FAIRFAX COUNTY PARK AUTHORITY

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Chairman and Members

Park Authority Board

VIA: Jai Cole, Executive Director

FROM: Brendon Hanafin, Division Director

Planning and Development Division

DATE: July 21, 2023

Agenda

Planning and Development Committee (Committee of the Whole) Wednesday, July 26, 2023 – 5:40 pm Board Room, Herrity Building Chairman: Ken Quincy Vice Chair: Linwood Gorham

- 1. Lake Accotink Dredging Update (with presentation) Information
- 2. Tysons Check-in (with presentation) Information

Board Agenda Item July 26, 2023

INFORMATION - 1

Lake Accotink Dredging Update

Informational update on the status of the Lake Accotink Dredging project. The Board of Supervisors authorized a task force to review the staff recommendation on the dredging of Lake Accotink.

ENCLOSED DOCUMENTS:

None.

STAFF:

Jai Cole, Executive Director
Aimee L. Vosper, Deputy Director/CBD
Sara Baldwin, Deputy Director/COO
Brendon Hanafin, Division Director, Planning and Development Division
Laura Grape, Division Director, Resources Management Division
Paul Shirey, Project Management Branch Manager, Planning and Development Division
Adam Wynn, Project Manager, Planning and Development Division

Lake Accotink Update

Park Authority Board July 26, 2023

Lake Accotink Park

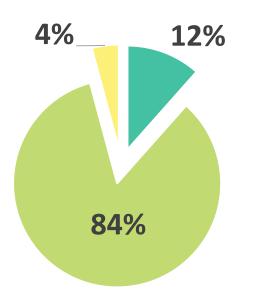
- "Accotink" is an Algonquin name, likely for the largest Native American village which occurred along this stream.
- Current dam constructed in 1943 by US Army
- Initial land purchased by the Fairfax County Park Authority in the early 60's
- Park is 476 Acres; Lake Accotink is 55 Acres
- Park visited by over 250,000 people per year
- Accessible to residents from numerous communities

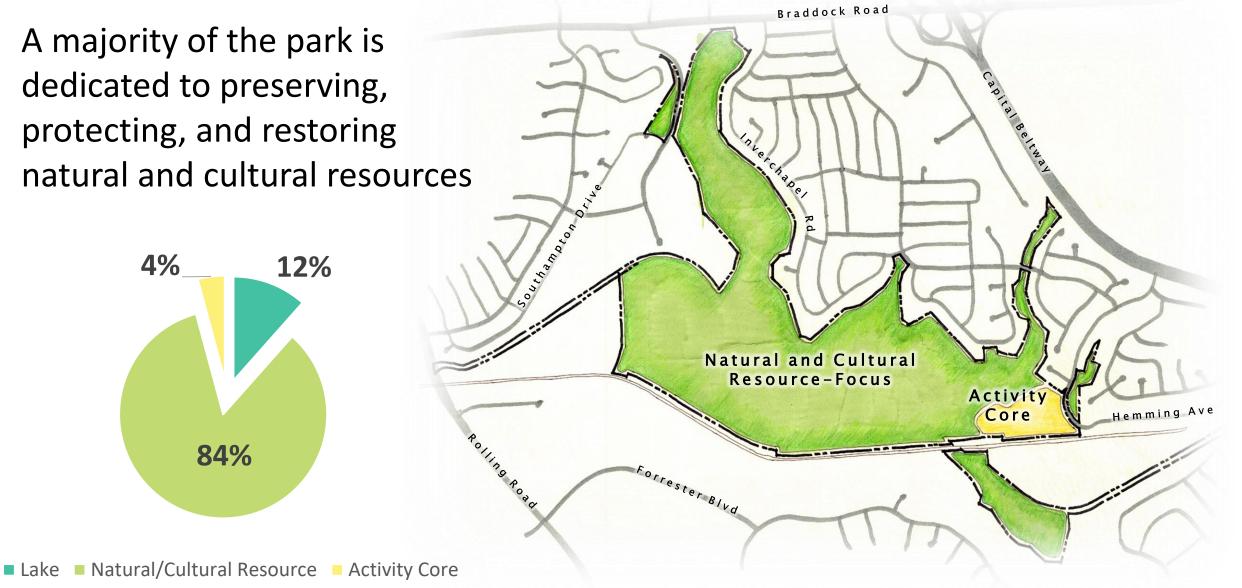




https://www.fairfaxcounty.gov/parks/lake-accotink
https://www.fairfaxcounty.gov/parks/planning-development/lakeaccotink

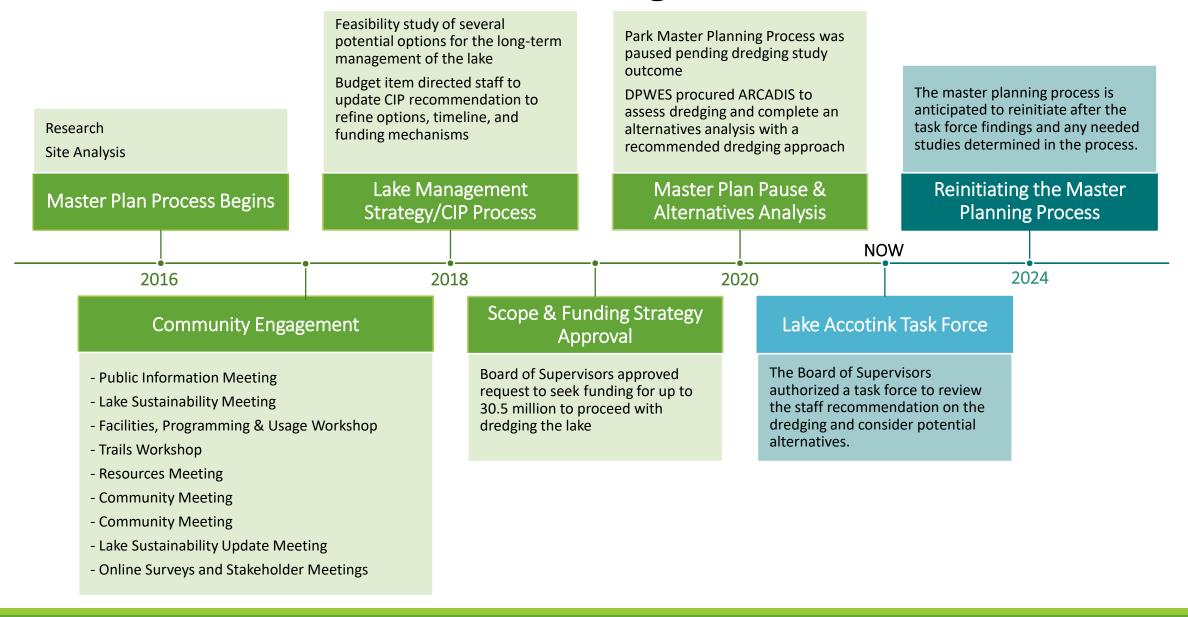
A majority of the park is dedicated to preserving, protecting, and restoring natural and cultural resources

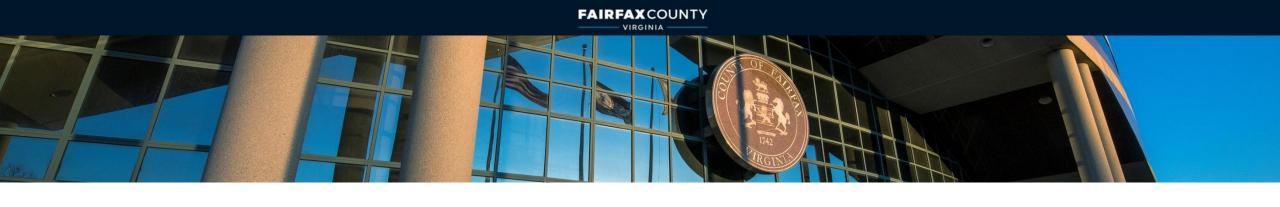






Lake Accotink Park – Background on Outreach





Lake Accotink Dredging

Item Type: Information

Charles Smith, Branch Chief,
Department of Public Works & Environmental Services

July 26, 2023

Lake Accotink Dredging Project

- Park visited by over 250,000 people per year
- Accessible to residents from numerous communities
- Community engagement process in 2016 2019 to discuss management options results in decision to implement a permanent dredging program
- Dredge program project goals:
 - Establish 8 ft average lake depth
 - Implement maintenance dredging program
- Dredge program intended to maintain lake as aesthetic and recreational amenity



Additional Resources:

- <u>Lake Accotink Dredging (AC89-0009)</u> | <u>Public Works and Environmental Services (fairfaxcounty.gov)</u>
- The Story of Lake Accotink Park: https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/b85512da45b8420085167291998d19af



Project Timeline		
2016 - 2019	Community engagement process on management of Lake Accotink resulted in a decision to implement a permanent dredging program	
October 29, 2019	BOS approves Lake Accotink Dredging Financing Plan	
June 25, 2020	BOS authorizes staff to apply for \$30.5 million for Lake Accotink Dredging from the Virginia Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund (VCWRLF)	
September 2020	County staff hire Arcadis and begin dredge program project	
September 2020 – February 2023	Project team gathers data, develops alternatives analysis, develops cost estimates, holds stakeholder and public meetings, and re-evaluates alternative smaller off-line lake option (once cost of dredging understood)	
July 27, 2021	BOS authorizes staff to apply for an additional \$30 million for Lake Accotink Dredging from VCWRLF based on revised estimates	
February 9, 2023	DPWES staff launches story map with updated estimates of cost and environmental and social impacts and recommends not to pursue dredging	
February 15 & 16, 2023	Public Meetings	
February 16 to April 1, 2023	Public Survey and Comment Period	
April 25, 2023	DPWES & FCPA present to BOS Environmental Committee	
June 26, 2023	Task Force kick off meeting	



Dredging Program Overview

Step 1: Dewatering Site Preparations*



Step 2: Dredging



Step 3: Sediment Dewatering



Step 4: Off-Site
Transportation and Disposal



Base Dredging Program – one-time 500,000 cubic yard (cy) removal event (assumed 3-year duration)

Evaluating Options

- Dry and wet dredging options were evaluated.
- County staff & consultants evaluated nineteen potential spoils processing locations.
- Seven pipeline locations were evaluated for viable spoils processing areas.
- Nine spoils disposal options were assessed including site disposal on county lands and beneficial reuse.

Alternative Components

Dewatering Locations

North of Braddock Road

- Howrey Field
- Wakefield Park Maintenance Facility
- Wakefield Ball Fields
- 4. Dominion Energy (Dominion) Right-of-Way (ROW)

Lake Accotink Park

- Lake Accotink Upper Settling Basin
- 6. Lake Accotink Island Current Footprint
- 7. Lake Accotink Island Expanded Footprint

Concrete Plant

Concrete Plant

Detailed Evaluation in Exhibit 4 of Alternatives Analysis Report

© Arcadis 202

Pipeline Alignments

North of Braddock Road

- Cross-County Trail
- Queensberry Avenue
- 3. Flag Run / Port Royal Road
- 4. Flag Run / Interstate 495

Lake Accotink Park

Lake Accotink Trail

Concrete Plant

- 6. Amtrak ROW
- Residential Route

Detailed Evaluation in Exhibit 5 of Alternatives Analysis Report

26 July 2021

Potential Processing Location

North of Braddock Road

- Howery Field
- Dominion Right of Way
- Wakefield Park Maintenance Building Area
- Wakefield Park Ball Field
- Wakefield Park Mountain Bike Area

Lake Accotink Park

- Lake Accotink Park Rolling Road
 Access
- B. Lake Accotink Island
- C. Lake Accotink Park Heming Ave Access

Other Location

- Industrial Park Parking Lot
- II. Springfield Golf & Country Club
- III. Hunter Village Park
- IV Concrete Plan
- V. School Property

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Dredge Program Cost

Category	Opinion of Probable Cost ^(a)
Base Dredge Event ^(b)	
Dewatering Site & Permanent Pipeline Construction(c)	\$13.0M (\$9.1M to \$19.5M)
Dredging	\$23.0M (\$16.1M to \$34.6M)
Material Processing	\$24.9M (\$17.4M to \$37.3M)
Transportation & Disposal ^(d)	\$34.4M (\$24.1M to \$51.6M)
Total for Base Dredge	\$95.3M (\$66.7M to \$143.0M)
Maintenance Dredging Events ^(e)	
Event 1 (Year 5 Post-Base Dredge)	\$46.5M
Event 2 (Year 10 Post-Base Dredge)	\$59.4M
Event 3 (Year 15 Post-Base Dredge)	\$96.8M
Event 4 (Year 20 Post-Base Dredge)	\$123.5M

Notes:

- (a) The opinions of probable cost presented herein are based on Arcadis' experience, vendor estimates, and Fairfax County staff input. These opinions of probable cost have been prepared for the purpose of comparing potential alternatives and are based on available information from site investigations and the anticipated dredge program scope. These opinions of probable cost are AACE Class 4 level and expected to be within -30% to +50% of the actual project cost. Changes in cost elements are likely to occur as a result of new information and data collected during an engineering design phase, selection of dewatering site location, and determination of final disposal location. Utilization of this cost information beyond the stated purpose is not recommended.
- (b) The base dredge event is assumed to include removal of 500,000 cubic yards of sediment from Lake Accotink and be completed over a three-year period from 2024 to 2026. Costs shown were developed in 2022 dollars and escalated to the midpoint of construction (2025) using a 5% annual inflation factor. Costs are shown to the nearest \$0.1M.
- (c) Cost assumes dewatering site constructed at the Wakefield Park Maintenance Facility location.
- (d) Cost shown assumes transportation and disposal to Luck Ecosystems.
- (e) Maintenance dredging events are expected to continue in perpetuity but only the first four maintenance dredging cycles are shown. The costs presented herein assume \$30.0M (in 2022 dollars) per maintenance dredging event and are escalated to the applicable event year using a 5% annual inflation factor and completion of the first maintenance dredge in 2031.



Drivers for Lake Dredging Cost Increases

- 43% more sediment needs to be removed.
- Much higher processing costs than original concept
- Much higher trucking and disposal costs that original concept
- Market adjustments
- Frequent maintenance dredging
- Inflation over years of maintenance dredging
- Project cost estimates consistent with all Fairfax County projects for consideration of long-term maintenance costs and application of 5% consumer price index for future actions.



Drivers for Dredging Cost Increases

Summary of Differences Between Project Conception and Today

Considerations in 2018	Feasible Yes/No	Requirements 2023
Use Wakefield Power Lines to process	No (restrictions due to powerline	Wakefield Park Maintenance Area:
dredge sediment	infrastructure and operations/in the	requires significant forest clearing
	floodplain)	Or
		Southern Drive: heavy truck traffic
		through residential communities
Dredge and process 350,000 cubic yards	No	Dredge and process 500,000 cubic yards
of sediment		of sediment
Dispose of sediment on-site or trucking	No	Significant cost for trucking and disposal
with low cost disposal		at permitted quarry
Was base dredging duration estimated	No	Minimum 3 years
Total base dredge estimated cost \$30	No	Total base dredge estimated cost \$95
million		million
Was maintenance dredging frequency	No	Every five years
estimated		
Was maintenance dredging duration	No	One year
estimated		
Estimated maintenance dredging	Yes	Same
quantity 150,000 cubic yards of		
sediment		
Was maintenance trucking volume	No	Estimated 15,000 truck trips for
estimated		transport and disposal of sediment
Was maintenance dredging cost	No	Estimated maintenance dredging cost
included		\$300 million for first 20 years after base
		dredging



Re-evaluation of Other Lake Management Options

- Escalating project costs drove staff to evaluate additional management options.
- Smaller off-line lake would maintain open water.

Evaluating Smaller Off-line Lake

- Increased sediment removal.
- 82,500 truck trips to haul out unsuitable sediment and 40,000 truck trips to import suitable fill.
- \$198 million construction cost.
- Significant risk to county for long-term public safety and maintenance due to large dam/levee.
- Staff recommend not pursuing smaller off-line lake option.



Illustration of potential smaller off-line lake

Implications to Fairfax County of Not Dredging

Community Impacts:

- Loss of some or all of open-water aesthetic and recreational opportunities.
- Continued management of Lake Accotink Park for social, recreational and aesthetic benefits.
- Avoidance of trucking, noise, and disruption of recreation resources.

Environmental Impacts:

- Most of the sediment not captured by the lake will be caught within the Accotink Creek floodplain.
- Restoration within the Accotink Creek channels is required whether or not lake is dredged and will reduce instream sediment and assist in recovery of stream organisms.
- Avoidance of loss of forest cover and wetlands.
- Opportunity to manage lake footprint for higher quality habitat and climate resiliency

Regulatory:

- Fairfax County must reduce sediment impacts to Accotink within the stream channels above and below Lake Accotink as required under the Accotink Creek TMDL.
- Staff anticipate minimal increase in additional assigned load reduction below the lake.

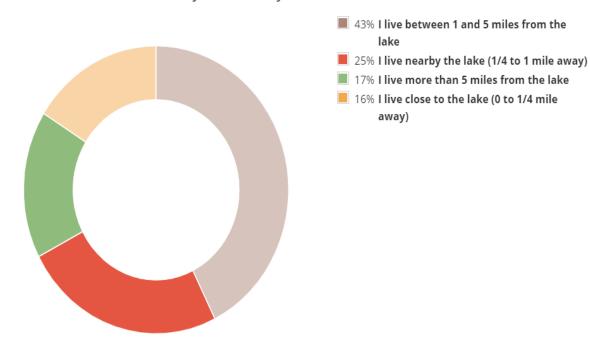
Project Costs:

- Avoidance of estimated \$16 million annual cost of dredging over 25 years (before debt service)
- Stream restoration in Accotink Creek is necessary to meet county permit requirements even if lake is dredged.

Summary of the Public Survey and Comments

- Public Input Survey, open Feb 16 Apr 1, 2023
- 1,078 responses
- All responses read and evaluated
- Standard social science methods were used to analyze survey data
- Respondents had opportunity to write their comments rather than answer yes/no questions
- Many respondents had multiple comments that were captured
- Survey results including all comments available for residents at: <u>Lake Accotink Dredging (AC89-0009)</u> | <u>Public Works and Environmental Services</u> (<u>fairfaxcounty.gov</u>)

* Which best describes your where you live in relation to Lake Accotink?



1,080 respondents

Summary of the Public Survey and Comments

Of 1,078 responses

- 84% lived within 5 miles of lake (all but 5 responses in Virginia)
- 89% were somewhat or very familiar with study
- 51% visit weekly or monthly; 32% occasionally; 9% daily; 8% rarely
- Hiking/walking/running most reported use (89%); boating was 8th most reported use (26%)

From open-ended comments:

- Nearly equal number support dredging versus not dredging (26% Dredge vs 27% Don't Dredge)
- 20% concerned about dredging costs
- 16% needed more information
- 16% supported return to park visioning
- 14% supported transition to wetland; 5% concerned about wetlands

Staff Recommendations

County staff recommend that Lake Accotink not be dredged due to significant community and environmental impacts and excessive cost.

County staff recommend that we refocus our attention on completing a new master plan for Lake Accotink Park and reinvesting in that community vision.

Reimagining Lake Accotink Park could include further analysis of managing the lake footprint to support community needs, wildlife habitat and Fairfax County and Park Authority policies.

Next Steps

- The Lake Accotink Task Force is currently meeting every two weeks to review existing information, materials and recommendations and explore potential alternatives.
- The Task Force duration will be determined by that body.
- Staff are providing support to the Task Force in attending meetings, presenting on requested topics, responding to questions, and working with consultants to provide information, analysis and input.
- The Task Force will report to the Board of Supervisors.

INFORMATION

Tysons Check-In (Dranesville, Hunter Mill, and Providence Districts)

The Tysons Urban Center Plan section of the Fairfax County Comprehensive Plan was adopted by the Board of Supervisors in June 2010. Following the adoption, the Board of Supervisors made a follow-on motion directing staff to further define needs and locations of "...existing and planned public facilities, including parks and athletic fields....". In response, an interagency staff team collaborated with an Advisory Group of citizens, design and planning professionals, and members of the Tysons Partnership to develop the Tysons Park System Concept Plan. The Park Authority Board endorsed the Tysons Park System Concept Plan in October 2014.

Together with the Tysons Urban Center Plan and the Urban Parks Framework, the Tysons Park System Concept Plan helps guide provision of parks in Tysons. The Tysons Park System Concept Plan is organized according to several key elements of the park system, including park placement and typology, connectivity, athletic fields and other recreational facilities, civic spaces and community building features, and cultural and natural resource preservation and interpretation. In terms of active recreation, the Tysons Park System Concept Plan calls for 20 public athletic fields to serve the Tysons population at full build out. To date, 3 of these fields have been developed and 9 more are anticipated through proffered development conditions. However, as Tysons approaches build out, staff expects fewer opportunities for larger in-kind athletic field dedications associated with major redevelopment projects, which may necessitate new approaches to meet the full spectrum of recreation needs of the Tysons community. FCPA staff will update the PAB on ongoing and future planning and implementation efforts and discuss opportunities to ensure that our parks and recreation policies continue to align with the needs of the Tysons community moving forward.

STAFF:

Jai Cole, Executive Director
Sara Baldwin, Deputy Director/COO
Aimee Vosper, Deputy Director/CBD
Brendon Hanafin, Director, Planning and Development Division (PDD)
Samantha Hudson, Assistant Division Director for Planning and Real Estate, PDD
Randall Farren, Park Planning Manager, PDD
Chris Blough, Development Review Section Supervisor, PDD









July 26, 2023



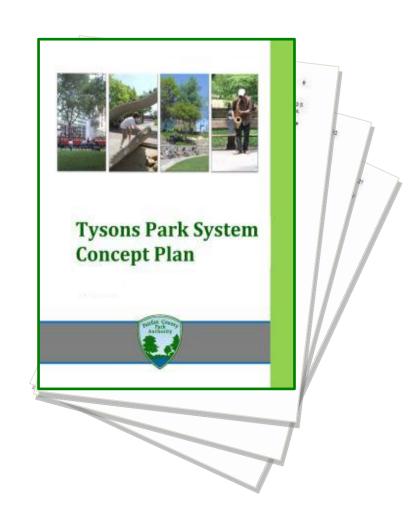


Guide to Developing Parks in Tysons Created by Community Advisory Group

PARTICIPANTS

- Tysons Partnership
- Athletic Council
- Park Authority Board
- Industry Experts
- Regional Partners
- Citizens & Staff

Endorsed by Park Authority Board September 2014

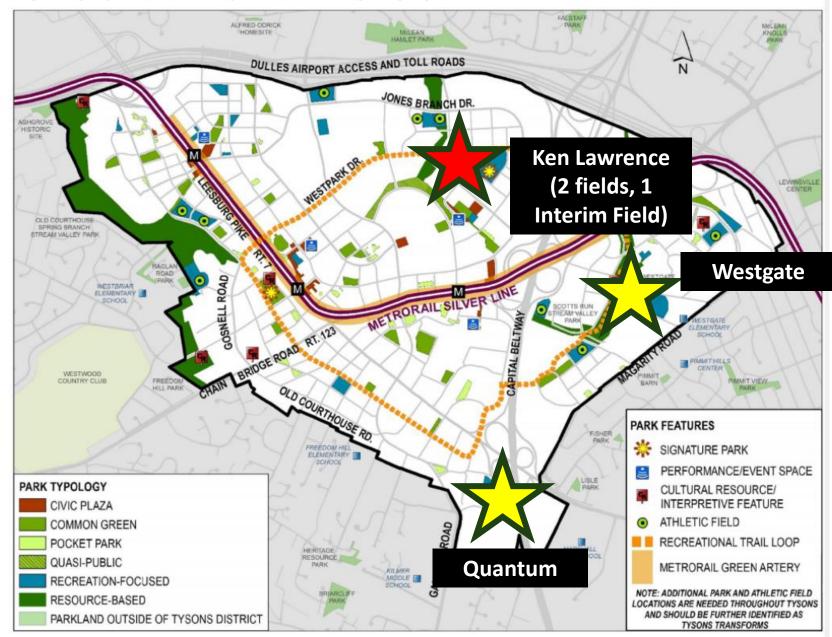


ELEMENTS

- Park Locations
- Park Typologies
- Connectivity
- Athletic Fields
- Other Rec Facilities
- Cultural Resources
- Natural Resources



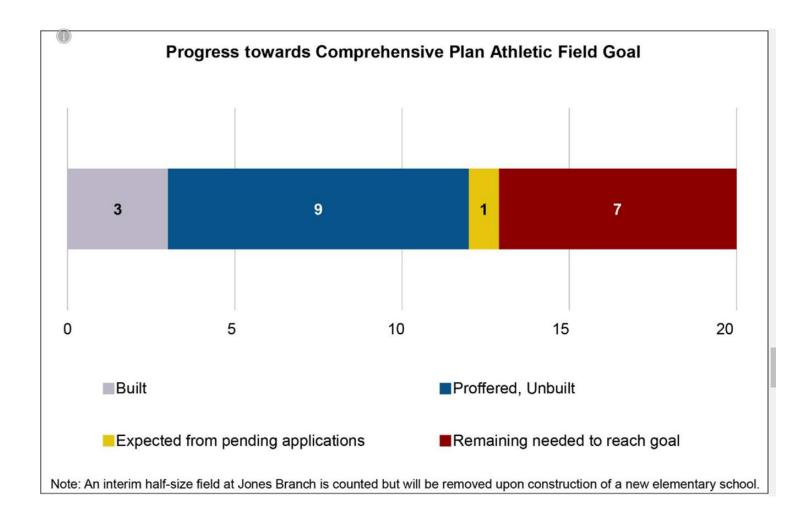
Proffered & Built Fields





Proffered Fields

- Built: 2 full size rectangles, 1 interim youth rectangle, and 1 diamond/rectangle upgrade
- Proffered: 4 full-size rectangles, 4 youth rectangles





Considerations

- Availability of appropriate sites for new athletic fields
- Increasing land and development costs
- Other active recreation opportunities
- New opportunities
 - PROSA more complete urban parks
 - Tysons Community Alliance partnership
 - Countywide Policy Plan update



Strategies

- Locational Hierarchy Guidance in Tysons Park Plan
 - On-site facility is preferred
 - Off-site facility within same area of Tysons
 - Off-site facility in another area serving Tysons
 - Monetary contribution
- Continue engaging with Department of Planning and Development and other County partners on new opportunities

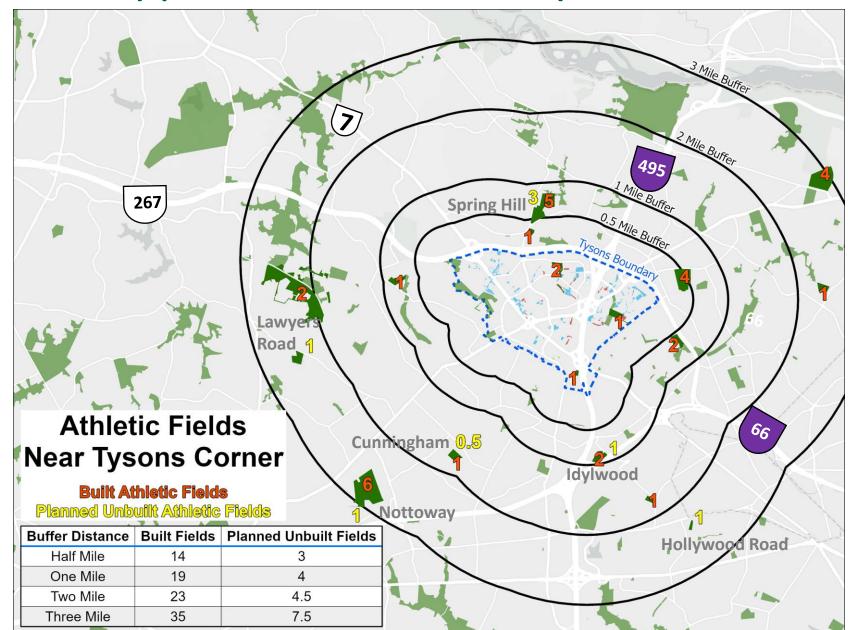


Next Steps

- Brief Boards, Authorities, and Commissions (BAC's) as needed to continue discussions
- Site analysis opportunities to fill gaps in active recreation needs
- Presentation to Athletic Council



Potential Opportunities on Nearby Parkland





Thank you!

