## CCFP RFP I TAC Tool: Health

Outcome Statement: To have access to primary, specialty, oral, behavioral, and long-term health care, particularly prevention services. To develop the knowledge and resources to practice healthy behaviors and take action to prevent and manage disease and adverse health conditions.

Per <u>2021 CDC estimates</u>, 7.3% of Fairfax County adults reported their physical health was not good for 14 days or more in the past year - an increase from 6.5% in 2020. Adults reporting their mental health was not good for 14 days also increased <u>from 9.9% in 2018</u> to 11.9% in 2021.

According to the <u>CDC</u>, children and adolescents who do not get enough sleep have a higher risk for many health and behavior problems, such as a higher risk of obesity, diabetes, injuries, poor mental health, and problems with attention and behavior. The American Academy of Sleep Medicine has recommended that **teenagers aged 13–18 years should sleep 8–10 hours** per 24 hours.

The 2022 Fairfax County Youth Survey reveals that about 31% of youth get this optimal amount of sleep at night, White youth most likely to sleep 8 or more hours on a school night.

% of 8th, 10th, 12th graders sleeping 8 or more hours on

33.9% 31.5% 30.7% 27.1% 28.5%

Hispanic

Asian

White

Black

a school night

2022 Fairfax Youth Survey, Table 153

Other/Multiple

## Opioid Overdoses Occurring in Fairfax Health District

In 2022, the Fairfax County Health Department reported:

- 304 non-fatal overdoses.
- There were 88 opioid deaths.
- African Americans had the highest yearly average of fatal fentanyl overdose.

According to the 2022 CASOA 50+ Community Survey, 38% of county residents rated availability of affordable quality mental health care as good or excellent. This decreased from 45% in 2019 and decreased among all age groups except 80+.

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