

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS in Fairfax County

Self-reported by 10th and 12th grade boys on the Fairfax County Youth Survey

9%

report bullying others

think there is no use a smoking marijuana regularly

report depressive 22% symptoms have never had sexual 74%

intercourse

Marijuana is the second most commonly used

report binge drinking



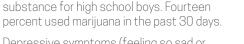


What You Need to Know

High school boys in Fairfax County report a high level of involvement and support in their families, schools, and community, and with their peers. While this is good news, high school boys are more likely than girls to bully others, use marijuana, and have sex.

Alcohol is the most commonly used drug by teens in Fairfax County. Forty-one percent of 10th and 12th-grade boys report having ever used alcohol, and 20% have used it in the past 30 days.

What Can You Do?



Depressive symptoms (feeling so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more that they stopped doing some usual activities) affect 22% of boys, while 32% report a high level of stress; 12% have considered suicide.

Seventy-four percent of boys report never having had sexual intercourse. However, of those who have, 32% reported not using a condom at last sexual intercourse.

Thirteen percent of boys report that they have been a victim of bullying, and 9% have bullied others.

Seven percent of boys report being a victim of cyberbullying, while more than half (51%) report being a victim of racial or cultural harassment.

Nineteen percent of high school boys report being the victim of emotional abuse in a dating relationship.

PROMOTE HEALTHY **BEHAVIORS**

- **.**... The teen years are a time of rapid growth, exploration, and risk-taking. Desire for independence can bring opportunities for unsafe or unhealthy behaviors.
- Behaviors are influenced at the individual, levels.
- ✤ Spend time with him. Build a relationship that includes trust, honesty, open lines of communication, and setting limits.
- Be a good role model. Eat right, exercise, deal with stress in healthy ways, and avoid drug, tobacco, and excessive alcohol use.
- Set rules, talk about expectations, and explain the consequences of breaking the rules. Teens who believe their parents disapprove of risky behaviors are less likely to choose those behaviors.

Who Can Help?

UNDERSTAND, ENCOURAGE, LEARN, AND ACT

- Understand that it's normal for a teen to want to try new things.
- . Understand that when he is angry with you, he may rebel by making poor choices. Turn his mistakes into lessons, show him you still love him, and point out the good things he does.
- peer, family, school, community, and societal 📜 Encourage and support his involvement in positive pro-social activities such as sports, school clubs, the arts, community service, and any activity that provides a sense of belonging.
 - Encourage him not to be ashamed of having a problem with stress, relationships, grades, weight, drugs, or alcohol, but to learn how to handle problems in healthy ways.
 - الله Learn about teen depression and suicide; alcohol and drug abuse; bullying and dating abuse; and eating disorders.
 - Donsult with your doctor, school staff, local hospitals, or county services. Read books and get information from websites on preventing and handling risk-taking behaviors. Join and support school and community coalitions.

Adapted from www.drugabuse.gov and www.drugfree.org.

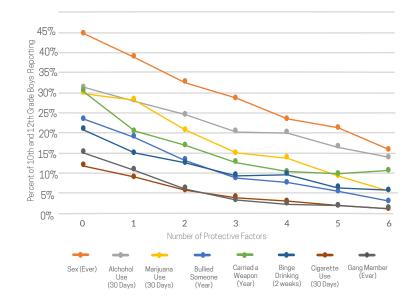
Fairfax-Falls Church Community Services Board (CSB) Entry & Referral 703-383-8500, TTY 711 24-Hour Emergency Services 703-573-5679, TTY 711

Fairfax County Public Schools Intervention and Prevention Services 571-423-4020 Student Safety and Wellness Office 571-423-4270



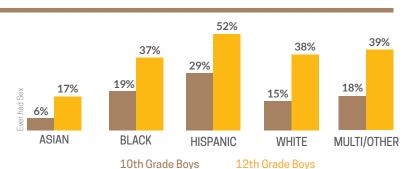
Data from the Youth Survey reinforces decades of research that shows that when youth have protective factors (also known as assets) in their lives, they do better in lots of different areas. **Having just three protective factors dramatically reduces the likelihood that youth will engage in risky behaviors.** The Youth Survey shows that every protective factor makes a difference.

Young people in Fairfax County report positive influences from the people and opportunities in their lives. Take action to be an asset in a young person's life and help to build a stronger, more positive community that benefits ALL children and youth.



Protective Factors

Having high personal integrity Having community adults to talk to Performing community service Participating in extracurricular activities Having teachers recognize good work Having parents available for help



Sexual Health

EVER HAD SEX	26%
EVER HAD ORAL SEX	30%
NO CONDOM DURING LAST SEX*	32%
HAD 4+ SEXUAL PARTNERS*	25%

*Among students who have ever had sex.

Past 30-Day Drug Use

ALCOHOL	20%
CIGARETTES	4%
E-CIGARETTES	14%
MARIJUANA	14%
PAINKILLERS*	4%
OTHER RX MEDS*	5%

*Reported use is for non-medical use of these drugs

WEBSITES FOR MORE INFORMATION

Fairfax County Youth Survey www.fairfaxcounty.gov/youthsurvey

Fairfax County Prevention System http://bit.ly/FairfaxPrevention

US Office of Adolescent Health www.hhs.gov/ash/oah

NIDA for Teens www.teens.drugabuse.gov Stop Bullying www.stopbullying.gov

Physical Health

3+ HOURS OF SCREENTIME DAILY	62%
ACTIVE 5+ DAYS PER WEEK	43%
8+ HOURS OF SLEEP DAILY	23%
EAT 5 FRUITS OR VEGETABLES DAILY	21%
DRINK SUGAR-SWEETENED BEVERAGE DAILY	44%

Protective Factors

High school boys in Fairfax County report they:

- Are involved in extracurricular activities (76%) and that teachers notice their good work (61%).
- Volunteer for community service (57%).
- Have parents who are available for help (83%)
- Have community adults they can talk to (41%).

The Fairfax County Youth Survey was administered in the fall of 2017.

Fairfax County is committed to nondiscrimination on the basis of disability in all county programs, services and activities. Reasonable accommodations will be provided upon request. For information, call 703-324-4600, TTY 711.



