

SITE-RELATED PLANS

This information is the most common for how to obtain the necessary site-related approvals for your project and is not representative of all the conditions you may encounter.

Land Development Agencies

The Herrity Building 12055 Government Center Pkwy Fairfax, VA 22035

- ► Site Application Center **703-222-0801**
- ► Bonds & Agreements **703-222-0801**
- ➤ Site Review & Inspections 703-324-1720
- ► Permit Application Center **703-222-0801**
- ➤ Zoning Permit Branch 703-222-1082
- ► Engineer of the Day **703-324-2268**

Hours of Operation

Monday—Thursday: 8 a.m. - 4 p.m. Friday: 9:15 a.m. - 4 p.m.

Health Department

10777 Main Street Fairfax, VA 22030 **703-246-2201**

VDOT

4975 Alliance Drive Fairfax, VA 22030 **703-259-1773**

All telephone numbers are accessible in TTY by calling 711.

This document is available in alternative formats and languages. Please call **703-324-5033**, **TTY 711** for more information



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RESIDENTIAL SITE-RELATED PLANS

When building a new home or making exterior improvements to your existing home, you will disturb land. Site-related plans show new construction and improvements and ensure your land disturbance complies with the applicable laws and ordinances. Which type of plan you must submit depends on the area of land you disturb (see Page 2) and complexity of your project. See below for more information.

- A house location plat is drawn from survey data of your property and prepared by a qualified licensed professional. An existing plat is typically part of your closing documents and may be used in limited circumstances, as follows:
 - ✓ Small home improvement projects such as decks and porches; hand drawn on the plat.
 - ✓ Construction disturbs no more than 2,500 square feet and does not alter grade more than 18 inches.
 - √ The original plat is legible and in its original scale.
- A conservation plan is much like a house location plat except that it also shows erosion and sediment controls. It can be used as follows:
 - ✓ Small additions and accessory structures such as pools and detached garages (either for new construction or demolition).

- ✓ Construction disturbs between 2,500 and 5,000 square feet.
- ✓ Only when water quality (see page 3), detention (see <u>Technical Bulletin</u> <u>22-06</u>) or other drainage improvements are not required.
- An <u>infill lot grading plan</u> is a drawing of your property which shows existing and new construction, topography, and erosion and sediment controls. Use an infill lot grading plan for any of the following:
 - ✓ New homes, pools, large additions, or other large home projects.
 - ✓ Construction disturbs more than 2,500 square feet.
 - Construction blocks or alters existing drainage patterns.
 - ✓ Grade will be altered more than 18 inches (add or remove).
- A <u>rough grading plan</u> is used for regrading of land under an existing use in excess of 2,500 square feet.

Requirements, forms, fee schedule and other useful information found at www.fairfaxcounty.gov/landdevelopment/permit-library

Site-Related Plans 2012.4 1 September 22, 2023

HOUSE LOCATION PLAT SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Submit a <u>house location plat</u> during your <u>building permit</u> application process in <u>PLUS</u> for projects less than 2,500 square feet of land. Your plat must meet the requirements listed below and be uploaded in the plan room under the documents tab in PLUS. Fees associated with the review of the house location plat are included as part of your building permit fee. For more information regarding the submission process, including tips on how to navigate PLUS and properly upload documents, please visit our <u>what is plus?</u> webpage.

☐ A new plat showing the new project should be prepared by a qualified, licensed surveyor.

Where is my plat?



Look in your closing documents for your plat. Some plats are kept with Zoning. You may need to hire a surveyor or civil engineer to prepare a new one.

- ☐ Existing plats may be used under limited circumstances and in accordance with <u>Technical Bulletin</u> No.18-02, and the following:
 - ✓ Plat must be in its original scale, meaning on the same sheet size as the original.
 - ✓ Plat must be clear, legible and show the entire parcel.
 - ✓ Plat must show existing and proposed structures.

- ✓ Drawn to scale of not less than 1inch equals 50 feet.
- ✓ Be a minimum size of 8.5×14 inches (for smaller lots, 8.5×11 inches may be allowed).
- ☐ Delineate any mapped floodplain/floodplain easement and show the distance of any proposed structures to the floodplain.
 - ✓ Include proposed elevation of the lowest floor level (i.e., bottom of floor joists or top of concrete for slab on grade).
- ☐ Show distance from the new and existing structures (and any protrusions) to all property lines.
- ☐ Show dimensions and height (elevation) of all proposed structures, including existing accessory structures.
- ☐ Include disturbed area limits (see graphic to the right for more information).

☐ To learn more about plat
requirements see <u>Technical Bulletin</u>
No.18-02 or contact the Zoning
Permit Branch
(see page 1).

Calculating Disturbed Area:

Add the area of project footprint

10-foot work zone around all sides of project footprint

Area of stockpile footprint (when project includes excavation)

10-foot-wide access path from street/driveway to edge of project

TOTAL DISTURBED AREA

Need more information?

See our Land Disturbance 101 page.

Problem Soils:

Soil types with a high-water table, expansive or marine clay or other behavioral issues are considered problem soils. To learn more about soils in Fairfax County and to view county soils maps, go to our <u>website</u> and search for "soils." To confirm whether you have problem soils, or for more information on soils types, contact the Engineer of the Day.

CONSERVATION PLAN SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

If the size and complexity of your project permits the submission of a <u>conservation plan</u>, it must meet the above house location plat requirements in addition to those listed below. See Page 6 for more information on the site-related plan approval process; see Page 5 for associated fee types.

- ☐ Minimum scale of 1-inch equals 50 feet.
- ☐ Minimum plan size is 24 x 36 inches.
- ☐ Seal of a land surveyor, architect, landscape architect or professional civil engineer licensed in the
- commonwealth of Virginia.
- ☐ Soil identification and/or soils map with soils certification.
- ☐ House location to include the following:
 - ✓ Address.

- √ Tax map number.
- ✓ State route number (for public streets).
- ✓ Deed book and page number (for private streets and access easements).
- ☐ Magisterial district.

	Zoning district and any variance,		\checkmark For the purposes of determining		County Code Section <u>124-1-7.3</u> .
	special permit, special exception,		accessory structure height,		Water Quality Controls
_	or proffered rezoning approvals.		unless otherwise noted, height is measured from the highest point		Water quality controls are required
	Owner information.		of the structure to the lowest		land disturbing activities disturbing
	Siltation and erosion control		point of finished ground level		more than 2,500 square feet unless
	measures including:		adjacent to the structure.		activity qualifies for a residential in
	✓ Erosion and sediment control narrative.		The elevation of the first floor,		lot exemption under Section 124-1-7
			basement and/or driveway profile.		Name of affected watershed and
	✓ Erosion and sediment controls, i.e., silt fence, construction		! Not required for additions unless		disturbed area within it.
	entrance.		the lowest floor is below that of		Distance from the new and existing
	✓ Arrows showing the direction of		the existing house or it is within		construction (and any protrusions)
	surface water flow.				to all lot lines, RPAs, and
	✓ Limits of clearing and grading.	1	Is your project in		floodplain, if applicable.
	Address outfall adequacy by		a floodplain?		Percentage of total impervious
	evaluating impacts of increased		\wedge		area, if lot is in the R-1, R-2, R-3,
	runoff.				or R-4 zoning districts. Contact
	✓ Include outfall narrative and		Flood		Zoning Permit Branch for more information.
	certification.		If you live along a stream with a		
	✓ Detention may be required if		drainage area over 70 acres, your		Location of foundation drain outfall.
	increased imperviousness		property may be in a floodplain.		
	contributes to erosion or flooding		Restrictions for construction and		Signed Wetlands Certification.
	problems downstream.		added requirements may apply.		Location of water and sewer lines
	Lot information to include the		Not all floodplains are located		if served by public utilities. Otherwise, location of septic
	following:		and mapped. Therefore, studies		system/well with associated lines.
	✓ Lot/parcel dimensions.		may be necessary in unmapped	П	Sewer service area.
	✓ Lot area.		areas to demonstrate compliance		Proposed construction entrance and
	✓ Lot lines including bearings and		with floodplain regulations.		access road.
	distances.		For more information go to		Note if the site is accessed from a
	Easements for the following		www.fairfaxcounty.gov and		"Chapter 2" road (dedicated public
	(include deed book and page		search for "floodplain" or		street never built to state
	number), if applicable:		contact the Site Development		standards).
	✓ Underground utility.		and Inspection Division at 703- 324-1720, TTY 711.		Other information, such as violation notices, that may be
	✓ Water.				necessary to facilitate review.
	✓ Storm sewer.		the floodplain.		,
	✓ Sanitary sewer.	Ц	Location of any resource protection area (RPA). New RPA		
	✓ Easements dedicated to the		boundary delineation may not be		
	county or state.	П	,		
	✓ Access easements to contiguous	Ц	submitted as part of a Conservation Plan. See Page 4 for		
	properties.		more on RPAs.		
	The location, dimensions, and		Mapped floodplain and floodplain		
	height of existing and proposed	_	easement with deed book and page	•	
	structures.		number noted.		
	✓ For decks, height is measured		Calculation or other documentation		
	from the finished grade to deck		that the land disturbing activity is		
	floor.		evennt from stormwater		

management requirements under

exempt from stormwater

RESOURCE PROTECTION AREAS

<u>Resource protection areas (RPA)</u> are environmentally sensitive lands that lie alongside or near a stream or other water bodies which drains into the Potomac River and eventually the Chesapeake Bay. Below is information you should be aware of if you are in or near an RPA.



- ► In their natural condition, RPAs protect water quality, filter pollutants, reduce runoff, prevent erosion, and perform other important functions.
- RPAs are regulated under the <u>Chesapeake Bay Preservation</u> Ordinance (CBPO).

- Minor, attached home-improvement projects are regulated under <u>Section 118-5-5</u> of the CBPO.
- Typically, construction proposed in or near an RPA requires a <u>Water</u> <u>Quality Impact Assessment</u> (WQIA).
- ▶ If an RPA boundary delineation study has been performed for your property and approved by the county, it must be shown on your site-related plan.
- ▶ If a study has not been performed, you may use the boundary shown on the adopted county map and denote your plan with the following:

 "Approximate RPA boundary from Fairfax County Chesapeake Bay Preservation Area Map."
- ► For more information on RPA delineation studies, see our RPA FAQs webpage.

- Use the county's <u>Watersheds and</u> <u>RPA Viewer</u> to determine whether there is an RPA on your property.
- ► If you are proposing a minor project in an RPA, you must submit the appropriate RPA request form and Water Quality Impact Assessment. See our RPA webpage for the applicable form.
- ► RPA approval must be obtained prior to submission of a site-related plan, unless delineating RPA on an Infill Lot Grading Plan in compliance with Letter to Industry 22-01.

To learn more about RPAs, go to our website and search on "RPA" or call the Site Development and Inspection Division at 703-324-1720, TTY 711.

INFILL LOT GRADING PLAN SUMISSION REQUIREMENTS

If your project does not meet the thresholds for either a house location plat or a conservation plan, then you must prepare an <u>infill lot grading plan</u> for the property. An infill lot grading plan must show the required items listed above for a conservation plan, plus those listed below. See Page 6 for more information on the site-related plan approval process; see Page 5 for associated fee types.

Grading Plan cover-sheet.	maximum two-foot intervals to include:	✓ Foundation Detail.
☐ Completed <u>Stormwater Management</u> Plan Completeness Checklist.	✓ Existing conditions	☐ Location of foundation drain outfall☐ Outfall analysis and pre- and post - development conditions narrative.
<u> </u>	✓ Proposed conditions.	
Completed Infill Lot Grading Plan	✓ Spot elevations as needed.	
Checklist. ☐ Completed Erosion and Sediment Control Checklist	 □ Tree Cover Calculations. □ If there are problem soils (see Page 2) on the site, provide the following: ✓ Soils test report for all soils on the property. 	 ✓ Evaluate impacts of increased runoff. ✓ Detention measures may be
Control Checklist. □ Completed Priority Rating form for Erosion and Sediment Control.		 Detention measures may be required if adequate outfall does not exist.
☐ Vicinity map.	✓ Geotechnical report or approved soils waiver.	☐ Sump pump and roof
\Box Contours (topography) of the land in		drain/downspout discharge locations, when applicable.

ROUGH GRADING PLAN SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Rough grading plans must meet the below listed requirements. See Page 6 for more information on the site-related plan approval process; see bottom of this page for associated fees. ☐ Minimum scale of 1-inch equals 50 measures including: ☐ Lot information to include the feet. following: √ Erosion and sediment control ☐ Minimum plan size is 24 x 36 inches. narrative. ✓ Lot/parcel dimensions. ✓ Erosion and sediment controls, ✓ Lot area. ☐ Seal of a land surveyor, architect or professional civil engineer licensed i.e., silt fence, construction ✓ Lot lines including bearings and in the commonwealth of Virginia. entrance. distances. ✓ Limits of clearing and grading. ☐ Soil identification and/or soils map. ☐ Proposed construction entrance and ✓ Outfall narrative and ☐ Completed Erosion and Sediment access road. certification. Control Checklist. ☐ Note if the site is accessed from a ☐ Easements for the following "Chapter 2" road (dedicated public ☐ Completed Priority Rating form for (include deed book and page street never built to state Erosion and Sediment Control. number), if applicable: standards). ☐ Vicinity Map. ☐ Location of foundation drain ✓ Underground utility. ☐ Contours (topography) of the land outfall. ✓ Water. in maximum two-foot intervals to ☐ Signed Wetlands Certification. include: √ Storm sewer. ☐ Outfall analysis and ✓ Sanitary sewer. ✓ Existing conditions predevelopment conditions √ Easements dedicated to the ✓ Proposed conditions. narrative. county or state. ✓ Spot elevations as needed. ☐ Location of RPA, if present. See ✓ Access easements to contiguous ☐ Address and tax map number. Page 4 for more information. properties. □ Magisterial district. ☐ Floodplain limits, if present. See ☐ Name of affected watershed and Page 3 for more information. \square Owner information. disturbed area within it. ☐ Siltation and erosion control **FEES & DEPOSITS** ▶ Building Permit Fee for building ▶ Stormwater Permit and Fee if not **Conservation Agreement** plan and inspection services (Permit otherwise exempt under Sec. 124-1-A conservation agreement and associated Application Center). 7.3 (Site Application Center). ▶ Site Fee for site-related plan review ► Health Department fees if your your site-related plan (excludes plats), and inspection services (Site property is or will be served by a

For projects that disturb land under an existing use and do not propose a structure, you may prepare a rough grading plan.

- Application Center).
- ▶ Pro-Rata Share Assessment with associated agreement, for watershed improvements and maintenance, based on the increase of impervious area (Site Application Center).
- ► Conservation Deposit with associated conservation agreement, based on project scope and total disturbed area (Site Application Center).
- ▶ VDOT Permit and Bond if you are proposing work within the state right-of-way.

septic system or well.

To submit these post-approval conditions, go to Meeting Approval Conditions | Land Development Services (fairfaxcounty.gov)

For more information on fees, contact the above agencies or go to www.fairfaxcounty.gov/plan2build

escrow deposit, required after approval of ensures that erosion and sediment controls are installed and maintained, in accordance with the approved plan.

After construction is complete and the lot is properly stabilized, the full deposit will be returned unless funds have been used to correct deficiencies and/or violations.

For more information contact the Site Application Center.

SITE-RELATED PLAN APPROVAL PROCESS

The approval process for your site-related plan is intertwined with the building permit application process. The process below is the most common and is not applicable for house location plats (see Page 2 for plat process).

STEP 1: SITE-RELATED PLAN SUBMISSION

Submit your site-related plan electronically to the Site Application Center via <u>PLUS</u>. Use the <u>Site-Related Plans Checklist</u> to review minimum submission requirements, and for processing details, visit the <u>Permit Library: Site Plans</u> webpage. Note: If proposing new, replacing, or relocating a septic system or water well, you must also apply for necessary permits with the <u>Health Department</u>. Skip the <u>Health Department</u> permit if you are on public water and sewer.

STEP 2: SITE-RELATED PLAN REVIEW

County staff will review your site-related plan submission for completeness and compliance with local ordinances. You or your representative will be notified of any deficiencies, required plan corrections, or additional required documents, as applicable.

You can check the status of your site-related plan online using PLUS.

STEP 3: BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION

Apply for your building record online using PLUS. If new to the system, or for more information about the building process please visit the PLUS Homepage.

STEP 4: VDOT PERMIT APPLICATION

If you are constructing a new driveway entrance, replacing an existing entrance, or performing any work within the state right-of-way, you must apply for a permit with the Virginia Department of Transportation.

Skip this step if your lot is located on a private street, you are using an existing entrance without any proposed improvement or you are not otherwise proposing any work within the VDOT right-of-way.

STEP 5: SITE-RELATED PLAN APPROVAL

Once your site-related plan is approved, post-approval conditions need to be satisfied prior to issuance of your plan and <u>land</u> <u>disturbance permit</u>. Conditions specific to your plan can be verified via <u>Accela Citizen Access (PLUS)</u> and electronically submitted to the Site Application Center using the <u>Meeting Approval Conditions</u> form. Associated fees can be paid online in <u>Accela Citizen Access</u> (PLUS) portal. Notarized agreements and check payments may also be submitted via mail to the <u>Site Application Center</u>.

STEP 6: BUILDING PERMIT APPROVAL

The site-related record must be approved prior to approval of your building record. Customers are no longer required to upload the site-related plan as part of their building submission package. Customers will be asked to provide the submission ID number as part of their application. Once all reviews are approved, the permit will be issued if no additional fees are due or a fees notification will be sent asking for final payment. Once final payment has been received, the system will auto-issue the approved plans and permit card.

STEP 7: SITE INSPECTIONS

Prior to beginning any land disturbing activity, contact Virginia 811 at <u>VA811.com</u> or by phone at 811 or 800-552-7001. Once utilities have been properly marked, contact the <u>Site Development & Inspections Division</u> at 703-324-1720 to schedule a preconstruction meeting with a site inspector.



You must have an approved county land disturbance permit before you can start any land-disturbing activity.