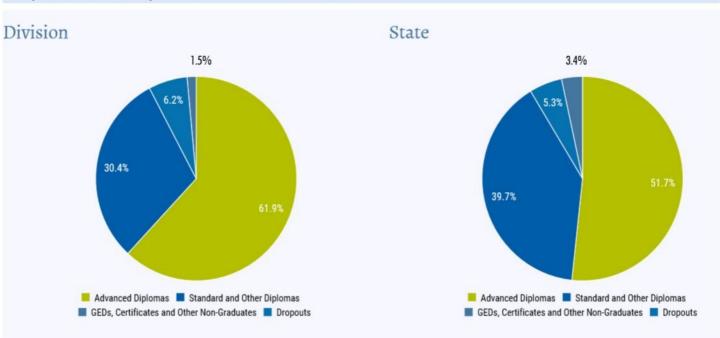
#### On-Time Graduation - All Students (Four Year Cohort)



#### **Diplomas and Completion**

Source: Virginia Department of Education, School Quality Profiles

#### Diplomas and Completion - Class of 2016: All Students



# College & Career Readiness

#### **Career Credentials Earned in High School**

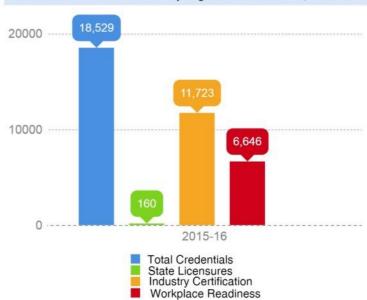
Data Source: Virginia Department of Education, School Quality Profiles

#### Students earning one or more career credential

#### 17,872 14,280 10000 10000 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16

All Students

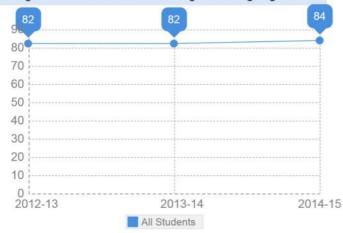
#### Career credentials earned by high school students, 2015-16



#### **Post-Secondary Enrollment**

Data Source: Virginia Department of Education, School Quality Profiles

## Percent of students enrolled in a two- or four-year college within sixteen months of graduating high school



#### By Race/Ethnicity, School Year 2014-15



#### By Other Demographic Characteristics, School Year 2014-15



# College & Career Readiness

Data Source: The Brookings Institution. Data U. S Census Bureau, 2011-2013 American Community Survey 3-year microdata.

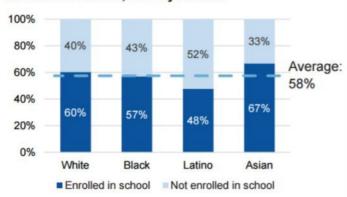
#### School Enrollment and Educational Attainment

#### **Disconnected Youth**

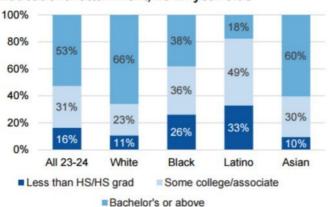
#### **EDUCATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Latinos have lower than average rates of school enrollment, and are much less likely than whites or Asians to have a bachelor's degree by their early 20s.

#### School enrollment, 18-24 year olds



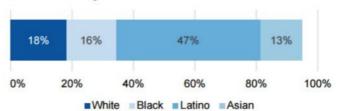
#### Educational attainment, 23-24 year olds

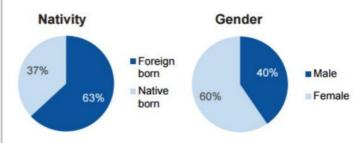


#### **DISCONNECTED YOUTH**

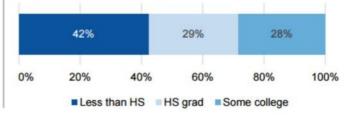
Of young adults aged 18-24 in Fairfax, **2,300** or **2.5 percent** are disconnected, meaning they are low-income (with income less than 200 percent of the federal poverty line), neither in school nor working, and have less than an associate degree. These young people are at increased risk for poverty and unemployment.

#### Race/Ethnicity





#### **Educational attainment**



## **Contribution to the** Community

#### **Volunteering Regularly for Community Service**

Data Source: Fairfax County Youth Survey

#### Grade 6

Two-fifths of the students (40.5%) reported volunteering in the past year to do community service.

Female students were more likely to report volunteering in the past year (42.7% compared to 38.2% of male students).

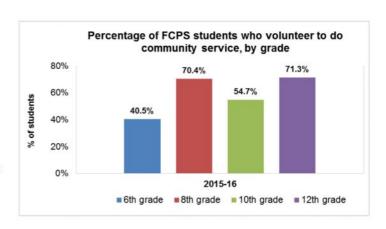
#### Grades 8, 10, 12

Two-thirds of Fairfax County students (65.2%) reported volunteering to do community service in the past year, including 10.5% who did so once a week

A smaller percentage of tenth-grade students (54.6%) volunteered in the past year, compared to eighth- and twelfth-grade students (70.4% and 71.3%,

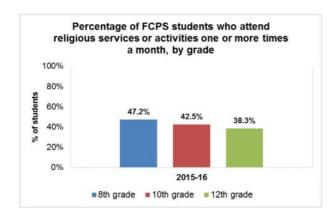
Female students were more likely to report volunteering in the past year (70.3% compared to 60.0% of male students).

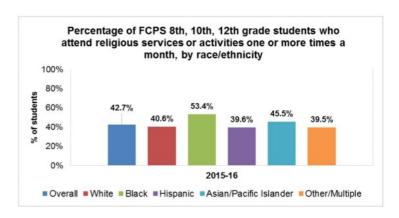
Rates of volunteering in the past year varied by race/ethnicity, ranging from 49.1% of Hispanic students to 72.6% of White students.



#### **Attending Religious Activities**

Data Source: Fairfax County Youth Survey





#### **Being in a Leadership Role**

Data Source: Fairfax County Youth Survey

#### Grade 6

Almost two-thirds (62.6%) reported being a leader in a group or organization in

The percentage of students who reported being a leader in a group or organization in the past year ranged from 55.5% of Hispanic students to 66.7% of White students.

Grades 8, 10, 12 Seven out of ten Fairfax County students (70.6%) indicated that they were a leader in a group or organization in the past year.

Approximately two-thirds of eighth- and tenth-grade students (68.1% and 67.3%, respectively) were leaders in the past year, and over three-fourths of twelfth-grade students (76.8%) held a leadership role.

Hispanic students were least likely to indicate being a leader in a group or organization (61.9%), while approximately three-fourths of White students (75.6%) and students of other or multiple races (73.7%) did so.

