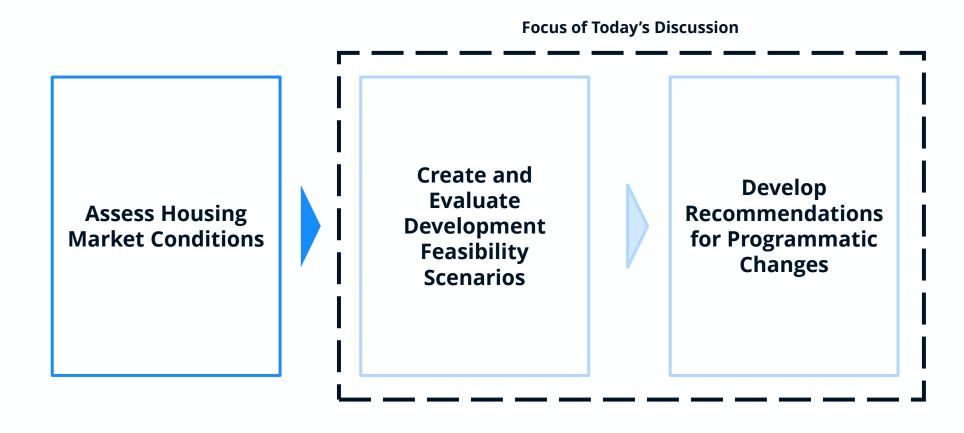


#### **SUMMARY OF APPROACH**

Utilizing the findings from case studies, existing housing market conditions, and assessments of current program requirements, HR&A and the County have developed an initial set of programmatic recommendations.



# **CHALLENGES**

#### **WDU SALES**

- WDUs at 120% of the Area Median Income (AMI) have the highest number of units remaining on the market
- WDU at higher AMI levels may compete with market rates.

#### LENGTH OF SALES

- WDUs at 120% of the AMI take longer to sell, with average of 419 days to sell
- WDUs at higher AMI levels use incentives to sell

#### **AFFORDABILITY TERM**

• 30-year renewing term of price control relative to permanent affordability

#### SALES PRICES

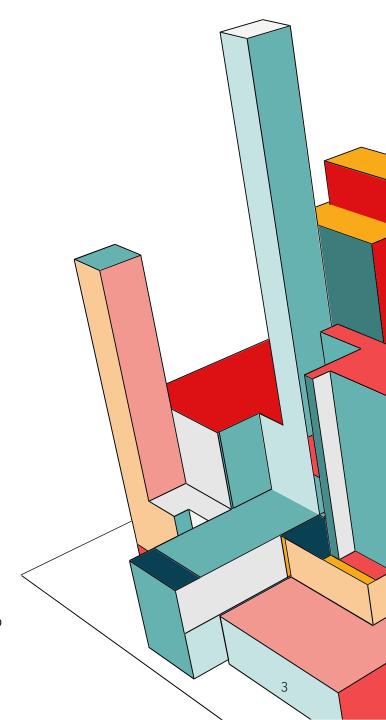
- Current pricing calculation sets maximum sales price, which becomes de facto starting point
- Changing dynamics related to condo/HOA fees, interest rates, AMI growth may affect affordability

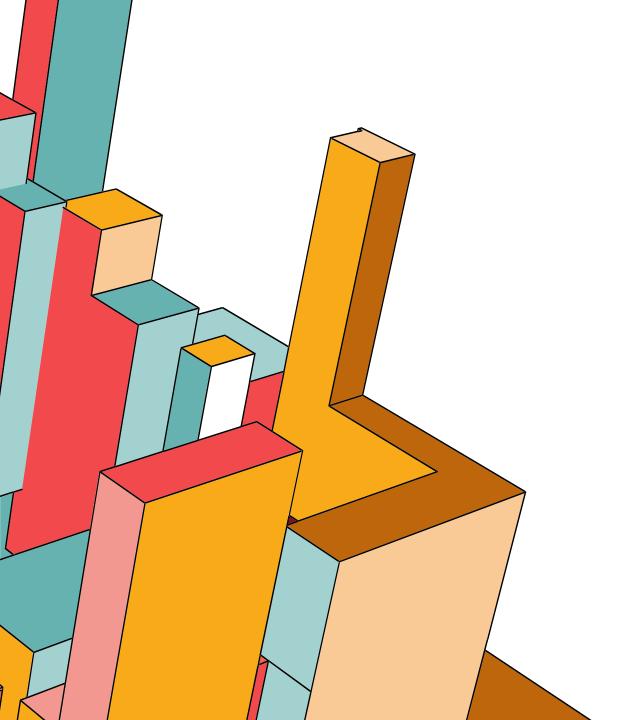
#### **BONUS DENSITY**

 Most developments meet minimum expectations for WDUs without utilizing sliding scale of bonus density

#### **GEOGRAPHIC LIMITATIONS**

- For-sale policy applies to County's development centers
- Adjusted high-rise policy applies only to Tysons Urban Center





# TASK FORCE FOCUS AREAS

AFFORDABILITY LEVELS

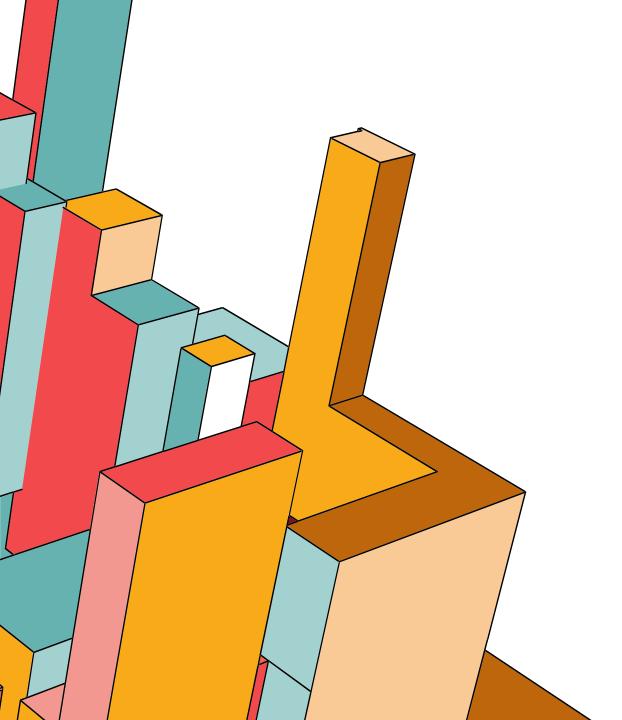
WDU PRICING

RESALE PRICING COMPONENTS

GEOGRAPHIC APPLICABILITY

TERM OF PRICE CONTROL





# TASK FORCE FOCUS AREAS

#### **TODAY'S MEETING:**

AFFORDABILITY LEVELS

WDU PRICING

RESALE PRICING COMPONENTS

TERM OF PRICE CONTROL

#### **NEXT MEETING:**

GEOGRAPHIC APPLICABILITY

#### **INITIAL RECOMMENDATIONS**



#### **Update WDU Unit Pricing**

Update the pricing model to better reflect affordability for families in Fairfax County.

# 2

#### **Optimize Affordability Levels**

Align affordability level to meet housing needs in the county by shifting the program away from the 120% AMI level.



#### **Adjust Resale Requirements**

Tie resale prices to AMI growth, better matching future unit resale prices with housing affordability.



#### **Maintain the Term of Price Control**

Maintain the existing term of price control of 30 years, resetting after sales within the 30-year timeframe.

#### **UPDATE WDU PRICING**

Update the pricing model to better reflect affordability for families in the county.

#### **Findings**

- 15% of units have had to reduce prices to sell.
- Mortgage rates have increased considerably (5.85% to 6.32%+) in the past year
- Recently built communities with WDUs have average condominium and HOA fees of \$308.
  However, these fees can grow over 3% annually and may vary by product type.

#### **Initial Recommendations**

- Reduce assumption on persons per household from 2 to 1.5, aligning with HUD program standards.
- Update pricing calculator to account for:
  - Changes to AMI levels (annually)
  - Current Interest rates (as-needed)
  - Tax rate updates (as-needed)
  - Condo/HOA Fee Assumptions (as-needed)
- Add Homeowners Insurance costs to pricing model

#### **UPDATE WDU PRICING – EFFECTS OF NEW ASSUMPTIONS**

	2 Bedroom (71% - 80% AMI)	2 Bedroom (81% -100% AMI)		
<b>Current Max Sales Price</b>	\$328,200	\$425,600		
2023 AMI Level Increase	<b>\$</b> \$26,850	<b>\$33,550</b>		
Updated Price	\$355,050	\$459,150		

AMI for a family of four increased from \$142,000 to \$152,000 in 2023.

#### **UPDATE WDU PRICING – EFFECTS OF NEW ASSUMPTIONS**

	2 Bedroom (71% - 80% AMI)	2 Bedroom (81% -100% AMI)
Current Max Sales Price	\$328,200	\$425,600
2023 AMI Level Increase	<b>\$</b> \$26,850	<b>\$33,550</b>
Updated Price	\$355,050	\$459,150
<b>Updated Annual Mortgage Rate</b>	<b>\$</b> (13,650)	<b>\$</b> (17,700)
Updated Price	\$341,400	\$441,450

Average Mortgage Rates have increased from 5.85% to 6.32% in 2023.

#### **UPDATE WDU PRICING - EFFECTS OF NEW ASSUMPTIONS**

	2 Bedroom (71% - 80% AMI)	2 Bedroom (81% -100% AMI)
Current Max Sales Price	\$328,200	\$425,600
2023 AMI Level Increase	<b>★</b> \$26,850	<b>\$33,550</b>
Updated Price	\$355,050	\$459,150
Updated Annual Mortgage Rate		
Updated Price	\$341,400	\$441,450
<b>Updating to 1.5 Person Per Bedroom</b>	\$(40,200)	\$(50,050)
Updated Price	\$301,200	\$391,400

HUD assume 1.5 persons per bedroom.

#### **UPDATE WDU PRICING – EFFECTS OF NEW ASSUMPTIONS**

	2 Bedroom (71% - 80% AMI)	2 Bedroom (81% -100% AMI)		
<b>Current Max Sales Price</b>	\$328,200	\$425,600		
2023 AMI Level Increase	\$26,850	\$33,550		
Updated Price				
Updated Annual Mortgage Rate	Assumes \$0.30 PSF for Condo/HOA fees – aligned with County data.			
Updated Price				
Updating to 1.5 Purchase Per Bedroom				
Updated Price	\$301,200	\$391,400		
<b>Updating Condo/HOA Fee Assumptions</b>	<b>\$29,650</b>	<b>\$29,650</b>		
Updated Price	\$331,400	\$421,750		

#### **UPDATE WDU PRICING – EFFECTS OF NEW ASSUMPTIONS**

	2 Bedroom (71% - 80% AMI)	2 Bedroom (81% -100% AMI) \$425,600		
Current Max Sales Price	\$328,200			
2023 AMI Level Increase				
Updated Price	Add Homeowners Insurance (estimated at \$75 a month)			
Updated Annual Mortgage Rate				
Updated Price				
Updating to 1.5 Purchase Per Bedroom				
Updated Price	\$301,200	\$391,400		
Updating Condo/HOA Fee Assumptions	<b>\$29,650</b>	<b>\$29,650</b>		
Updated Price	\$331,400	\$421,750		
Add	<b>\$</b> (9,900)	<b>\$</b> \$(9,900)		
Updated Price	\$331,400	\$421,750		

#### **UPDATE WDU PRICING - CUMULATIVE IMPACT**

#### **Change in Pricing from 2022**

	71% - 80% AMI		80% - 100% AMI			
	Existing	Updated	Difference	Existing	Updated	Difference
Efficiency	\$235,900	\$252,800	\$16,900 (+7%)	\$304,050	\$322,800	\$18,750 (+6%)
1 Bedroom	\$262,450	\$267,000	\$4,550 (+2%)	\$340,500	\$342,200	\$1,700 (0%)
2 Bedroom	\$328,200	\$320,950	-\$7,250 (-2%)	\$425,600	\$411,150	-\$14,450 (-3%)
3 Bedroom	\$378,200	\$371,150	-\$7,050 (-2%)	\$491,150	\$475,350	-\$15,800 (-3%)
4 Bedroom	\$428,150	\$413,300	-\$14,850 (-3%)	\$556,900	\$529,500	-\$27,400 (-5%)

Note: This includes adjustments to 2022 AMI levels, bedrooms by household size, updated mortgage interest rates, updated tax rates, and a condo fee reduction to \$0.30 PSF. These represent the MAXIMUM price.

#### **OPTIMIZE AFFORDABILITY LEVELS**

Align affordability level to meet housing needs in the county by shifting the program away from the 120% AMI level.

#### **Findings**

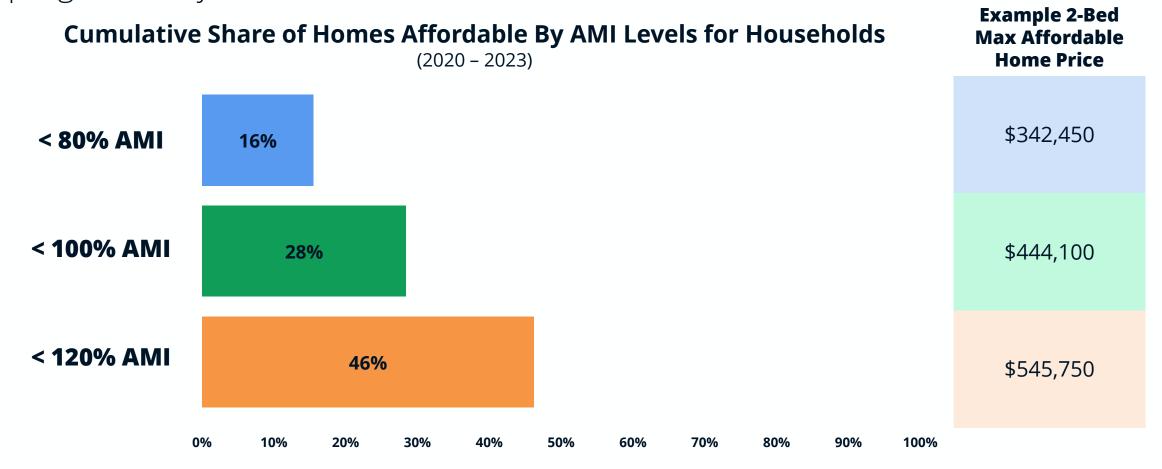
- 46% of all home sales since 2020 are affordable to households earning 100-120% AMI.
- Households earning 100-120% AMI have options across different unit sizes and locations within the County.
- 42% of all 120% AMI WDUs have not sold (compared to 12% of 100% AMI WDUs).

#### **Initial Recommendations**

- Remove the 100% 120% AMI Level for the program and serve households earning 71% 80% AMI and 81% 100% AMI.
- Ensure that distribution of WDUs by bedroom is aligned with distribution of market-rate units by bedroom. More data on market-rate units may need to be collected by the County.

#### **OPTIMIZE AFFORDABILITY LEVELS**

Align affordability level to meet housing needs in the county by shifting the program away from the 120% AMI level.



#### **ADJUST RESALE COMPONENT**

Tie change in resale price from CPI to AMI, better matching resale prices with what households can afford.

#### **Findings**

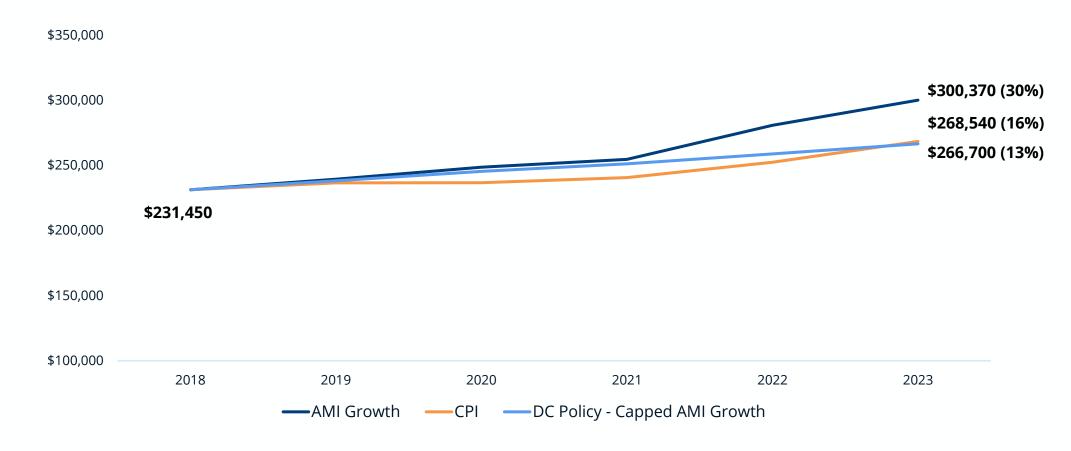
- Other jurisdictions, such as Washington DC, tie resale prices to AMI changes.
- Changes in **CPI are historically more volatile** than changes in AMI.
- AMI is more directly correlated with housing affordability than CPI – which is influenced by non-housing pricing changes.

#### **Initial Recommendations**

 Tie changes to maximum resale prices from CPI to AMI.

#### **ADJUST RESALE COMPONENT**

Tie maximum resale price to AMI rather than CPI growth. These would allow for the maximum price to better align with growth in median income.



#### **TERM OF PRICE CONTROL**

After reviewing potential term of price control changes, HR&A recommends maintaining the existing term of price control of 30 renewing years.

#### **Findings**

- There is no standard affordability term for similar programs in the jurisdictions we studied.
- Fairfax County is interested in providing long-term affordability, with units serving more than one household.
- County needs to track only most-recent sale of a unit to track affordability covenant.

#### **Initial Recommendations**

- Maintain the 30-year renewing covenant period.
- Improve communication of the benefits of homeownership, even with the restricted resale value.



#### **ONGOING ANALYSIS**

In addition to these initial recommendations, HR&A is reviewing the following recommendations.

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#### **Impacts of New Pricing on Development Financials**

Do changes to WDU pricing and the AMI levels targets by the program require changes to the program's current bonus density?

2

#### **Distribution of WDUs Across AMI Levels**

How should the distribution of WDUs across AMI levels be updated to reflect changes to the AMI levels served?

3

#### **Distribution of WDUs by Bedroom Count**

What is the impact of aligning WDUs distribution with market rate distribution by bedroom count?

4

#### **Extending Program Requirements**

Should the Tysons WDU policy be extended beyond Tysons to other locations zoned for high-density residential? Should the WDU policy be extended elsewhere in the County where medium-to-high density is planned?



# **OPTIMIZE AFFORDABILITY LEVELS**



Avoid competition with market prices



Match supply with demand

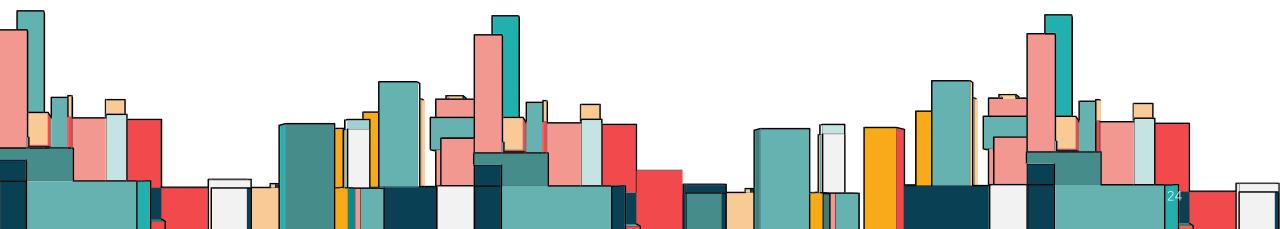


Reduce issues with sales volume and velocity

# **OPTIMIZE AMI LEVELS**

## **@** CONSIDERATIONS

- Demand analysis: household size, income data as compared to AMI levels
- WDU pricing based on AMI levels compared to market rate pricing
- Challenges to homeownership at lower levels, e.g., condo fees, maintenance, downpayment assistance limited to 70% AMI
- Concerns with similarities and overlaps with ADU program
- Sliding scale of bonus density underutilized



# **ADJUST WDU PRICING**



Remains affordable to different households

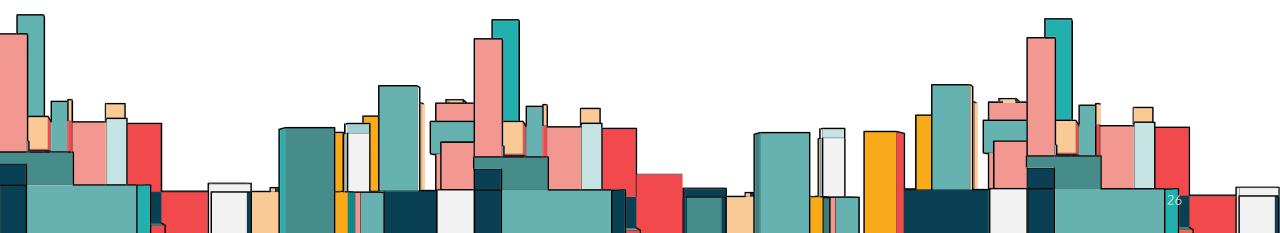


Reflects the variety of different factors

# **ADJUST WDU PRICING**

## **@** CONSIDERATIONS

- Current calculation maximizes affordability based on HUD approved income limits, with adjustments to household size, and other factors
  - Income adjustments may not be equal across the income spectrum
- Condo and HOA fees vary by structure type, or type of construction
- Current pricing includes one parking space, discuss opportunities for decoupling parking in transit-rich, amenity-rich areas, or based on structure type, to reduce pricing.



# **CONSIDER RESALE COMPONENTS**



Equity between initial sale and resale prices



Reduce impediments to resale

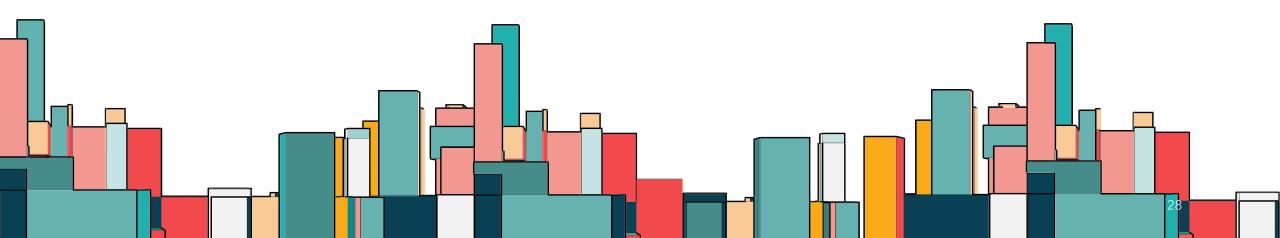


FCRHA to facilitate resale

# **CONSIDER RESALE COMPONENTS**

## **@** CONSIDERATIONS

- Setting an affordable price at the beginning
- Resale price calculation that compares resale prices over time, based on CPI, with sale prices, based on HUD AMI levels – could the calculation be different than CPI



# **EXPAND GEOGRAPHIC APPLICABILITY**



Expand to high density beyond development centers

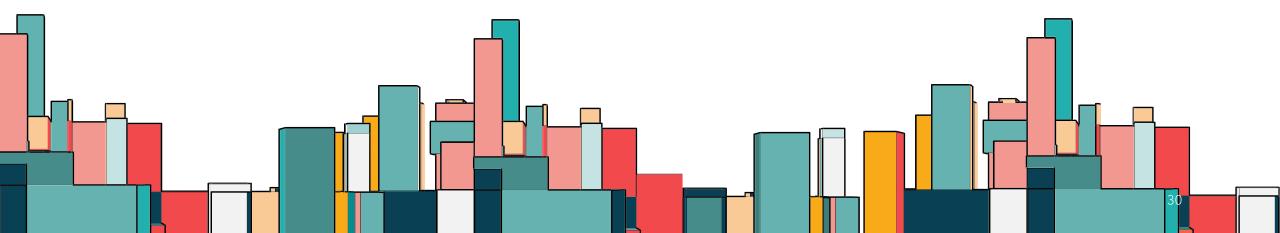


Expand highrise policy beyond Tysons

# **EXPAND GEOGRAPHIC APPLICABILITY**

### **@** CONSIDERATIONS

- Current policy limits application of policy to County's designated mixed-use centers
- Moderate to high densities are planned outside of development centers, usually along major corridors or transit corridors, or near neighborhood shopping centers, which may be appropriate for WDU homeownership opportunities
- WDU rental policy expanded to these areas recently



# **EVALUATE TERM OF PRICE CONTROL**



WDU as permanent affordable housing



Ability to build generational wealth

# **EVALUATE TERM OF PRICE CONTROL**

## **@** CONSIDERATIONS

- Currently 30-year term
- Renewable term as permanent affordable
- Best practices for comparable jurisdictions
- ADU and WDU number of resale

